

Item  
Volume 2a

**STATE OF NEVADA**  
**BEFORE THE COMMISSION ON ETHICS**

In the Matter of the Third-Party Request  
for Opinion Concerning the Conduct  
of **Gerald Antinoro**, Sheriff, Storey  
County, State of Nevada,

Request for Opinion No. 17-21C

Subject. /

---

**EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S**  
**EXHIBIT BOOK**

## INDEX OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S EXHIBIT BOOK

Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description	Bates Stamp No.
1	Gerald Antinoro's Answers to Executive Director's Interrogatories, dated August 16, 2018	ED001-ED008
2	Gerald Antinoro's Responses to Executive Director's Request for Production of Documents, dated August 28, 2018	ED009-ED011
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Storey County Sheriff's Office Policy Manual</li> </ul>	ED012-ED556
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CAD Incident Report 1712010040 dated 12/01/2017</li> </ul>	ED557
3	Storey County Communications Dispatcher Training Manual	ED558-ED614
4	Nineteen (19) Storey County Sheriff's Office CAD Incident Reports	ED615-ED634
5	Storey County Sheriff's Office Dispatch Log for May 20, 2017	ED635-ED654
6	Photographs of the front doors of the Sheriff's Office at 205 South C Street in Virginia City	ED655-ED656

# Exhibit 1

1 Katherine F. Parks, Esq. - State Bar No. 6227  
2 Thorndal Armstrong Delk Balkenbush & Eisinger  
3 6590 S. McCarran Blvd., Suite B  
4 Reno, Nevada 89509  
5 (775) 786-2882  
6 kfp@thorndal.com  
7 Attorneys for Subject  
8 GERALD ANTINORO

6 STATE OF NEVADA

7 BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON ETHICS

9 In the Matter of the Third-Party Request for  
10 Opinion Concerning the Conduct of **Gerald**  
11 **Antinoro**, Sheriff, County of Storey, State of  
12 Nevada,

Request for Opinion No. 17-21R

12 Subject.

13 GERALD ANTINORO'S ANSWERS TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S  
14 INTERROGATORIES

15 COME NOW Subject, GERALD ANTINORO, by and through his attorneys of record,  
16 Thorndal Armstrong Delk Balkenbush & Eisinger, and hereby responds and answers under oath,  
17 the Executive Director's Interrogatories, as follows:

18 INTRODUCTION

19 Subject has not completed the investigation or discovery relating to this case and has not  
20 completed preparation for trial. The following responses are based on and are, therefore,  
21 necessarily limited by the records and information in existence, presently recollected, and thus  
22 far discovered in the course of preparing these responses. Therefore, these responses are given  
23 without prejudice to Subject's right to produce at trial evidence of any subsequently discovered  
24 witnesses, facts, evidence, information, or documents.

25 ///

26 ///

27 ///

28 ///



- 1 4. Gerald Antinoro;
- 2 5. [REDACTED];
- 3 6. Deputy Dan Gaunt; and
- 4 7. Deputy Brooke Jewkes.

5 **INTERROGATORY NO. 3:** For each person identified in the answer to Interrogatory  
6  
7 No. 2, state how long the person was present at the main office and where that person was  
8 located within the main office during the visitation.

9 **ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 3:**

10 During the visitation, Clarence and Susan Gempel were in the squad room and on the  
11 back deck. Laura Antinoro was in the squad room and back deck during the entire time of the  
12 visit. [REDACTED] was in the squad room, back deck, Gerald Antinoro's office, and the front office  
13 during the time of the visit. I, Gerald Antinoro, was briefly in the squad room, my office, and  
14 front office. Deputy Gaunt and Deputy Jewkes were in the squad room and front office.  
15

16 **INTERROGATORY NO. 4:** For each employee identified in the answer to  
17 Interrogatory No. 2, provide his or her job title and the job function that was being performed by  
18 that employee at the time of the visitation.  
19

20 **ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 4:**

21 Deputy Dan Gaunt is a deputy sheriff who was assigned to the patrol division at the time  
22 of the visit. Deputy Brooke Jewkes is a deputy sheriff who was assigned to the patrol division at  
23 the time of the visit. During the time of the visitation, both Deputy Gaunt and Deputy Jewkes  
24 were conducting a shift change, with requires information pass-down and finalizing paperwork.  
25

26 **INTERROGATORY NO. 5:** How many Storey County deputies were on duty on the  
27 date of the scheduled visitation?  
28

**ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 5:** Eight.

1           **INTERROGATORY NO. 6:** On the date of the scheduled visitation, did you have any  
2 policy in place regarding personal use of any part of the main office of the Storey County  
3 Sheriff's Office in Virginia City by members of the public? If so, state:

- 4           a)     A description of such policy (include a copy of the policy, if written);  
5           b)     The date on which such policy went into effect;  
6           c)     Whether or not such policy is currently in effect.  
7

8           **ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 6:**

9           The Subject objects to Interrogatory No. 6 on the grounds that it seeks facts and/or  
10 information which are neither relevant nor reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of  
11 admissible evidence. The Subject objects to Interrogatory No. 6 on the grounds that it is  
12 impermissibly compound. The Subject objects to Interrogatory No. 6 on the grounds that it is  
13 vague and ambiguous with respect to the information sought, including, but not limited to, use of  
14 the terms "personal use" and "by members of the public." The child visitation held on May 20,  
15 2017, did not constitute the "personal use" of the Storey County Sheriff's Office by Laura  
16 Antinoro. The use of the Storey County Sheriff's Office of May 20, 2017, was use by a member  
17 of the public, notwithstanding the fact that Laura Antinoro is married to the Subject. Because  
18 Interrogatory No. 6 is vague and ambiguous, the Subject cannot formulate a response to same.  
19  
20

21           **INTERROGATORY NO. 7:** Have you or anyone else in the Storey County Sheriff's  
22 Office issued instructions to employees of the Sheriff's Office or the dispatchers in the Storey  
23 County Communications Center regarding how to handle requests from the public to use the  
24 main office of the Sheriff's Office in Virginia City for child visitation appointments? If  
25 verbally, describe those instructions; if in writing, attach a copy of those instructions. Include  
26 the approximate date on which the instructions were issued.  
27  
28

1                   **ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 7:**

2                   Dispatchers are directed to forward any and all such requests to the deputies on duty to  
3 determine the appropriate response. Provided that resources are available to do so, deputies are  
4 instructed to be helpful and accommodating to the public regardless of circumstances. This  
5 includes facilitating and hosting child visitations and custody exchanges.  
6

7                   **INTERROGATORY NO. 8:** Provide details about child visitation appointments that  
8 have occurred at the main office of the Storey County Sheriff's Office in Virginia City in the  
9 past two (2) years, including the approximate date/time, duration and location of each visitation  
10 and how the request to use the facility was made.  
11

12                   **ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 8:**

13                   As child visitations and/or child custody exchanges are not documented or reported as  
14 "child visitation" or "child custody exchanges," records of previous visitations and/or child  
15 custody exchanges are not readily available. While child visitation and custody exchanges have  
16 occurred with more frequency, the Subject has discovered one documented child visitation as  
17 follows: December 1, 2017; 6:30 p.m.; the visit lasted approximately 30 minutes; Storey County  
18 Sheriff's Office; N/A.  
19

20                   **INTERROGATORY NO. 9:** Describe the squad room at the main office of the Storey  
21 County Sheriff's Office in Virginia City, including the contents of the room, and describe how  
22 the squad room is used by employees of the Storey County Sheriff's Office.  
23

24                   **ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 9:**

25                   The squad room is a large, open room containing a large table and a computer bench with  
26 several work stations. The squad room is used for meetings, training, report writing, and any  
27 other function that needs the space.  
28

1           **INTERROGATORY NO. 10:** Is the squad room accessible to the public during normal  
2 business hours of the Storey County Sheriff's Office? If so, for what purpose would members  
3 of the public be allowed to access the squad room?

4           **ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 10:**

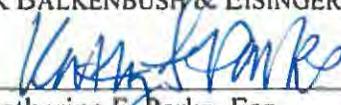
5           Yes. The public is allowed into the squad room to attend to business with the Storey  
6 County Sheriff's Office. The public is also allowed access, during and after normal business  
7 hours, to conduct transactions between members of the public and to hold meetings. It is also  
8 available for public internet access.

9  
10           **INTERROGATORY NO. 11:** Identify all individuals you intend to call as witnesses at  
11 the adjudicatory hearing for this matter.

12  
13           **ANSWER TO INTERROGATORY NO. 11:** Subject objects to Interrogatory No. 11  
14 on the grounds that the same is premature. Pursuant to the Amended Notice of Adjudicatory  
15 Hearing and Scheduling Order, the Subject to obligated to provide its list of those individuals  
16 whom he intends to call as witnesses at the Adjudicatory Hearing with his Pre-Hearing Statement  
17 on or before Tuesday, October 2, 2018. Notwithstanding said objections, and reserving his right  
18 to supplement his response to Interrogatory No. 11 and his list of Adjudicatory Hearing  
19 witnesses per the Scheduling Order, the Subject responds as follows: Gerald Antinoro, Laura  
20 Antinoro, Clarence Grepel, Susan Grepel, Dan Gaunt, Brooke Jewkes, Eric Kern, Tony  
21 Dosen, Brandy Gavenda, Chris Parker, Myles Foutz, Pat Whitten, Dave Ballard.

22  
23  
24           DATED this 16<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2018.

25           THORNDAL ARMSTRONG  
26           DELK BALKENBUSH & EISINGER

27           By:   
28           Katherine E. Parks, Esq.  
              Attorneys for Subject  
              GERALD ANTINORO

VERIFICATION

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

STATE OF NEVADA        )  
                                      : ss.  
COUNTY OF STOREY    )

COMES NOW, GERALD ANTINORO, being duly sworn, deposes and says as follows:

1. That I am the named Subject in the above-entitled action.
2. That I have read these Answers to Interrogatories and know the contents thereof.
3. That the same is true of my own knowledge, except for those matters stated upon

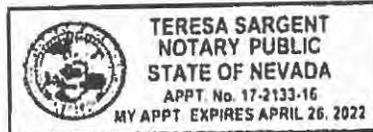
information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true.

Date this 16<sup>th</sup> day of AUG, 2018.

By *Gerald Antinoro*  
GERALD ANTINORO

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before  
me this 16<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2018.

*Teresa Sargent*  
NOTARY PUBLIC



**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

I certify that I am an employee of THORNDAL ARMSTRONG DELK BALKENBUSH & EISINGER, and that on this date I caused the foregoing **GERALD ANTINORO'S ANSWERS TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S INTERROGATORIES** to be served on all parties to this action by via electronic mail as follows:

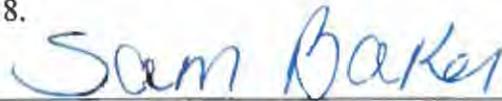
Yvonne M. Nevarez-Goodson, Esq.  
Executive Director  
Judy M. Prutzman, Esq.  
Associate Counsel  
704 W. Nye Lane, Suite 204  
Carson City, Nevada 89703  
Counsel for Executive Director

Email: [ynevarez@ethics.nv.gov](mailto:ynevarez@ethics.nv.gov)

Email: [jprutzman@ethics.nv.gov](mailto:jprutzman@ethics.nv.gov)

Email: [k.pedroza@ethics.nv.gov](mailto:k.pedroza@ethics.nv.gov)

DATED this 16 day of August, 2018.



\_\_\_\_\_  
An employee of THORNDAL ARMSTRONG  
DELK BALKENBUSH & EISINGER

1 Katherine F. Parks, Esq. - State Bar No. 6227  
2 Thorndal Armstrong Delk Balkenbush & Eisinger  
3 6590 S. McCarran Blvd., Suite B  
4 Reno, Nevada 89509  
5 (775) 786-2882  
6 [kfp@thorndal.com](mailto:kfp@thorndal.com)  
7 Attorneys for Subject  
8 GERALD ANTINORO

9 **STATE OF NEVADA**

10 **BEFORE THE NEVADA COMMISSION ON ETHICS**

11 In the Matter of the Third-Party Request for  
12 Opinion Concerning the Conduct of **Gerald**  
13 **Antinoro**, Sheriff, County of Storey, State of  
14 Nevada,

Request for Opinion No. 17-21C

15 Subject.

16 **GERALD ANTINORO'S RESPONSES TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S**  
17 **REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS**

18 COME NOW Subject, GERALD ANTINORO, by and through his attorneys of record,  
19 Thorndal Armstrong Delk Balkenbush & Eisinger, and hereby responds, to the Executive  
20 Director's Request for Production of Documents, as follows:

21 **PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

22 Defendant has not completed the investigation or discovery relating to this case and has  
23 not completed the preparation for trial. The following responses are based on, and are therefore  
24 necessarily limited by, the records and information in existence presently recollected and this far  
25 discovered in the course of preparing these responses. Therefore, responses are given without  
26 prejudice to Defendants right to produce at trial evidence of any subsequently discovered  
27 witnesses, facts, evidence, information or documents.

28 **RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION**

**REQUEST NO. 1:** Complete Storey County Sheriff's Office Policy Manual, guide or related  
document containing the policies, procedures, rules and guidelines of the Office that were in  
effect in May of 2017.

1 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 1:** Subject objects to Request No. 1 on the grounds that it  
2 seeks documents which are neither relevant nor reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of  
3 admissible evidence. Subject further objects to Request No. 1 on the grounds that it is  
4 overbroad. Notwithstanding said objections, Subject responds as follows: *See*, documents  
5 produced herewith bate-stamp numbered GA00001-GA00545.  
6

7 **REQUEST NO. 2:** Any and all documents, including but not limited to correspondence,  
8 communications, emails, memorandums, and bulletins pertaining to the custom and practice of  
9 the Storey County Sheriff's Office to remain open to and be used by members of the public for  
10 child visitation and custody exchanges during non-business hours at the main office located in  
11 Virginia City, Nevada.  
12

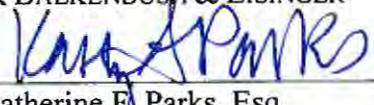
13 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 2:** Subject objects to Request No. 2 on the grounds that it is  
14 vague and ambiguous with respect to the information sought. Notwithstanding said objections,  
15 Subject responds as follows: Subject is not in possession of any written documents responsive to  
16 Request No. 2.

17 **REQUEST NO. 3:** Any and all documents, including but not limited to correspondence,  
18 reports, memoranda, emails or notes pertaining to the December 1, 2017 child visitation  
19 identified in your answers to Interrogatory No. 8 contained in Gerald Antinoro's Answers to  
20 Executive Director's Interrogatories served on August 16, 2018.

21 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST NO. 3:** *See*, documents produced herewith bate-stamp numbered  
22 GA00546.

23 DATED this 28<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2018.

24 THORNDAL ARMSTRONG  
25 DELK BALKENBUSH & EISINGER

26 By:   
27 Katherine F. Parks, Esq.  
28 Attorneys for Subject  
GERALD ANTINORO

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

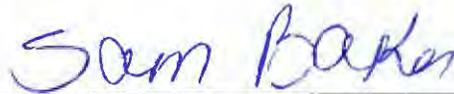
**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that I am an employee of THORNDAL ARMSTRONG DELK BALKENBUSH & EISINGER, and that on this date I caused the foregoing **GERALD ANTINORO'S RESPONSES TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS** to be served on all parties to this action by via electronic mail as follows:

Yvonne M. Nevarez-Goodson, Esq.  
Executive Director  
Judy M. Prutzman, Esq.  
Associate Counsel  
704 W. Nye Lane, Suite 204  
Carson City, Nevada 89703  
Counsel for Executive Director

Email: [ynevarez@ethics.nv.gov](mailto:ynevarez@ethics.nv.gov)  
Email: [jprutzman@ethics.nv.gov](mailto:jprutzman@ethics.nv.gov)  
Email: [k.pedroza@ethics.nv.gov](mailto:k.pedroza@ethics.nv.gov)

DATED this 28 day of August, 2018.



\_\_\_\_\_  
An employee of THORNDAL ARMSTRONG  
DELK BALKENBUSH & EISINGER

# Exhibit 2

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

---

### **SHERIFF'S PREFACE**

#### **SHERIFF'S PREFACE**

The purpose of this manual is to guide the employees of the Storey County Sheriff's Office in carrying out their assigned responsibilities. This manual is our collective commitment as a Sheriff's Office to do our jobs in the most professional, ethical and legal manner. The hard work of many people went into developing this manual. It will require the hard work of many more to keep it updated, insuring its continued effectiveness in leading to the success of this office. The continued success of any organization hinges on efficient and well-documented processes where consistency of operation is a key factor to ongoing interchangeability and round-the-clock effectiveness. This document is essential to our organization. To these ends, it is imperative that this manual be read, understood and accepted by our personnel.

One of the most fundamental objectives of the Sheriff's Office is the enforcement of the law. However, we must also keep in mind that we are a service organization and that we have other functions aside from enforcement that are equally important. We must remember that we are but one aspect of Storey County's responsibility to provide an environment of peace, health, and safety for all residents and visitors. By following the guidelines as set forth in this manual, we will be able to fulfill our responsibilities to the community.

Gerald Antinoro

Sheriff

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

---

### **LAW ENFORCEMENT CODE OF ETHICS**

As a law enforcement officer, my fundamental duty is to serve the community; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the constitutional rights of all to liberty, equality and justice.

I will keep my private life unsullied as an example to all and will behave in a manner that does not bring discredit to me or to my agency. I will maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed both in my personal and official life, I will be exemplary in obeying the law and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I will never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, political beliefs, aspirations, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing unnecessary force or violence and never accepting gratuities.

I recognize the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of police service. I will never engage in acts of corruption or bribery, nor will I condone such acts by other police officers. I will cooperate with all legally authorized agencies and their representatives in the pursuit of justice.

I know that I alone am responsible for my own standard of professional performance and will take every reasonable opportunity to enhance and improve my level of knowledge and competence.

I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession . . . law enforcement.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

---

### **VISION, MISSION, & VALUES STATEMENT**

#### **VISION STATEMENT**

The Storey County Sheriff's Office exists to preserve liberty, enhance the safety of the community and defend human dignity. We will strive to be recognized for our strong service orientation and the development of all our human resources. We will be an organization in which each employee embraces integrity as the cornerstone upon which the public trust is built by fostering an environment of honesty, trust, and mutual respect. We will embody the values of our office and reflect these values in the performance of our duties. We will continue to build upon this vision through open communication and receptiveness.

#### **MISSION STATEMENT**

It is the mission of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to serve the residents of Storey County; consistently earning the public's confidence by providing safe and secure communities using the highest quality law enforcement, detention, and support services possible within the resources entrusted to us. We are committed to the prevention of crime; the protection of life and property; the preservation of peace, order, and safety; the enforcement of laws and ordinances; and safeguarding the constitutional guarantees afforded to all persons.

#### **OUR VALUES**

##### Service to Our Communities:

We are dedicated to enhancing public safety and reducing the fear and the incidence of crime. With customer service as our foundation, we will work in partnership with the people in our communities and do our best, within the law, to solve community problems that affect public safety. We value the great diversity of people in our communities and serve all equally.

##### Reverence for the Law:

We have been given the honor and privilege of enforcing the law. We must always exercise integrity in the use of the power and authority that has been given to us by the people. Our personal and professional behavior should be a model for all to follow. We will obey and support the letter and spirit of the law.

##### Commitment to Leadership:

Storey County Sheriff's Office is committed to the principles of servant leadership in law enforcement. We believe that each individual needs to be a leader in his or her area of responsibility. Making sure that our values become part of our day-to-day work life is our mandate. We must each work to ensure that our employees and our communities have the highest respect for the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

##### Integrity in All We Say and Do:

Integrity is our standard. We are proud of our profession and will conduct ourselves in a manner that merits the respect of all people. We will demonstrate honest, ethical behavior in all our interactions. We must have the courage to stand up for our beliefs and do what is right. Our actions

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## VISION, MISSION, & VALUES STATEMENT

---

will instill public trust and a sense and feeling of protection and safety of each individual person of Storey County.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Table of Contents

<b>SHERIFF'S PREFACE . . . . .</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>LAW ENFORCEMENT CODE OF ETHICS . . . . .</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>VISION, MISSION, &amp; VALUES STATEMENT . . . . .</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Chapter 1 - Law Enforcement Role and Authority . . . . .</b>	<b>9</b>
100 - Law Enforcement Authority . . . . .	10
104 - Oath of Office . . . . .	11
106 - Policy Manual . . . . .	12
<b>Chapter 2 - Organization and Administration . . . . .</b>	<b>15</b>
200 - Organizational Structure and Responsibility . . . . .	16
204 - Departmental Directives and Special Orders . . . . .	18
206 - Emergency Management Plan . . . . .	19
212 - Electronic Mail . . . . .	21
214 - Administrative Communications . . . . .	23
216 - Supervision Staffing Levels . . . . .	24
218 - Concealed Firearm Permit . . . . .	25
220 - Retiree Concealed Firearms . . . . .	29
221 - Training Policy . . . . .	31
<b>Chapter 3 - General Operations . . . . .</b>	<b>36</b>
300 - Use of Force . . . . .	37
302 - Use of Force Review Boards . . . . .	44
306 - Handcuffing and Restraints . . . . .	47
308 - Control Devices and Techniques . . . . .	51
309 - Conducted Energy Device . . . . .	55
310 - Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths . . . . .	62
312 - Firearms . . . . .	70
314 - Vehicle Pursuit Policy . . . . .	78
316 - Deputy Response to Calls . . . . .	90
320 - Domestic Violence . . . . .	94
322 - Search and Seizure . . . . .	100
324 - Temporary Custody of Juveniles . . . . .	102
326 - Adult Abuse . . . . .	109
328 - Discriminatory Harassment . . . . .	115
330 - Child Abuse . . . . .	120
332 - Missing Persons . . . . .	127
334 - Public Alerts . . . . .	134
336 - Crime Victim Compensation and Rights . . . . .	137
338 - Hate or Prejudice Crimes . . . . .	139
340 - Standards of Conduct . . . . .	142
342 - Information Technology Use . . . . .	149

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

---

344 - Report Preparation . . . . .	153
346 - News Media Relations . . . . .	157
348 - Subpoenas and Court Appearances . . . . .	160
350 - Reserve and Auxiliary Deputies . . . . .	163
352 - Mutual Aid and Outside Agency Assistance . . . . .	168
356 - Registered Sex Offender Information . . . . .	170
358 - Major Incident Notification . . . . .	172
360 - Death Investigation . . . . .	174
362 - Identity Theft . . . . .	176
364 - Private Persons Arrests . . . . .	178
368 - Limited English Proficiency Services . . . . .	180
370 - Communications with Persons with Disabilities . . . . .	187
373 - Pupil Arrest Reporting . . . . .	195
376 - Chaplains . . . . .	196
380 - Child and Dependent Adult Safety . . . . .	202
382 - Service Animals . . . . .	206
384 - Volunteer Program . . . . .	208
386 - Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation . . . . .	213
388 - Off-Duty Law Enforcement Actions . . . . .	215
389 - Biological Samples . . . . .	217
<b>Chapter 4 - Patrol Operations . . . . .</b>	<b>219</b>
400 - Patrol Function . . . . .	220
402 - Racial- or Bias-Based Profiling . . . . .	222
404 - Briefing Training . . . . .	224
406 - Crime and Disaster Scene Integrity . . . . .	225
410 - Ride-Along Policy . . . . .	227
412 - Hazardous Material Response . . . . .	230
414 - Hostage and Barricade Incidents . . . . .	232
416 - Response to Bomb Calls . . . . .	237
418 - Emergency Admissions . . . . .	242
420 - Citation Releases . . . . .	246
422 - Foreign Diplomatic and Consular Representatives . . . . .	249
424 - Rapid Response And Deployment Policy . . . . .	253
426 - Reporting Police Activity Outside of Jurisdiction . . . . .	255
428 - Immigration Violations . . . . .	256
430 - Emergency Utility Service . . . . .	260
434 - Aircraft Accidents . . . . .	261
436 - Field Training Officer Program . . . . .	263
438 - Obtaining Air Support . . . . .	266
440 - Field Interviews And Photographing Detainees . . . . .	267
442 - Criminal Organizations . . . . .	273
444 - Shift Supervisors . . . . .	277
450 - Portable Audio/Video Recorders . . . . .	278
458 - Foot Pursuits . . . . .	282
464 - Homeless Persons . . . . .	286
466 - Medical Marijuana . . . . .	289

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

---

467 - Public Recording of Law Enforcement Activity . . . . .	294
468 - Suspicious Activity Reporting . . . . .	297
469 - Medical Aid and Response . . . . .	299
470 - Crisis Intervention Incidents . . . . .	303
471 - First Amendment Assemblies . . . . .	308
472 - Civil Disputes . . . . .	314
<b>Chapter 5 - Traffic Operations . . . . .</b>	<b>316</b>
500 - Traffic Function and Responsibility . . . . .	317
502 - Traffic Crash Response and Reporting . . . . .	320
510 - Vehicle Towing . . . . .	323
514 - Impaired Driving . . . . .	326
516 - Traffic Citations . . . . .	332
520 - Disabled Vehicles . . . . .	334
524 - Abandoned Vehicle Violations . . . . .	335
<b>Chapter 6 - Investigation Operations . . . . .</b>	<b>336</b>
600 - Investigation and Prosecution . . . . .	337
602 - Sexual Assault Investigations . . . . .	341
606 - Contraband Forfeiture . . . . .	345
608 - Informants . . . . .	351
610 - Eyewitness Identification . . . . .	356
612 - Brady Material Disclosure . . . . .	360
613 - Warrant Service . . . . .	362
614 - Operations Planning and Deconfliction . . . . .	366
<b>Chapter 7 - Equipment . . . . .</b>	<b>372</b>
700 - Office-Owned and Personal Property . . . . .	373
702 - Personal Communication Devices . . . . .	376
704 - Vehicle Maintenance . . . . .	380
706 - Vehicle Use . . . . .	383
708 - Cash Handling, Security and Management . . . . .	388
709 - Personal Protective Equipment . . . . .	390
<b>Chapter 8 - Support Services . . . . .</b>	<b>395</b>
800 - Crime Analysis . . . . .	396
804 - Property and Evidence . . . . .	397
806 - Records Section Procedures . . . . .	406
808 - Restoration of Firearm Serial Numbers . . . . .	408
810 - Records Maintenance and Release . . . . .	410
812 - Protected Information . . . . .	414
814 - Computers and Digital Evidence . . . . .	421
820 - Animal Control . . . . .	425
<b>Chapter 9 - Custody . . . . .</b>	<b>428</b>
900 - Custodial Searches . . . . .	429
902 - Prison Rape Elimination . . . . .	434

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

---

<b>Chapter 10 - Personnel . . . . .</b>	<b>444</b>
1000 - Recruitment and Selection . . . . .	445
1002 - Evaluation of Employees . . . . .	449
1004 - Promotional and Transfer Policy . . . . .	452
1006 - Grievance Procedure . . . . .	454
1010 - Reporting of Employee Convictions . . . . .	456
1012 - Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace . . . . .	458
1014 - Sick Leave Policy . . . . .	461
1016 - Communicable Diseases . . . . .	463
1018 - Smoking and Tobacco Use . . . . .	468
1020 - Personnel Complaints . . . . .	469
1022 - Seat Belts . . . . .	478
1024 - Body Armor . . . . .	480
1026 - Peace Officer Personnel Files . . . . .	482
1028 - Request for Change of Assignment . . . . .	490
1030 - Employee Commendations . . . . .	491
1032 - Fitness for Duty . . . . .	492
1034 - Meal Periods and Breaks . . . . .	495
1036 - Payroll Record Procedures . . . . .	496
1038 - Overtime Compensation Requests . . . . .	497
1040 - Outside Employment . . . . .	499
1042 - Work-Related Injury and Illness Reporting . . . . .	503
1044 - Personal Appearance Standards . . . . .	505
1046 - Uniform Regulations . . . . .	507
1047 - Uniform and Equipment Specifications . . . . .	512
1049 - Commendations . . . . .	513
1050 - Nepotism and Conflicting Relationships . . . . .	515
1052 - Office Badges . . . . .	518
1054 - Temporary Modified-Duty Assignments . . . . .	520
1060 - Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking . . . . .	524
1061 - Line-of-Duty Deaths . . . . .	528
<b>Attachments . . . . .</b>	

## Chapter 1 - Law Enforcement Role and Authority

## Law Enforcement Authority

### 100.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to affirm the authority of the members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to perform their functions based on established legal authority.

### 100.2 PEACE OFFICER POWERS

Sworn members shall be considered peace officers pursuant to NRS 289.150, NRS 289.360 and NAC 289.210. The authority of any such peace officer extends to any place in the State of Nevada and assigns the duty to every peace officer to preserve the peace within the State of Nevada and his/her jurisdiction through all lawful means. A peace officer shall perform those duties necessary as part of the regular and permanent performance of the public power, trust or duty, including those functions that may involve the use of force and the arrest or detention of a person (NRS 169.164; NRS 171.076 to NRS 171.079; NRS 277.110 to NRS 277.180; NAC 289.040).

### 100.3 CONSTITUTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

All members shall observe and comply with every person's clearly established rights under the Constitutions of both Nevada and the United States.

### 100.4 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to limit its members to only exercise the authority granted to them by law.

While this office recognizes the power of peace officers to make arrests and take other enforcement action, office are encouraged to use sound discretion in the enforcement of the law. This office does not tolerate abuse of law enforcement authority.

## Oath of Office

### 104.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Deputies are sworn to uphold the federal and state constitutions and to enforce federal, state and local laws.

#### 104.1.1 OATH OF OFFICE

Upon employment, all sworn employees shall be required to affirm the oath of office expressing commitment and intent to respect constitutional rights in discharging the duties of a law enforcement officer (Nevada Constitution Article 15 Section 2). The oath shall be as follows:

I, (employee name), do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support, protect and defend the Constitution and government of the United States, and the Constitution and government of the State of Nevada, against all enemies, whether domestic or foreign, and that I will bear true faith, allegiance and loyalty to the same, any ordinance, resolution or law of any state notwithstanding, and that I will well and faithfully perform all the duties of the office of (applicable position or office), on which I am about to enter; (if an oath) so help me God; (if an affirmation) under the pains and penalties of perjury.

---

## Policy Manual

### 106.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The manual of the Storey County Sheriff's Office is hereby established and shall be referred to as the Policy Manual or the manual. The manual is a statement of the current policies, rules and guidelines of this office. **All members, regardless of assignment (Detention or Sheriff's Office), are to conform to the provisions of this manual.**

All prior and existing manuals, orders and regulations that are in conflict with this manual are rescinded, except to the extent that portions of existing manuals, procedures, orders and other regulations that have not been included herein shall remain in effect, provided that they do not conflict with the provisions of this manual.

#### 106.1.1 DISCLAIMER

The provisions contained in this Policy Manual are not intended to create an employment contract, nor any employment rights or entitlements. The policies contained within this manual are for the internal use of the Storey County Sheriff's Office and shall not be construed to create a higher standard or duty of care for civil or criminal liability against the County, its officials or employees. Violations of any provision of any policy contained within this manual shall only form the basis for departmental administrative action, training or discipline. The Storey County Sheriff reserves the right to revise any policy content, in whole or in part.

### 106.2 POLICY

Except where otherwise expressly stated, the provisions of this manual shall be considered as guidelines. It is recognized that the work of law enforcement is not always predictable and circumstances may arise which warrant departure from these guidelines. It is the intent of this manual to be viewed from an objective standard, taking into consideration the sound discretion entrusted to members of this office under the circumstances reasonably available at the time of any incident.

### 106.3 AUTHORITY

The Sheriff shall be considered the ultimate authority for the content and adoption of the provisions of this manual and shall ensure compliance with all applicable federal, state and local laws. The Sheriff or the authorized designee is authorized to issue Departmental Directives, which shall modify those provisions of the manual to which they pertain. Departmental Directives shall remain in effect until such time as they may be permanently incorporated into the manual.

Except where specified herein, the policy manual of the Sheriff's Office supersedes any other county policies in application to members of the Sheriff's Office. The Sheriff retains the right to transfer any policy issue or violation to the County Administrative Officer if in the opinion of the Sheriff, that office can act in a more judicious manner based on the specific circumstances than if the matter were handled within the structure of the Sheriff's Office. Any transference is at the sole discretion of the duly elected Sheriff.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Policy Manual*

---

#### 106.3.1 ACCEPTABLE ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are acceptable substitutions in the manual:

- Departmental Directives may be abbreviated as "DD"
- Policy Manual sections may be abbreviated as "Section 106.X" or "§ 106.X"

#### 106.3.2 DEFINITIONS

The following words and terms shall have these assigned meanings, unless it is apparent from the content that they have a different meaning:

**Adult** - Any person 18 years of age or older.

**C.F.R.** - Code of Federal Regulations

**Child** - Any person under the age of 18 years.

**County** - The County of Storey

**Non-sworn** - Employees and volunteers who are not sworn law enforcement officers.

**Office /SCSO** - The Storey County Sheriff's Office

**Employee/Personnel** - Any person employed by the Office.

**Manual** - The Storey County Sheriff's Office Policy Manual

**May** - Indicates a permissive, discretionary or conditional action.

**Member** - Any person who is employed or appointed by the Sheriff's Office, including sworn deputies, reserve deputies, non-sworn employees and volunteers.

**Deputy/Sworn** - Those employees, regardless of rank or assignment, who are sworn employees of the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

**On-Duty** - Employee status during the period when he/she is actually engaged in the performance of his/her assigned duties.

**Order** - A written or verbal instruction issued by a superior.

**Peace Officer** - An employee who is required to be certified by POST pursuant to NAC 289.060. The term includes sworn full-time, part-time and reserve peace officers who perform the duties of a peace officer.

**POST** - The Nevada Peace Officer's Standards and Training Commission

**Rank** - The job classification title held by a deputy.

**Shall or Will** - Indicates a mandatory action.

**Should** - Indicates generally required or expected action, absent a rational basis for failing to conform.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Policy Manual*

---

#### **U.S.C . - United States Code**

##### **106.3.3 DISTRIBUTION OF MANUAL**

A printed Policy Manual shall be maintained by the Sheriff:

A computerized version of the Policy Manual will be made available on the Office network for access by all employees. The computerized version will be limited to viewing and printing of specific sections. No changes shall be made to the electronic version without authorization from Staff.

##### **106.3.4 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

Each newly appointed employee will acknowledge in writing that he/she has been provided access and ability to review the Policy Manual. All employees will acknowledge in writing the receipt and review of any new directive or modifications to this manual. Signed acknowledgement forms and/or e-mail receipts showing an employee's acknowledgement will be maintained by the Chief Deputy.

#### **106.4 ISSUING THE POLICY MANUAL**

An electronic version of the Policy Manual will be made available to all members on the office network for viewing and printing. No changes shall be made to the manual without authorization from the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

Each member shall acknowledge that he/she has been provided access to, and has had the opportunity to review the Policy Manual and Departmental Directives. Members shall seek clarification as needed from an appropriate supervisor for any provisions that they do not fully understand.

#### **106.5 PERIODIC REVIEW OF THE POLICY MANUAL**

The Sheriff will ensure that the Policy Manual is periodically reviewed and updated as necessary.

#### **106.6 REVISIONS TO POLICIES**

All revisions to the Policy Manual will be provided to each member on or before the date the policy becomes effective. Each member will be required to acknowledge that he/she has reviewed the revisions and shall seek clarification from an appropriate supervisor as needed.

Members are responsible for keeping abreast of all Policy Manual revisions.

Each supervisor will ensure that members under his/her command are aware of any Policy Manual revision.

All office members suggesting revision of the contents of the Policy Manual shall forward their written suggestions to their supervisors, who will consider the recommendations and forward them to the command staff as appropriate.

## Chapter 2 - Organization and Administration

---

## Organizational Structure and Responsibility

### 200.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The organizational structure of the Office is designed to create an efficient means to accomplish the mission and goals and to provide for the best possible service to the public.

### 200.2 DIVISIONS

The Sheriff is responsible for administering and managing the Storey County Sheriff's Office. There are four divisions in the Sheriff's Office as follows:

- Administration
- Operations
- Investigations
- Detention

#### 200.2.1 ADMINISTRATION DIVISION

The Administration Division is generally overseen by a member of the Command Staff whose primary responsibility is to provide general management direction and control for the Administration Division, including management of the Office budget. The Administration Division consists of Records and Administrative Services.

#### 200.2.2 PATROL DIVISION

The Operations Division (Patrol) is overseen by a command officer whose primary responsibility is to provide general management direction and control through sergeants, for Patrol. The Patrol Division consists of Uniformed Patrol and Special Operations, which includes Traffic, Reserves and Explorers. It may also include Search and Rescue or Auxiliary member when appropriate and so dictated by the Sheriff.

#### 200.2.3 INVESTIGATION DIVISION

The Investigation Division is overseen by an Investigator whose primary responsibilities are to provide general management of the Division as well as the investigation of those acts that are of sufficient breadth or depth to preclude a thorough investigation by patrol deputies.

#### 200.2.4 DETENTION DIVISION

The Detention Division is responsible for the care and custody of inmates. The Division is overseen by a sergeant who coordinates deputy activities, inmate transportation, and building security. The Detention Supervisor will prepare an annual budget for the Division and submit it to the Sheriff for inclusion in the Office budget.

### 200.3 COMMAND PROTOCOL

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Organizational Structure and Responsibility

---

### 200.3.1 SUCCESSION OF COMMAND

The Sheriff exercises command over all personnel in the Office. During planned absences the Sheriff the Chief Deputy will serve as the acting Sheriff.

Except when designated as above, the order of command authority in the absence or unavailability of the Sheriff and Chief Deputy is as follows:

- (a) Jail Supervisor
- (b) Investigation Division Supervisor
- (c) Patrol Division Supervisor
- (d) On-duty ranking officer

### 200.3.2 UNITY OF COMMAND

The principles of unity of command ensure efficient supervision and control within the Office. Generally, each employee shall be accountable to one supervisor at any time for a given assignment or responsibility. Except where specifically delegated authority may exist by policy or special assignment, any supervisor may temporarily direct any subordinate if an operational necessity exists.

### 200.3.3 ORDERS

Members shall respond to and make a good faith and reasonable effort to comply with the lawful order of superior officers and other proper authority.

### 200.3.4 UNLAWFUL AND CONFLICTING ORDERS

No member is required to obey any order which outwardly appears to be in direct conflict with any federal law, state law or local ordinance. If the legality of an order is in doubt, the affected member shall ask the issuing supervisor to clarify the order or confer with a higher authority. Responsibility for refusal to obey rests with the member, who shall subsequently be required to justify the refusal.

Unless it would jeopardize the safety of any individual, members who are presented with an order that is in conflict with a previous order, office policy, or other directive, shall respectfully inform the issuing supervisor of the conflict. The issuing supervisor is responsible for either resolving the conflict or clarifying that the order is intended to countermand the previous order or directive, in which case the member is obliged to comply. Members who are compelled to follow a conflicting order after having given the issuing supervisor the opportunity to correct the conflict are not held accountable for disobedience of the order or directive that was initially issued.

The person countermanding the original order shall notify, in writing, the person issuing the original order, indicating the action taken and the reason therefore.

---

## Departmental Directives and Special Orders

### 204.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Departmental Directives and Special Orders establish an interdepartmental communication that may be used by the Sheriff to make immediate changes to policy and procedure consistent with the current collective bargaining agreement (CBA). Departmental Directives will immediately modify or change and supersede sections of this manual to which they pertain.

#### 204.1.1 DEPARTMENTAL DIRECTIVE PROTOCOL

Departmental Directives will modify existing policies or create a new policy as appropriate and will be rescinded upon incorporation into the manual.

All existing Departmental Directives have now been incorporated in the updated Policy Manual as of the below revision date.

Any Departmental Directives issued after publication of the manual shall be numbered consecutively starting with the last two digits of the year, followed by the number "01." For example, 10-01 signifies the first Departmental Directive for the year 2010.

#### 204.1.2 SPECIAL ORDERS PROTOCOL

Special Orders establish a temporary policy or procedure on a given subject for a specific length of time. Special Orders are issued to the organization as a whole, to a division, to a unit or to an individual thereof and are temporary in nature. Special Orders become inoperative with the passing of the incident or situation that caused its issuance.

### 204.2 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 204.2.1 SHERIFF

The Sheriff, or his/her designee, shall issue all Departmental Directives. Special Orders may be issued by a supervisory staff member with the approval of the Sheriff.

## Emergency Management Plan

### 206.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy clarifies the role of the Storey County Sheriff's Office and responsibilities of its members pertaining to large-scale emergencies and the State Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (SCEMP) (NRS 414.020).

### 206.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will prepare for large-scale emergencies within and outside its jurisdiction through planning and mutual cooperation with other agencies.

The County Emergency Management Plan complies with the SCEMP (NRS 414.090). This plan provides guidance for County emergency operations within and outside its borders as may be required.

### 206.3 NEVADA INTRASTATE MUTUAL AID SYSTEM

The Sheriff or the authorized designee shall coordinate efforts with County personnel in participating in the Nevada Intrastate Mutual Aid System (NIMAS) (NRS 414A.120).

The Sheriff or the authorized designee shall ensure that the office:

- (a) Is available to provide intrastate mutual aid in response to a request from another NIMAS agency or at the direction of the Division of Emergency Management.
- (b) Provides training identifying a member's role within NIMAS.
- (c) Actively monitors events in the state to determine the possibility of requesting or providing intrastate mutual aid.
- (d) Maintains a current list of personnel and equipment available for NIMAS and provides it to the County annually.
- (e) Participates in joint planning with the County and other participants in NIMAS, including identifying the office resources, facilities and services that are available to furnish to other participants.

The Office shall promptly respond to a request for intrastate mutual aid, to the extent resources are available, unless such a response would prevent the Storey County Sheriff's Office from reasonably performing normal operations in the County.

### 206.4 ACTIVATING THE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLAN

The Emergency Management Plan can be activated in a number of ways. For the Storey County Sheriff's Office, the Sheriff or the highest ranking on-duty supervisor may activate the Emergency Management Plan in response to a major emergency.

Upon activation of the plan, the Sheriff or the authorized designee should contact the Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency Management to assist with mutual aid response from local, state and federal law enforcement agencies.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Emergency Management Plan

---

#### **206.4.1 RECALL OF PERSONNEL**

In the event that the Emergency Management Plan is activated, all members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office are subject to immediate recall to service. Members may also be subject to recall during extraordinary circumstances as deemed necessary by the Sheriff or the highest ranking on-duty supervisor.

Failure to promptly respond to an order to report for duty may result in discipline.

#### **206.5 LOCATION OF THE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLAN**

The Office shall provide training in the Emergency Management Plan for all supervisors and other appropriate personnel. All supervisors should familiarize themselves with the Emergency Management Plan and the roles sheriff's personnel will play when the plan is implemented.

#### **206.6 EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PLAN REVIEW**

The Sheriff or the authorized designee shall review the Emergency Management Plan at least once every two years and ensure that the plan conforms to any revisions made by the National Incident Management System (NIMS). The Sheriff or the authorized designee should appropriately address any needed revisions.

#### **206.7 TRAINING**

The Office should provide annual training on the Emergency Management Plan for all supervisors and other appropriate personnel. All supervisors should familiarize themselves with the Emergency Management Plan and personnel responsibilities when the plan is implemented. Training should incorporate a full or partial exercise, tabletop or command discussion.

## Electronic Mail

### 212.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the proper use and application of the electronic mail (email) system provided by the Office. Email is a communication tool available to employees to enhance efficiency in the performance of job duties and is to be used in accordance with generally accepted business practices and current law (e.g., Nevada Open Records Act). Messages transmitted over the email system must only be those that involve official business activities or contain information essential to employees for the accomplishment of business-related tasks and/or communication directly related to the business, administration or practices of the Office.

### 212.2 EMAIL RIGHT OF PRIVACY

All email messages, including any attachments, that are transmitted over office networks are considered office records and therefore are office property. The Office reserves the right to access, audit or disclose, for any lawful reason, any message, including any attachment, that is transmitted over its email system or that is stored on any office system.

The email system is not a confidential system and therefore is not appropriate for confidential communications. If a communication must be confidential, an alternative method to communicate the message should be used. Employees using the Office email system shall have no expectation of privacy concerning communications transmitted over the system.

Employees should not use personal accounts to exchange email or other information that is related to the official business of the Office.

### 212.3 PROHIBITED USE OF E-MAIL

Sending derogatory, defamatory, obscene, disrespectful, sexually suggestive, harassing or any other inappropriate messages on the e-mail system is prohibited and may result in discipline.

E-mail messages addressed to the entire office are only to be used for official business-related items that are of particular interest to all users. Users are reminded that all e-mail is subject to review and scrutiny with regard to appropriate content or violation of any prohibitions. In the event that a user has questions about sending a particular e-mail communication, the user should seek prior approval from the Sheriff or Chief Deputy. Personal advertisements are prohibited.

It is a violation of this policy to transmit a message under another user's name. Users are required to log off the network or secure the workstation when the computer is unattended. This added security measure will minimize the potential for misuse of an individual's e-mail, name and/or password by others.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Electronic Mail*

---

### **212.4 EMAIL RECORD MANAGEMENT**

Email may, depending upon the individual content, be a public record under the Nevada Open Records Act and must be managed in accordance with the established records retention schedule and in compliance with state law.

The Custodian of Records shall ensure that email messages are retained and recoverable as outlined in the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

---

## Administrative Communications

### 214.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Administrative communications of this office are governed by the following policies.

### 214.2 MEMORANDUMS

Memorandums may be issued periodically by the Sheriff, and or designee, to announce and document all promotions, transfers, hiring of new personnel, separations, individual and group awards and commendations or other changes in status.

### 214.3 CORRESPONDENCE

In order to ensure that the letterhead and name of the Office are not misused, all official external correspondence shall be on Office letterhead. All Office letterhead shall bear the name of the current elected Sheriff. The use of letterhead shall be limited to official Storey County Sheriff's Office correspondence. The use of official letterhead for any other purpose requires approval of a supervisor.

Internal correspondence should use appropriate memorandum forms. These may be from line employee to employee, supervisor to employee or any combination of employees.

### 214.4 SURVEYS

All surveys made in the name of the Office shall be authorized by the Sheriff or his/her designee.

### 214.5 OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

Departmental Directives and other communications necessary to ensure the effective operation of the Office shall be promulgated by the Sheriff or his/her designee.

## Supervision Staffing Levels

### 216.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that proper supervision is available for all shifts.

The Office intends to balance the employee's needs against the need to have flexibility and discretion in using personnel to meet operational requirements. While balance is desirable, the paramount concern is the need to meet operational requirements of the Office.

### 216.2 MINIMUM STAFFING LEVELS

Whenever possible, the scheduling of at least one regular supervisor is preferential. When no supervisor is scheduled on duty, senior deputies should assist in providing guidance when questions or issues arise. If supervisory assistance is still required, deputies should follow their change of command in most instances.

In dire circumstances, deputies may forego the change of command and obtain assistance or guidance from the most readily available supervisor. (Example: A domestic dispute in Virginia City - the Sheriff may be called to assist due to his proximity to the occurrence).

---

## Concealed Firearm Permit

### 218.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide a written process for the application, issuance, denial and revocation of a permit to carry a concealed firearm pursuant to Nevada law (NRS 202.3657).

### 218.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to fairly and impartially consider all applications to carry concealed firearms in accordance with applicable law and this policy.

### 218.3 PERMIT APPLICATION AND ELIGIBILITY

Application forms will be made available to all applicants upon request. A single application for permit to carry will cover all handguns owned by the applicant. Applicants will not be required to identify or list each handgun they wish to carry (NRS 202.3657).

An applicant is eligible for a permit if the applicant (NRS 202.3657):

- (a) Is 21 years of age or older.
- (b) Is not prohibited from possessing a firearm by being (NRS 202.360):
  - 1. A convicted felon.
  - 2. A fugitive.
  - 3. An unlawful user or addict of any controlled substance.
  - 4. A person adjudicated as mentally ill or has been committed to any mental health facility.
  - 5. A person illegally or unlawfully in the United States.
  - 6. Convicted in this state or any other state of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence as defined in 18 USC § 921(a)(33).
  - 7. Prohibited by federal law from having a firearm in his/her possession or under his/her custody or control.
- (c) Demonstrates competence with handguns by successfully completing a course in firearm safety approved by a Sheriff in Nevada or completes a course in firearm safety as prescribed in NRS 202.3657(3)(c).
- (d) Completes an application approved by the Sheriff and signs it under oath.
- (e) Pays all associated nonrefundable fees.

The applicant shall be notified within 120 days of receipt of the application whether the permit is issued or denied. If the application is denied, written notification shall be sent to the applicant setting forth the reasons for the denial (NRS 202.366(3)).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Concealed Firearm Permit

---

#### **218.4 INVESTIGATION OF APPLICANT**

Upon receipt of an application for a permit, the Office will conduct an investigation of the applicant to determine eligibility. Fingerprints shall be forwarded to the Nevada Criminal History Repository for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a criminal history of the applicant. The investigation will include a report from the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NRS 202.366(1)).

A permit will be issued to any applicant who is qualified to possess a firearm under state or federal law and who is not disqualified to obtain a permit under NRS 202.3653 through NRS 202.369 (NRS 202.366(1)).

#### **218.5 DENYING APPLICATION/REVOKING A PERMIT**

The Sheriff shall deny an application or revoke a permit if it is determined the applicant or permittee (NRS 202.3657(4)):

- (a) Has an outstanding arrest warrant.
- (b) Has been judicially declared incompetent or insane.
- (c) Has been voluntarily or involuntarily admitted to a mental health facility during the immediately preceding five years.
- (d) Has habitually used intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance to the extent that his/her normal faculties are impaired. For this purpose, it is presumed that a person has so used intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance if, during the immediately preceding five years, he/she has been either of the following:
  1. Convicted of violating the provisions of NRS 484C.110.
  2. Committed for treatment pursuant to NRS 458.290 through NRS 458.350, inclusive.
- (e) Has been convicted of a crime involving the use or threatened use of force or violence punishable as a misdemeanor under the laws of this or any other state, or a territory or possession of the United States at any time during the immediately preceding three years.
- (f) Has been convicted of a felony in this state or under the laws of any state, territory or possession of the United States.
- (g) Has been convicted of a crime involving domestic violence or stalking, or is currently subject to a restraining order, injunction or other order for protection against domestic violence.
- (h) Is currently on parole or probation from a conviction obtained in this state or in any other state, territory or possession of the United States.
- (i) Has, within the immediately preceding five years, been subject to any requirements imposed by a court of this state, or of any other state, territory or possession of the United States, as a condition to the courts either:
  1. Withholding of the entry of judgment for his/her conviction of a felony.
  2. Suspending his/her sentence for the conviction of a felony.
- (j) Has made a false statement on any application for a permit or for the renewal of a permit.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Concealed Firearm Permit

---

The Sheriff may also deny or revoke a permit upon receipt of a sworn affidavit stating articulable facts based upon personal knowledge from any natural person who is 18 years of age or older that the permittee has or may have committed an offense, or engaged in any other activity specified above, which would require the denial or revocation of a permit (NRS 202.3657(5)).

#### **218.6 SUSPENDING A PERMIT**

Any permit to carry a concealed firearm issued pursuant to this policy may be immediately suspended by the Sheriff if (NRS 202.3657(6)):

- (a) Notification is received by a court or law enforcement agency of this or any other state, territory or possession of the United States that a permittee has been charged with a crime involving the use or threatened use of force or violence, the conviction for which would require the revocation of a permit.
  - 1. The person's permit shall remain suspended until the final disposition of the pending charges.
  - 2. If the permittee is acquitted of the charges against him/her, or if the charges are dropped, the permit shall be restored without imposing a fee.

#### **218.6.1 NOTIFICATION TO VICTIMS**

Upon receiving notification that an applicant or permittee has been charged with or convicted of a crime involving use or threatened use of force or violence, the Sheriff or the authorized designee shall notify the victim of the following, as appropriate (NRS 202.3665):

- (a) The person's application or permit has been suspended until final disposition of the charges.
- (b) The person's application processing has resumed or the permit has been restored following the dropping of charges against the applicant or acquittal of the applicant.
- (c) The person has been convicted of the crime and the application for a permit is denied or the permit revoked.

Notification to the victim will be made within 10 days on the Sheriff's actions regarding the application or permit.

#### **218.7 APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL**

To renew a permit to carry a concealed firearm, the applicant must complete and submit a renewal application to the agency who issued the permit, undergo a background investigation and pay all nonrefundable fees.

The applicant must also demonstrate continued competence by successfully completing a course prescribed by the sheriff renewing the permit (NRS 202.3677).

#### **218.8 RECORDS**

The application, identity of a permit holder and any records of investigation, suspension, restoration or revocation are confidential but may be released to a law enforcement agency for the purpose of conducting an investigation or prosecution, or as provided by law (NRS 202.3662).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Concealed Firearm Permit*

---

Statistical abstracts of data compiled regarding permits applied for or issued are not confidential and may be released to the public (NRS 202.3662).

Public record requests for permit records or data shall be promptly brought to the attention of the Custodian of Records or other person charged with the responsibility of processing public records requests.

This office will keep a record of all applications for a permit to carry a concealed firearm in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

## Retiree Concealed Firearms

### 220.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the issuance, denial, suspension or revocation of Storey County Sheriff's Office identification cards under the Law Enforcement Officers' Safety Act (LEOSA) and Nevada law (18 USC § 926C).

### 220.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to provide identification cards to qualified former or retired deputies as provided in this policy.

### 220.3 LEOSA

The Sheriff should issue an identification card for LEOSA purposes to any qualified former deputy of this office who (18 USC § 926C(c)):

- (a) Separated from service in good standing from this office as a deputy.
- (b) Before such separation, had regular employment as a law enforcement officer for an aggregate of 10 years or more or, if employed as a law enforcement officer for less than 10 years, separated from service after completing any applicable probationary period due to a service-connected disability as determined by this office.
- (c) Has not been disqualified for reasons related to mental health.
- (d) Has not entered into an agreement with this office where the deputy acknowledges that he/she is not qualified to receive a firearm qualification certificate for reasons related to mental health.
- (e) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving or possessing a firearm.

#### 220.3.1 LEOSA IDENTIFICATION CARD FORMAT

The LEOSA identification card should contain a photograph of the former deputy and identify him/her as having been employed as a deputy.

If the Storey County Sheriff's Office qualifies the former deputy, the LEOSA identification card or separate certification should indicate the date the former deputy was tested or otherwise found by the Office to meet the active duty standards for qualification to carry a firearm.

#### 220.3.2 AUTHORIZATION

Any qualified former law enforcement officer, including a former deputy of this office, may carry a concealed firearm under 18 USC § 926C when he/she is:

- (a) In possession of photographic identification that identifies him/her as having been employed as a law enforcement officer, and one of the following:
  - 1. An indication from the person's former law enforcement agency that he/she has, within the past year, been tested or otherwise found by the law enforcement agency

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Retiree Concealed Firearms*

---

to meet agency-established active duty standards for qualification in firearms training to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm.

2. A certification, issued by either the state in which the person resides or by a certified firearms instructor who is qualified to conduct a firearms qualification test for active duty law enforcement officers within that state, indicating that the person has, within the past year, been tested or otherwise found to meet the standards established by the state or, if not applicable, the standards of any agency in that state.
- (b) Not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance.
  - (c) Not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.
  - (d) Not in a location prohibited by Nevada law or by a private person or entity on his/her property if such prohibition is permitted by Nevada law.

#### **220.4 FORMER DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES**

A former deputy with a card issued under this policy shall immediately notify the Shift Supervisor of his/her arrest or conviction in any jurisdiction, or that he/she is the subject of a court order, in accordance with the Reporting of Employee Convictions Policy.

##### **220.4.1 RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER LEOSA**

In order to obtain or retain a LEOSA identification card, the former deputy shall:

- (a) Sign a waiver of liability of the Office for all acts taken related to carrying a concealed firearm, acknowledging both his/her personal responsibility as a private person for all acts taken when carrying a concealed firearm as permitted by LEOSA and also that these acts were not taken as an employee or former employee of the Office.
- (b) Remain subject to all applicable office policies and federal, state and local laws.
- (c) Demonstrate good judgment and character commensurate with carrying a loaded and concealed firearm.
- (d) Successfully pass an annual criminal history background check indicating that he/she is not prohibited by law from receiving or possessing a firearm.

##### **220.4.2 RETIRED FOR DISABILITY**

The Office will not consider a former deputy to be exempt from the applicable weapons restrictions of NRS 202.350 due to a disability-related retirement unless that deputy possesses a current LEOSA card from this office or written approval from the Sheriff of his/her fitness to carry a concealed weapon (NRS 202.350).

#### **220.5 FIREARM QUALIFICATIONS**

The Rangemaster will provide former deputies an opportunity to qualify in compliance with NRS 202.3678. Written evidence of the qualification and the weapons used will be provided and will contain the date of the qualification. The Rangemaster will maintain a record of the qualifications and weapons used.

## Training Policy

### 221.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

It is the policy of this office to administer a training program that will meet the standards of POST continuing education and provide for the professional growth and continued development of its personnel. By doing so, the Office will ensure its personnel possess the knowledge and skills necessary to provide a professional level of service that meets the needs of the public.

### 221.2 PHILOSOPHY

The Office seeks to provide ongoing training and encourages all personnel to participate in advanced training and formal education on a continual basis. Training is provided within the confines of funding, requirements of a given assignment, staffing levels and legal mandates. Whenever possible, the Office will use courses certified by the Nevada POST or other regulatory or nationally recognized entities. Examples of these entities may be, but are not limited to, the American Correctional Association and the American Jail Association.

### 221.3 OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the Training Program are to:

- (a) Enhance the level of law enforcement service to the public.
- (b) Increase the technical expertise and overall effectiveness of Office personnel.
- (c) Provide for continued professional development of Office personnel.
- (d) Assist in compliance with POST rules and regulations concerning law enforcement training.

### 221.4 TRAINING PLAN

It is the responsibility of the Training Sergeant to develop, review, update and maintain a training plan and to ensure that mandated basic, in-service and Office-required training is completed by all employees. The plan shall include a systematic and detailed method for recording and logging of all training for all personnel. While updates and revisions may be made to any portion of the training plan at any time it is deemed necessary, the Training Sergeant shall review the entire training plan on an annual basis. The plan will include information on curriculum, training material, training facilities, course and student scheduling. The plan will address State required minimum mandated training for licensing of sworn deputies or hiring of non-sworn employees.

Training listed may be provided in basic training programs. The Training Sergeant is responsible for ensuring members of the Office have been trained as required.

#### 221.4.1 STATE MANDATED TRAINING

State training requirements include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Stalking and aggravated stalking (NRS 289.600).
- (b) Incidents involving dogs (NRS 289.595).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Training Policy*

---

(c) **Mandatory POST annual training:**

1. Annual completion of 12 hours office in-service training, plus the following (NAC 289.230):
  - (a) **Firearm** - At least biannually demonstrate a minimum level of proficiency in the use of each firearm he/she is authorized to use.
  - (b) **[(EMDT)], impact weapon, chemical weapon or other control device** - At least demonstrate a minimum level of proficiency in the use of each such weapon or device he/she is authorized to use.
  - (c) **Defensive Tactics** - Demonstrate a minimum level of proficiency in the use of defensive tactics, including without limitation, techniques related to applying handcuffs, taking down suspects, self-defense and retention of weapons.
  - (d) **Carotid control hold** - Demonstrate annually a minimum level of proficiency in those techniques authorized.
  - (e) Review each policy which addresses Use of Force.

#### **221.5 TRAINING NEEDS ASSESSMENT**

The Training Section will conduct an annual training-needs assessment and complete a report of the training-needs assessment, including recommendations from the Training Advisory Board. The training-needs assessment report will be provided to the Sheriff, staff and the Training Advisory Board. Upon review and approval by the Sheriff, the needs assessment will form the basis for the training plan for the ensuing fiscal year.

#### **221.6 TRAINING REVIEW BOARD**

The Training Review Board serves to review the training practices of the Office and to make recommendations to the Sheriff regarding needed changes in curriculum, policy and direction, meeting the guidelines for procedure, purpose and reporting.

The Training Review Board should review certain incidents to determine whether training would likely improve future outcomes or reduce or prevent the recurrence of the undesirable issues related to the incident. Specific incidents the Training Review Board should review include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Any incident involving the death or serious injury of an employee.
- (b) Incidents involving a high risk of death, serious injury or civil liability.
- (c) Incidents identified by a supervisor as appropriate to review to identify possible training needs.

The Training Review Board should convene on a regular basis as determined by the Training Sergeant to review the identified incidents. The board shall determine by consensus whether a training need exists and then submit written recommendations of its findings to the Training

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Training Policy

---

Sergeant. The recommendation should not identify specific facts of any incidents, such as identities of employees involved or the date, time and location of the incident, but should focus on the type of training being recommended.

The Training Sergeant will consider the recommendations of the board and determine what training should be addressed, taking into consideration the mission of the Department and available resources.

#### 221.6.1 TRAINING REVIEW BOARD GUIDELINES

(a) Composition of the Training Review Board:

1. One-third of the membership is comprised from the community.
2. Two-thirds of the membership is comprised from the Office.
3. The Sheriff, and the Training Sergeant will serve as ex-officio, non-voting members.

(b) Appointment to the Training Review Board:

1. The board members will be chosen and appointed by the Sheriff, upon recommendation of the Training Sergeant.
2. Any board member may be removed from the board at the discretion of the Sheriff.

(c) Authority and Responsibilities of the Training Review Board:

1. Assists in developing and evaluating Office training needs.
2. Serves as a focal point for input from personnel and interested members of the community.
3. Advises on the need to study and identify specific training needs.
4. Advises on the determination of the types, frequency and location of courses to be offered.
5. Advises on the establishment of prerequisites, minimum and maximum class size, attendance and retention of students.

(d) Meetings of the Training Review Board:

1. The Board will meet at least annually (more frequent meetings may be called at the direction of the Sheriff).
2. The Training Sergeant is responsible for notifying members of meeting times and locations.

(e) Training Review Board Meeting Records:

1. Minutes of the Board meetings are recorded and maintained by the Training Sergeant.
2. A copy of the minutes will be forwarded to the Sheriff and to each board member.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Training Policy*

---

3. Minutes will be maintained on file for a minimum of five years.

#### **221.7 TRAINING RECORDS**

The Training Sergeant is responsible for the creation, filing and storage of all training records in compliance with POST standards. Training records shall be retained as long as the employee's personnel file is retained.

#### **221.8 TRAINING PROCEDURES**

- (a) All employees assigned to attend training shall attend unless previously excused by their immediate supervisor. Excused absences from mandatory training should be limited to:
  1. Court appearances
  2. First choice vacation
  3. Sick leave
  4. Physical limitations preventing the employee's participation.
  5. Emergency situations
- (b) When an employee is unable to attend mandatory training, that employee shall:
  1. Notify his/her supervisor as soon as possible, but no later than at least one hour prior to the start of training.
  2. Document his/her absence in a memorandum to his/her supervisor.
  3. Make arrangements through his/her supervisor and the Training Sergeant to attend on an alternate date.

#### **221.9 DAILY TRAINING BULLETINS**

The Lexipol Daily Training Bulletins (DTBs) are contained in a web-accessed system that provides training on the Storey County Sheriff's Office Policy Manual and other important topics. Generally, one training bulletin is available for each day of the month. However, the number of DTBs may be adjusted by the Training Sergeant.

Personnel assigned to participate in DTBs shall only use login credentials assigned to them by the Training Sergeant. Personnel should not share their password with others and should frequently change their password to protect the security of the system. After each session, employees should logoff the system to prevent unauthorized access. The content of the DTBs is copyrighted material and shall not be shared with others outside of the Office.

Employees who are assigned to participate in the DTB program should complete each DTB at the beginning of their shift or as otherwise directed by their supervisor. Employees should not allow uncompleted DTBs to build up over time. Personnel may be required to complete DTBs missed during extended absences (e.g., vacation, medical leave) upon returning to duty. Although the

Storey County Sheriff's Office  
Policy Manual

*Training Policy*

---

DTB system can be accessed from any Internet active computer, employees shall only take DTBs as part of their on-duty assignment unless directed otherwise by a supervisor.

Supervisors will be responsible for monitoring the progress of personnel under their command to ensure compliance with this policy.

## Chapter 3 - General Operations

## Use of Force

### 300.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines on the reasonable use of force. While there is no way to specify the exact amount or type of reasonable force to be applied in any situation, every member of this office is expected to use these guidelines to make such decisions in a professional, impartial and reasonable manner.

#### 300.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Deadly force** - Force reasonably anticipated and intended to create a substantial likelihood of causing death or very serious injury.

**Force** - The application of physical techniques or tactics, chemical agents or weapons to another person. It is not a use of force when a person allows him/herself to be searched, escorted, handcuffed or restrained.

**Imminent** - Ready to take place; impending. Note that imminent does not mean immediate or instantaneous.

### 300.2 POLICY

The use of force by law enforcement personnel is a matter of critical concern, both to the public and to the law enforcement community. Deputies are involved on a daily basis in numerous and varied interactions and, when warranted, may use reasonable force in carrying out their duties.

Deputies must have an understanding of, and true appreciation for, their authority and limitations. This is especially true with respect to overcoming resistance while engaged in the performance of law enforcement duties.

The Office recognizes and respects the value of all human life and dignity without prejudice to anyone. Vesting deputies with the authority to use reasonable force and to protect the public welfare requires monitoring, evaluation and a careful balancing of all interests.

#### 300.2.1 DUTY TO INTERCEDE

Any deputy present and observing another deputy using force that is clearly beyond that which is objectively reasonable under the circumstances shall, when in a position to do so, intercede to prevent the use of unreasonable force. A deputy who observes another employee use force that exceeds the degree of force permitted by law should promptly report these observations to a supervisor.

### 300.3 USE OF FORCE

Deputies shall use only that amount of force that reasonably appears necessary given the facts and circumstances perceived by the deputy at the time of the event to accomplish a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Use of Force*

---

The reasonableness of force will be judged from the perspective of a reasonable deputy on the scene at the time of the incident. Any evaluation of reasonableness must allow for the fact that deputies are often forced to make split-second decisions about the amount of force that reasonably appears necessary in a particular situation, with limited information and in circumstances that are tense, uncertain and rapidly evolving.

Given that no policy can realistically predict every possible situation a deputy might encounter, deputies are entrusted to use well-reasoned discretion in determining the appropriate use of force in each incident.

It is also recognized that circumstances may arise in which deputies reasonably believe that it would be impractical or ineffective to use any of the tools, weapons or methods provided by the office. Deputies may find it more effective or reasonable to improvise their response to rapidly unfolding conditions that they are confronting. In such circumstances, the use of any improvised device or method must nonetheless be reasonable and utilized only to the degree that reasonably appears necessary to accomplish a legitimate law enforcement purpose.

While the ultimate objective of every law enforcement encounter is to avoid or minimize injury, nothing in this policy requires a deputy to retreat or be exposed to possible physical injury before applying reasonable force.

#### **300.3.1 USE OF FORCE TO EFFECT AN ARREST**

A peace officer may use reasonable force to effect an arrest, to prevent escape or to overcome resistance. A peace officer who makes or attempts to make an arrest need not retreat or desist from his/her efforts by reason of resistance or threatened resistance of the person being arrested; nor shall such peace officer be deemed the aggressor or lose his/her right to self-defense by the use of reasonable force to effect the arrest or to prevent escape or to overcome resistance.

#### **300.3.2 FACTORS USED TO DETERMINE THE REASONABLENESS OF FORCE**

When determining whether to apply force and evaluating whether a deputy has used reasonable force, a number of factors should be taken into consideration, as time and circumstances permit. These factors include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Immediacy and severity of the threat to deputies or others.
- (b) The conduct of the individual being confronted, as reasonably perceived by the deputy at the time.
- (c) Deputy/subject factors (e.g., age, size, relative strength, skill level, injuries sustained, level of exhaustion or fatigue, the number of deputies available vs. subjects).
- (d) The effects of drugs or alcohol.
- (e) Individual's mental state or capacity.
- (f) Proximity of weapons or dangerous improvised devices.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Use of Force*

---

- (g) The degree to which the subject has been effectively restrained and his/her ability to resist despite being restrained.
- (h) The availability of other options and their possible effectiveness.
- (i) Seriousness of the suspected offense or reason for contact with the individual.
- (j) Training and experience of the deputy.
- (k) Potential for injury to deputies, suspects and others.
- (l) Whether the person appears to be resisting, attempting to evade arrest by flight or is attacking the deputy.
- (m) The risk and reasonably foreseeable consequences of escape.
- (n) The apparent need for immediate control of the subject or a prompt resolution of the situation.
- (o) Whether the conduct of the individual being confronted no longer reasonably appears to pose an imminent threat to the deputy or others.
- (p) Prior contacts with the subject or awareness of any propensity for violence.
- (q) Any other exigent circumstances.

#### 300.3.3 PAIN COMPLIANCE TECHNIQUES

Pain compliance techniques may be effective in controlling a physically or actively resisting individual. Deputies may only apply those pain compliance techniques for which they have successfully completed office-approved training. Deputies utilizing any pain compliance technique should consider:

- (a) The degree to which the application of the technique may be controlled given the level of resistance.
- (b) Whether the person can comply with the direction or orders of the deputy.
- (c) Whether the person has been given sufficient opportunity to comply.

The application of any pain compliance technique shall be discontinued once the deputy determines that compliance has been achieved.

#### 300.3.4 USE OF FORCE TO SEIZE EVIDENCE

In general, deputies may use reasonable force to lawfully seize evidence and to prevent the destruction of evidence. However, deputies are discouraged from using force solely to prevent a person from swallowing evidence or contraband. In the instance when force is used, deputies should not intentionally use any technique that restricts blood flow to the head, restricts respiration or which creates a reasonable likelihood that blood flow to the head or respiration would be restricted. Deputies are encouraged to use techniques and methods taught by the Storey County Sheriff's Office for this specific purpose.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Use of Force*

---

#### **300.4 DEADLY FORCE APPLICATIONS**

Use of deadly force is justified in the following circumstances:

- (a) A deputy may use deadly force to protect him/herself or others from what he/she reasonably believes would be an imminent threat of death or serious bodily injury.
- (b) A deputy may use deadly force to stop a fleeing subject when the deputy has probable cause to believe that the person has committed, or intends to commit, a felony involving the infliction or threatened infliction of serious bodily injury or death, and the deputy reasonably believes that there is an imminent risk of serious bodily injury or death to any other person if the subject is not immediately apprehended. Under such circumstances, a verbal warning should precede the use of deadly force, where feasible.

Imminent does not mean immediate or instantaneous. An imminent danger may exist even if the suspect is not at that very moment pointing a weapon at someone. For example, an imminent danger may exist if a deputy reasonably believes that the individual has a weapon or is attempting to access one and intends to use it against the deputy or another person. An imminent danger may also exist if the individual is capable of causing serious bodily injury or death without a weapon, and the deputy believes the individual intends to do so.

##### **300.4.1 SHOOTING AT OR FROM MOVING VEHICLES**

Shots fired at or from a moving vehicle are rarely effective. Deputies should move out of the path of an approaching vehicle instead of discharging their firearm at the vehicle or any of its occupants. A deputy should only discharge a firearm at a moving vehicle or its occupants when the deputy reasonably believes there are no other reasonable means available to avert the threat of the vehicle, or if deadly force other than the vehicle is directed at the deputy or others.

Deputies should not shoot at any part of a vehicle in an attempt to disable the vehicle.

#### **300.5 REPORTING THE USE OF FORCE**

Any use of force by a member of this office shall be documented promptly, completely and accurately in an appropriate report, depending on the nature of the incident. The deputy should articulate the factors perceived and why he/she believed the use of force was reasonable under the circumstances. To collect data for purposes of training, resource allocation, analysis and related purposes, the Office may require the completion of additional report forms, as specified in office policy, procedure or law.

##### **300.5.1 NOTIFICATION TO SUPERVISORS**

Supervisory notification shall be made as soon as practicable following the application of force in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) The application caused a visible injury.
- (b) The application would lead a reasonable deputy to conclude that the individual may have experienced more than momentary discomfort.
- (c) The individual subjected to the force complained of injury or continuing pain.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Use of Force*

---

- (d) The individual indicates intent to pursue litigation.
- (e) Any application of the TASER<sup>®</sup> device or control device.
- (f) Any application of a restraint device other than handcuffs, shackles or belly chains.
- (g) The individual subjected to the force was rendered unconscious.
- (h) An individual was struck or kicked.
- (i) An individual alleges any of the above has occurred.

#### **300.6 MEDICAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Prior to booking or release, medical assistance shall be obtained for any person who exhibits signs of physical distress, has sustained visible injury, expresses a complaint of injury or continuing pain, or who was rendered unconscious. Any individual exhibiting signs of physical distress after an encounter should be continuously monitored until he/she can be medically assessed.

Based upon the deputy's initial assessment of the nature and extent of the subject's injuries, medical assistance may consist of examination by an emergency medical services provider or medical personnel at a hospital or jail. If any such individual refuses medical attention, such a refusal shall be fully documented in related reports and, whenever practicable, should be witnessed by another deputy and/or medical personnel. If a recording is made of the contact or an interview with the individual, any refusal should be included in the recording, if possible.

The on-scene supervisor or, if the on-scene supervisor is not available, the primary handling deputy shall ensure that any person providing medical care or receiving custody of a person following any use of force is informed that the person was subjected to force. This notification shall include a description of the force used and any other circumstances the deputy reasonably believes would be potential safety or medical risks to the subject (e.g., prolonged struggle, extreme agitation, impaired respiration).

Individuals who exhibit extreme agitation, violent irrational behavior accompanied by profuse sweating, extraordinary strength beyond their physical characteristics and imperviousness to pain (sometimes called "excited delirium"), or who require a protracted physical encounter with multiple deputies to be brought under control, may be at an increased risk of sudden death. Calls involving these persons should be considered medical emergencies. Deputies who reasonably suspect a medical emergency should request medical assistance as soon as practicable and have medical personnel stage away (See the Medical Aid and Response Policy).

#### **300.7 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

When a supervisor is able to respond to an incident in which there has been a reported application of force, the supervisor is expected to:

- (a) Obtain the basic facts from the involved deputies. Absent an allegation of misconduct or excessive force, this will be considered a routine contact in the normal course of duties.
- (b) Ensure that any injured parties are examined and treated.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Use of Force

---

- (c) When possible, separately obtain a recorded interview with the subject upon whom force was applied. If this interview is conducted without the person having voluntarily waived his/her *Miranda* rights, the following shall apply:
  - 1. The content of the interview should not be summarized or included in any related criminal charges.
  - 2. The fact that a recorded interview was conducted should be documented in a property or other report.
  - 3. The recording of the interview should be distinctly marked for retention until all potential for civil litigation has expired.
- (d) Once any initial medical assessment has been completed or first aid has been rendered, ensure that photographs have been taken of any areas involving visible injury or complaint of pain, as well as overall photographs of uninjured areas.
  - 1. These photographs should be retained until all potential for civil litigation has expired.
- (e) Identify any witnesses not already included in related reports.
- (f) Review and approve all related reports.
- (g) Determine if there is any indication that the subject may pursue civil litigation.
  - 1. If there is an indication of potential civil litigation, the supervisor should complete and route a notification of a potential claim through the appropriate channels.
- (h) Evaluate the circumstances surrounding the incident and initiate an administrative investigation if there is a question of policy non-compliance or if for any reason further investigation may be appropriate.

In the event that a supervisor is unable to respond to the scene of an incident involving the reported application of force, the supervisor is still expected to complete as many of the above items as circumstances permit.

#### **300.7.1 SUPERVISOR REVIEW**

The Supervisor shall review each use of force by any personnel within his/her command to ensure compliance with this policy and to address any training issues.

#### **300.8 TRAINING**

Deputies will receive periodic training on this policy and demonstrate their knowledge and understanding.

#### **300.9 USE OF FORCE ANALYSIS**

At least annually, the Patrol Division Commander should prepare an analysis report on use of force incidents. The report should be submitted to the Sheriff. The report should not contain the names of deputies, suspects or case numbers, and should include:

Storey County Sheriff's Office  
Policy Manual

*Use of Force*

---

- (a) The identification of any trends in the use of force by members.
- (b) Training needs recommendations.
- (c) Equipment needs recommendations.
- (d) Policy revision recommendations.

## Use of Force Review Boards

### 302.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes a process for the Storey County Sheriff's Office to review the use of force by its employees.

This review process shall be in addition to any other review or investigation that may be conducted by any outside or multi-agency entity having jurisdiction over the investigation or evaluation of the use of deadly force.

### 302.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will objectively evaluate the use of force by its members to ensure that their authority is used lawfully, appropriately and is consistent with training and policy.

### 302.3 REMOVAL FROM LINE DUTY ASSIGNMENT

Generally, whenever an employee's actions or use of force in an official capacity, or while using office equipment, results in death or very serious injury to another, that employee will be placed in a temporary administrative assignment pending an administrative review. The Sheriff may exercise discretion and choose not to place an employee in an administrative assignment in any case.

### 302.4 REVIEW BOARD

The Use of Force Review Board will be convened when the use of force by a member results in very serious injury or death to another.

The Use of Force Review Board will also investigate and review the circumstances surrounding every discharge of a firearm, whether the employee was on- or off-duty, excluding training or recreational use.

The Sheriff may request the Use of Force Review Board to investigate the circumstances surrounding any use of force incident.

The Chief Deputy will convene the Use of Force Review Board as necessary. It will be the responsibility of the Chief Deputy or supervisor of the involved employee to notify the Sheriff of any incidents requiring board review. The involved employee's supervisor will also ensure that all relevant reports, documents and materials are available for consideration and review by the board.

#### 302.4.1 COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The Chief Deputy should select five Use of Force Review Board members from the following, as appropriate:

- Representatives of each division
- Training Sergeant
- Non-administrative supervisor

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Use of Force Review Boards

---

- A peer deputy
- A sworn peace officer from an outside law enforcement agency
- Office instructor for the type of weapon, device or technique used
- A member of the public at large

The senior ranking command representative who is not in the same division as the involved employee will serve as chairperson.

#### 302.4.2 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

The Use of Force Review Board is empowered to conduct an administrative review and inquiry into the circumstances of an incident.

The board members may request further investigation, request reports be submitted for the board's review, call persons to present information and request the involved employee to appear. The involved employee will be notified of the meeting of the board and may choose to have a representative through all phases of the review process.

The board does not have the authority to recommend discipline.

The Sheriff will determine whether the board should delay its review until after completion of any criminal investigation, review by any prosecutorial body, filing of criminal charges, the decision not to file criminal charges, or any other action. The board should be provided all relevant available material from these proceedings for its consideration.

The review shall be based upon those facts which were reasonably believed or known by the deputy at the time of the incident, applying any legal requirements, office policies, procedures and approved training to those facts. Facts later discovered but unknown to the deputy at the time shall neither justify nor call into question a deputy's decision regarding the use of force.

Any questioning of the involved employee conducted by the board will be in accordance with the office's disciplinary procedures, the Personnel Complaints Policy, the current collective bargaining agreement and any applicable state or federal law.

The board shall make one of the following recommended findings:

- (a) The employee's actions were within office policy and procedure.
- (b) The employee's actions were in violation of office policy and procedure.

A recommended finding requires a majority vote of the board. The board may also recommend additional investigations or reviews, such as disciplinary investigations, training reviews to consider whether training should be developed or revised, and policy reviews, as may be appropriate. The board chairperson will submit the written recommendation to the Sheriff.

The Sheriff shall review the recommendation, make a final determination as to whether the employee's actions were within policy and procedure and will determine whether any additional actions, investigations or reviews are appropriate. The Sheriff's final findings will be forwarded to

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Use of Force Review Boards*

---

the Chief Deputy for review and appropriate action. If the Sheriff concludes that discipline should be considered, a disciplinary process will be initiated.

At the conclusion of any additional reviews, copies of all relevant reports and information will be filed with the Sheriff.

---

## Handcuffing and Restraints

### 306.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the use of handcuffs and other restraints during detentions and arrests.

### 306.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office authorizes the use of restraint devices in accordance with this policy, the Use of Force Policy and office training. Restraint devices shall not be used to punish, to display authority or as a show of force.

### 306.3 USE OF RESTRAINTS

Only members who have successfully completed Storey County Sheriff's Office-approved training on the use of restraint devices described in this policy are authorized to use these devices.

When deciding whether to use any restraint, deputies should carefully balance officer safety concerns with factors that include, but are not limited to:

- The circumstances or crime leading to the arrest.
- The demeanor and behavior of the arrested person.
- The age and health of the person.
- Whether the person is known to be pregnant.
- Whether the person has a hearing or speaking disability. In such cases, consideration should be given, safety permitting, to handcuffing to the front in order to allow the person to sign or write notes.
- Whether the person has any other apparent disability.

#### 306.3.1 RESTRAINT OF DETAINEES

Situations may arise where it may be reasonable to restrain an individual who may, after brief investigation, be released without arrest. Unless arrested, the use of restraints on detainees should continue only for as long as is reasonably necessary to assure the safety of deputies and others. When deciding whether to remove restraints from a detainee, deputies should continuously weigh the safety interests at hand against the continuing intrusion upon the detainee.

#### 306.3.2 RESTRAINT OF PREGNANT PERSONS

Persons who are known to be pregnant should be restrained in the least restrictive manner that is effective for officer safety.

No person who is in labor, delivery or recovery shall be handcuffed or restrained except in extraordinary circumstances and only when a supervisor makes an individualized determination that such restraints are necessary to prevent escape or serious and immediate injury.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Handcuffing and Restraints

---

#### **306.3.3 RESTRAINT OF JUVENILES**

A juvenile under 14 years of age should not be restrained unless he/she is suspected of a dangerous felony or when the deputy has a reasonable suspicion that the juvenile may resist, attempt escape, injure him/herself, injure the deputy or damage property.

#### **306.3.4 NOTIFICATIONS**

Whenever a deputy transports a person with the use of restraints other than handcuffs, the deputy shall inform the jail staff upon arrival at the jail that restraints were used. This notification should include information regarding any other circumstances the deputy reasonably believes would be potential safety concerns or medical risks to the subject (e.g., prolonged struggle, extreme agitation, impaired respiration) that may have occurred prior to, or during transportation to the jail.

#### **306.4 APPLICATION OF HANDCUFFS OR PLASTIC CUFFS**

Handcuffs, including temporary nylon or plastic cuffs, may be used only to restrain a person's hands to ensure officer safety.

Although recommended for most arrest situations, handcuffing is discretionary and not an absolute requirement of the Office. Deputies should consider handcuffing any person they reasonably believe warrants that degree of restraint. However, deputies should not conclude that in order to avoid risk every person should be handcuffed, regardless of the circumstances.

In most situations handcuffs should be applied with the hands behind the person's back. When feasible, handcuffs should be double-locked to prevent tightening, which may cause undue discomfort or injury to the hands or wrists.

In situations where one pair of handcuffs does not appear sufficient to restrain the individual or may cause unreasonable discomfort due to the person's size, deputies should consider alternatives, such as using an additional set of handcuffs or multiple plastic cuffs.

Handcuffs should be removed as soon as it is reasonable or after the person has been searched and is safely confined within a detention facility.

#### **306.5 APPLICATION OF SPIT HOODS/MASKS/SOCKS**

Spit hoods/masks/socks are temporary protective devices designed to prevent the wearer from biting and/or transferring or transmitting fluids (saliva and mucous) to others.

Spit hoods may be placed upon persons in custody when the deputy reasonably believes the person will bite or spit, either on a person or in an inappropriate place. They are generally used during application of a physical restraint, while the person is restrained, or during or after transport.

Deputies utilizing spit hoods should ensure that the hood is fastened properly to allow for adequate ventilation and that the restrained person can breathe normally. Deputies should provide assistance during the movement of restrained individuals due to the potential for impaired or distorted vision on the part of the individual. Deputies should avoid comingling individuals wearing spit hoods with other detainees.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Handcuffing and Restraints

---

Spit hoods should not be used in situations where the restrained person is bleeding profusely from the area around the mouth or nose, or if there are indications that the person has a medical condition, such as difficulty breathing or vomiting. In such cases, prompt medical care should be obtained. If the person vomits while wearing a spit hood, the spit hood should be promptly removed and discarded. Persons who have been sprayed with oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray should be thoroughly decontaminated including hair, head and clothing prior to application of a spit hood.

Those who have been placed in a spit hood should be continually monitored and shall not be left unattended until the spit hood is removed. Spit hoods shall be discarded after each use.

#### **306.6 APPLICATION OF AUXILIARY RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Auxiliary restraint devices include transport belts, waist or belly chains, transportation chains, leg irons and other similar devices. Auxiliary restraint devices are intended for use during long-term restraint or transportation. They provide additional security and safety without impeding breathing, while permitting adequate movement, comfort and mobility.

Only office-authorized devices may be used. Any person in auxiliary restraints should be monitored as reasonably appears necessary.

#### **306.7 APPLICATION OF LEG RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Leg restraints may be used to restrain the legs of a violent or potentially violent person when it is reasonable to do so during the course of detention, arrest or transportation. Only restraint devices approved by the office shall be used.

In determining whether to use the leg restraint, deputies should consider:

- (a) Whether the deputy or others could be exposed to injury due to the assaultive or resistant behavior of a suspect.
- (b) Whether it is reasonably necessary to protect the suspect from his/her own actions (e.g., hitting his/her head against the interior of the patrol unit, running away from the arresting deputy while handcuffed, kicking at objects or deputies).
- (c) Whether it is reasonably necessary to avoid damage to property (e.g., kicking at windows of the patrol unit).

##### **306.7.1 GUIDELINES FOR USE OF LEG RESTRAINTS**

When applying leg restraints the following guidelines should be followed:

- (a) If practicable, deputies should notify a supervisor of the intent to apply the leg restraint device. In all cases, a supervisor shall be notified as soon as practicable after the application of the leg restraint device.
- (b) Once applied, absent a medical or other emergency, restraints should remain in place until the deputy arrives at the jail or other facility or the person no longer reasonably appears to pose a threat.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Handcuffing and Restraints

---

- (c) Once secured, the person should be placed in a seated or upright position, secured with a seat belt, and shall not be placed on his/her stomach for an extended period, as this could reduce the person's ability to breathe.
- (d) The restrained person should be continually monitored by a deputy while in the leg restraint. The deputy should ensure that the person does not roll onto and remain on his/her stomach.
- (e) The deputy should look for signs of labored breathing and take appropriate steps to relieve and minimize any obvious factors contributing to this condition.
- (f) When transported by ambulance/paramedic unit, the restrained person should be accompanied by a deputy when requested by medical personnel. The transporting deputy should describe to medical personnel any unusual behaviors or other circumstances the deputy reasonably believes would be potential safety or medical risks to the subject (e.g., prolonged struggle, extreme agitation, impaired respiration).

#### **306.8 REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION**

If an individual is restrained and released without an arrest, the deputy shall document the details of the detention and the need for handcuffs or other restraints.

If an individual is arrested, the use of restraints other than handcuffs shall be documented in the related report. The deputy should include, as appropriate:

- (a) The amount of time the suspect was restrained.
- (b) How the suspect was transported and the position of the suspect.
- (c) Observations of the suspect's behavior and any signs of physiological problems.
- (d) Any known or suspected drug use or other medical problems.

---

## Control Devices and Techniques

### 308.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the use and maintenance of control devices that are described in this policy.

### 308.2 POLICY

In order to control subjects who are violent or who demonstrate the intent to be violent, the Storey County Sheriff's Office authorizes deputies to use control devices in accordance with the guidelines in this policy and the Use of Force Policy.

### 308.3 ISSUING, CARRYING AND USING CONTROL DEVICES

Control devices described in this policy may be carried and used by members of this office only if the device has been issued by the Office or approved by the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

Only deputies who have successfully completed office-approved training in the use of any control device are authorized to carry and use the device.

Control devices may be used when a decision has been made to control, restrain or arrest a subject who is violent or who demonstrates the intent to be violent, and the use of the device appears reasonable under the circumstances. When reasonable, a verbal warning and opportunity to comply should precede the use of these devices.

When using control devices, deputies should carefully consider potential impact areas in order to minimize injuries and unintentional targets.

### 308.4 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 308.4.1 SHIFT SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The Shift Supervisor may authorize the use of a control device by selected personnel or members of specialized units who have successfully completed the required training.

#### 308.4.2 RANGEMASTER RESPONSIBILITIES

The Rangemaster shall control the inventory and issuance of all control devices and shall ensure that all damaged, inoperative, outdated or expended control devices or munitions are properly disposed of, repaired or replaced.

Every control device will be periodically inspected by the Rangemaster or the designated instructor for a particular control device. The inspection shall be documented.

### 308.5 BATON GUIDELINES

The need to immediately control a suspect must be weighed against the risk of causing serious injury. The head, neck, throat, spine, heart, kidneys and groin should not be intentionally targeted

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Control Devices and Techniques

---

except when the deputy reasonably believes the suspect poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death to the deputy or others.

When carrying a baton, uniformed personnel shall carry the baton in its authorized holder on the equipment belt. Plainclothes and non-field personnel may carry the baton as authorized and in accordance with the needs of their assignment or at the direction of their supervisor.

#### **308.6 TEAR GAS GUIDELINES**

Tear gas may be used for crowd control, crowd dispersal or against barricaded suspects based on the circumstances. Only the Chief Deputy or Sheriff may authorize the delivery and use of tear gas, and only after evaluating all conditions known at the time and determining that such force reasonably appears justified and necessary.

When practicable, fire personnel should be alerted or summoned to the scene prior to the deployment of tear gas to control any fires and to assist in providing medical aid or gas evacuation if needed.

#### **308.7 OLEORESIN CAPSICUM (OC) GUIDELINES**

As with other control devices, oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray and pepper projectiles may be considered for use to bring under control an individual or groups of individuals who are engaging in, or are about to engage in violent behavior. Pepper projectiles and OC spray should not, however, be used against individuals or groups who merely fail to disperse or do not reasonably appear to present a risk to the safety of officers or the public.

##### **308.7.1 OC SPRAY**

Uniformed personnel carrying OC spray shall carry the device in its holster on the equipment belt. Plainclothes and non-field personnel may carry OC spray as authorized, in accordance with the needs of their assignment or at the direction of their supervisor.

##### **308.7.2 TREATMENT FOR OC SPRAY EXPOSURE**

Persons who have been sprayed with or otherwise affected by the use of OC should be promptly provided with clean water to cleanse the affected areas. Those persons who complain of further severe effects shall be examined by appropriate medical personnel.

#### **308.8 POST-APPLICATION NOTICE**

Whenever tear gas or OC has been introduced into a residence, building interior, vehicle or other enclosed area, deputies should provide the owners or available occupants with notice of the possible presence of residue that could result in irritation or injury if the area is not properly cleaned. Such notice should include advisement that clean up will be at the owner's expense. Information regarding the method of notice and the individuals notified should be included in related reports.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Control Devices and Techniques

---

#### **308.9 KINETIC ENERGY PROJECTILE GUIDELINES**

This office is committed to reducing the potential for violent confrontations. Kinetic energy projectiles, when used properly, are less likely to result in death or serious physical injury and can be used in an attempt to de-escalate a potentially deadly situation.

##### **308.9.1 DEPLOYMENT AND USE**

Only office-approved kinetic energy munitions shall be carried and deployed. Approved munitions may be used to compel an individual to cease his/her actions when such munitions present a reasonable option.

Deputies are not required or compelled to use approved munitions in lieu of other reasonable tactics if the involved deputy determines that deployment of these munitions cannot be done safely. The safety of hostages, innocent persons and deputies takes priority over the safety of subjects engaged in criminal or suicidal behavior.

Circumstances appropriate for deployment include, but are not limited to, situations in which:

- (a) The suspect is armed with a weapon and the tactical circumstances allow for the safe application of approved munitions.
- (b) The suspect has made credible threats to harm him/herself or others.
- (c) The suspect is engaged in riotous behavior or is throwing rocks, bottles or other dangerous projectiles at people and/or deputies.
- (d) There is probable cause to believe that the suspect has already committed a crime of violence and is refusing to comply with lawful orders.

##### **308.9.2 DEPLOYMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

Before discharging projectiles, the deputy should consider such factors as:

- (a) Distance and angle to target.
- (b) Type of munitions employed.
- (c) Type and thickness of subject's clothing.
- (d) The subject's proximity to others.
- (e) The location of the subject.
- (f) Whether the subject's actions dictate the need for an immediate response and the use of control devices appears appropriate.

A verbal warning of the intended use of the device should precede its application, unless it would otherwise endanger the safety of deputies or when it is not practicable due to the circumstances. The purpose of the warning is to give the individual a reasonable opportunity to voluntarily comply and to warn other deputies and individuals that the device is being deployed.

Deputies should keep in mind the manufacturer's recommendations and their training regarding effective distances and target areas. However, deputies are not restricted solely to use

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Control Devices and Techniques

---

according to manufacturer recommendations. Each situation must be evaluated on the totality of circumstances at the time of deployment.

The need to immediately incapacitate the subject must be weighed against the risk of causing serious injury or death. The head and neck should not be intentionally targeted, except when the deputy reasonably believes the suspect poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death to the deputy or others.

#### **308.9.3 SAFETY PROCEDURES**

Shotguns specifically designated for use with kinetic energy projectiles will be specially marked in a manner that makes them readily identifiable as such.

Deputies will inspect the shotgun and projectiles at the beginning of each shift to ensure that the shotgun is in proper working order and the projectiles are of the approved type and appear to be free from defects.

When it is not deployed, the shotgun will be unloaded and properly and securely stored in the vehicle. When deploying the kinetic energy projectile shotgun, the deputy shall visually inspect the kinetic energy projectiles to ensure that conventional ammunition is not being loaded into the shotgun.

Absent compelling circumstances, deputies who must transition from conventional ammunition to kinetic energy projectiles will employ the two-person rule for loading. The two-person rule is a safety measure in which a second deputy watches the unloading and loading process to ensure that the weapon is completely emptied of conventional ammunition.

#### **308.10 TRAINING FOR CONTROL DEVICES**

The Training Sergeant shall ensure that all personnel who are authorized to carry a control device have been properly trained and certified to carry the specific control device and are retrained or recertified as necessary.

- (a) Proficiency training shall be monitored and documented by a certified, control-device weapons or tactics instructor.
- (b) All training and proficiency for control devices will be documented in the deputy's training file.
- (c) Deputies who fail to demonstrate proficiency with the control device or knowledge of this agency's Use of Force Policy will be provided remedial training. If a deputy cannot demonstrate proficiency with a control device or knowledge of this agency's Use of Force Policy after remedial training, the deputy will be restricted from carrying the control device and may be subject to discipline.

#### **308.11 REPORTING USE OF CONTROL DEVICES AND TECHNIQUES**

Any application of a control device or technique listed in this policy shall be documented in the related incident report and reported pursuant to the Use of Force Policy.

---

## Conducted Energy Device

### 309.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the issuance and use of TASER devices.

### 309.2 POLICY

The TASER device is intended to control a violent or potentially violent individual, while minimizing the risk of serious injury. The appropriate use of such a device should result in fewer serious injuries to deputies and suspects.

### 309.3 ISSUANCE AND CARRYING TASER DEVICES

Only members who have successfully completed office-approved training may be issued and carry the TASER device.

TASER devices are issued for use during a member's current assignment. Those leaving a particular assignment may be required to return the device to the office's inventory.

Deputies shall only use the TASER device and cartridges that have been issued by the Office. Uniformed deputies who have been issued the TASER device shall wear the device in an approved holster on their person. Non-uniformed deputies may secure the TASER device in the driver's compartment of their vehicle.

Members carrying the TASER device should perform a spark test on the unit prior to every shift.

When carried while in uniform deputies shall carry the TASER device in a weak-side holster on the side opposite the duty weapon.

- (a) All TASER devices shall be clearly and distinctly marked to differentiate them from the duty weapon and any other device.
- (b) Whenever practicable, deputies should carry two or more cartridges on their person when carrying the TASER device.
- (c) Deputies shall be responsible for ensuring that their issued TASER device is properly maintained and in good working order.
- (d) Deputies should not hold both a firearm and the TASER device at the same time.

### 309.4 VERBAL AND VISUAL WARNINGS

A verbal warning of the intended use of the TASER device should precede its application, unless it would otherwise endanger the safety of deputies or when it is not practicable due to the circumstances. The purpose of the warning is to:

- (a) Provide the individual with a reasonable opportunity to voluntarily comply.
- (b) Provide other deputies and individuals with a warning that the TASER device may be deployed.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Conducted Energy Device

---

If, after a verbal warning, an individual is unwilling to voluntarily comply with a deputy's lawful orders and it appears both reasonable and feasible under the circumstances, the deputy may, but is not required to, display the electrical arc (provided that a cartridge has not been loaded into the device), or the laser in a further attempt to gain compliance prior to the application of the TASER device. The aiming laser should never be intentionally directed into the eyes of another as it may permanently impair his/her vision.

The fact that a verbal or other warning was given or the reasons it was not given shall be documented by the deputy deploying the TASER device in the related report.

#### **309.5 USE OF THE TASER DEVICE**

The TASER device has limitations and restrictions requiring consideration before its use. The TASER device should only be used when its operator can safely approach the subject within the operational range of the device. Although the TASER device is generally effective in controlling most individuals, deputies should be aware that the device may not achieve the intended results and be prepared with other options.

##### **309.5.1 APPLICATION OF THE TASER DEVICE**

The TASER device may be used in any of the following circumstances, when the circumstances perceived by the deputy at the time indicate that such application is reasonably necessary to control a person:

- (a) The subject is violent or is physically resisting.
- (b) The subject has demonstrated, by words or action, an intention to be violent or to physically resist, and reasonably appears to present the potential to harm deputies, him/herself or others.

Mere flight from a pursuing deputy, without other known circumstances or factors, is not good cause for the use of the TASER device to apprehend an individual.

##### **309.5.2 SPECIAL DEPLOYMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

The use of the TASER device on certain individuals should generally be avoided unless the totality of the circumstances indicates that other available options reasonably appear ineffective or would present a greater danger to the deputy, the subject or others, and the deputy reasonably believes that the need to control the individual outweighs the risk of using the device. This includes:

- (a) Individuals who are known to be pregnant.
- (b) Elderly individuals or obvious juveniles.
- (c) Individuals with obviously low body mass.
- (d) Individuals who are handcuffed or otherwise restrained.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Conducted Energy Device

---

- (e) Individuals who have been recently sprayed with a flammable chemical agent or who are otherwise in close proximity to any known combustible vapor or flammable material, including alcohol-based oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray.
- (f) Individuals whose position or activity may result in collateral injury (e.g., falls from height, operating vehicles).

Because the application of the TASER device in the drive-stun mode (i.e., direct contact without probes) relies primarily on pain compliance, the use of the drive-stun mode generally should be limited to supplementing the probe-mode to complete the circuit, or as a distraction technique to gain separation between deputies and the subject, thereby giving deputies time and distance to consider other force options or actions.

The TASER device shall not be used to psychologically torment, elicit statements or to punish any individual.

#### 309.5.3 TARGETING CONSIDERATIONS

Reasonable efforts should be made to target lower center mass and avoid the head, neck, chest and groin. If the dynamics of a situation or officer safety do not permit the deputy to limit the application of the TASER device probes to a precise target area, deputies should monitor the condition of the subject if one or more probes strikes the head, neck, chest or groin until the subject is examined by paramedics or other medical personnel.

#### 309.5.4 MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS OF THE TASER DEVICE

Deputies should apply the TASER device for only one standard cycle and then evaluate the situation before applying any subsequent cycles. Multiple applications of the TASER device against a single individual are generally not recommended and should be avoided unless the deputy reasonably believes that the need to control the individual outweighs the potentially increased risk posed by multiple applications.

If the first application of the TASER device appears to be ineffective in gaining control of an individual, the deputy should consider certain factors before additional applications of the TASER device, including:

- (a) Whether the probes are making proper contact.
- (b) Whether the individual has the ability and has been given a reasonable opportunity to comply.
- (c) Whether verbal commands, other options or tactics may be more effective.

Deputies should generally not intentionally apply more than one TASER device at a time against a single subject.

#### 309.5.5 ACTIONS FOLLOWING DEPLOYMENTS

Deputies shall notify a supervisor of all TASER device discharges. Confetti tags should be collected and the expended cartridge, along with both probes and wire, should be submitted

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Conducted Energy Device

---

into evidence. The cartridge serial number should be noted and documented on the evidence paperwork. The evidence packaging should be marked "Biohazard" if the probes penetrated the subject's skin.

#### 309.5.6 DANGEROUS ANIMALS

The TASER device may be deployed against an animal as part of a plan to deal with a potentially dangerous animal, such as a dog, if the animal reasonably appears to pose an imminent threat to human safety and alternative methods are not reasonably available or would likely be ineffective.

#### 309.5.7 OFF-DUTY CONSIDERATIONS

Deputies are not authorized to carry office TASER devices while off-duty.

Deputies shall ensure that TASER devices are secured while in their homes, vehicles or any other area under their control, in a manner that will keep the device inaccessible to others.

### 309.6 DOCUMENTATION

Deputies shall document all TASER device discharges in the related arrest/crime report and the TASER device report form. Notification shall also be made to a supervisor in compliance with the Use of Force Policy. Unintentional discharges, pointing the device at a person, laser activation and arcing the device will also be documented on the report form.

#### 309.6.1 TASER DEVICE FORM

Items that shall be included in the TASER device report form are:

- (a) The type and brand of TASER device and cartridge and cartridge serial number.
- (b) Date, time and location of the incident.
- (c) Whether any display, laser or arc deterred a subject and gained compliance.
- (d) The number of TASER device activations, the duration of each cycle, the duration between activations, and (as best as can be determined) the duration that the subject received applications.
- (e) The range at which the TASER device was used.
- (f) The type of mode used (probe or drive-stun).
- (g) Location of any probe impact.
- (h) Location of contact in drive-stun mode.
- (i) Description of where missed probes went.
- (j) Whether medical care was provided to the subject.
- (k) Whether the subject sustained any injuries.
- (l) Whether any deputies sustained any injuries.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Conducted Energy Device

---

The Training Sergeant should periodically analyze the report forms to identify trends, including deterrence and effectiveness. The Training Sergeant should also conduct audits of data downloads and reconcile TASER device report forms with recorded activations. TASER device information and statistics, with identifying information removed, should periodically be made available to the public.

#### 309.6.2 REPORTS

The deputy should include the following in the arrest/crime report:

- (a) Identification of all personnel firing TASER devices
- (b) Identification of all witnesses
- (c) Medical care provided to the subject
- (d) Observations of the subject's physical and physiological actions
- (e) Any known or suspected drug use, intoxication or other medical problems

#### 309.7 MEDICAL TREATMENT

Consistent with local medical personnel protocols and absent extenuating circumstances, only appropriate medical personnel should remove TASER device probes from a person's body. Used TASER device probes shall be treated as a sharps biohazard, similar to a used hypodermic needle, and handled appropriately. Universal precautions should be taken.

All persons who have been struck by TASER device probes or who have been subjected to the electric discharge of the device shall be medically assessed prior to booking. Additionally, any such individual who falls under any of the following categories should, as soon as practicable, be examined by paramedics or other qualified medical personnel:

- (a) The person is suspected of being under the influence of controlled substances and/or alcohol.
- (b) The person may be pregnant.
- (c) The person reasonably appears to be in need of medical attention.
- (d) The TASER device probes are lodged in a sensitive area (e.g., groin, female breast, head, face, neck).
- (e) The person requests medical treatment.

Any individual exhibiting signs of distress or who is exposed to multiple or prolonged applications (i.e., more than 15 seconds) shall be transported to a medical facility for examination or medically evaluated prior to booking. If any individual refuses medical attention, such a refusal should be witnessed by another deputy and/or medical personnel and shall be fully documented in related reports. If an audio recording is made of the contact or an interview with the individual, any refusal should be included, if possible.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Conducted Energy Device

---

The transporting deputy shall inform any person providing medical care or receiving custody that the individual has been subjected to the application of the TASER device.

#### **309.8 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

When possible, supervisors should respond to calls when they reasonably believe there is a likelihood the TASER device may be used. A supervisor should respond to all incidents where the TASER device was activated.

A supervisor should review each incident where a person has been exposed to an activation of the TASER device. The device's onboard memory should be downloaded through the data port by a supervisor or Rangemaster and saved with the related arrest/crime report. Photographs of probe sites should be taken and witnesses interviewed.

#### **309.9 TRAINING**

Personnel who are authorized to carry the TASER device shall be permitted to do so only after successfully completing the initial office-approved training. Any personnel who have not carried the TASER device as a part of their assignment for a period of six months or more shall be recertified by office-approved TASER device instructors prior to again carrying or using the device.

Proficiency training for personnel who have been issued TASER devices should occur every year. A reassessment of a deputy's knowledge and/or practical skill may be required at any time if deemed appropriate by the Training Sergeant. All training and proficiency for TASER devices will be documented in the deputy's training file.

Command staff, supervisors and investigators should receive TASER device training as appropriate for the investigations they conduct and review.

Deputies who do not carry TASER devices should receive training that is sufficient to familiarize them with the device and with working with deputies who use the device.

The Training Sergeant is responsible for ensuring that all members who carry TASER devices have received initial and annual proficiency training. Periodic audits should be used for verification.

Application of TASER devices during training could result in injury to personnel and should not be mandatory for certification.

The Training Sergeant should ensure that all training includes:

- (a) A review of this policy.
- (b) A review of the Use of Force Policy.
- (c) Performing weak-hand draws or cross-draws to reduce the possibility of unintentionally drawing and firing a firearm.
- (d) Target area considerations, to include techniques or options to reduce the unintentional application of probes near the head, neck, chest and groin.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Conducted Energy Device

---

- (e) Handcuffing a subject during the application of the TASER device and transitioning to other force options.
- (f) De-escalation techniques.
- (g) Restraint techniques that do not impair respiration following the application of the TASER device.

---

## Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

### 310.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish policy and procedures for the investigation of an incident in which a person is injured or dies as the result of an officer-involved shooting or dies as a result of other action of a deputy.

In other incidents not covered by this policy, the Sheriff may decide that the investigation will follow the process provided in this policy.

### 310.2 TYPES OF INVESTIGATIONS

Peace officer-involved shootings and deaths involve several separate investigations. The investigations may include:

- (a) A criminal investigation of the suspect's actions.
- (b) A criminal investigation of the involved peace officer's actions.
- (c) An administrative investigation as to policy compliance by involved peace officers.
- (d) A civil investigation to determine potential liability.

### 310.3 CONTROL OF INVESTIGATIONS

Investigators from surrounding agencies may be assigned to work on the criminal investigation of officer-involved shootings and deaths. This may include at least one investigator from the agency that employs the involved officer.

Jurisdiction is determined by the location of the shooting or death and the agency employing the involved officer. The following scenarios outline the jurisdictional responsibilities for investigating officer-involved shootings and deaths.

#### 310.3.1 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION OF OFFICER ACTIONS

The control of the criminal investigation into the involved deputy's conduct during the incident will be determined by the employing agency's protocol. When a deputy from this office is involved, the criminal investigation will be handled according to the Criminal Investigation section of this policy.

Requests made of this office to investigate a shooting or death involving an outside agency's officer shall be referred to the Sheriff or the authorized designee for approval.

#### 310.3.2 ADMINISTRATIVE AND CIVIL INVESTIGATION

Regardless of where the incident occurs, the administrative and civil investigation of each involved officer is controlled by the respective employing agency.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

---

#### 310.3.3 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION OF SUSPECT ACTIONS

The investigation of any possible criminal conduct by the suspect is controlled by the agency in whose jurisdiction the suspect's crime occurred. For example, the Storey County Sheriff's Office would control the investigation if the suspect's crime occurred in Storey.

If multiple crimes have been committed in multiple jurisdictions, identification of the agency that will control the investigation may be reached in the same way as with any other crime. The investigation may be conducted by the agency in control of the criminal investigation of the involved officer, at the discretion of the Sheriff and with concurrence from the other agency.

#### 310.4 INVESTIGATION PROCESS

The following procedures are guidelines used in the investigation of a peace officer-involved shooting or death:

##### 310.4.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon arrival at the scene, the first uninvolved SCSO supervisor should ensure completion of the duties as outlined above, plus:

- (a) Attempt to obtain a brief overview of the situation from any uninvolved officers.
  1. In the event that there are no uninvolved officers who can supply adequate overview, the supervisor should attempt to obtain a brief voluntary overview from one involved officer.
- (b) If necessary, the supervisor may administratively order any SCSO deputy to immediately provide public safety information necessary to secure the scene, identify injured parties and pursue suspects.
  1. Public safety information shall be limited to such things as outstanding suspect information, number and direction of any shots fired, perimeter of the incident scene, identity of known or potential witnesses and any other pertinent information.
  2. The initial on-scene supervisor should not attempt to order any involved officer to provide any information other than public safety information.
- (c) Provide all available information to the Shift Supervisor and Dispatch. If feasible, sensitive information should be communicated over secure networks.
- (d) Take command of and secure the incident scene with additional SCSO members until properly relieved by another supervisor or other assigned personnel or investigator.
- (e) As soon as practicable, ensure that involved officers are transported (separately, if feasible) to a suitable location for further direction.
  1. Each involved SCSO deputy should be given an administrative order not to discuss the incident with other involved officers or SCSO members pending further direction from a supervisor.
- (f) When an involved officer's weapon is taken or left at the scene for other than officer-safety reasons (e.g., evidence), ensure that he/she is provided with a comparable replacement weapon or transported by other deputies.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

---

#### 310.4.2 INVOLVED OFFICERS

The following shall be considered for the involved officer:

- (a) Any request for legal representation will be accommodated.
  1. Involved SCSO deputies shall not be permitted to meet collectively or in a group with an attorney or any representative prior to providing a formal interview or report.
  2. Requests from involved non-SCSO officers should be referred to their employing agency.
- (b) Discussions with licensed attorneys will be considered privileged as attorney-client communications.
- (c) Discussions with agency representatives/employee groups will be privileged only as to the discussion of non-criminal information.
- (d) A licensed psychotherapist shall be provided by the Office to each involved SCSO deputy. A licensed psychotherapist may also be provided to any other affected SCSO members, upon request.
  1. Interviews with a licensed psychotherapist will be considered privileged.
  2. An interview or session with a licensed psychotherapist may take place prior to the member providing a formal interview or report. However, involved members shall not be permitted to consult or meet collectively or in a group with a licensed psychotherapist prior to providing a formal interview or report.
  3. A separate fitness-for-duty exam may also be required (see the Fitness for Duty Policy).
- (e) Although the Office will honor the sensitivity of communications with peer counselors, there is no legal privilege to such communications. Peer counselors are cautioned against discussing the facts of any incident with an involved or witness officer.

Care should be taken to preserve the integrity of any physical evidence present on the involved officer's equipment or clothing, such as blood or fingerprints, until investigators or lab personnel can properly retrieve it.

Each involved SCSO deputy shall be given reasonable paid administrative leave following an officer-involved shooting or death. It shall be the responsibility of the Shift Supervisor to make schedule adjustments to accommodate such leave.

#### 310.4.3 NOTIFICATIONS

The following persons shall be notified as soon as practicable:

- Sheriff
- Chief Deputy
- Investigation
- Outside agency investigators (if appropriate)
- Psychological/peer support personnel

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

---

- Chaplain
- Involved officer's agency representative (if requested)
- Sheriff
- County Manager

#### **310.4.4 SHIFT SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon learning of an officer-involved shooting or death, the Shift Supervisor shall be responsible for coordinating all aspects of the incident until he/she is relieved by the Sheriff or designee.

All outside inquiries about the incident shall be directed to the Sheriff .

#### **310.4.5 UNINVOLVED DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon arrival at the scene of an officer-involved shooting or death, the first uninvolved SCSO deputy will be the deputy-in-charge and will assume the responsibilities of a supervisor until properly relieved. This deputy should, as appropriate:

- (a) Secure the scene and identify and eliminate hazards for all those involved.
- (b) Take reasonable steps to obtain emergency medical attention for injured individuals.
- (c) Request additional resources from the Office or other agencies.
- (d) Coordinate a perimeter or pursuit of suspects.
- (e) Check for injured persons and evacuate as needed.
- (f) Brief the supervisor upon arrival.

#### **310.5 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION**

The District Attorney's Office will be involved in the criminal investigation into the circumstances of any officer-involved shooting or death.

If available, investigative personnel from this office may be assigned to partner with investigators from outside agencies or the District Attorney's Office to avoid duplicating efforts in related criminal investigations.

Once public safety issues have been addressed, criminal investigators should be given the opportunity to obtain a voluntary statement from involved officers and to complete their interviews. The following shall be considered for the involved officer:

- (a) SCSO supervisors should not participate directly in any voluntary interview of SCSO deputies. This will not prohibit such personnel from monitoring interviews or providing the criminal investigators with topics for inquiry.
- (b) If requested, any involved officer will be afforded the opportunity to consult individually with a representative of his/her choosing or an attorney prior to speaking with criminal investigators. However, in order to maintain the integrity of each involved officer's statement, involved deputies shall not consult or meet with a representative or an attorney collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

---

- (c) If any involved officer is physically, emotionally or otherwise not in a position to provide a voluntary statement when interviewed by criminal investigators, consideration should be given to allowing a reasonable period for the officer to schedule an alternate time for the interview.
- (d) Any voluntary statement provided by an involved officer will be made available for inclusion in any related investigation, including administrative investigations. However, no administratively coerced statement will be provided to any criminal investigators unless the officer consents.

#### 310.5.1 REPORTS BY INVOLVED SCSO DEPUTIES

In the event that suspects remain outstanding or subject to prosecution for related offenses, this office shall retain the authority to require involved SCSO deputies to provide sufficient information for related criminal reports to facilitate the apprehension and prosecution of those individuals.

While the involved SCSO deputy may write the report, it is generally recommended that such reports be completed by assigned investigators, who should interview all involved officers as victims/witnesses. Since the purpose of these reports will be to facilitate criminal prosecution, statements of involved officers should focus on evidence to establish the elements of criminal activities by suspects. Care should be taken not to duplicate information provided by involved officers in other reports.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to deprive an involved SCSO deputy of the right to consult with legal counsel prior to completing any such criminal report.

Reports related to the prosecution of criminal suspects will be processed according to normal procedures but should also be included for reference in the investigation of the officer-involved shooting or death.

#### 310.5.2 WITNESS IDENTIFICATION AND INTERVIEWS

Because potential witnesses to an officer-involved shooting or death may become unavailable or the integrity of their statements compromised with the passage of time, a supervisor should take reasonable steps to promptly coordinate with criminal investigators to utilize available law enforcement personnel for the following:

- (a) Identification of all persons present at the scene and in the immediate area.
  - 1. When feasible, a recorded statement should be obtained from those persons who claim not to have witnessed the incident but who were present at the time it occurred.
  - 2. Any potential witness who is unwilling or unable to remain available for a formal interview should not be detained absent reasonable suspicion to detain or probable cause to arrest. Without detaining the individual for the sole purpose of identification, attempts to identify the witness prior to his/her departure should be made whenever feasible.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

---

- (b) Witnesses who are willing to provide a formal interview should be asked to meet at a suitable location where criminal investigators may obtain a recorded statement. Such witnesses, if willing, may be transported by a member of the Office.
  - 1. A written, verbal or recorded statement of consent should be obtained prior to transporting a witness. When the witness is a minor, consent should be obtained from the parent or guardian, if available, prior to transportation.
- (c) Promptly contacting the suspect's known family and associates to obtain any available and untainted background information about the suspect's activities and state of mind prior to the incident.

#### 310.5.3 INVESTIGATIVE PERSONNEL

Once notified of an officer-involved shooting or death, it shall be the responsibility of the Sheriff to assign appropriate investigative personnel to handle the investigation of related crimes. Office investigators will be assigned to work with investigators from the District Attorney's Office and may be assigned to separately handle the investigation of any related crimes not being investigated by the District Attorney's Office.

All related office reports, except administrative and/or privileged reports, will be forwarded to the designated supervisor for approval. Privileged reports shall be maintained exclusively by members who are authorized such access. Administrative reports will be forwarded to the Chief Deputy.

#### 310.6 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION

In addition to all other investigations associated with a deputy-involved shooting or death, this office will conduct an internal administrative investigation of involved SCSO deputies to determine conformance with Office policy. This investigation will be conducted under the supervision of the Chief Deputy and will be considered a confidential peace officer personnel file.

Interviews of members shall be subject to office policies (see the Personnel Complaints Policy) and applicable laws.

- (a) Any deputy involved in a shooting or death may be requested or administratively compelled to provide a blood sample for alcohol/drug screening. Absent consent from the deputy, such compelled samples and the results of any such testing shall not be disclosed to any criminal investigative agency.
- (b) If any deputy has voluntarily elected to provide a statement to criminal investigators, the assigned administrative investigator should review that statement before proceeding with any further interview of that involved deputy.
  - 1. If a further interview of the deputy is deemed necessary to determine policy compliance, care should be taken to limit the inquiry to new areas with minimal, if any, duplication of questions addressed in the voluntary statement. The involved deputy shall be provided with a copy of his/her prior statement before proceeding with any subsequent interviews.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

---

- (c) In the event that an involved deputy has elected not to provide criminal investigators with a voluntary statement, the assigned administrative investigator shall conduct an administrative interview to determine all relevant information.
1. Although this interview should not be unreasonably delayed, care should be taken to ensure that the deputy's physical and psychological needs have been addressed before commencing the interview.
  2. If requested, the deputy shall have the opportunity to select an uninvolved representative to be present during the interview. However, in order to maintain the integrity of each individual deputy's statement, involved deputies shall not consult or meet with a representative or attorney collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed (NRS 289.080(1)).
  3. Administrative interviews should be recorded by the investigator. The deputy may also record the interview (NRS 289.080(7)).
  4. The deputy shall be informed of the nature of the investigation. If a deputy refuses to answer questions, he/she should be given his/her *Garrity* rights and ordered to provide full and truthful answers to all questions. The deputy shall be informed, however, that the interview will be for administrative purposes only and that the statement cannot be used criminally (NRS 289.060).
  5. The Professional Standards Unit shall compile all relevant information and reports necessary for the Office to determine compliance with applicable policies.
  6. Regardless of whether the use of force is an issue in the case, the completed administrative investigation shall be submitted to the Use of Force Review Board, which will restrict its findings as to whether there was compliance with the Use of Force Policy.
  7. Any other indications of potential policy violations shall be determined in accordance with standard disciplinary procedures.

#### **310.7 CIVIL LIABILITY RESPONSE**

A member of this office may be assigned to work exclusively under the direction of the legal counsel for the Office to assist in the preparation of materials deemed necessary in anticipation of potential civil litigation.

All materials generated in this capacity shall be considered attorney work product and may not be used for any other purpose. The civil liability response is not intended to interfere with any other investigation, but shall be given reasonable access to all other investigations.

#### **310.8 DEBRIEFING**

Following an officer-involved shooting or death, the Storey County Sheriff's Office should conduct both a critical incident/stress debriefing and a tactical debriefing.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths

---

#### **310.8.1 CRITICAL INCIDENT/STRESS DEBRIEFING**

A critical incident/stress debriefing should occur as soon as practicable. The Sheriff or designee is responsible for organizing the debriefing. Notes and recorded statements should not be taken because the sole purpose of the debriefing is to help mitigate the stress-related effects of a traumatic event.

The debriefing is not part of any investigative process. Care should be taken not to release or repeat any communication made during a debriefing unless otherwise authorized by policy, law or a valid court order.

Attendance at the debriefing shall only include those members of the Office directly involved in the incident, which can include support personnel (e.g., [dispatchers], other non-sworn). Family or other support personnel may attend with the concurrence of those involved in the incident. The debriefing shall be closed to the public and should be closed to all other members of the Office, including supervisory and investigative personnel unless they have been directly involved in the incident.

#### **310.8.2 TACTICAL DEBRIEFING**

A tactical debriefing should take place to identify any training or areas of policy that need improvement. The Sheriff should identify the appropriate participants. This debriefing should not be conducted until all involved members have provided recorded or formal statements to criminal and/or administrative investigators.

#### **310.9 MEDIA RELATIONS**

Any media release shall be prepared by the Sheriff, Chief Deputy, or designee.. .

No involved SCSO deputy shall make any comment to the media unless he/she is authorized by the Sheriff.

Office members receiving inquiries regarding officer-involved shootings or deaths occurring in other jurisdictions shall refrain from public comment and will direct those inquiries to the agency having jurisdiction and primary responsibility for the investigation.

## Firearms

### 312.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for issuing firearms, the safe and legal carrying of firearms, firearms maintenance and firearms training.

This policy does not apply to issues related to the use of firearms that are addressed in the Use of Force or Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths policies.

This policy only applies to those members who are authorized to carry firearms.

### 312.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will equip its members with firearms to address the risks posed to the public and office members by violent and sometimes well-armed persons. The Office will ensure firearms are appropriate and in good working order and that relevant training is provided as resources allow.

### 312.3 AUTHORIZED FIREARMS, AMMUNITION AND OTHER WEAPONS

Members shall only use firearms that are issued or approved by the Office and have been thoroughly inspected by the Rangemaster. Except in an emergency or as directed by a supervisor, no firearm shall be carried by a member who has not qualified with that firearm at an authorized office range.

All other weapons not provided by the Office, including, but not limited to, edged weapons, chemical or electronic weapons, impact weapons or any weapon prohibited or restricted by law or that is not covered elsewhere by office policy, may not be carried by members in the performance of their official duties without the express written authorization of the Sheriff. This exclusion does not apply to the carrying of a single folding pocketknife that is not otherwise prohibited by law.

#### 312.3.1 DUTY WEAPONS

Duty authorized handguns will be approved by the Sheriff.

Only issued or approved shotguns or rifles are authorized for on-duty use.

The following additional handguns are approved for on-duty use:

MAKE	MODEL	CALIBER
		9MM
		10MM
		.40
		.45

Any other caliber may be approved by the Sheriff if good cause exists to deviate from the above listed calibers.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Firearms*

---

#### 312.3.2 SHOTGUNS

The authorized office-issued shotgun is the [Mossberg Model 500] or other shotgun as approved and issued by the Office.

When not deployed, the shotgun shall be properly secured consistent with office training in a locking weapons rack in the patrol vehicle.

#### 312.3.3 PATROL RIFLES

The authorized office-issued patrol rifle is the AR-15 type rifle. Members may be allowed to carry their personally owned patrol rifles with the approval of the Sheriff.

Members may deploy the patrol rifle in any circumstance where the member can articulate a reasonable expectation that the rifle may be needed. Examples of some general guidelines for deploying the patrol rifle may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Situations where the member reasonably anticipates an armed encounter.
- (b) When a member is faced with a situation that may require accurate and effective fire at long range.
- (c) Situations where a member reasonably expects the need to meet or exceed a suspect's firepower.
- (d) When a member reasonably believes that there may be a need to fire on a barricaded person or a person with a hostage.
- (e) When a member reasonably believes that a suspect may be wearing body armor.
- (f) When authorized or requested by a supervisor.
- (g) When needed to euthanize an animal.

When not deployed, the patrol rifle shall be properly secured consistent with office training in a locking weapons rack in the patrol vehicle.

#### 312.3.4 PERSONALLY OWNED DUTY FIREARMS

Members desiring to carry an authorized but personally owned duty firearm must receive written approval from the Sheriff or the authorized designee. Once approved, personally owned duty firearms are subject to the following restrictions:

- (a) The firearm shall be in good working order and on the office list of approved firearms.
- (b) The firearm shall be inspected by the Rangemaster prior to being carried and thereafter shall be subject to inspection whenever it is deemed necessary.
- (c) Prior to carrying the firearm, members shall qualify under range supervision and thereafter shall qualify in accordance with the office qualification schedule. Members must demonstrate proficiency and safe handling, and that the firearm functions properly.
- (d) Members shall provide written notice of the make, model, color, serial number and caliber of the firearm to the Rangemaster, who will maintain a list of the information.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Firearms

---

#### 312.3.5 AUTHORIZED SECONDARY HANDGUN

Members desiring to carry office or personally owned secondary handguns are subject to the following restrictions:

- (a) The handgun shall be in good working order and on the office list of approved firearms.
- (b) Only one secondary handgun may be carried at a time.
- (c) The purchase of the handgun and ammunition shall be the responsibility of the member unless the handgun and ammunition are provided by the Office.
- (d) The handgun shall be carried concealed at all times and in such a manner as to prevent unintentional cocking, discharge or loss of physical control.
- (e) The handgun shall be inspected by the Rangemaster prior to being carried and thereafter shall be subject to inspection whenever it is deemed necessary.
- (f) Ammunition shall be the same as office issue. If the caliber of the handgun is other than office issue, the Sheriff or the authorized designee shall approve the ammunition.
- (g) Prior to carrying the secondary handgun, members shall qualify under range supervision and thereafter shall qualify in accordance with the office qualification schedule. Members must demonstrate proficiency and safe handling, and that the handgun functions properly.
- (h) Members shall provide written notice of the make, model, color, serial number and caliber of a secondary handgun to the Rangemaster, who will maintain a list of the information.

#### 312.3.6 AMMUNITION

Members shall carry only office-authorized ammunition. Members shall be issued fresh duty ammunition in the specified quantity for all office-issued firearms during the member's firearms qualification. Replacements for unserviceable or depleted ammunition issued by the Office shall be dispensed by the Rangemaster when needed, in accordance with established policy.

Members carrying personally owned authorized firearms of a caliber differing from office-issued firearms shall be responsible for obtaining fresh duty ammunition in accordance with the above, at their own expense.

#### 312.4 EQUIPMENT

Firearms carried on- or off-duty shall be maintained in a clean, serviceable condition. Maintenance and repair of authorized personally owned firearms are the responsibility of the individual member.

##### 312.4.1 HOLSTERS

Only office-approved holsters shall be used and worn by members. Members shall periodically inspect their holsters to make sure they are serviceable and provide the proper security and retention of the handgun.

##### 312.4.2 TACTICAL LIGHTS

Tactical lights may only be installed on a firearm carried on- or off-duty after they have been examined and approved by the Rangemaster. Once the approved tactical lights have been

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Firearms

---

properly installed on any firearm, the member shall qualify with the firearm to ensure proper functionality and sighting of the firearm prior to carrying it.

### 312.4.3 OPTICS OR LASER SIGHTS

Optics or laser sights may only be installed on a firearm carried on- or off-duty after they have been examined and approved by the Rangemaster. Any approved sight shall only be installed in strict accordance with manufacturer specifications. Once approved sights have been properly installed on any firearm, the member shall qualify with the firearm to ensure proper functionality and sighting of the firearm prior to carrying it.

Except in an approved training situation, a member may only sight in on a target when the member would otherwise be justified in pointing a firearm at the target.

### 312.5 SAFE HANDLING, INSPECTION AND STORAGE

Members shall maintain the highest level of safety when handling firearms and shall consider the following:

- (a) Members shall not unnecessarily display or handle any firearm.
- (b) Members shall be governed by all rules and regulations pertaining to the use of the range and shall obey all orders issued by the Rangemaster. Members shall not dry fire or practice quick draws except as instructed by the Rangemaster or other firearms training staff.
- (c) Members shall not clean, repair, load or unload a firearm anywhere in the Office, except where clearing barrels are present.
- (d) Shotguns or rifles removed from vehicles or the equipment storage room shall be loaded and unloaded in the parking lot and outside of the vehicle, using clearing barrels.
- (e) Members shall not place or store any firearm or other weapon on office premises except where the place of storage is locked. No one shall carry firearms into the jail section or any part thereof when securing or processing an arrestee, but shall place all firearms in a secured location. Members providing access to the jail section to persons from outside agencies are responsible for ensuring firearms are not brought into the jail section.
- (f) Members shall not use any automatic firearm, heavy caliber rifle, gas or other type of chemical weapon or firearm from the armory, except with approval of a supervisor.
- (g) Any firearm authorized by the Office to be carried on- or off-duty that is determined by a member to be malfunctioning or in need of service or repair shall not be carried. It shall be promptly presented to the Office or a Rangemaster approved by the Office for inspection and repair. Any firearm deemed in need of repair or service by the Rangemaster will be immediately removed from service. If the firearm is the member's primary duty firearm, a replacement firearm will be issued to the member until the duty firearm is serviceable.

#### 312.5.1 INSPECTION AND STORAGE

Handguns shall be inspected regularly and upon access or possession by another person. Shotguns and rifles shall be inspected at the beginning of the shift by the member to whom the weapon is issued. The member shall ensure that the firearm is carried in the proper condition and

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Firearms

---

loaded with approved ammunition. Inspection of the shotgun and rifle shall be done while standing outside of the patrol vehicle. All firearms shall be pointed in a safe direction or into clearing barrels.

Personally owned firearms may be safely stored in lockers at the end of the shift. Office-owned firearms shall be stored in the appropriate equipment storage room. Handguns may remain loaded if they are secured in an appropriate holster. Shotguns and rifles shall be unloaded in a safe manner outside the building and then stored in the appropriate equipment storage room.

#### **312.5.2 STORAGE AT HOME**

Members shall ensure that all firearms and ammunition are locked and secured while in their homes, vehicles or any other area under their control, and in a manner that will keep them inaccessible to children and others who should not have access. Members shall not permit office-issued firearms to be handled by anyone not authorized by the Office to do so. Members should be aware that negligent storage of a firearm could result in civil and criminal liability (NRS 202.300).

#### **312.5.3 ALCOHOL AND DRUGS**

Firearms shall not be carried by any member, either on- or off-duty, who has consumed an amount of an alcoholic beverage, taken any drugs or medication, or has taken any combination thereof that would tend to adversely affect the member's senses or judgment.

#### **312.6 FIREARMS TRAINING AND QUALIFICATIONS**

All members who carry a firearm while on-duty are required to successfully complete training quarterly with their duty firearms. In addition to quarterly training, all members will qualify biannually with their duty firearms (NAC 289.230(5)(a)). Members will qualify with off-duty and secondary firearms at least twice a year. Training and qualifications must be on an approved range course.

At least annually, all members carrying a firearm should receive practical training designed to simulate field situations including low-light shooting.

At least annually, all personnel carrying a duty firearm will receive training on the Use of Force and Peace Officer-Involved Shooting Policies and demonstrate their knowledge and understanding (NAC 289.230(5)(e)).

##### **312.6.1 NON-CERTIFICATION OR NON-QUALIFICATION**

If any member fails to meet minimum standards for firearms training or qualification for any reason, including injury, illness, duty status or scheduling conflict, that member shall submit a memorandum to his/her immediate supervisor prior to the end of the required training or qualification period.

Those who fail to meet minimum standards or qualify on their first shooting attempt shall be provided remedial training pursuant to NAC 289.230(5)(a)) and will be subject to the following requirements:

- (a) Additional range assignments may be scheduled to assist the member in demonstrating consistent firearm proficiency.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Firearms

---

- (b) Members shall be given credit for a range training or qualification when obtaining a qualifying score or meeting standards after remedial training.
- (c) No range credit will be given for the following:
  - 1. Unauthorized range make-up
  - 2. Failure to meet minimum standards or qualify after remedial training

Members who repeatedly fail to meet minimum standards will be removed from field assignment and may be subject to disciplinary action.

#### **312.7 FIREARM DISCHARGE**

Except during training or recreational use, any member who discharges a firearm intentionally or unintentionally, on- or off-duty, shall make a verbal report to his/her supervisor as soon as circumstances permit. If the discharge results in injury or death to another person, additional statements and reports shall be made in accordance with the Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths Policy. If a firearm was discharged as a use of force, the involved member shall adhere to the additional reporting requirements set forth in the Use of Force Policy.

In all other cases, written reports shall be made as follows:

- (a) If on-duty at the time of the incident, the member shall file a written report with his/her supervisor and provide a recorded statement to investigators prior to the end of shift, unless otherwise directed.
- (b) If off-duty at the time of the incident, a written report shall be submitted or a recorded statement provided no later than the end of the next regularly scheduled shift, unless otherwise directed by a supervisor.

##### **312.7.1 DESTRUCTION OF ANIMALS**

Members are authorized to use firearms to stop an animal in circumstances where the animal reasonably appears to pose an imminent threat to human safety and alternative methods are not reasonably available or would likely be ineffective.

In circumstances where there is sufficient advance notice that a potentially dangerous animal may be encountered, office members should develop reasonable contingency plans for dealing with the animal (e.g., fire extinguisher, TASER device, oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray, animal control officer). Nothing in this policy shall prohibit any member from shooting a dangerous animal if circumstances reasonably dictate that a contingency plan has failed or becomes impractical.

##### **312.7.2 INJURED ANIMALS**

With the approval of a supervisor, a member may euthanize an animal that is so badly injured that human compassion requires its removal from further suffering and where other dispositions are impractical.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Firearms

---

#### **312.7.3 WARNING AND OTHER SHOTS**

Generally, warning shots or shots fired for the purpose of summoning aid are discouraged and may not be discharged unless the member reasonably believes that they appear necessary, effective and reasonably safe.

#### **312.8 RANGEMASTER DUTIES**

The range will be under the exclusive control of the Rangemaster. All members attending will follow the directions of the Rangemaster. The Rangemaster will maintain a roster of all members attending the range and will submit the roster to the Training Sergeant after each range date. Failure of any deputy to sign in and out with the Rangemaster may result in non-qualification.

The Rangemaster has the responsibility of making periodic inspection, at least once a year, of all duty weapons carried by deputies of this office to verify proper operation. The Rangemaster has the authority to deem any privately owned weapon unfit for service. The deputy will be responsible for all repairs to his or her personal weapon and it will not be returned to service until inspected by the Rangemaster.

The Rangemaster has the responsibility to ensure each deputy on a yearly basis can demonstrate proficiency in the care and cleaning of the duty weapon used.

The Rangemaster shall complete and submit to the Training Sergeant documentation of the courses provided, including the qualifications of each instructor who provides training, a description of the training provided and a list on a form that has been approved by P.O.S.T. of each deputy who completes the training (NAC 289.230(8)).

#### **312.9 FLYING WHILE ARMED**

The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) has imposed rules governing law enforcement officers flying armed on commercial aircraft. The following requirements apply to deputies who intend to be armed while flying on a commercial air carrier or flights where screening is conducted (49 CFR 1544.219):

- (a) Deputies wishing to fly while armed must be flying in an official capacity, not for vacation or pleasure, and must have a need to have the firearm accessible, as determined by the Office based on the law and published TSA rules.
- (b) Deputies must carry their Storey County Sheriff's Office identification card, bearing the deputy's name, a full-face photograph, identification number, the deputy's signature and the signature of the Sheriff or the official seal of the Office and must present this identification to airline officials when requested. The deputy should also carry the standard photo identification needed for passenger screening by airline and TSA officials (e.g., driver license, passport).
- (c) The Storey County Sheriff's Office must submit a National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS) message prior to the deputy's travel. If approved, TSA will send the Storey County Sheriff's Office an NLETS message containing a unique alphanumeric identifier. The deputy must present the message on the day of travel to airport personnel as authorization to travel while armed.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Firearms*

---

- (d) An official letter signed by the Sheriff authorizing armed travel may also accompany the deputy. The letter should outline the deputy's need to fly armed, detail his/her itinerary, and include that the deputy has completed the mandatory TSA training for a law enforcement officer flying while armed.
- (e) Deputies must have completed the mandated TSA security training covering deputies flying while armed. The training shall be given by the office-appointed instructor.
- (f) It is the deputy's responsibility to notify the air carrier in advance of the intended armed travel. This notification should be accomplished by early check-in at the carrier's check-in counter.
- (g) Any deputy flying while armed should discreetly contact the flight crew prior to take-off and notify them of his/her assigned seat.
- (h) Discretion must be used to avoid alarming passengers or crew by displaying a firearm. The deputy must keep the firearm concealed on his/her person at all times. Firearms are not permitted in carry-on luggage and may not be stored in an overhead compartment.
- (i) Deputies should try to resolve any problems associated with flying armed through the flight captain, ground security manager, TSA representative or other management representative of the air carrier.
- (j) Deputies shall not consume alcoholic beverages while aboard an aircraft, or within eight hours prior to boarding an aircraft.

#### **312.10 CARRYING FIREARMS OUT OF STATE**

Qualified, active, full-time deputies of this office are authorized to carry a concealed firearm in all other states subject to the following conditions (18 USC § 926B):

- (a) The deputy shall carry his/her Storey County Sheriff's Office identification card whenever carrying such firearm.
- (b) The deputy is not the subject of any current disciplinary action.
- (c) The deputy may not be under the influence of alcohol or any other intoxicating or hallucinatory drug.
- (d) The deputy will remain subject to this and all other office policies (including qualifying and training).

Deputies are cautioned that individual states may enact local regulations that permit private persons or entities to prohibit or restrict the possession of concealed firearms on their property, or that prohibit or restrict the possession of firearms on any state or local government property, installation, building, base or park. Federal authority may not shield a deputy from arrest and prosecution in such locally restricted areas.

Active law enforcement officers from other states are subject to all requirements set forth in 18 USC § 926B.

## Vehicle Pursuit Policy

### 314.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Vehicle pursuits expose innocent citizens, law enforcement officers and fleeing violators to the risk of serious injury or death. The primary purpose of this policy is to provide deputies with guidance in balancing the safety of the public and themselves against law enforcement's duty to apprehend violators of the law. Another purpose of this policy is to minimize the potential for pursuit-related collisions. Vehicular pursuits require deputies to exhibit a high degree of common sense and sound judgment. Deputies must not forget that the immediate apprehension of a suspect is generally not more important than the safety of the public and pursuing deputies.

#### 314.1.1 PHILOSOPHY

Deciding whether to pursue a motor vehicle is a critical decision that must be made quickly and under difficult and unpredictable circumstances. In recognizing the risk to public safety created by vehicle pursuits, no deputy or supervisor shall be criticized or disciplined for deciding not to engage in a vehicle pursuit due to the risk involved. This includes circumstances where Office policy would permit the initiation or continuation of the pursuit. It is recognized that vehicle pursuits are not always predictable and decisions made pursuant to this policy will be evaluated according to the totality of the circumstances reasonably available at the time of the pursuit.

Deputies must remember that the most important factors to the successful conclusion of a pursuit are proper self-discipline and sound professional judgment. Deputies' conduct during the course of a pursuit must be objectively reasonable; that is, what a reasonable deputy would do under the circumstances. An individual's unreasonable desire to apprehend a fleeing suspect at all costs has no place in professional law enforcement.

### 314.2 DEFINITIONS

**Vehicle Pursuit** - An event involving one or more law enforcement officers attempting to apprehend a suspect who is attempting to avoid arrest while operating a motor vehicle by using high speed or other evasive tactics such as disregarding traffic warning signs, stop signs, red lights, driving off a roadway, turning suddenly or driving in a legal manner but willfully failing to yield to a deputy's signal to stop.

**Blocking or Vehicle Intercept** - A slow speed coordinated maneuver where two or more law enforcement vehicles simultaneously intercept and block the movement of a suspect vehicle, the driver of which may be unaware of the impending enforcement stop, with the goal of containment and preventing a pursuit. Blocking is not a moving or stationary road block.

**Boxing In** - A tactic designed to stop a violator's vehicle by surrounding it with law enforcement vehicles and then slowing all vehicles to a stop.

**Pursuit Intervention Technique (PIT)** - A low speed maneuver intended to terminate the pursuit by causing the violator's vehicle to spin out and come to a stop.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

**Ramming** - The deliberate act of impacting a violator's vehicle with another vehicle to functionally damage or otherwise force the violator's vehicle to stop.

**Roadblocks** - A tactic designed to stop a violator's vehicle by intentionally placing a vehicle or other immovable object in the path of the violator's vehicle.

**Spikes or Tack Strips** - A device that extends across the roadway designed to puncture the tires of the pursued vehicle.

#### **314.3 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES**

It shall be the policy of this office that a vehicle pursuit shall be conducted with at least one flashing red warning lamp visible from the front and a siren on an authorized emergency vehicle (NRS 484A.020, NRS 484A.480(3) and NRS 484D.400).

The following policy is established to provide deputies with guidelines for driving with due regard and caution for the safety of all persons using the highway.

##### **314.3.1 WHEN TO INITIATE A PURSUIT**

Deputies are authorized to initiate a pursuit when it is reasonable to believe that a suspect is attempting to evade arrest or detention by fleeing in a vehicle which has been given a signal to stop by a peace officer or member of a regulatory agency (NRS 484A.205; NRS 484B.550; NRS 484B.700).

The following factors individually and collectively shall be considered in deciding whether to initiate or continue a pursuit:

- (a) Seriousness of the known or reasonably suspected crime and its relationship to community safety.
- (b) The importance of protecting the public and balancing the known or reasonably suspected offense and the apparent need for immediate capture against the risks to deputies, innocent motorists and others.
- (c) Apparent nature of the fleeing suspect (e.g., whether the suspect represents a serious threat to public safety).
- (d) The identity of the suspect has been verified and there is comparatively minimal risk in allowing the suspect to be apprehended at a later time.
- (e) Safety of the public in the area of the pursuit, including the type of area, time of day, the amount of vehicular and pedestrian traffic (e.g., school zones) and the speed of the pursuit relative to these factors.
- (f) Pursuing deputy's familiarity with the area of the pursuit, the quality of radio communications between the pursuing units and the dispatcher/supervisor and the driving capabilities of the pursuing deputies under the conditions of the pursuit.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

- (g) Weather, traffic and road conditions that unreasonably increase the danger of the pursuit when weighed against the risks resulting from the suspect's escape.
- (h) Performance capabilities of the vehicles used in the pursuit in relation to the speeds and other conditions of the pursuit.
- (i) Vehicle speeds.
- (j) Other persons in or on the pursued vehicle (e.g., passengers, co-offenders and hostages).
- (k) Availability of other resources such as aircraft assistance.
- (l) The sheriff's unit is carrying passengers other than sheriff's deputies. Pursuits should not be undertaken with a prisoner in the pursuit vehicle unless exigent circumstances exist, and then only after the need to apprehend the suspect is weighed against the safety of the prisoner in transport.

#### 314.3.2 WHEN TO TERMINATE A PURSUIT

Pursuits should be discontinued whenever the totality of objective circumstances known or which reasonably ought to be known to the deputy or supervisor during the pursuit indicates that the present risks of continuing the pursuit reasonably appear to outweigh the risks resulting from the suspect's escape (NRS 484B.700(4)).

Operating an emergency vehicle in a pursuit with emergency lights and siren does not relieve the operator of an authorized emergency vehicle of the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons and do not protect the driver from the consequences of his/her reckless disregard for the safety of others (NRS 484B.700(4)).

The above factors on when to initiate a pursuit are expressly included herein and will apply equally to the decision to discontinue as well as the decision to initiate a pursuit. Deputies and supervisors must objectively and continuously weigh the seriousness of the offense against the potential danger to innocent motorists, themselves and the public when electing to continue a pursuit. In the context of this policy, the term "terminate" shall be construed to mean discontinue or to stop chasing the fleeing vehicle.

In addition to the factors listed above, the following factors should also be considered in deciding whether to terminate a pursuit:

- (a) Distance between the pursuing deputies and the fleeing vehicle is so great that further pursuit would be futile or require the pursuit to continue for an unreasonable time or distance.
- (b) Pursued vehicle's location is no longer definitely known.
- (c) Deputy's pursuit vehicle sustains damage or a mechanical failure that renders it unsafe to drive.
- (d) Extended pursuits of violators for misdemeanors not involving violence or risk of serious harm (independent of the pursuit) are discouraged.
- (e) Hazards to uninvolved bystanders or motorists.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

- (f) If the identity of the offender is known and it does not reasonably appear that the need for immediate capture outweighs the risks associated with continuing the pursuit, deputies should strongly consider discontinuing the pursuit and apprehending the offender at a later time.
- (g) When directed to terminate the pursuit by a supervisor.

#### 314.3.3 SPEED LIMITS

The speed of a pursuit is a factor that should be evaluated on a continuing basis by the deputy and supervisor. Evaluation of vehicle speeds shall take into consideration public safety, officer safety and the safety of the occupants of the fleeing vehicle.

Should high vehicle speeds be reached during a pursuit, deputies and supervisors shall also consider these factors when determining the reasonableness of the speed of the pursuit:

- (a) Pursuit speeds have become unreasonably unsafe for the surrounding conditions (NRS 484B.700(1)).
- (b) Pursuit speeds have exceeded the driving ability of the deputy.
- (c) Pursuit speeds are beyond the capabilities of the pursuit vehicle thus making its operation unsafe.

#### 314.4 PURSUIT UNITS

Pursuit units should be limited to two vehicles, however, the number of units involved will vary with the circumstances. A deputy or supervisor may request additional units to join a pursuit if, after assessing the factors outlined above, it appears that the number of deputies involved would be insufficient to safely arrest the suspect(s). All other deputies shall stay out of the pursuit, but should remain alert to its progress and location. Any deputy who drops out of a pursuit may then, if necessary, proceed to the termination point at legal speeds, following the appropriate rules of the road.

##### 314.4.1 VEHICLES WITHOUT EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT

Vehicles not equipped with red light and siren are prohibited from initiating or joining in any pursuit. Deputy(s) in such vehicles, however, may provide support to pursuing units so long as their vehicle is operated in compliance with all traffic laws.

##### 314.4.2 PRIMARY UNIT RESPONSIBILITIES

The initial pursuing deputy will be designated as the primary pursuit unit and will be responsible for the conduct of the pursuit unless it is unable to remain reasonably close enough to the violator's vehicle. The primary responsibility of the deputy initiating the pursuit is the apprehension of the suspect(s) without unreasonable danger to themselves or other persons.

The primary unit should notify Dispatch that a vehicle pursuit has been initiated and as soon as practicable provide information including, but not limited to:

- (a) Reason for the pursuit.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

- (b) Location and direction of travel.
- (c) Speed of the fleeing vehicle.
- (d) Description of the fleeing vehicle and license number, if known.
- (e) Number of occupants.
- (f) The identity or description of the known occupants.
- (g) Weather, road and traffic conditions.
- (h) Identity of other agencies involved in the pursuit.
- (i) Information concerning the use of firearms, threat of force, injuries, hostages or other unusual hazards.

Unless relieved by a supervisor or secondary unit, the deputy in the primary unit shall be responsible for the broadcasting of the progress of the pursuit. Unless circumstances reasonably indicate otherwise, the primary unit should relinquish the responsibility of broadcasting the progress of the pursuit to a secondary unit or aircraft joining the pursuit to minimize distractions and allow the primary unit to concentrate foremost on safe pursuit tactics.

#### 314.4.3 SECONDARY UNIT(S) RESPONSIBILITIES

The second deputy in the pursuit is responsible for the following:

- (a) Immediately notifying the dispatcher of entry into the pursuit.
- (b) Remain at a safe distance behind the primary unit unless directed to assume the role of primary deputy, or if the primary unit is unable to continue the pursuit.
- (c) Broadcasting the progress of the pursuit unless the situation indicates otherwise.
- (d) Serve as backup to the primary unit once the subject has been stopped.

#### 314.4.4 PURSUIT DRIVING TACTICS

The decision to use specific driving tactics requires the same assessment of considerations outlined in the factors to be considered concerning pursuit initiation and termination. The following are tactics for units involved in the pursuit:

- (a) Deputies, considering their driving skills and vehicle performance capabilities, will space themselves from other involved vehicles so they are able to see and avoid hazards or react safely to maneuvers by the fleeing vehicle.
- (b) Because intersections can present increased risks, the following tactics should be considered:
  - 1. Available units not directly involved in the pursuit may proceed safely to controlled intersections ahead of the pursuit in an effort to warn cross traffic.
  - 2. Pursuing units should exercise due caution when proceeding through controlled intersections.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

- (c) Deputies may proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign, but only after slowing down as may be necessary for safe operation (NRS 484B.700(1)(a)).
- (d) As a general rule, deputies should not pursue a vehicle driving the wrong way on a roadway, highway or freeway. In the event that the pursued vehicle does so, the following tactics should be considered (NRS 484B.700(1)):
  - 1. Requesting assistance from an air unit.
  - 2. Maintaining visual contact with the pursued vehicle by paralleling on the correct side of the roadway.
  - 3. Requesting other units to observe exits available to the suspects.
- (e) Notifying the Nevada Highway Patrol or other law enforcement agency if it appears that the pursuit may enter their jurisdiction.
- (f) Deputies involved in a pursuit should not attempt to pass other units unless the situation indicates otherwise or they are requested to do so by the primary unit.

#### **314.4.5 TACTICS/PROCEDURES FOR UNITS NOT INVOLVED IN THE PURSUIT**

There should be no paralleling of the pursuit route. Deputies are authorized to use emergency equipment at intersections along the pursuit path to clear intersections of vehicular and pedestrian traffic to protect the public. Deputies should remain in their assigned area and should not become involved with the pursuit unless directed otherwise by a supervisor.

Non-pursuing personnel needed at the termination of the pursuit should respond in a non-emergency manner, observing the rules of the road.

The primary and secondary units should be the only units operating under emergency conditions (emergency lights and siren) unless other units are assigned to the pursuit.

#### **314.4.6 PURSUIT TRAILING**

In the event the initiating unit from this agency either relinquishes control of the pursuit to another unit or jurisdiction, that initiating unit may, with permission of a supervisor, trail the pursuit to the termination point in order to provide necessary information and assistance for the arrest of the suspect(s).

The term trail means to follow the path of the pursuit at a safe speed while obeying all traffic laws and without activating emergency equipment. If the pursuit is at a slow rate of speed, the trailing unit will maintain sufficient distance from the pursuit units so as to clearly indicate an absence of participation in the pursuit.

#### **314.5 SUPERVISORY CONTROL AND RESPONSIBILITY**

It is the policy of this office that available supervisory and management control will be exercised over all motor vehicle pursuits involving deputies from this office.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

The field supervisor of the deputy initiating the pursuit, or if unavailable, the nearest supervisor will be responsible for the following:

- (a) Upon becoming aware of a pursuit, immediately ascertaining all reasonably available information to continuously assess the situation and risk factors associated with the pursuit in order to ensure that the pursuit is conducted within established Office guidelines.
- (b) Engage in the pursuit, when appropriate, to provide on-scene supervision.
- (c) Exercise management and control of the pursuit even if not engaged in it.
- (d) Ensuring that no more than the number of required police units needed are involved in the pursuit under the guidelines set forth in this policy.
- (e) Direct that the pursuit be terminated if, in his/her judgment, it is unjustified to continue the pursuit under the guidelines of this policy.
- (f) Ensure that the proper radio channel is being used.
- (g) Ensure the notification and/or coordination of outside agencies if the pursuit either leaves or is likely to leave the jurisdiction of this agency.
- (h) Control and manage SCSO units when a pursuit enters another jurisdiction.
- (i) Prepare a post pursuit critique and analysis of the pursuit for training purposes.

#### **314.5.1 SHIFT SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

Upon becoming aware that a pursuit has been initiated, the Shift Supervisor should monitor and continually assess the situation and ensure the pursuit is conducted within the guidelines and requirements of this policy. The Shift Supervisor has the final responsibility for the coordination, control and termination of a motor vehicle pursuit and shall be in overall command.

The Shift Supervisor shall review all pertinent reports for content and forward them to the Sheriff.

#### **314.6 COMMUNICATIONS**

If the pursuit is confined within the County limits, radio communications will be conducted on the primary channel unless instructed otherwise by a supervisor or communications dispatcher. If the pursuit leaves the jurisdiction of this office or such is imminent, involved units should, whenever available, switch radio communications to an emergency channel most accessible by participating agencies and units.

#### **314.6.1 LOSS OF PURSUED VEHICLE**

When the pursued vehicle is lost, the primary unit should broadcast pertinent information to assist other units in locating the vehicle. The primary unit will be responsible for coordinating any further search for either the pursued vehicle or suspects fleeing on foot.

#### **314.7 INTER-JURISDICTIONAL CONSIDERATIONS**

When a pursuit enters another agency's jurisdiction, the primary deputy or supervisor, taking into consideration distance traveled, unfamiliarity with the area and other pertinent facts, should

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

determine whether to request the other agency to assume the pursuit. Unless entry into another jurisdiction is expected to be brief, it is generally recommended that the primary deputy or supervisor ensure that notification is provided to each outside jurisdiction into which the pursuit is reasonably expected to enter, regardless of whether such jurisdiction is expected to assist.

#### 314.7.1 ASSUMPTION OF PURSUIT BY ANOTHER AGENCY

Storey County Sheriff's Office deputies will discontinue the pursuit when another agency has assumed the pursuit unless continued assistance of the Storey County Sheriff's Office is requested by the agency assuming the pursuit. Upon discontinuing the pursuit, the primary unit may proceed upon request, with or at the direction of a supervisor, to the termination point to assist in the investigation.

The role and responsibilities of deputies at the termination of a pursuit initiated by this office shall be coordinated with appropriate consideration of the units from the agency assuming the pursuit.

Notification of a pursuit in progress should not be construed as a request to join the pursuit. Requests to or from another agency to assume a pursuit should be specific. Because of communication limitations between local agencies, a request for another agency's assistance will mean that they will assume responsibilities for the pursuit. For the same reasons, when a pursuit leaves another jurisdiction and a request for assistance is made to this office, the other agency should relinquish control.

#### 314.7.2 PURSUITS EXTENDING INTO THIS JURISDICTION

The agency that initiates a pursuit shall be responsible for conducting the pursuit. Units from this office should not join a pursuit unless specifically requested to do so by the agency whose peace officers are in pursuit. The exception to this is when a single unit from the initiating agency is in pursuit. Under this circumstance, a unit from this office may join the pursuit until sufficient units from the initiating agency join the pursuit.

When a request is made for this office to assist or take over a pursuit from another agency that has entered this jurisdiction, the supervisor should consider these additional following factors:

- (a) Ability to maintain the pursuit.
- (b) Circumstances serious enough to continue the pursuit.
- (c) Adequate staffing to continue the pursuit.
- (d) The public's safety within this jurisdiction.
- (e) Safety of the pursuing deputies.

As soon as practicable, the Shift Supervisor should review a request for assistance from another agency. The Shift Supervisor, after consideration of the above factors, may decline to assist in or assume the other agency's pursuit.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

Assistance to a pursuing allied agency by deputies of this office will terminate at the County limits provided that the pursuing peace officers have sufficient assistance from other sources. Ongoing participation from this office may continue only until sufficient assistance is present.

In the event that a pursuit from another agency terminates within this jurisdiction, deputies shall provide appropriate assistance to peace officers from the allied agency including, but not limited to, scene control, coordination and completion of supplemental reports and any other assistance requested or needed.

#### **314.8 PURSUIT INTERVENTION**

Pursuit intervention is an attempt to terminate the ability of a suspect to continue to flee in a motor vehicle through tactical application of technology, road spikes, blocking, boxing, PIT (Pursuit Intervention Technique), ramming or roadblock procedures.

##### **314.8.1 WHEN USE AUTHORIZED**

Use of pursuit intervention tactics should be employed only after approval of a supervisor. In deciding whether to use intervention tactics, deputies/supervisors should balance the risks of allowing the pursuit to continue with the potential hazards arising from the use of each tactic to the public, the deputies and persons in or on the pursued vehicle. With these risks in mind, the decision to use any intervention tactic should be reasonable in light of the circumstances apparent to the deputy at the time of the decision.

It is imperative that deputies act within legal bounds using good judgment and accepted practices.

##### **314.8.2 USE OF FIREARMS**

The use of firearms to disable a pursued vehicle is not generally an effective tactic and involves all the dangers associated with discharging firearms. Deputies should not utilize firearms during an ongoing pursuit unless the conditions and circumstances dictate that such use reasonably appears necessary to protect life. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any deputy from using a firearm to stop a suspect from using a vehicle as a deadly weapon.

##### **314.8.3 INTERVENTION STANDARDS**

Any pursuit intervention tactic, depending upon the conditions and circumstances under which it is used, may present dangers to the deputies, the public or anyone in or on the vehicle being pursued. Certain applications of intervention tactics may be construed to be a use of force, including deadly force, and are subject to Office policies guiding such use. Deputies who have not received Office-approved training in the application and use of any intervention tactic or equipment shall consider these facts and requirements prior to deciding how, when, where and if an intervention tactic should be employed.

- (a) Blocking or vehicle intercept should only be considered in cases involving felony suspects or impaired drivers who pose a threat to public safety when deputies reasonably believe that attempting a conventional enforcement stop will likely result in the driver attempting to flee in the vehicle. Because of the potential risks involved this technique should only be

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

employed by deputies who have received training in such tactics after giving consideration to the following:

1. The need to immediately stop the suspect vehicle or prevent it from leaving substantially outweighs the risks of injury or death to occupants of the suspect vehicle, deputies or other members of the public.
  2. All other reasonable intervention techniques have failed or reasonably appear ineffective.
  3. Employing the blocking maneuver does not unreasonably increase the risk to officer safety.
  4. The target vehicle is stopped or traveling at a low speed.
  5. At no time should civilian vehicles be used to deploy this technique.
- (b) Only those deputies trained in the use of the Pursuit Intervention Technique (PIT) will be authorized to use this procedure and only then with approval of a supervisor upon consideration of the circumstances and conditions presented at the time, including the potential for risk of injury to deputies, the public and occupants of the pursued vehicle.
- (c) Ramming a fleeing vehicle should be done only after other reasonable tactical means at the deputy's disposal have been exhausted. This tactic should be reserved for situations where there does not appear to be another reasonable alternative method. This policy is an administrative guide to direct deputies in their decision-making process before ramming another vehicle. When ramming is used as a means to stop a fleeing vehicle, the following factors should be present:
1. The suspect is an actual or suspected felon, who reasonably appears to represent a serious threat to the public if not apprehended.
  2. The suspect is driving with willful or wanton disregard for the safety of other persons or is driving in a reckless and life-endangering manner.
  3. If there does not reasonably appear to be a present or immediately foreseeable serious threat to the public, the use of ramming is not authorized.
- (d) As with all intervention techniques, pursuing deputies should obtain supervisor approval before attempting to box a suspect vehicle during a pursuit. The use of such a technique must be carefully coordinated with all involved units, taking into consideration the circumstances and conditions apparent at the time as well as the potential risk of injury to deputies, the public and occupants of the pursued vehicle.
- (e) The use of spike strips should be approved in advance by a supervisor and deployed only when it is reasonably apparent that only the pursued vehicle will be affected by their use. Deputies should carefully consider the limitations of such devices as well as the potential risks to deputies, the public and occupants of the pursued vehicle. If the pursued vehicle is a motorcycle, a vehicle transporting hazardous materials or a school bus transporting children

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

deputies and supervisors should weigh the potential consequences against the need to immediately stop the vehicle.

- (f) Because roadblocks involve a potential for serious injury or death to occupants of the pursued vehicle if the suspect does not stop, the intentional placement of roadblocks in the direct path of a pursued vehicle is generally discouraged and should not be deployed without prior approval of a supervisor and only then under extraordinary conditions when all other reasonable intervention techniques have failed or reasonably appear ineffective and the need to immediately stop the pursued vehicle substantially outweighs the risks of injury or death to occupants of the pursued vehicle, deputies or other members of the public.

#### 314.8.4 CAPTURE OF SUSPECTS

Proper self-discipline and sound professional judgment are the keys to a successful conclusion of a pursuit and apprehension of evading suspects. Deputies shall use only that amount of force, which reasonably appears necessary under the circumstances, to properly perform their lawful duties.

Unless relieved by a supervisor the primary deputy should coordinate efforts to apprehend the suspect(s) following the pursuit. Deputies should consider safety of the public and the involved deputies when formulating plans to contain and capture the suspect.

#### 314.9 REPORTING AND REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

All appropriate reports should be completed to comply with appropriate local and state regulations:

- (a) The primary deputy shall complete appropriate crime/arrest reports.
- (b) The primary deputy or supervisor shall complete the appropriate pursuit report.
- (c) After first obtaining available information, the on-duty field supervisor shall promptly complete an interoffice memorandum, briefly summarizing the pursuit to the Sheriff. This memo should minimally contain the following information:
  - 1. Date and time of pursuit.
  - 2. Length of pursuit.
  - 3. Involved units and deputies.
  - 4. Initial reason for pursuit.
  - 5. Starting and termination points.
  - 6. Disposition: arrest, citation or other release. Arrestee information should be provided if applicable.
  - 7. Injuries and/or property damage.
  - 8. Medical treatment.
  - 9. Name of supervisor at scene.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Pursuit Policy

---

10. A preliminary determination that the pursuit appears to be in compliance with this policy or additional review and/or follow-up is warranted.
- (d) After receiving copies of reports, logs, and other pertinent information the Sheriff shall conduct or assign the completion of a post-pursuit review as appropriate to the circumstances.
- (e) Annually, the Sheriff should direct a documented review and analysis of Office vehicle pursuits to minimally include policy suitability, policy compliance and training needs.

#### 314.9.1 REGULAR AND PERIODIC PURSUIT TRAINING

In addition to initial and supplementary training on pursuits, all sworn members of this office will participate no less than annually in regular and periodic training addressing this policy and the importance of vehicle safety and protecting the public at all times, including a recognition of the need to balance the known offense and the need for immediate capture against the risks to deputies and others.

#### 314.9.2 POLICY REVIEW

Each sworn member of this office shall certify in writing that they have received, read and understand this policy initially and upon any amendments.

## Deputy Response to Calls

### 316.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides deputies with guidelines for the safe and appropriate vehicular response to all emergency and non-emergency incidents or requests for assistance, whether these are dispatched or self-initiated.

### 316.2 RESPONSE TO CALLS

Deputies responding to non-emergency calls shall proceed accordingly, unless they are sent or redirected to a higher priority call, and shall obey all traffic laws.

#### 316.2.1 EMERGENCY CALLS

Deputies responding to an emergency call shall proceed immediately as appropriate and shall continuously operate the emergency vehicle lighting and siren as required by law (NRS 484B.700).

Deputies should only respond to a call as an emergency response when so dispatched or when circumstances reasonably indicate an emergency response is required. This includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) When in pursuit or apprehending a violator or suspected violator.
- (b) When responding to a reported emergency involving possible personal injury, death or significant property damage.
- (c) When immediate assistance is requested by a deputy or other law enforcement agency.

If a deputy believes an emergency response to any call is appropriate, the deputy shall immediately notify the [dispatchers].

Deputies not responding to a call as an emergency response shall observe all traffic laws and proceed without the use of emergency lights and siren.

### 316.3 REQUESTING EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

When requesting emergency assistance, the involved office member should reasonably believe that there is an imminent threat to the safety of him/herself or another person, or assistance is needed to prevent imminent serious harm to the public.

If circumstances permit, the requesting member should provide the following information:

- Identifying call sign
- Location of the emergency situation
- Suspect information, including weapons
- Reason for the request and type of emergency
- The number of deputies or resources required
- Hazards and any known or potential dangers for responding deputies

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Deputy Response to Calls

---

In any event where a situation has stabilized and emergency response is not required, the requesting member shall immediately notify the [dispatchers].

#### **316.4 SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS**

Responding with emergency lights and siren does not relieve the operator of an emergency vehicle of the duty to continue to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons and property, and does not protect the operator from the consequences of reckless disregard for the safety of others. However the deputy may, when responding to a call with an emergency response, and provided there is no endangerment or unnecessary risk to persons and property (NRS 484B.700):

- Proceed past a red or stop signal or stop sign, but only after slowing down as may be necessary for safe operation.
- Exceed the speed limit.
- Disregard regulations governing direction of movement or turning in specified directions
- Disregard regulations governing parking or standing when using a warning lamp.

##### **316.4.1 NUMBER OF DEPUTIES ASSIGNED**

The number of deputies assigned to respond to an emergency call or request for assistance should be limited to that which is reasonably necessary.

An emergency response involving more than one sheriff's vehicle should be coordinated by Dispatch to avoid any unanticipated intersecting of response routes. The [dispatchers] shall notify the Shift Supervisor or field supervisor, who will make a determination regarding the appropriateness of the response and reduce or enhance the response as warranted.

#### **316.5 EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT**

Vehicles not equipped with emergency lights and siren are prohibited from initiating or joining in an emergency response. Deputies in such vehicles may provide support to pursuing vehicles as long as the vehicles are operated in compliance with all traffic laws. Those deputies should terminate their involvement in any emergency response immediately upon arrival of a sufficient number of emergency law enforcement vehicles.

If the emergency equipment on the vehicle should fail to operate, the deputy must terminate the emergency response and continue accordingly. The deputy shall notify the Shift Supervisor, field supervisor or the [dispatchers] of the equipment failure so that another deputy may be assigned to the emergency response.

#### **316.6 DISPATCH**

When information reasonably indicates that the public is threatened with serious injury or death, or a deputy requests emergency assistance and immediate law enforcement response is needed, the [dispatchers] shall assign an emergency response and ensure acknowledgement and response of handling and assisting deputies. In all other circumstances, the [dispatchers] shall

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Deputy Response to Calls

---

obtain authorization from the Shift Supervisor or a field supervisor prior to assigning an emergency response.

#### 316.6.1 RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon notification or assignment of an emergency response, the [dispatchers] is responsible for:

- (a) Confirming the location from which the deputy is responding or requesting assistance.
- (b) Attempting to assign the closest available assisting deputies to the location of the emergency call.
- (c) Continuing to obtain and broadcast information as necessary concerning the response and monitoring the situation until it is stabilized or terminated.
- (d) Notifying and coordinating allied emergency services (e.g., fire, emergency medical services).
- (e) Notifying the Shift Supervisor as soon as practicable.
- (f) Controlling all radio communications during the emergency and coordinating assistance under the direction of the Shift Supervisor or field supervisor.

#### 316.7 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon being notified that an emergency response has been initiated or requested, the Shift Supervisor or the field supervisor shall verify that:

- (a) The proper response has been initiated.
- (b) No more than those deputies reasonably necessary under the circumstances are involved in the response.
- (c) Affected outside jurisdictions are being notified as practicable.
- (d) Depending on the type of emergency call and if appropriate, notifications have been made to schools (public, private or charter) of the crisis or emergency so that the school may respond appropriately (NRS 392.648; NRS 394.1696).

The field supervisor shall monitor the response until it has been stabilized or terminated and assert control by directing deputies into or out of the response, if necessary. If, in the supervisor's judgment, the circumstances require additional deputies to be assigned an emergency response, the supervisor may do so.

It is the supervisor's responsibility to terminate an emergency response that, in his/her judgment, is inappropriate due to the circumstances.

When making the decision to authorize an emergency response, the Shift Supervisor or the field supervisor should consider:

- The type of call or crime involved.
- The type and circumstances of the request.
- The necessity of a timely response.
- Weather, traffic and road conditions.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Deputy Response to Calls

---

- The location of the responding deputies and the location of the incident.

### **316.8 POLICY**

It is the policy of this office to appropriately respond to emergency and non-emergency calls for service or requests for assistance, whether these are dispatched or self-initiated.

## Domestic Violence

### 320.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide the guidelines necessary to deter, prevent and reduce domestic violence through vigorous enforcement and to address domestic violence as a serious crime against society. The policy specifically addresses the commitment of this office to take enforcement action when appropriate, to provide assistance to victims and to guide deputies in the investigation of domestic violence.

#### 320.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Court order** - All forms of orders related to domestic violence, that have been issued by a court of this state or another, whether civil or criminal, regardless of whether service has been made.

### 320.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office's response to incidents of domestic violence and violations of related court orders shall stress enforcement of the law to protect the victim and shall communicate the philosophy that domestic violence is criminal behavior. It is also the policy of this office to facilitate victims' and offenders' access to appropriate civil remedies and community resources whenever feasible.

### 320.3 OFFICER SAFETY

The investigation of domestic violence cases often places deputies in emotionally charged and sometimes highly dangerous environments. No provision of this policy is intended to supersede the responsibility of all deputies to exercise due caution and reasonable care in providing for the safety of any deputies and parties involved.

### 320.4 INVESTIGATIONS

The following guidelines should be followed by deputies when investigating domestic violence cases:

- (a) Calls of reported, threatened, imminent or ongoing domestic violence and the violation of any court order are of extreme importance and should be considered among the highest response priorities. This includes incomplete 9-1-1 calls.
- (b) When practicable, deputies should obtain and document statements from the victim, the suspect and any witnesses, including children, in or around the household or location of occurrence.
- (c) Deputies should list the full name and date of birth (and school if available) of each child who was present in the household at the time of the offense. The names of other children who may not have been in the house at that particular time should also be obtained for follow-up.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Domestic Violence

---

- (d) When practicable and legally permitted, video or audio record all significant statements and observations.
- (e) All injuries should be photographed, regardless of severity, taking care to preserve the victim's personal privacy. Where practicable, photographs should be taken by a person of the same sex. Victims whose injuries are not visible at the time of the incident should be asked to contact the Investigation Unit in the event that the injuries later become visible.
- (f) Deputies should request that the victim complete and sign an authorization for release of medical records related to the incident when applicable.
- (g) If the suspect is no longer at the scene, deputies should make reasonable efforts to locate the suspect to further the investigation, provide the suspect with an opportunity to make a statement and make an arrest or seek an arrest warrant if appropriate.
- (h) Seize any firearms or other dangerous weapons in the home, if appropriate and legally permitted, for safekeeping or as evidence.
- (i) When completing an incident or arrest report for violation of a court order, deputies should include specific information that establishes that the offender has been served, including the date the offender was served, the name of the agency that served the order and the provision of the order that the subject is alleged to have violated. When reasonably available, the arresting deputy should attach a copy of the order to the incident or arrest report.
- (j) Deputies should take appropriate enforcement action when there is probable cause to believe an offense has occurred. Factors that should not be used as sole justification for declining to take enforcement action include:
  - 1. Marital status of suspect and victim.
  - 2. Whether the suspect lives on the premises with the victim.
  - 3. Claims by the suspect that the victim provoked or perpetuated the violence.
  - 4. The potential financial or child custody consequences of arrest.
  - 5. The physical or emotional state of either party.
  - 6. Use of drugs or alcohol by either party.
  - 7. Denial that the abuse occurred where evidence indicates otherwise.
  - 8. A request by the victim not to arrest the suspect.
  - 9. Location of the incident (public/private).
  - 10. Speculation that the complainant may not follow through with the prosecution.
  - 11. The racial, cultural, social, professional position or sexual orientation of the victim or suspect.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Domestic Violence

---

#### 320.4.1 IF A SUSPECT IS ARRESTED

If a suspect is arrested, deputies should:

- (a) Advise the victim that there is no guarantee the suspect will remain in custody.
- (b) Provide the victim's contact information to the jail staff to enable notification of the victim upon the suspect's release from jail.
- (c) Advise the victim whether any type of court order will be in effect when the suspect is released from jail.

#### 320.4.2 IF NO ARREST IS MADE

If no arrest is made, the deputy should:

- (a) Advise the parties of any options, including but not limited to:
  1. Voluntary separation of the parties.
  2. Appropriate resource referrals (e.g., counselors, friends, relatives, shelter homes, victim witness unit).
- (b) Document the resolution in a report.

#### 320.5 VICTIM ASSISTANCE

Victims may be traumatized or confused. Deputies should:

- (a) Recognize that a victim's behavior and actions may be affected.
- (b) Provide the victim with the office's domestic violence information handout, even if the incident may not rise to the level of a crime.
- (c) Alert the victim to any available victim advocates, shelters and community resources.
- (d) Stand by for a reasonable amount of time when an involved person requests law enforcement assistance while removing essential items of personal property.
- (e) Seek medical assistance as soon as practicable for the victim if he/she has sustained injury or complains of pain.
- (f) Ask the victim whether he/she has a safe place to stay. Assist in arranging to transport the victim to an alternate shelter if the victim expresses a concern for his/her safety or if the deputy determines that a need exists.
- (g) Make reasonable efforts to ensure that children or dependent adults who are under the supervision of the suspect or victim are being properly cared for.
- (h) Seek or assist the victim in obtaining an emergency order if appropriate.

#### 320.6 FOREIGN COURT ORDERS

Various types of orders may be issued in domestic violence cases. Any foreign court order properly issued by a court of another state, Indian tribe or territory shall be enforced by deputies as if it

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Domestic Violence

---

were the order of a court in this state. An order should be considered properly issued when it reasonably appears that the issuing court has jurisdiction over the parties and reasonable notice and opportunity to respond was given to the party against whom the order was issued (18 USC § 2265). An otherwise valid out-of-state court order shall be enforced, regardless of whether the order has been properly registered with this state.

#### **320.7 VERIFICATION OF COURT ORDERS**

Determining the validity of a court order, particularly an order from another jurisdiction, can be challenging. Therefore, in determining whether there is probable cause to make an arrest for a violation of any court order, deputies should carefully review the actual order when available, and, where appropriate and practicable:

- (a) Ask the subject of the order about his/her notice or receipt of the order, his/her knowledge of its terms and efforts to respond to the order.
- (b) Check available records or databases that may show the status or conditions of the order.
- (c) Contact the issuing court to verify the validity of the order.
- (d) Contact a law enforcement official from the jurisdiction where the order was issued to verify information.

Deputies should document in an appropriate report their efforts to verify the validity of an order, regardless of whether an arrest is made. Deputies should contact a supervisor for clarification when needed.

#### **320.8 LEGAL MANDATES AND RELEVANT LAWS**

Nevada law provides for the following:

##### **320.8.1 STANDARDS FOR ARRESTS**

Deputies investigating a domestic violence report should consider the following:

- (a) Unless there are mitigating circumstances, a deputy shall make an arrest when there is probable cause to believe a domestic violence incident has occurred within the preceding 24 hours (NRS 171.137).
- (b) A deputy who has probable cause to believe a person has been served and has violated a temporary or extended order for protection against domestic violence issued pursuant to NRS 33.017 to 33.100 shall arrest the violating party (NRS 33.070).
- (c) If a deputy has probable cause to believe that a battery described in NRS 171.137 was a mutual battery, the deputy shall attempt to determine which person was the primary physical aggressor. If the deputy identifies the primary physical aggressor, the deputy is not required to arrest any other person believed to have committed a battery during the incident (NRS 171.137).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Domestic Violence

---

- (d) In determining whether a person is a primary physical aggressor, a deputy shall consider (NRS 171.137):
1. Prior domestic violence involving either person.
  2. The relative severity of the injuries inflicted upon the persons involved.
  3. The potential for future injury.
  4. Whether one of the alleged batteries was committed in self-defense.
  5. Any other factor that may help the peace officer decide which person was the primary physical aggressor.

#### 320.8.2 REPORTS AND RECORDS

- (a) A deputy shall prepare and submit a written report of any investigation made of an act of domestic violence regardless of whether an arrest was made. If an arrest is not made, the deputy shall indicate in the report the reason an arrest was not made (NRS 171.1227).
- (b) Deputies investigating allegations of mutual battery that constitute domestic violence shall include in the report any determination that a particular person was a primary aggressor and the facts supporting that determination (NRS 171.1227).
- (c) The Records Section will prepare and forward to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History a monthly report regarding domestic violence cases on the appropriate form (NRS 171.1227).

#### 320.8.3 SERVICE OF COURT ORDERS

- (a) A deputy who serves, enforces or takes any action related to a temporary or extended order issued by a court shall, as soon as practicable, notify the Records Section of any such action.
- (b) Upon receipt of notice that action has been taken by a deputy, the Records Section shall notify the Central Repository in a manner that ensures the information is received by the Central Repository by the end of the next business day (NRS 33.095).
- (c) A deputy investigating a possible violation of a court order, but cannot verify the subject of the order was served, shall (NRS 33.070):
1. Serve the subject with a copy of the order or, if a copy of the order is not available, verbally notify the person of the specific terms and conditions of the order and other required notices contained in NRS 33.070.
  2. Provide information concerning the terms and conditions of the order, the date and time that notice was provided to the person, and the name and identifying number of the deputy who gave the notice as follows:
    - (a) Include the information in a report.
    - (b) Provide the information in writing to the victim/applicant.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Domestic Violence

---

- (c) Ensure that the information is forwarded to the court that issued the order.

### 320.8.4 FIREARMS

If a court orders, as part of an extended order of protection, that a person surrender a firearm to the Storey County Sheriff's Office, the employee receiving the firearm shall give the person a receipt that includes a description of each firearm surrendered (pursuant to NRS 33.033).

If the person surrenders any firearm to another person designated in the court order or sells or transfers any firearm to a licensed firearm dealer pursuant to a court order, the person may be required to provide to Storey County Sheriff's Office a notice or receipt of such surrender, sale or transfer. In these cases, the receiving employee shall ensure that any notice or receipt is documented in an appropriate report and the documents are forwarded to the Records Section (NRS 33.033).

---

## Search and Seizure

### 322.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Both the federal and state Constitutions provide every individual with the right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures. This policy provides general guidelines for Storey County Sheriff's Office personnel to consider when dealing with search and seizure issues.

### 322.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to respect the fundamental privacy rights of individuals. Members of this office will conduct searches in strict observance of the constitutional rights of persons being searched. All seizures by this office will comply with relevant federal and state law governing the seizure of persons and property.

The Office will provide relevant and current training to deputies as guidance for the application of current law, local community standards and prosecutorial considerations regarding specific search and seizure situations, as appropriate.

### 322.3 SEARCHES

The U.S. Constitution generally provides that a valid warrant is required in order for a search to be valid. There are, however, several exceptions that permit a warrantless search.

Examples of law enforcement activities that are exceptions to the general warrant requirement include, but are not limited to, searches pursuant to the following:

- Valid consent
- Incident to a lawful arrest
- Legitimate community caretaking interests
- Vehicle searches under certain circumstances
- Exigent circumstances

Certain other activities are recognized by federal and state courts and by certain statutes as legitimate law enforcement activities that also do not require a warrant. Such activities may include seizure and examination of abandoned property, and observations of activities and property located on open public areas.

Because case law regarding search and seizure is constantly changing and subject to interpretation by the courts, each member of this office is expected to act in each situation according to current training and his/her familiarity with clearly established rights as determined by case law.

Whenever practicable, deputies are encouraged to contact a supervisor to resolve questions regarding search and seizure issues prior to electing a course of action.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Search and Seizure

---

#### **322.4 SEARCH PROTOCOL**

Although conditions will vary and officer safety and other exigencies must be considered in every search situation, the following guidelines should be followed whenever circumstances permit:

- (a) Members of this office will strive to conduct searches with dignity and courtesy.
- (b) Deputies should explain to the person being searched the reason for the search and how the search will be conducted.
- (c) Searches should be carried out with due regard and respect for private property interests and in a manner that minimizes damage. Property should be left in a condition as close as reasonably possible to its pre-search condition.
- (d) In order to minimize the need for forcible entry, an attempt should be made to obtain keys, combinations or access codes when a search of locked property is anticipated.
- (e) When the person to be searched is of the opposite sex as the searching deputy, a reasonable effort should be made to summon a deputy of the same sex as the subject to conduct the search. When it is not practicable to summon a deputy of the same sex as the subject, the following guidelines should be followed:
  1. Another deputy or a supervisor should witness the search.
  2. The deputy should not search areas of the body covered by tight-fitting clothing, sheer clothing or clothing that could not reasonably conceal a weapon.

#### **322.5 DOCUMENTATION**

Deputies are responsible to document any search and to ensure that any required reports are sufficient including, at minimum, documentation of the following:

- Reason for the search
- Any efforts used to minimize the intrusiveness of any search (e.g., asking for consent or keys)
- What, if any, injuries or damage occurred
- All steps taken to secure property
- The results of the search, including a description of any property or contraband seized
- If the person searched is the opposite sex, any efforts to summon a deputy of the same sex as the person being searched and the identification of any witness deputy

Supervisors shall review reports to ensure the reports are accurate, that actions are properly documented and that current legal requirements and office policy have been met.

## Temporary Custody of Juveniles

### 324.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines consistent with the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act for juveniles taken into temporary custody by members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office (42 USC § 5633).

#### 324.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Juvenile non-offender** - An abused, neglected, dependent or alien juvenile who may be legally held for his/her own safety or welfare. This also includes any juvenile who may have initially been contacted for an offense that would not subject an adult to arrest (e.g., fine-only offense) but was taken into custody for his/her protection or for purposes of reuniting the juvenile with a parent, guardian or other responsible person.

**Juvenile offender** - A juvenile 8 years of age through the age of 17 who is alleged to have committed an offense that would subject an adult to arrest (a non-status offense) or a juvenile who has violated NRS 202.300 by possessing a handgun (28 CFR 31.303).

**Non-secure custody** - When a juvenile is held in the presence of a deputy or other custody employee at all times and is not placed in a locked room, cell or behind any locked doors. Juveniles in non-secure custody may be handcuffed but not to a stationary or secure object. Personal supervision, through direct visual monitoring and audio two-way communication is maintained. Monitoring through electronic devices, such as video, does not replace direct visual observation.

**Secure custody** - When a juvenile offender is held in a locked room, a set of rooms or a cell. Secure custody also includes being physically secured to a stationary object.

Examples of secure custody include:

- (a) A juvenile left alone in an unlocked room within the secure perimeter of the adult temporary holding area.
- (b) A juvenile handcuffed to a rail.
- (c) A juvenile placed in a room that contains doors with delayed egress devices that have a delay of more than 30 seconds.
- (d) A juvenile being processed in a secure booking area when an unsecure booking area is available.
- (e) A juvenile left alone in a secure booking area after being photographed and fingerprinted.
- (f) A juvenile placed in a cell within the adult temporary holding area, whether or not the cell door is locked.

**Sight and sound separation** - Located or arranged to prevent physical, visual or auditory contact.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Temporary Custody of Juveniles

---

**Status offender** - A juvenile suspected of committing a criminal violation of the law that would not be a criminal violation but for the age of the offender. Examples may include running away, curfew violation or truancy. A juvenile in custody on a court order or warrant based upon a status offense is also a status offender.

#### **324.2 POLICY**

The Storey County Sheriff's Office is committed to releasing juveniles from temporary custody as soon as reasonably practicable and keeping juveniles safe while they are in temporary custody at the Storey County Sheriff's Office. Juveniles should be held in temporary custody only for as long as reasonably necessary for processing, transfer or release.

#### **324.3 JUVENILES WHO SHOULD NOT BE HELD**

Juveniles who exhibit any of the following conditions should not be held at the Storey County Sheriff's Office:

- (a) Unconscious
- (b) Seriously injured
- (c) A known suicide risk or obviously severely emotionally disturbed
- (d) Significantly intoxicated
- (e) Extremely violent or continuously violent

Deputies taking custody of a juvenile who exhibits any of the above conditions should take reasonable steps to provide medical attention or mental health assistance and notify a supervisor of the situation.

These juveniles should not be held at the Storey County Sheriff's Office unless they have been evaluated by a qualified medical and/or mental health professional.

If the deputy taking custody of the juvenile believes the juvenile may be a suicide risk, the juvenile shall be under continuous direct supervision until evaluation, release or a transfer is completed.

#### **324.4 CUSTODY OF JUVENILES**

Deputies should take custody of a juvenile and temporarily hold the juvenile at the Storey County Sheriff's Office when there is no other lawful and practicable alternative to temporary custody. Refer to the Child Abuse Policy for additional information regarding detaining a juvenile that is suspected of being a victim.

No juvenile should be held in temporary custody at the Storey County Sheriff's Office without authorization of a supervisor.

Any juvenile taken into custody shall be released to the care of the juvenile's parent or other responsible adult or transferred to a juvenile custody facility or to other authority as soon as practicable and in no event shall a juvenile be held beyond six hours from the time of his/her entry into the Storey County Sheriff's Office (42 USC § 5633).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Temporary Custody of Juveniles

---

#### 324.4.1 CUSTODY OF JUVENILE NON-OFFENDERS

Non-offenders taken into protective custody in compliance with the Child Abuse Policy should generally not be held at the Storey County Sheriff's Office. Custodial arrangements should be made for non-offenders as soon as reasonably possible. Juvenile non-offenders may not be held in secure detention (42 USC § 5633).

#### 324.4.2 CUSTODY OF JUVENILE STATUS OFFENDERS

Status offenders should generally be released by citation or with a warning rather than taken into temporary custody. However, deputies may take custody of a status offender if requested to do so by a parent or legal guardian in order to facilitate reunification (e.g., transported home or to the station to await a parent). Juvenile status offenders may not be held in secure custody (42 USC § 5633).

#### 324.4.3 CUSTODY OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS

Juvenile offenders should be held in non-secure custody while at the Storey County Sheriff's Office unless another form of custody is authorized by this policy or is necessary due to exigent circumstances.

Generally, juvenile offenders may be taken into custody (NRS 62C.010):

- (a) When a court order authorizes custody.
- (b) When the deputy has probable cause to believe a juvenile is violating or has violated any state or local law, ordinance, or rule or regulation that would subject an adult to an arrest.

Unless impracticable or otherwise provided in this policy or ordered by the juvenile court, a juvenile shall be released to a parent, guardian or to a responsible adult who has signed a written agreement to bring the juvenile before the juvenile court. The written agreement shall be submitted to the juvenile court as soon as possible (NRS 62C.010(2)).

A juvenile offender shall not be released if he/she is in custody for a firearm offense, domestic battery or violation of a domestic violence court order (NRS 62C.060; NRS 62C.020).

A juvenile should not be released if the deputy has probable cause to believe the juvenile is likely to commit an offense that is dangerous to him/herself or to the community, is likely to commit damage to property, to run away and not appear for juvenile court proceedings, or is a fugitive from another jurisdiction (NRS 62C.030(2)).

If a juvenile offender is not released, the juvenile shall be transported to juvenile court or a designated juvenile facility without delay (NRS 62C.010(3)).

#### 324.5 ADVISEMENTS

The deputy shall promptly notify the juvenile's parent or guardian that the juvenile is in custody (NRS 62C.010).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Temporary Custody of Juveniles

---

#### **324.6 JUVENILE CUSTODY LOGS**

Any time a juvenile is held in custody at the Office, the detention shall be promptly and properly documented in the juvenile custody log maintained in by the jail. Subsequent documentation of the custody will include:

- (a) Identifying information about the juvenile being held.
- (b) Date and time of arrival and release from the Storey County Sheriff's Office.
- (c) Supervisor notification and approval to temporarily hold the juvenile.
- (d) Any charges for which the juvenile is being held and classification of the juvenile as a juvenile offender, status offender or non-offender.
- (e) Any changes in status.
- (f) Time of all welfare checks.
- (g) Any medical and other screening requested and completed.
- (h) Circumstances that justify any secure detention.
- (i) Any other information that may be required by other authorities, such as compliance inspectors or a local juvenile court authority.

The Supervisor shall initial the log to approve the detention, including any secure detention, and shall also initial the log when the juvenile is released.

#### **324.7 NO-CONTACT REQUIREMENTS**

Sight and sound separation shall be maintained between all juveniles and adults while in custody at the Office (42 USC § 5633; NRS 62C.030(3)). There should also be sight and sound separation between non-offenders and juvenile and status offenders.

In situations where brief or accidental contact may occur (e.g., during the brief time a juvenile is being fingerprinted and/or photographed in booking), a member of the Storey County Sheriff's Office shall maintain a constant, immediate presence with the juvenile or the adult to minimize any contact. If inadvertent or accidental contact does occur, reasonable efforts shall be taken to end the contact.

#### **324.8 TEMPORARY CUSTODY REQUIREMENTS**

Members and supervisors assigned to monitor or process any juvenile at the Storey County Sheriff's Office shall ensure the following:

- (a) The Shift Supervisor should be notified if it is anticipated that a juvenile may need to remain at the Storey County Sheriff's Office more than four hours. This will enable the Shift Supervisor to ensure no juvenile is held at the Storey County Sheriff's Office more than six hours.
- (b) A staff member of the same sex shall supervise personal hygiene activities and care, such as changing clothing or using the restroom, without direct observation to allow for privacy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Temporary Custody of Juveniles

---

- (c) Personal visual checks and significant incidents/activities shall be noted on the log.
- (d) There shall be no viewing devices, such as peep holes or mirrors, of which the juvenile is not aware. Therefore, an employee should inform a juvenile under his/her care that the juvenile will be monitored at all times, unless he/she is using the toilet. This does not apply to surreptitious and legally obtained recorded interrogations.
- (e) Juveniles shall have reasonable access to toilets and wash basins.
- (f) Food should be provided if a juvenile has not eaten within the past four hours or is otherwise in need of nourishment, including any special diet required for the health of the juvenile.
- (g) Juveniles shall have reasonable access to a drinking fountain or water.
- (h) Juveniles shall have reasonable opportunities to stand and stretch, particularly if handcuffed or restrained in any way.
- (i) Juveniles should have privacy during family, guardian and/or lawyer visits.
- (j) Juveniles should be permitted to remain in their personal clothing unless the clothing is taken as evidence or is otherwise unsuitable or inadequate for continued wear while in custody.
- (k) Blankets should be provided as reasonably necessary.
- (l) Adequate shelter, heat, light and ventilation should be provided without compromising security or enabling escape.
- (m) Juveniles shall have adequate furnishings, including suitable chairs or benches.
- (n) Juveniles shall have the right to the same number of telephone calls as an adult in custody.
- (o) No discipline may be administered to any juvenile, nor may juveniles be subjected to corporal or unusual punishment, humiliation or mental abuse.

#### **324.9 USE OF RESTRAINT DEVICES**

Juvenile offenders may be handcuffed in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy. A juvenile offender may be handcuffed at the Storey County Sheriff's Office when the juvenile presents a heightened risk. However, non-offenders and status offenders should not be handcuffed unless they are combative or threatening.

Other restraints shall only be used after less restrictive measures have failed and with the approval of the Shift Supervisor. Restraints shall only be used so long as it reasonably appears necessary for the juvenile's protection or the protection of others.

Juveniles in restraints shall be kept away from other unrestrained juveniles or monitored in such a way as to protect the juvenile from abuse.

#### **324.10 PERSONAL PROPERTY**

The deputy taking custody of a juvenile offender or status offender at the Storey County Sheriff's Office shall ensure a thorough search of the juvenile's property is made and all property is removed

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Temporary Custody of Juveniles

---

from the juvenile, especially those items that could compromise safety, such as pens, pencils and belts.

The personal property of a juvenile should be placed in a property bag. The property should be inventoried in the juvenile's presence and sealed into the bag. The property should be kept in a monitored or secure location until the juvenile is released from the custody of the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

#### **324.11 SECURE CUSTODY**

Only juvenile offenders 14 years of age or older may be placed in secure custody. Shift Supervisor approval is required before placing a juvenile offender in secure custody.

Secure custody should only be used for juvenile offenders when there is a reasonable belief that the juvenile is a serious risk of harm to him/herself or others.

Members of this office should not use secure custody for convenience when non-secure custody is, or later becomes, a reasonable option.

When practicable, handcuffing one hand of a juvenile offender to a fixed object while otherwise maintaining the juvenile in non-secure custody should be considered as the method of secure custody, rather than the use of a locked enclosure. An employee must be present at all times to ensure the juvenile's safety while secured to a stationary object.

Generally, juveniles should not be secured to a stationary object for more than 60 minutes. Supervisor approval is required to secure a juvenile to a stationary object for longer than 60 minutes and every 30 minutes thereafter. Supervisor approval should be documented.

##### **324.11.1 LOCKED ENCLOSURES**

A thorough inspection of the area shall be conducted before placing a juvenile into the enclosure. A second inspection shall be conducted after removing the juvenile. Any damage noted to the room should be photographed and documented in the crime report.

The following requirements shall apply to a juvenile offender who is held inside a locked enclosure:

- (a) The juvenile shall constantly be monitored by an audio/video system during the entire detention.
- (b) Juveniles shall have constant auditory access to office members.
- (c) Initial placement into and removal from a locked enclosure shall be logged.
- (d) Random personal visual checks of the juvenile by a staff member, no less than every 15 minutes, shall occur.
  1. All checks shall be logged.
  2. The check should involve questioning the juvenile as to his/her well-being (sleeping juveniles or apparently sleeping juveniles should be awakened).
  3. Requests or concerns of the juvenile should be logged.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Temporary Custody of Juveniles

---

- (e) Males and females shall not be placed in the same locked room.
- (f) Juvenile offenders should be separated according to severity of the crime (e.g., felony or misdemeanor).
- (g) Restrained juveniles shall not be mixed in a cell or room with unrestrained juveniles.

#### **324.12 SUICIDE ATTEMPT, DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY OF A JUVENILE**

The Shift Supervisor will ensure procedures are in place to address the suicide attempt, death or serious injury of any juvenile held at the Storey County Sheriff's Office. The procedures will address:

- (a) Immediate notification of the Sheriff and Investigation Unit.
- (b) Notification of the parent, guardian or person standing in loco parentis, of the juvenile.
- (c) Notification of the District Attorney.
- (d) Evidence preservation.

#### **324.13 INTERVIEWING OR INTERROGATING JUVENILE SUSPECTS**

No interview or interrogation of a juvenile should occur unless the juvenile has the apparent capacity to consent, and does consent to an interview or interrogation.

#### **324.14 RESTRICTION ON FINGERPRINTING AND PHOTOGRAPHING**

A juvenile offender must be fingerprinted and photographed if in custody for an unlawful act that, if committed by an adult, would have been a felony or misdemeanor or other offense identified in NRS 62H.010. The fingerprints and photographs of juveniles will be maintained as required by NRS 62H.010.

## Adult Abuse

### 326.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the investigation and reporting of suspected abuse of certain adults who may be more vulnerable than others. This policy also addresses mandatory notification for Storey County Sheriff's Office members as required by law.

#### 326.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Adult abuse** - Any offense or attempted offense involving violence or neglect of an adult victim, when committed by a person responsible for the adult's care, or any other act that would mandate reporting or notification to a social service agency or law enforcement. It includes the abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of a person who is 60 years of age or older (older person) or who is a person 18 years or older who suffers from physical or mental incapacitation because of a developmental disability, organic brain damage or mental illness or has one or more physical or mental limitations that restrict the person's ability to perform the normal activities of daily living (vulnerable person) (NRS 200.5092).

### 326.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will investigate all reported incidents of alleged adult abuse and ensure proper reporting and notification as required by law.

### 326.3 NOTIFICATION

Members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office should notify the local office of the Aging and Disability Services Division (ADSD) of the Department of Health and Human Services when there is reasonable cause to believe that an older or vulnerable person has been abused, neglected, exploited, isolated or abandoned (NRS 200.5093; NRS 200.50935).

For purposes of notification, abuse means infliction of pain, injury or mental anguish or deprivation of food, shelter, clothing or other services necessary to maintain the physical or mental health of an older person. Abuse also includes the infliction of psychological or emotional anguish, pain or distress and nonconsensual sexual contact. Exploitation means any act by a person who has the trust and confidence of an older or vulnerable person and obtains control, through deception, intimidation or undue influence, over the older or vulnerable person's assets or property as defined in NRS 200.5092.

Any member who knows or has reasonable cause to believe that an older person or a vulnerable person has died as a result of abuse, neglect, isolation or abandonment shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, report this belief to the appropriate medical examiner or coroner (NRS 200.5093; NRS 200.50935).

#### 326.3.1 NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE FOR OLDER ADULTS

Notification to ADSD should occur as follows (NRS 200.5093):

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Adult Abuse

---

- (a) All notifications to ADSD should be made by telephone as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours. Information provided to ADSD should include, if known:
  - 1. The name and address of the older person.
  - 2. The name and address of the person responsible for care for the older person.
  - 3. The name and address of the person alleged to have abused, neglected, exploited isolated or abandoned the person.
  - 4. The nature and extent of the abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment.
  - 5. Any evidence of previous injuries.
  - 6. The basis of the belief that the older person has been abused, neglected, exploited, isolated or abandoned.

#### **326.4 QUALIFIED INVESTIGATORS**

Qualified investigators should be available to investigate cases of adult abuse. These investigators should:

- (a) Conduct interviews in appropriate interview facilities.
- (b) Be familiar with forensic interview techniques specific to adult abuse investigations.
- (c) Present all cases of alleged adult abuse to the prosecutor for review.
- (d) Coordinate with other enforcement agencies, social service agencies and facility administrators as needed.
- (e) Provide referrals to therapy services, victim advocates, guardians and support for the victim and family as appropriate.
- (f) Participate in or coordinate with multidisciplinary investigative teams as applicable.

#### **326.5 INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTING**

All reported or suspected cases of adult abuse require investigation and a report, even if the allegations appear unfounded or unsubstantiated.

Investigations and reports related to suspected cases of adult abuse should address, as applicable:

- (a) The overall basis for the contact. This should be done by the investigating deputy in all circumstances where a suspected adult abuse victim is contacted.
- (b) Any relevant statements the victim may have made and to whom he/she made the statements.
- (c) If a person is taken into protective custody, the reasons, the name and title of the person making the decision, and why other alternatives were not appropriate.
- (d) Documentation of any visible injuries or any injuries identified by the victim. This should include photographs of such injuries, if practicable.
- (e) Whether the victim was transported for medical treatment or a medical examination.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Adult Abuse

---

- (f) Whether the victim identified a household member as the alleged perpetrator, and a list of the names of any other potential victims or witnesses who may reside in the residence.
- (g) Identification of any prior related reports or allegations of abuse, including other jurisdictions, as reasonably known.
- (h) Previous addresses of the victim and suspect.
- (i) Other potential witnesses who have not yet been interviewed, such as relatives or others close to the victim's environment.

Any unexplained death of an adult who was in the care of a guardian or caretaker should be considered as potential adult abuse and investigated similarly.

#### **326.5.1 OBTAINING ARREST WARRANT**

Deputies shall promptly seek a warrant for the arrest of any person for whom deputies have probable cause to believe is criminally responsible for the abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of an older person or a vulnerable person (NRS 200.50955).

#### **326.6 PROTECTIVE CUSTODY**

Before taking an adult abuse victim into protective custody when facts indicate the adult may not be able to care for him/herself, the deputy should make reasonable attempts to contact ADSD. Generally, removal of an adult abuse victim from his/her family, guardian or other responsible adult should be left to the welfare authorities when they are present or have become involved in an investigation.

Generally, members of this office should remove an adult abuse victim from his/her family or guardian without a court order only when no other effective alternative is reasonably available and immediate action reasonably appears necessary to protect the victim. Prior to taking an adult abuse victim into protective custody, the deputy should take reasonable steps to deliver the adult to another qualified legal guardian, unless it reasonably appears that the release would endanger the victim or result in abduction. If this is not a reasonable option, the deputy shall ensure that the adult is delivered to ADSD.

Whenever practicable, the deputy should inform a supervisor of the circumstances prior to taking an adult abuse victim into protective custody. If prior notification is not practicable, deputies should contact a supervisor promptly after taking the adult into protective custody.

When adult abuse victims are under state control, have a state-appointed guardian or there are other legal holdings for guardianship, it may be necessary or reasonable to seek a court order on behalf of the adult victim to either remove the adult from a dangerous environment (protective custody) or restrain a person from contact with the adult.

#### **326.7 INTERVIEWS**

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Adult Abuse

---

#### 326.7.1 PRELIMINARY INTERVIEWS

Absent extenuating circumstances or impracticality, deputies should audio record the preliminary interview with a suspected adult abuse victim. Deputies should avoid multiple interviews with the victim and should attempt to gather only the information necessary to begin an investigation. When practicable, investigating deputies should defer interviews until a person who is specially trained in such interviews is available.

#### 326.7.2 DETAINING VICTIMS FOR INTERVIEWS

A deputy should not detain an adult involuntarily who is suspected of being a victim of abuse solely for the purpose of an interview or physical exam without his/her consent or the consent of a guardian unless one of the following applies:

- (a) Exigent circumstances exist, such as:
  - 1. A reasonable belief that medical issues of the adult need to be addressed immediately.
  - 2. A reasonable belief that the adult is or will be in danger of harm if the interview or physical exam is not immediately completed.
  - 3. The alleged offender is a family member or guardian and there is reason to believe the adult may be in continued danger.
- (b) A court order or warrant has been issued.

#### 326.8 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS

When an adult abuse investigation requires a medical examination, the investigating deputy should obtain consent for such examination from the victim, guardian, agency or entity having legal custody of the adult. The deputy should also arrange for the adult's transportation to the appropriate medical facility.

In cases where the alleged offender is a family member, guardian, agency or entity having legal custody and is refusing to give consent for the medical examination, deputies should notify a supervisor before proceeding. If exigent circumstances do not exist or if state law does not provide for deputies to take the adult for a medical examination, the supervisor should consider other government agencies or services that may obtain a court order for such an examination.

#### 326.9 DRUG-ENDANGERED VICTIMS

A coordinated response by law enforcement and social services agencies is appropriate to meet the immediate and longer-term medical and safety needs of an adult abuse victim who has been exposed to the manufacturing, trafficking or use of narcotics.

##### 326.9.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

The Investigation Unit supervisor should:

- (a) Work with professionals from the appropriate agencies, including ADSD, other law enforcement agencies, medical service providers and local prosecutors, to develop community-specific procedures for responding to situations where there are adult abuse

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Adult Abuse

---

victims endangered by exposure to methamphetamine labs or the manufacture and trafficking of other drugs.

- (b) Activate any available interagency response when a deputy notifies the Investigation Unit supervisor that he/she has responded to a drug lab or other narcotics crime scene where an adult abuse victim is present or where evidence indicates that an adult abuse victim lives.
- (c) Develop a report format or checklist for use when deputies respond to drug labs or other narcotics crime scenes. The checklist will help deputies document the environmental, medical, social and other conditions that may affect the adult.

#### 326.9.2 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES

Deputies responding to a drug lab or other narcotics crime scene where an adult abuse victim is present or where there is evidence that an adult abuse victim lives should:

- (a) Document the environmental, medical, social and other conditions of the adult, using photography as appropriate and the checklist or form developed for this purpose.
- (b) Notify the Investigation Unit supervisor so an interagency response can begin.

#### 326.10 STATE MANDATES AND OTHER RELEVANT LAWS

Nevada requires or permits the following:

##### 326.10.1 RECORDS SECTION RESPONSIBILITIES

The Records Section is responsible for:

- (a) Providing a copy of the adult abuse report for older persons to the ADSD and to the Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes Against Older Persons in the office of the Attorney General as required by law (NRS 200.5093).
- (b) Redacting the name and any other identifying information of the person who made the report before releasing data or information in the report as authorized by NRS 200.5095.
- (c) Retaining the original adult abuse report with the initial case file.

##### 326.10.2 RELEASE OF REPORTS

Information related to incidents of adult abuse or suspected adult abuse shall be confidential and may only be disclosed pursuant to state law and the Records Maintenance and Release Policy (NRS 200.5095).

#### 326.11 TRAINING

The Office should provide training on best practices in adult abuse investigations to members tasked with investigating these cases. The training should include:

- (a) Participating in multidisciplinary investigations, as appropriate.
- (b) Conducting interviews.
- (c) Availability of therapy services for adults and families.
- (d) Availability of specialized forensic medical exams.
- (e) Cultural competence (including interpretive services) related to adult abuse investigations.

Storey County Sheriff's Office  
Policy Manual

*Adult Abuse*

---

- (f) Availability of victim advocates or other support.

---

## Discriminatory Harassment

### 328.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy is intended to prevent office members from being subjected to discrimination or sexual harassment.

### 328.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office is an equal opportunity employer and is committed to creating and maintaining a work environment that is free of all forms of discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and retaliation. The Office will not tolerate discrimination against members in hiring, promotion, discharge, compensation, fringe benefits and other privileges of employment. The Office will take preventive and corrective action to address any behavior that violates this policy or the rights it is designed to protect.

The nondiscrimination policies of the Office may be more comprehensive than state or federal law. Conduct that violates this policy may not violate state or federal law but still could subject a member to discipline.

### 328.3 DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED

#### 328.3.1 DISCRIMINATION

The Office prohibits all forms of discrimination, including any employment-related action by a member that adversely affects an applicant or member and is based on race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin or ancestry, genetic information, disability, military service, sexual orientation and other classifications protected by law.

Discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment, is verbal or physical conduct that demeans or shows hostility or aversion toward an individual based upon that individual's protected class. It has the effect of interfering with an individual's work performance or creating a hostile or abusive work environment.

Conduct that may, under certain circumstances, constitute discriminatory harassment can include making derogatory comments, crude and offensive statements or remarks; making slurs or off-color jokes; stereotyping; engaging in threatening acts; making indecent gestures, pictures, cartoons, posters or material; making inappropriate physical contact; or using written material or office equipment and/or systems to transmit or receive offensive material, statements or pictures. Such conduct is contrary to office policy and to the office's commitment to a discrimination free work environment.

#### 328.3.2 SEXUAL HARASSMENT

The Office prohibits all forms of discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment. It is unlawful to harass an applicant or a member because of that person's sex.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Discriminatory Harassment

---

Sexual harassment includes, but is not limited to, unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors or other verbal, visual or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

- (a) Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly as a term or condition of employment, position or compensation.
- (b) Submission to, or rejection of, such conduct is used as the basis for any employment decisions affecting the member.
- (c) Such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with a member's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment.

#### 328.3.3 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Discrimination and discriminatory harassment do not include actions that are in accordance with established rules, principles or standards including:

- (a) Acts or omission of acts based solely upon bona fide occupational qualifications under the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or the Nevada Equal Rights Commission.
- (b) Bona fide requests or demands by a supervisor that a member improve his/her work quality or output, that the member report to the job site on time, that the member comply with County or office rules or regulations, or any other appropriate work-related communication between supervisor and member.

#### 328.3.4 RETALIATION

Retaliation is treating a person differently or engaging in acts of reprisal or intimidation against the person because he/she has engaged in protected activity, filed a charge of discrimination, participated in an investigation or opposed a discriminatory practice. Retaliation will not be tolerated.

#### 328.4 RESPONSIBILITIES

This policy applies to all office personnel. All members shall follow the intent of these guidelines in a manner that reflects office policy, professional law enforcement standards and the best interest of the Office and its mission.

Members are encouraged to promptly report any discriminatory, retaliatory or harassing conduct or known violations of this policy to a supervisor. Any member who is not comfortable with reporting violations of this policy to his/her immediate supervisor may bypass the chain of command and make the report to a higher ranking supervisor or manager. Complaints may also be filed with the Sheriff, HR Director or the County Manager.

Any member who believes, in good faith, that he/she has been discriminated against, harassed, subjected to retaliation, or who has observed harassment or discrimination, is encouraged to promptly report such conduct in accordance with the procedures set forth in this policy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Discriminatory Harassment

---

Supervisors and managers receiving information regarding alleged violations of this policy shall determine if there is any basis for the allegation and shall proceed with resolution as stated below.

#### **328.4.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

Each supervisor and manager shall:

- (a) Continually monitor the work environment and strive to ensure that it is free from all types of unlawful discrimination, including harassment or retaliation.
- (b) Take prompt, appropriate action within their work units to avoid and minimize the incidence of any form of discrimination, harassment or retaliation.
- (c) Ensure their subordinates understand their responsibilities under this policy.
- (d) Ensure that members who make complaints or who oppose any unlawful employment practices are protected from retaliation and that such matters are kept confidential to the extent possible.
- (e) Notify the Sheriff or the HR Director in writing of the circumstances surrounding any reported allegations or observed acts of discrimination, harassment or retaliation no later than the next business day.

#### **328.4.2 SUPERVISOR'S ROLE**

Because of differences in individual values, supervisors and managers may find it difficult to recognize that their behavior or the behavior of others is discriminatory, harassing or retaliatory. Supervisors and managers shall be aware of the following considerations:

- (a) Behavior of supervisors and managers should represent the values of the Office and professional law enforcement standards.
- (b) False or mistaken accusations of discrimination, harassment or retaliation have negative effects on the careers of innocent members.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent supervisors or managers from discharging supervisory or management responsibilities, such as determining duty assignments, evaluating or counseling members or issuing discipline, in a manner that is consistent with established procedures.

#### **328.5 INVESTIGATION OF COMPLAINTS**

Various methods of resolution exist. During the pendency of any such investigation, the supervisor of the involved member should take prompt and reasonable steps to mitigate or eliminate any continuing abusive hostile work environment. It is the policy of the Office that all complaints of discrimination or harassment shall be fully documented, and promptly and thoroughly investigated. The participating or opposing member should be protected against retaliation, and the complaint and related investigation should be kept confidential to the extent possible.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Discriminatory Harassment

---

#### **328.5.1 SUPERVISORY RESOLUTION**

Members who believe they are experiencing discrimination, harassment or retaliation should be encouraged to inform the individual that his/her behavior is unwelcome, offensive, unprofessional or inappropriate. However, if the member feels uncomfortable, threatened or has difficulty expressing his/her concern, or if this does not resolve the concern, assistance should be sought from a supervisor or manager who is a rank higher than the alleged transgressor.

#### **328.5.2 FORMAL INVESTIGATION**

If the complaint cannot be satisfactorily resolved through the supervisory resolution process, a formal investigation will be conducted.

The member assigned to investigate the complaint will have full authority to investigate all aspects of the complaint. Investigative authority includes access to records and the cooperation of any members involved. No influence will be used to suppress any complaint and no member will be subject to retaliation or reprisal for filing a complaint, encouraging others to file a complaint or for offering testimony or evidence in any investigation.

Formal investigation of the complaint will be confidential to the extent possible and will include, but is not limited to, details of the specific incident, frequency and dates of occurrences and names of any witnesses. Witnesses will be advised regarding the prohibition against retaliation, and that a disciplinary process, up to and including termination, may result if retaliation occurs.

Members who believe they have been discriminated against, harassed or retaliated against because of their protected status are encouraged to follow the chain of command but may also file a complaint directly with the Sheriff, the HR Director or the County Manager.

#### **328.5.3 ALTERNATIVE COMPLAINT PROCESS**

No provision of this policy shall be construed to prevent any member from seeking legal redress outside the Office. Members who believe that they have been harassed, discriminated or retaliated against are entitled to bring complaints of employment discrimination to federal, state and/or local agencies responsible for investigating such allegations. Specific time limitations apply to the filing of such charges. Members are advised that proceeding with complaints under the provisions of this policy does not in any way affect those filing requirements.

#### **328.6 NOTIFICATION OF DISPOSITION**

The complainant and/or victim will be notified in writing of the disposition of the investigation and the action taken to remedy or address the circumstances giving rise to the complaint.

#### **328.7 DOCUMENTATION OF COMPLAINTS**

All complaints or allegations shall be thoroughly documented on forms and in a manner designated by the Sheriff. The outcome of all reports shall be:

- Approved by the Sheriff, the County Manager or the HR Director if more appropriate.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Discriminatory Harassment

---

- Maintained for the period established in the office's records retention schedule.

#### **328.8 TRAINING**

All new members shall be provided with a copy of this policy as part of their orientation. The policy shall be reviewed with each new member. The member shall certify by signing the prescribed form that he/she has been advised of this policy, is aware of and understands its contents and agrees to abide by its provisions during his/her term of employment.

All members shall receive annual training on the requirements of this policy and shall certify by signing the prescribed form that they have reviewed the policy, understand its contents and agree that they will continue to abide by its provisions.

##### **328.8.1 QUESTIONS OR CLARIFICATION**

Members with questions regarding what constitutes discrimination, sexual harassment or retaliation are encouraged to contact a supervisor, manager, the Sheriff, the HR Director or the County Manager for further information, direction or clarification.

## Child Abuse

### 330.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the investigation of suspected child abuse. This policy also addresses when Storey County Sheriff's Office members are required to notify Child Protective Services (CPS) of suspected child abuse.

#### 330.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Child** - Unless otherwise specified by a cited statute, a child is any person under the age of 18 years.

**Child abuse** - Any offense or attempted offense involving violence or neglect with a child victim when committed by a person responsible for the child's care or any other act that would mandate notification to a social service agency.

### 330.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will investigate all reported incidents of alleged criminal child abuse and ensure CPS is notified as required by law.

### 330.3 MANDATORY NOTIFICATION

Members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office shall notify CPS when a report of possible child abuse or neglect is received or when there is reasonable cause to believe that a child has been abused or neglected. Notification is mandatory if the abuse or neglect involves a person who is under 18 years of age or if in school, until graduation from high school (NRS 432B.260(1); NRS 432B.040).

For purposes of notification abuse or neglect of a child includes physical or mental injuries of a non-accidental nature, sexual abuse or sexual exploitation, or negligent treatment or maltreatment as described in NRS 432B.140 (NRS 432B.020).

#### 330.3.1 NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE

Notification should occur as follows (NRS 432B.220):

- (a) Notification to CPS shall be made as soon as reasonably practicable but not later than 24 hours after a member knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the child has been abused or neglected.
- (b) Notification, when possible, shall include (NRS 432B.230):
  1. The name, address, age and sex of the child.
  2. The name and address of the child's parents or other person who is responsible for care of the child.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Child Abuse

---

3. The nature and extent of the abuse or neglect, including the effect of prenatal illegal substance abuse on a newborn infant or the nature of the withdrawal symptoms resulting from prenatal drug exposure of a newborn infant.
  4. Any evidence of previously known or suspected abuse or neglect of the child or the child's siblings.
  5. The name, address and relationship, if known, of the person who is alleged to have abused or neglected the child.
  6. Any other information known to the person making the report.
- (c) If the abuse or neglect results in the death of a child, the appropriate Medical Examiner shall be notified (NRS 432B.220(6)).

When the abuse or neglect occurs at a facility that requires a state license (i.e., foster care, group home, day care) or is alleged to have been committed by a person required to be licensed, notification shall promptly be made to the appropriate licensing authority (NRS 432B.260).

#### **330.4 QUALIFIED INVESTIGATORS**

Qualified investigators should be available for child abuse investigations. These investigators should:

- (a) Conduct interviews in child appropriate interview facilities.
- (b) Be familiar with forensic interview techniques specific to child abuse investigations.
- (c) Present all cases of alleged child abuse to the prosecutor for review.
- (d) Coordinate with other enforcement agencies, social service agencies and school administrators as needed.
- (e) Provide referrals to therapy services, victim advocates, guardians and support for the child and family as appropriate.
- (f) Participate in or coordinate with multidisciplinary investigative teams as applicable.

#### **330.5 INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTING**

In all reported or suspected cases of child abuse, a report will be written. Deputies shall write a report even if the allegations appear unfounded or unsubstantiated (NRS 432B.220).

Investigations and reports related to suspected cases of child abuse should address, as applicable:

- (a) The overall basis for the contact. This should be done by the investigating deputy in all circumstances where a suspected child abuse victim was contacted.
- (b) The exigent circumstances that existed if deputies interviewed the child victim without the presence of a parent or guardian.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Child Abuse

---

- (c) Any relevant statements the child may have made and to whom he/she made the statements.
- (d) If a child was taken into protective custody, the reasons, the name and title of the person making the decision, and why other alternatives were not appropriate.
- (e) Documentation of any visible injuries or any injuries identified by the child. This should include photographs of such injuries, if practicable.
- (f) Whether the child victim was transported for medical treatment or a medical examination.
- (g) Whether the victim identified a household member as the alleged perpetrator, and a list of the names of any other children who may reside in the residence.
- (h) Identification of any prior related reports or allegations of child abuse, including other jurisdictions, as reasonably known.
- (i) Previous addresses of the victim and suspect.
- (j) Other potential witnesses who have not yet been interviewed, such as relatives or others close to the victim's environment.

All cases of the unexplained death of a child should be investigated as thoroughly as if it had been a case of suspected child abuse (e.g., a sudden or unexplained death of an infant).

#### **330.5.1 MANDATORY ACTION UPON RECEIPT OF A REPORT**

All reported incidents of possible child abuse shall be immediately evaluated to determine the required action. Evaluation may necessitate a deputy's response to assess the circumstances and determine the required reporting and investigation. Any report of possible abuse received by this office shall be immediately investigated if the report indicates (NRS 432B.260):

- (a) There is a high risk of serious harm to the child.
- (b) The child has suffered a fatality.
- (c) The child is living in a household in which another child has died, or the child is seriously injured or has visible signs of physical abuse.

#### **330.6 PROTECTIVE CUSTODY**

Before taking any child into protective custody, the deputy should make reasonable attempts to contact CPS. Generally, removal of a child from his/her family, guardian or other responsible adult should be left to the child welfare authorities when they are present or have become involved in an investigation.

Generally, members of this office should remove a child from his/her parent or guardian without a court order only when no other effective alternative is reasonably available and immediate action reasonably appears necessary to protect the child. Prior to taking a child into protective custody, the deputy should take reasonable steps to deliver the child to another qualified parent or legal guardian, unless it reasonably appears that the release would endanger the child or result in

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Child Abuse

---

abduction. If this is not a reasonable option, the deputy shall ensure that the child is delivered to CPS.

Whenever practicable, the deputy should inform a supervisor of the circumstances prior to taking a child into protective custody. If prior notification is not practicable, deputies should contact a supervisor promptly after taking a child into protective custody.

Children may only be removed from a parent or guardian in the following situations (NRS 432B.390):

- (a) The deputy has reasonable cause to believe that immediate action is necessary to protect the child from injury, abuse or neglect.
- (b) The deputy has reasonable cause to believe that the death of the child's parent is or may be the result of an act committed by the other parent that constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018.

#### 330.6.1 PROCEDURE

A deputy placing a child in protective custody shall (NRS 432B.390(8)):

- (a) Present identification when taking a child into protective custody, as required (NRS 432B.390).
- (b) Immediately take steps to protect all other children remaining in the home or facility, if necessary.
- (c) Immediately make a reasonable effort to notify the person responsible for the child's welfare that the child has been placed in protective custody.
- (d) As soon as practicable, notify the agency that provides child welfare services of the placement. Notification shall be made immediately if the child is under 6 years of age and placement is pursuant to the provisions of NRS 432B.3905.

#### 330.6.2 SAFE HAVEN PROVISION

A parent may surrender an infant who is not more than 30 days old to this office if the parent is delivering the child voluntarily and does not express an intent to return for the child. Upon surrender, the deputy shall:

- (a) Whenever possible make the parental notifications required in NRS 432B.630.
- (b) Immediately advise the Shift Supervisor.
- (c) Immediately arrange for the safe delivery of the child to a hospital, an obstetric center or an independent center for emergency medical care.
- (d) Make reasonable investigation to determine whether the child has been reported as a missing child.
- (e) Notify CPS as soon as practicable but not later than 24 hours.
- (f) Complete all appropriate reports.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Child Abuse

---

A person does not commit abuse, neglect or endangerment of a child when surrendering an infant to a provider of emergency services (NRS 432B.630; NRS 200.508).

#### **330.7 INTERVIEWS**

##### **330.7.1 PRELIMINARY INTERVIEWS**

Absent extenuating circumstances or impracticality, deputies should record the preliminary interview with suspected child abuse victims. Deputies should avoid multiple interviews with a child victim and should attempt to gather only the information necessary to begin an investigation. When practicable, investigating deputies should defer interviews until a person who is specially trained in such interviews is available. Generally, child victims should not be interviewed in the home or location where the alleged abuse occurred.

##### **330.7.2 DETAINING SUSPECTED CHILD ABUSE VICTIMS FOR AN INTERVIEW**

A deputy should not detain a child involuntarily who is suspected of being a victim of child abuse solely for the purpose of an interview or physical exam without the consent of a parent or guardian unless one of the following applies:

- (a) Exigent circumstances exist, such as:
  - 1. A reasonable belief that medical issues of the child need to be addressed immediately.
  - 2. A reasonable belief that the child is or will be in danger of harm if the interview or physical exam is not immediately completed.
  - 3. The alleged offender is the custodial parent or guardian and there is reason to believe the child may be in continued danger.
- (b) A court order or warrant has been issued.

#### **330.8 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

If the child has been the victim of abuse that requires a medical examination, the investigating deputy should obtain consent for such examination from the appropriate parent, guardian or agency having legal custody of the child. The deputy should also arrange for the child's transportation to the appropriate medical facility.

In cases where the alleged offender is the custodial parent or guardian and is refusing consent for the medical examination, deputies should notify a supervisor before proceeding. If exigent circumstances do not exist or if state law does not provide for deputies to take the child for a medical examination, the notified supervisor should consider obtaining a court order for such an examination.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Child Abuse*

---

#### **330.9 DRUG-ENDANGERED CHILDREN**

A coordinated response by law enforcement and social services agencies is appropriate to meet the immediate and longer-term medical and safety needs of children exposed to the manufacturing, trafficking or use of narcotics.

##### **330.9.1 INVESTIGATOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Investigation Unit should:

- (a) Work with professionals from the appropriate agencies, including CPS, other law enforcement agencies, medical service providers and local prosecutors to develop community specific procedures for responding to situations where there are children endangered by exposure to methamphetamine labs or the manufacture and trafficking of other drugs.
- (b) Activate any available interagency response when a deputy notifies the Investigation Unit that the deputy has responded to a drug lab or other narcotics crime scene where a child is present or where evidence indicates that a child lives there.
- (c) Develop a report format or checklist for use when deputies respond to drug labs or other narcotics crime scenes. The checklist will help deputies document the environmental, medical, social and other conditions that may affect the child.

##### **330.9.2 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES**

Deputies responding to a drug lab or other narcotics crime scene where a child is present or where there is evidence that a child lives should:

- (a) Document the environmental, medical, social and other conditions of the child using photography as appropriate and the checklist or form developed for this purpose.
- (b) Notify the Investigation Unit Supervisor so an interagency response can begin.

#### **330.10 STATE MANDATES AND OTHER RELEVANT LAWS**

Nevada requires or permits the following:

##### **330.10.1 RELEASE OF REPORTS**

Information related to incidents of child abuse or suspected child abuse shall be confidential and may only be disclosed pursuant to state law and the Records Maintenance and Release Policy (NRS 432B.280; NRS 432B.290).

##### **330.10.2 REQUIRED REPORTING TO CENTRAL REGISTRY**

The deputy investigating a report of abuse or neglect of a child shall, upon completing the investigation, report the following to the Central Registry unless addressed by CPS (NRS 432B.310):

- (a) The identifying and demographic information of:
  1. The child alleged to be abused or neglected.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Child Abuse

---

2. The parents and any other person responsible for the welfare of the child.
  3. The person allegedly responsible for the abuse or neglect.
- (b) The facts of the alleged abuse or neglect, including:
1. The date and type of alleged abuse or neglect.
  2. The manner in which the abuse was inflicted.
  3. The severity of the injuries.
  4. Any information concerning the death of the child, if applicable.
- (c) The disposition of the case.

#### **330.11 TRAINING**

The Office should provide training on best practices in child abuse investigations to members tasked with investigating these cases. The training should include:

- (a) Participating in multidisciplinary investigations, as appropriate.
- (b) Conducting forensic interviews.
- (c) Availability of therapy services for children and families.
- (d) Availability of specialized forensic medical exams.
- (e) Cultural competence (including interpretive services) related to child abuse investigations.
- (f) Availability of victim advocate or guardian ad litem support.

## Missing Persons

### 332.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for handling missing person investigations.

#### 332.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**At risk** - This includes persons who:

- (a) Are 18 years of age or younger.
- (b) Regardless of age, are believed or determined to be experiencing one or more of the following circumstances:
  1. Out of the zone of safety for his/her chronological age and developmental stage.
  2. Mentally or behaviorally disabled.
  3. Drug dependent, including prescribed medication and/or illegal substances, and the dependency is potentially life-threatening.
  4. Absent from home for more than 24 hours before being reported to law enforcement as missing.
  5. In a life-threatening situation.
  6. In the company of others who could endanger his/her welfare.
  7. Absent in a way that is inconsistent with established patterns of behavior and cannot be readily explained. Most children have an established and reasonably predictable routine.
  8. Involved in a situation that would cause a reasonable person to conclude the person should be considered at risk.

**Missing person** - Any person who is reported missing to law enforcement when that person's location is unknown. This includes a person under the age of 18 years who has run away or is otherwise missing from the lawful care, custody and control of his/her parent or guardian (NRS 432.150).

**Missing person networks** - Databases or computer networks that are available to law enforcement and are suitable for obtaining information related to missing person investigations. This includes the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) and the Nevada Clearinghouse for Missing and Exploited Children (NevCMEC).

### 332.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office does not consider any report of a missing person to be routine and assumes that the missing person is in need of immediate assistance until an investigation reveals otherwise. Priority shall be given to missing person cases over property-related cases.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Missing Persons

---

Members will initiate an investigation into all reports of missing persons, regardless of the length of time the person has been missing.

#### **332.3 REQUIRED FORMS AND BIOLOGICAL SAMPLE COLLECTION KITS**

The Investigation Unit Supervisor shall ensure the following forms and kits are developed and available:

- Missing person report form
- Missing person investigation checklist that provides investigation guidelines and resources that could be helpful in the early hours of a missing person investigation
- Missing person school notification form
- Medical records release form
- Biological sample collection kits

#### **332.4 ACCEPTANCE OF REPORTS**

Any member encountering a person who wishes to report a missing person or runaway shall render assistance without delay. This can be accomplished by accepting the report via telephone or in-person and initiating the investigation. Those members who do not take such reports or who are unable to give immediate assistance shall promptly dispatch or alert a member who can take the report (NRS 432.200).

A report shall be accepted in all cases and regardless of where the person was last seen, where the person resides or any question of jurisdiction (NRS 432.190).

#### **332.5 INITIAL INVESTIGATION**

Deputies or other members conducting the initial investigation of a missing person should take the following investigative actions, as applicable:

- (a) Respond to a dispatched call as soon as practicable.
- (b) Interview the reporting party and any witnesses to determine whether the person qualifies as a missing person and, if so, whether the person may be at risk.
- (c) Notify a supervisor immediately if there is evidence that a missing person is either at risk (NRS 432.190) or may qualify for a public alert, or both (see the Public Alerts Policy).
- (d) Broadcast a "Be on the Look-Out" (BOLO) bulletin if the person is at risk. The BOLO should be broadcast as soon as practicable but in no event more than one hour after determining the missing person is at risk.
- (e) Ensure that entries are made into the appropriate missing person networks:
  1. Immediately, when the missing person is at risk (NRS 432.205).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Missing Persons

---

2. In all other cases, as soon as practicable, but not later than two hours from the time of the initial report.
- (f) Complete the appropriate report forms accurately and completely and initiate a search as applicable under the facts.
- (g) Collect and/or review:
1. A photograph and fingerprint card of the missing person, if available.
  2. A voluntarily provided biological sample of the missing person, if available (e.g., toothbrush, hairbrush).
  3. Any documents that may assist in the investigation, such as court orders regarding custody.
  4. Any other evidence that may assist in the investigation, including personal electronic devices (e.g., cell phones, computers).
- (h) When circumstances permit and if appropriate, attempt to determine the missing person's location through his/her telecommunications carrier.
- (i) Contact the appropriate agency if the report relates to a missing person report previously made to another agency and that agency is actively investigating the report. When this is not practicable, the information should be documented in an appropriate report for transmission to the appropriate agency. If the information relates to an at-risk missing person, the member should notify a supervisor and proceed with reasonable steps to locate the missing person.

#### 332.5.1 SPECIFIC INVESTIGATION DUTIES FOR MISSING CHILD

In conducting an investigation of a missing child 17 years old or younger, deputies shall:

- (a) Classify the cause of the disappearance of the child as "runaway," "abducted by a parent," "abducted by a stranger" or "cause of disappearance unknown" and shall (NRS 432.200; NRS 432.205; NRS 432.210):
1. Enter into the NCIC Missing Person File, as miscellaneous information, any person reasonably believed to have unlawfully abducted or detained the missing child, or aided or abetted the unlawful abduction or detention.
  2. Immediately provide the NCIC, for the entry into the Wanted Person File, any warrant information for the arrest of a person suspected in the child's disappearance or concealment, including identifying and descriptive information concerning:
    - (a) The suspect.
    - (b) As miscellaneous information, the missing child.
  3. Cross-reference suspect and miscellaneous information with the NCIC Missing Person File.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Missing Persons

---

4. Promptly seek a warrant for the arrest of any person believed to be criminally responsible for the disappearance of a child.
5. Take steps to ensure that the NevCMEC is notified immediately if a request is made for the birth certificate or educational records of a missing child and any information as to who made the request without alerting the requesting person.
6. Use available federal databases.

#### **332.6 REPORT PROCEDURES AND ROUTING**

Members should complete all missing person reports and forms promptly and advise the appropriate supervisor as soon as a missing person report is ready for review.

##### **332.6.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of the supervisor shall include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Reviewing and approving missing person reports upon receipt.
  1. The reports should be promptly sent to the Records Section.
- (b) Ensuring resources are deployed as appropriate.
- (c) Initiating a command post as needed.
- (d) Ensuring applicable notifications and public alerts are made and documented.
- (e) Ensuring that records have been entered into the appropriate missing persons networks.
- (f) Taking reasonable steps to identify and address any jurisdictional issues to ensure cooperation among agencies.
  1. If the case falls within the jurisdiction of another agency, the supervisor should facilitate transfer of the case to the agency of jurisdiction.

##### **332.6.2 RECORDS SECTION RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of the Records Section receiving member shall include, but are not limited to:

- (a) As soon as reasonable under the circumstances, notifying and forwarding a copy of the report to the agency of jurisdiction for the missing person's residence in cases where the missing person is a resident of another jurisdiction.
- (b) Notifying and forwarding a copy of the report to the agency of jurisdiction where the missing person was last seen.
- (c) Notifying and forwarding a copy of the report to the agency of jurisdiction for the missing person's intended or possible destination, if known.
- (d) Forwarding a copy of the report to the Investigation Unit.
- (e) Coordinating with the NCIC Terminal Contractor for Nevada to have the missing person record in the NCIC computer networks updated with additional information obtained from missing person investigations (42 USC § 5780).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Missing Persons

---

#### **332.7 INVESTIGATION UNIT FOLLOW-UP**

In addition to completing or continuing any actions listed above, the investigator assigned to a missing person investigation:

- (a) Should ensure that the missing person's school is notified within 10 days if the missing person is a juvenile.
  1. The notice shall be in writing and should also include a photograph.
  2. The investigator should meet with school officials as appropriate to stress the importance of including the notice in the child's student file, along with the investigator's contact information if the school receives a call requesting the transfer of the missing child's files to another school.
- (b) Should re-contact the reporting person and/or other witnesses within 30 days of the initial report and within 30 days thereafter to keep them informed, as appropriate, and to determine if any additional information has become available.
- (c) Shall, if the missing person is a child less than 18 years of age send the missing person's parent, guardian or next of kin a request for certain identifying information that the NCIC recommends be provided, if previously not obtained during the course of the investigation. The information gathered shall be forwarded to the NCIC (NRS 432.200(3); NRS 480.500(3)).
- (d) Should consider contacting other agencies involved in the case to determine if any additional information is available.
- (e) Shall verify and update the NevCMEC, NCIC and any other applicable missing person networks within 30 days of the original entry into the networks and every 30 days thereafter until the missing person is located (42 USC § 5780).
- (f) Should continue to make reasonable efforts to locate the missing person and document these efforts at least every 30 days.
- (g) Shall maintain a close liaison with state and local child welfare systems and the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children® (NCMEC) if the missing person is under the age of 21 and shall promptly notify NCMEC when the person is missing from a foster care family home or childcare institution (42 USC § 5780).
- (h) Should make appropriate inquiry with the [Medical Examiner/JOP].
- (i) Should obtain and forward medical records, photos, X-rays and biological samples, as applicable.
- (j) Shall attempt to obtain the most recent photograph for persons under 18 years of age if it has not been obtained previously, forward the photograph to the NevCMEC and enter the photograph into applicable missing person networks (42 USC § 5780).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Missing Persons

---

- (k) Should consider making appropriate entries and searches in the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System (NamUs).
- (l) In the case of an at-risk missing person or a person who has been missing for an extended time, should consult with a supervisor regarding seeking federal assistance from the FBI and the U.S. Marshals Service (28 USC § 566).

#### **332.8 WHEN A MISSING PERSON IS FOUND**

When any person reported missing is found, the assigned investigator shall document the location of the missing person in the appropriate report, notify the relatives and/or reporting party, as appropriate, and other involved agencies, and refer the case for additional investigation if warranted.

The Records Manager shall ensure that, upon receipt of information that a missing person has been located, the following occurs:

- (a) Notification is made to the Nevada State Advocate for Missing and Exploited Children.
- (b) A missing child's school is notified.
- (c) Entries are made in the applicable missing person networks.
- (d) When a person is at risk, the fact that the person has been found shall be reported within 24 hours to the NevCMEC.
- (e) Notification shall be made to any other law enforcement agency that took the initial report or participated in the investigation.

#### **332.8.1 UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS**

Office members investigating a case of an unidentified person who is deceased or a living person who cannot assist in identifying him/herself should:

- (a) Obtain a complete description of the person.
- (b) Enter the unidentified person's description into the NCIC Unidentified Person File.
- (c) Use available resources, such as those related to missing persons, to identify the person.

#### **332.9 CASE CLOSURE**

The Investigation Unit Supervisor may authorize the closure of a missing person case after considering the following:

- (a) Closure is appropriate when the missing person is confirmed returned or evidence matches an unidentified person or body.
- (b) If the missing person is a resident of Storey or this office is the lead agency, the case should be kept under active investigation for as long as the person may still be alive. Exhaustion of leads in the investigation should not be a reason for closing a case.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Missing Persons

---

- (c) If this office is not the lead agency, the case can be made inactive if all investigative leads have been exhausted, the lead agency has been notified and entries are made in the applicable missing person networks, as appropriate.
- (d) A missing person case should not be closed or reclassified because the person would have reached a certain age or adulthood or because the person is now the subject of a criminal or civil warrant.

#### **332.10 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, the Training Sergeant should ensure that members of this office whose duties include missing person investigations and reports receive training that includes:

- (a) The initial investigation:
  - 1. Assessments and interviews
  - 2. Use of current resources, such as Mobile Audio/Video (MAV).
  - 3. Confirming missing status and custody status of minors
  - 4. Evaluating the need for a heightened response
  - 5. Identifying the zone of safety based on chronological age and developmental stage
- (b) Briefing of office members at the scene.
- (c) Identifying NCIC Missing Person File categories (e.g., disability, endangered, involuntary, juvenile and catastrophe).
- (d) Verifying the accuracy of all descriptive information.
- (e) Initiating a neighborhood investigation.
- (f) Investigating any relevant recent family dynamics.
- (g) Addressing conflicting information.
- (h) Key investigative and coordination steps.
- (i) Managing a missing person case.
- (j) Additional resources and specialized services.
- (k) Update procedures for case information and descriptions.
- (l) Preserving scenes.
- (m) Internet and technology issues (e.g., Internet use, cell phone use).
- (n) Media relations.

## Public Alerts

### 334.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for alerting the public to important information and soliciting public aid when appropriate.

### 334.2 POLICY

Public alerts may be employed using the Emergency Alert System (EAS), local radio, television and press organizations and other groups to notify the public of incidents, or enlist the aid of the public, when the exchange of information may enhance the safety of the community. Various types of alerts may be available based upon each situation and the alert system's individual criteria.

### 334.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 334.3.1 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office should notify their supervisor, Chief Deputy or Sheriff as soon as practicable upon learning of a situation where public notification, a warning or enlisting the help of the media and the public could assist in locating a missing person, apprehending a dangerous person or gathering information.

#### 334.3.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

A supervisor apprised of the need for a public alert is responsible to make the appropriate notifications based upon the circumstances of each situation. The supervisor shall promptly notify the Sheriff, and the Chief Deputy when any public alert is generated.

The supervisor in charge of the investigation to which the alert relates is responsible for the following:

- (a) Updating alerts
- (b) Canceling alerts
- (c) Ensuring all appropriate reports are completed
- (d) Preparing an after-action evaluation of the investigation to be forwarded to the Chief Deputy.
- (e) Ensuring all appropriate notifications are completed to participating members of the Statewide Alert System (SAS) including, but not limited to:
  1. Media outlets
  2. Other communication centers established by the Department of Public Safety (DPS)
  3. Organizations that provide information relating to crimes to residents through the use of Internet-based technology
  4. Any other public or private organizations that participate in the SAS

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Public Alerts*

---

#### **334.4 AMBER™ ALERTS**

The Nevada AMBER Alert is a voluntary partnership among law enforcement agencies and broadcasters to assist in the search for and safe return of abducted children (NRS 432.340).

##### **334.4.1 AMBER ALERT CRITERIA**

This office may activate an AMBER Alert when (NRS 432.370):

- (a) The Office confirms that the child has been abducted.
- (b) The child is in danger of serious physical harm or death.
- (c) The Office has sufficient descriptive information about the child or the person who is suspected of abducting the child, or other pertinent information, to warrant immediate broadcast of the information.
- (d) Absent extenuating circumstances that indicate the AMBER Alert broadcast would endanger an abducted child, the AMBER Alert should be activated within two hours of the abduction or as soon as possible after the abduction is discovered.

There is no mandate for activation of the SAS for the Safe Return of Abducted Children (NRS 432.200).

##### **334.4.2 AMBER ALERT ACTIVATION REGIONS**

The Shift Supervisor or Investigation Supervisor will determine the area of coverage for the activation. Activations may cover a county, region, state or multiple states. Nevada is divided into three regions and two sub-regions of broadcast coverage:

- **Region 1** - Western Nevada/Eastern California
- **Region 2** - Southern Nevada/Inyo County, California, Arizona
- **Region 3** - Eastern Nevada
- **Sub-Region 4** - Winnemucca
- **Sub-Region 5** - Ely

Activating personnel should consider that the nature of the crime of child abduction can involve wide areas where broadcasting information can be helpful in the safe return of an abducted child.

AMBER Alert activations must be initiated by broadcasters in each of the state's three regions because no Nevada broadcast radio, television or cable operator provides statewide signal coverage. The discretion for statewide AMBER Alert activations will rest with the Office. The Shift Supervisor or Investigation Supervisor will notify DPS of the decision to activate the AMBER Alert on a statewide basis.

AMBER Alert activations may be requested in other states directly or through DPS. If requests are made directly to another state, DPS should be notified.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Public Alerts*

---

The Office may not initiate an AMBER Alert activation based on a request from outside the State of Nevada. However, this does not prohibit the Office from otherwise assisting in the safe recovery of an abducted child.

The law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the abducted child will be the only agency to determine if the AMBER Alert should be activated.

#### **334.5 SILVER ALERT SYSTEM**

The Nevada Silver Alert System is a voluntary partnership among DPS, the Department of Transportation, state and local law enforcement agencies, media outlets and other public and private organizations to assist in the search for and safe return of missing endangered older persons (NRS 427A.867).

##### **334.5.1 CRITERIA**

This office may activate a Silver Alert when it has (NRS 427A.869):

- (a) Confirmed that the whereabouts of a person 60 years of age or older are unknown.
- (b) Confirmed that the person:
  - 1. Has been diagnosed with a medical or mental health condition that places the person in danger of serious physical harm or death; or
  - 2. Is missing under suspicious or unexplained circumstances that place the person in danger of serious physical harm or death.
- (c) Received sufficient descriptive information about the person or other pertinent information to warrant dissemination of the information.
- (d) Considered and eliminated alternative explanations for the disappearance.
- (e) Confirmed that not more than 72 hours have elapsed since the time of discovery of the disappearance of the person.
- (f) Confirmed, if applicable, all descriptive information of a suspect and/or vehicle involved in the disappearance of the person, to sufficiently include for dissemination in the SAS.
- (g) Completed the activation form prescribed by DPS.

##### **334.5.2 PROCEDURE**

The Shift Supervisor or Investigation Unit, after notification to the Sheriff, activates this alert using DPS protocols (NRS 427A.868).

##### **334.5.3 SILVER ALERT ACTIVATION AREAS**

The Shift Supervisor or Investigation Unit will determine the area of coverage for the activation. Activations may cover a neighborhood, county, region, state or multiple states (NRS 427A.869).

---

## Crime Victim Compensation and Rights

### 336.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that crime victims and witnesses receive appropriate assistance, that they are provided with information from government and private resources, and that the agency meets all related legal mandates.

### 336.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office is committed to providing guidance and assistance to the victims and witnesses of crime. The employees of the Storey County Sheriff's Office will show compassion and understanding for victims and witnesses and will make reasonable efforts to provide the support and information identified in this policy.

### 336.3 CRIME VICTIM LIAISON

The Sheriff may appoint a member of the Office to serve as the crime victim liaison. The crime victim liaison will be the point of contact for individuals requiring further assistance or information from the Storey County Sheriff's Office regarding benefits from crime victim resources. This person shall also be responsible for maintaining compliance with all legal mandates related to crime victims and/or witnesses.

### 336.4 CRIME VICTIMS

Deputies should provide all victims with the applicable victim information handouts.

Deputies should never guarantee a victim's safety from future harm but may make practical safety suggestions to victims who express fear of future harm or retaliation. Deputies should never guarantee that a person qualifies as a victim for the purpose of compensation or restitution but may direct him/her to the proper written office material or available victim resources.

### 336.5 VICTIM INFORMATION

The Chief Deputy shall ensure that victim information handouts are available and current. These should include as appropriate:

- (a) Shelters and other community resources for victims of domestic violence.
- (b) Community resources for victims of sexual assault.
- (c) Assurance that sexual assault victims will not incur out-of-pocket expenses for forensic medical exams (42 USC § 3796gg).
- (d) An advisement that a person who was arrested may be released on bond or some other form of release and that the victim should not rely upon an arrest as a guarantee of safety.
- (e) A clear explanation of relevant court orders and how they can be obtained.
- (f) Information regarding available compensation for qualifying victims of crime.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Crime Victim Compensation and Rights

---

- (g) VINE® information (Victim Information and Notification Everyday), including the telephone number and whether this free service is available to allow victims to check on an offender's custody status and to register for automatic notification when a person is released from jail.
- (h) Notice regarding U-Visa and T-Visa application processes.
- (i) Resources available for victims of identity theft.
- (j) A place for the deputy's name, badge number and any applicable case or incident number.
- (k) The specific statements and information to victims of domestic violence required by NRS 171.1225.
- (l) Information that certain victims may apply to the Nevada Attorney General to have a fictitious address, designated by the Nevada Attorney General, serve as their actual address (NRS 217.462).
- (m) How to request information regarding the release of a defendant, the bond amount, if any, and the final disposition of the case involving the victim or witness (NRS 178.5698 )
- (n) Information about the Nevada Victims of Crime Program (VOCP).

## Hate or Prejudice Crimes

### 338.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes and places a high priority on the rights of all individuals guaranteed under the Constitution and the laws of this state. When such rights are infringed upon by violence, threats or other harassment, this office will utilize all available resources to see that justice is served under the law. This policy has been developed to meet or exceed the provisions of the James Byrd, Jr. Hate Crimes Act and provides members of this office with guidelines for identifying and investigating incidents and crimes that may be motivated by hatred or other bias.

#### 338.1.1 FEDERAL JURISDICTION

The Federal Government also has the power to investigate and prosecute bias-motivated violence by providing the Justice Department with jurisdiction over crimes of violence where the perpetrator has selected the victim because of the person's actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity or disability (18 USC § 245).

### 338.2 DEFINITIONS

**Hate or prejudice crime** - Willfully committing assault, battery, mayhem, kidnapping, sexual assault, robbery, stalking, any form of forced servitude or abuse, or neglect of children because the actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity or expression of the victim is different from that characteristic of the perpetrator (NRS 207.185; NRS 193.1675).

### 338.3 PREVENTING AND PREPARING FOR LIKELY HATE OR PREJUDICE CRIMES

While it is recognized that not all crime can be prevented, this office is committed to taking a proactive approach to preventing and preparing for likely hate or prejudice crimes by among other things:

- (a) Deputies should make an affirmative effort to establish contact with persons and groups within the community who are likely targets of hate crimes to form and cooperate with prevention and response networks.
- (b) Providing victim assistance and follow-up as outlined below, including community follow-up.
- (c) Educate community and civic groups relating to hate crime laws.

### 338.4 PROCEDURE FOR INVESTIGATING HATE OR PREJUDICE CRIMES

Whenever a member of this office receives a report of a suspected hate or prejudice crime or other activity that reasonably appears to involve a potential hate or prejudice crime, the following should occur:

- (a) Deputies will be promptly assigned to contact the victim, witness or reporting party to investigate the matter further as circumstances may dictate.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Hate or Prejudice Crimes

---

- (b) A supervisor should be notified of the circumstances as soon as practicable.
- (c) Once "in progress" aspects of any such situation have been stabilized (e.g., treatment of victims or apprehension of present suspects), the assigned deputies will take all reasonable steps to preserve available evidence that may tend to establish that a hate or prejudice crime was involved.
- (d) The assigned deputies will interview available witnesses, victims and others to determine what circumstances, if any, indicate that the situation may involve a hate or prejudice crime.
- (e) Depending on the situation, the assigned deputies or supervisor may request additional assistance from detectives or other resources to further the investigation.
- (f) The assigned deputies will include all available evidence indicating the likelihood of a hate or prejudice crime in the relevant report(s). All related reports will be clearly marked as "Hate or Prejudice Crimes" and, absent prior approval of a supervisor, will be completed and submitted by the assigned deputies before the end of the shift.
- (g) The assigned deputies will provide the victim(s) of any suspected hate or prejudice crime with a brochure on hate and prejudice crimes. Such brochures will also be available to members of the general public upon request. The assigned deputies should also make reasonable efforts to assist the victim(s) by providing available information on local assistance programs and organizations.
- (h) The assigned deputies and supervisor should take reasonable steps to ensure that any such situation does not escalate further (e.g., Possible Temporary Restraining Order through the courts or prosecuting attorney or District Attorney).

#### **338.5 INVESTIGATION UNIT RESPONSIBILITY**

If a case is assigned to the Investigation Unit, the assigned detective will be responsible for following up on the reported hate or prejudice crime as follows:

- (a) Coordinate further investigation with the prosecuting attorney and other appropriate law enforcement agencies, as necessary.
- (b) Maintain contact with the victims and other involved individuals as needed.
- (c) Maintain statistical data on suspected hate or prejudice crimes and tracking as indicated.

##### **338.5.1 STATE HATE CRIME REPORTING**

This office shall report hate or prejudice crime offenses in the form and manner and at regular intervals as prescribed by rules adopted by the Nevada Department of Public Safety. This shall be conducted by the Records Section or assigned to the Investigation Unit (NRS 179A.175).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Hate or Prejudice Crimes

---

### **338.5.2 FEDERAL HATE CRIME REPORTING**

The Records Section should include hate crime data reporting within the National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS), Uniform Crime Report (UCR) and Summary Reporting System (SRS) reports pursuant to Records Section procedures and in compliance with 28 USC § 534(a).

### **338.6 TRAINING**

All members of this office will receive training on hate and prejudice crime recognition and investigation and attend periodic training which incorporates a hate and prejudice crime training component.

---

## Standards of Conduct

### 340.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes standards of conduct that are consistent with the values and mission of the Storey County Sheriff's Office and are expected of all office members. The standards contained in this policy are not intended to be an exhaustive list of requirements and prohibitions but they do identify many of the important matters concerning conduct. In addition to the provisions of this policy, members are subject to all other provisions contained in this manual, as well as any additional guidance on conduct that may be disseminated by this office or a member's supervisors.

### 340.2 POLICY

The continued employment or appointment of every member of the Storey County Sheriff's Office shall be based on conduct that reasonably conforms to the guidelines set forth herein. Failure to meet the guidelines set forth in this policy, whether on- or off-duty, may be cause for disciplinary action.

### 340.3 DIRECTIVES AND ORDERS

Members shall comply with lawful directives and orders from any office supervisor or person in a position of authority, absent a reasonable and bona fide justification.

#### 340.3.1 UNLAWFUL OR CONFLICTING ORDERS

Supervisors shall not knowingly issue orders or directives that, if carried out, would result in a violation of any law or office policy. Supervisors should not issue orders that conflict with any previous order without making reasonable clarification that the new order is intended to countermand the earlier order.

No member is required to obey any order that appears to be in direct conflict with any federal law, state law or local ordinance. Following a known unlawful order is not a defense and does not relieve the member from criminal or civil prosecution or administrative discipline. If the legality of an order is in doubt, the affected member shall ask the issuing supervisor to clarify the order or shall confer with a higher authority. The responsibility for refusal to obey rests with the member, who shall subsequently be required to justify the refusal.

Unless it would jeopardize the safety of any individual, members who are presented with a lawful order that is in conflict with a previous lawful order, office policy or other directive shall respectfully inform the issuing supervisor of the conflict. The issuing supervisor is responsible for either resolving the conflict or clarifying that the lawful order is intended to countermand the previous lawful order or directive, in which case the member is obliged to comply. Members who are compelled to follow a conflicting lawful order after having given the issuing supervisor the opportunity to correct the conflict, will not be held accountable for disobedience of the lawful order or directive that was initially issued.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Standards of Conduct

---

The person countermanding the original order shall notify, in writing, the person issuing the original order, indicating the action taken and the reason.

#### **340.3.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Supervisors and managers are required to follow all policies and procedures and may be subject to discipline for:

- (a) Failure to be reasonably aware of the performance of their subordinates or to provide appropriate guidance and control.
- (b) Failure to promptly and fully report any known misconduct of a member to his/her immediate supervisor or to document such misconduct appropriately or as required by policy.
- (c) Directing a subordinate to violate a policy or directive, acquiesce to such a violation, or are indifferent to any such violation by a subordinate.
- (d) The unequal or disparate exercise of authority on the part of a supervisor toward any member for malicious or other improper purpose.

#### **340.4 GENERAL STANDARDS**

Members shall conduct themselves, whether on- or off-duty, in accordance with the United States and Nevada Constitutions and all applicable laws, ordinances and rules enacted or established pursuant to legal authority.

Members shall familiarize themselves with policies and procedures and are responsible for compliance with each. Members should seek clarification and guidance from supervisors in the event of any perceived ambiguity or uncertainty.

Discipline may be initiated for any good cause. It is not mandatory that a specific policy or rule violation be cited to sustain discipline. This policy is not intended to cover every possible type of misconduct.

#### **340.5 CAUSES FOR DISCIPLINE**

The following are illustrative of causes for disciplinary action. This list is not intended to cover every possible type of misconduct and does not preclude the recommendation of disciplinary action for violation of other rules, standards, ethics and specific action or inaction that is detrimental to efficient office service.

##### **340.5.1 LAWS, RULES AND ORDERS**

- (a) Violation of, or ordering or instructing a subordinate to violate any policy, procedure, rule, order, directive, requirement or failure to follow instructions contained in office or County manuals.
- (b) Disobedience of any legal directive or order issued by any office member of a higher rank.
- (c) Violation of federal, state, local or administrative laws, rules or regulations. (In circumstances involving the arrest of any member, it will not be necessary for the imposition of discipline to wait for criminal proceedings to be concluded if there are reasonable grounds to support that the alleged violation occurred).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Standards of Conduct

---

#### 340.5.2 ETHICS

- (a) Using or disclosing one's status as a member of the Storey County Sheriff's Office in any way that could reasonably be perceived as an attempt to gain influence or authority for non-office business or activity.
- (b) The wrongful or unlawful exercise of authority on the part of any member for malicious purpose, personal gain, willful deceit or any other improper purpose.
- (c) The receipt or acceptance of a reward, fee or gift from any person for service incident to the performance of the member's duties (lawful subpoena fees and authorized work permits excepted).
- (d) Acceptance of fees, gifts or money contrary to the rules of this office and/or laws of the state.
- (e) Offer or acceptance of a bribe or gratuity.
- (f) Misappropriation or misuse of public funds, property, personnel or services.
- (g) Any other failure to abide by the standards of ethical conduct.

#### 340.5.3 DISCRIMINATION, OPPRESSION OR FAVORITISM

Discriminating against, oppressing or providing favoritism to any person because of age, race, color, creed, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, national origin, ancestry, marital status, physical or mental disability, medical condition or other classification protected by law, or intentionally denying or impeding another in the exercise or enjoyment of any right, privilege, power or immunity, knowing the conduct is unlawful.

Racial profiling is a form of discrimination (NRS 289.820).

#### 340.5.4 RELATIONSHIPS

- (a) Unwelcome solicitation of a personal or sexual relationship while on-duty or through the use of one's official capacity.
- (b) Engaging in on-duty sexual activity including, but not limited to, sexual intercourse, excessive displays of public affection or other sexual contact.
- (c) Establishing or maintaining an inappropriate personal or financial relationship, as a result of an investigation, with a known victim, witness, suspect or defendant while a case is being investigated or prosecuted, or as a direct result of any official contact.
- (d) Associating with or joining a criminal gang, organized crime and/or criminal syndicate when the member knows or reasonably should know of the criminal nature of the organization. This includes any organization involved in a definable criminal activity or enterprise, except as specifically directed and authorized by this office.
- (e) Associating on a personal, rather than official basis with persons who demonstrate recurring involvement in serious violations of state or federal laws after the member knows, or reasonably should know of such criminal activities, except as specifically directed and authorized by this office.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Standards of Conduct

---

#### 340.5.5 ATTENDANCE

- (a) Leaving the job to which the member is assigned during duty hours without reasonable excuse and proper permission and approval.
- (b) Unexcused or unauthorized absence or tardiness.
- (c) Excessive absenteeism or abuse of leave privileges.
- (d) Failure to report to work or to place of assignment at time specified and fully prepared to perform duties without reasonable excuse.

#### 340.5.6 UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS, DISCLOSURE OR USE

- (a) Unauthorized and inappropriate intentional release of confidential or protected information, materials, data, forms or reports obtained as a result of the member's position with this office.
- (b) Disclosing to any unauthorized person any active investigation information.
- (c) The use of any information, photograph, video or other recording obtained or accessed as a result of employment or appointment to this office for personal or financial gain or without the express authorization of the Sheriff or the authorized designee.
- (d) Loaning, selling, allowing unauthorized use, giving away or appropriating any Storey County Sheriff's Office badge, uniform, identification card or office property for personal use, personal gain or any other improper or unauthorized use or purpose.
- (e) Using office resources in association with any portion of an independent civil action. These resources include, but are not limited to, personnel, vehicles, equipment and non-subpoenaed records.

#### 340.5.7 EFFICIENCY

- (a) Neglect of duty.
- (b) Unsatisfactory work performance including, but not limited to, failure, incompetence, inefficiency or delay in performing and/or carrying out proper orders, work assignments or the instructions of supervisors without a reasonable and bona fide excuse.
- (c) Concealing, attempting to conceal, removing or destroying defective or incompetent work.
- (d) Unauthorized sleeping during on-duty time or assignments.
- (e) Failure to notify the Office within 24 hours of any change in residence address, contact telephone numbers or marital status.

#### 340.5.8 PERFORMANCE

- (a) Failure to disclose or misrepresenting material facts, or making any false or misleading statement on any application, examination form, or other official document, report or form, or during the course of any work-related investigation.
- (b) The falsification of any work-related records, making misleading entries or statements with the intent to deceive or the willful and unauthorized removal, alteration, destruction and/or mutilation of any office record, public record, book, paper or document.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Standards of Conduct

---

- (c) Failure to participate in, or giving false or misleading statements, or misrepresenting or omitting material information to a supervisor or other person in a position of authority, in connection with any investigation or in the reporting of any office--related business.
- (d) Being untruthful or knowingly making false, misleading or malicious statements that are reasonably calculated to harm the reputation, authority or official standing of this office or its members.
- (e) Disparaging remarks or conduct concerning duly constituted authority to the extent that such conduct disrupts the efficiency of this office or subverts the good order, efficiency and discipline of this office or that would tend to discredit any of its members.
- (f) Unlawful gambling or unlawful betting at any time or any place. Legal gambling or betting under any of the following conditions:
  - 1. While on office premises.
  - 2. At any work site, while on-duty or while in uniform, or while using any office equipment or system.
  - 3. Gambling activity undertaken as part of a deputy's official duties and with the express knowledge and permission of a direct supervisor is exempt from this prohibition.
- (g) Improper political activity including (also see SCSO Policy 1060.4 et al):
  - 1. Unauthorized attendance while on-duty at official legislative or political sessions.
  - 2. Solicitations, speeches or distribution of campaign literature for or against any political candidate or position while on-duty or on office property except as expressly authorized by the Sheriff.
- (h) Engaging in political activities during assigned working hours except as expressly authorized by the Sheriff.
- (i) Any act on- or off-duty that brings discredit to this office.

#### 340.5.9 CONDUCT

- (a) Failure of any member to promptly and fully report activities on his/her part or the part of any other member where such activities resulted in contact with any other law enforcement agency or that may result in criminal prosecution or discipline under this policy.
- (b) Unreasonable and unwarranted force to a person encountered or a person under arrest.
- (c) Exceeding lawful peace officer powers by unreasonable, unlawful or excessive conduct.
- (d) Unauthorized or unlawful fighting, threatening or attempting to inflict unlawful bodily harm on another.
- (e) Engaging in horseplay that reasonably could result in injury or property damage.
- (f) Discourteous, disrespectful or discriminatory treatment of any member of the public or any member of this office or the County.
- (g) Use of obscene, indecent, profane or derogatory language while on-duty or in uniform.
- (h) Criminal, dishonest, or disgraceful conduct, whether on- or off-duty, that adversely affects the member's relationship with this office.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Standards of Conduct

---

- (i) Unauthorized possession of, loss of, or damage to office property or the property of others, or endangering it through carelessness or maliciousness.
- (j) Attempted or actual theft of office property; misappropriation or misuse of public funds, property, personnel or the services or property of others; unauthorized removal or possession of office property or the property of another person.
- (k) Activity that is incompatible with a member's conditions of employment or appointment as established by law or that violates a provision of any collective bargaining agreement or contract to include fraud in securing the appointment or hire.
- (l) Initiating any civil action for recovery of any damages or injuries incurred in the course and scope of employment or appointment without first notifying the Sheriff of such action.
- (m) Any other on- or off-duty conduct which any member knows or reasonably should know is unbecoming a member of this office, is contrary to good order, efficiency or morale, or tends to reflect unfavorably upon this office or its members.

#### 340.5.10 SAFETY

- (a) Failure to observe or violating office safety standards or safe working practices.
- (b) Failure to maintain current licenses or certifications required for the assignment or position (e.g., driver license, first aid).
- (c) Failure to maintain good physical condition sufficient to adequately and safely perform law enforcement duties.
- (d) Unsafe firearm or other dangerous weapon handling to include loading or unloading firearms in an unsafe manner, either on- or off-duty.
- (e) Carrying, while on the premises of the work place, any firearm or other lethal weapon that is not authorized by the member's appointing authority.
- (f) Unsafe or improper driving habits or actions in the course of employment or appointment.
- (g) Any personal action contributing to a preventable traffic collision.
- (h) Concealing or knowingly failing to report any on-the-job or work-related accident or injury as soon as practicable but within 24 hours (NRS 616C.010(1); NRS 617.342).

#### 340.5.11 INTOXICANTS

- (a) Reporting for work or being at work while intoxicated or when the member's ability to perform assigned duties is impaired due to the use of alcohol, medication or drugs, whether legal, prescribed or illegal.
- (b) Possession or use of alcohol at any work site or while on-duty, except as authorized in the performance of an official assignment. A member who is authorized to consume alcohol is not permitted to do so to such a degree that it may impair on-duty performance.
- (c) Unauthorized possession, use of, or attempting to bring a controlled substance, illegal drug or non-prescribed medication to any work site.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Standards of Conduct

---

#### **340.6 SUMMARY TERMINATION OFFENSES**

Certain offenses can by their nature, the liability they create to the Office, or the overall tarnishing to the law enforcement profession, warrant immediate termination. Examples include but are not limited to:

1. Knowingly and intentionally submitting untruthful, incomplete, inaccurate, false, or improper reports or making untruthful, incomplete, inaccurate, false, or improper statements related to issues of official duties.
2. Threatening or committing life-threatening acts of violence against another member, on or off duty.
3. Failing to respond to a call for aid from a member in any situation that is known or should be known to have a high probability of danger or risk.
4. Retailitory behavior by any member, taken against another member for reporting misconduct.
5. Any act of workplace harassment by a supervisor based on exchange of job benefit for sexual favors, or for committing any act of retaliation against a subordinate for resisting or reporting such prohibited activity.
6. Committing a serious misdemeanor (e.g. driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs, reckless driving with serious injury, death, or irreparable damage to the law enforcement profession or image) or any felony.
7. Direct or constructive disobedience to a superior-ranked member's lawful and direct order (e.g. Insubordination).
8. Any other act or failure to act that in the determination the Sheriff, causes needless harm or damages the Sheriff's Office relationship with the community.

---

## Information Technology Use

### 342.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the proper use of office information technology resources, including computers, electronic devices, hardware, software and systems.

#### 342.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Computer system** - All computers (on-site and portable), electronic devices, hardware, software, and resources owned, leased, rented or licensed by the Storey County Sheriff's Office that are provided for official use by its members. This includes all access to, and use of, Internet Service Providers (ISP) or other service providers provided by or through the Office or office funding.

**Hardware** - Includes, but is not limited to, computers, computer terminals, network equipment, electronic devices, telephones, including cellular and satellite, pagers, modems or any other tangible computer device generally understood to comprise hardware.

**Software** - Includes, but is not limited to, all computer programs, systems and applications, including shareware. This does not include files created by the individual user.

**Temporary file, permanent file or file** - Any electronic document, information or data residing or located, in whole or in part, on the system including, but not limited to, spreadsheets, calendar entries, appointments, tasks, notes, letters, reports, messages, photographs or videos.

### 342.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office that members shall use information technology resources, including computers, software and systems, that are issued or maintained by the Office in a professional manner and in accordance with this policy.

### 342.3 PRIVACY EXPECTATION

Members forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to emails, texts or anything published, shared, transmitted or maintained through file-sharing software or any Internet site that is accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed on any office computer system.

The Office reserves the right to access, audit and disclose, for whatever reason, any message, including attachments, and any information accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed over any technology that is issued or maintained by the Office, including the office email system, computer network and/or any information placed into storage on any office system or device. This includes records of all keystrokes or Web-browsing history made at any office computer or over any office network. The fact that access to a database, service or website requires a username or password will not create an expectation of privacy if it is accessed through office computers, electronic devices or networks.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Information Technology Use*

---

Employees shall not be required to disclose or asked to disclose their username, password or any other information that provides access to their personal social media account (NRS 613.135).

#### **342.4 RESTRICTED USE**

Members shall not access computers, devices, software or systems for which they have not received prior authorization or the required training. Members shall immediately report unauthorized access or use of computers, devices, software or systems by another member to their supervisors or Shift Supervisors.

Members shall not use another person's access passwords, logon information and other individual security data, protocols and procedures unless directed to do so by a supervisor.

##### **342.4.1 SOFTWARE**

Members shall not copy or duplicate any copyrighted or licensed software except for a single copy for backup purposes in accordance with the software company's copyright and license agreement.

To reduce the risk of a computer virus or malicious software, members shall not install any unlicensed or unauthorized software on any office computer. Members shall not install personal copies of any software onto any office computer.

When related to criminal investigations, software program files may be downloaded only with the approval of the information systems technology (IT) staff and with the authorization of the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

No member shall knowingly make, acquire or use unauthorized copies of computer software that is not licensed to the Office while on office premises, computer systems or electronic devices. Such unauthorized use of software exposes the Office and involved members to severe civil and criminal penalties.

Introduction of software by members should only occur as part of the automated maintenance or update process of office- or County-approved or installed programs by the original manufacturer, producer or developer of the software.

Any other introduction of software requires prior authorization from IT staff and a full scan for malicious attachments.

##### **342.4.2 HARDWARE**

Access to technology resources provided by or through the Office shall be strictly limited to office-related activities. Data stored on or available through office computer systems shall only be accessed by authorized members who are engaged in an active investigation or assisting in an active investigation, or who otherwise have a legitimate law enforcement or office-related purpose to access such data. Any exceptions to this policy must be approved by a supervisor.

##### **342.4.3 INTERNET USE**

Internet access provided by or through the Office shall be strictly limited to office-related activities. Internet sites containing information that is not appropriate or applicable to office use and which

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Information Technology Use

---

shall not be intentionally accessed include, but are not limited to, adult forums, pornography, gambling, chat rooms and similar or related Internet sites. Certain exceptions may be permitted with the express approval of a supervisor as a function of a member's assignment.

Downloaded information shall be limited to messages, mail and data files.

#### **342.4.4 OFF-DUTY USE**

Members shall only use technology resources provided by the Office while on-duty or in conjunction with specific on-call assignments unless specifically authorized by a supervisor. This includes the use of telephones, cell phones, texting, email or any other "off the clock" work-related activities. This also applies to personally owned computers that are used to access office resources.

Refer to the Personal Communication Devices Policy for guidelines regarding off-duty use of personally owned technology.

#### **342.5 PROTECTION OF AGENCY SYSTEMS AND FILES**

All members have a duty to protect the computer system and related systems and devices from physical and environmental damage and are responsible for the correct use, operation, care and maintenance of the computer system.

Members shall ensure office computers and access terminals are not viewable by persons who are not authorized users. Computers and terminals should be secured, users logged off and password protections enabled whenever the user is not present. Access passwords, logon information and other individual security data, protocols and procedures are confidential information and are not to be shared. Password length, format, structure and content shall meet the prescribed standards required by the computer system or as directed by a supervisor and shall be changed at intervals as directed by IT staff or a supervisor.

It is prohibited for a member to allow an unauthorized user to access the computer system at any time or for any reason. Members shall promptly report any unauthorized access to the computer system or suspected intrusion from outside sources (including the Internet) to a supervisor.

#### **342.6 INSPECTION OR REVIEW**

A supervisor or the authorized designee has the express authority to inspect or review the computer system, all temporary or permanent files, related electronic systems or devices, and any contents thereof, whether such inspection or review is in the ordinary course of his/her supervisory duties or based on cause.

Reasons for inspection or review may include, but are not limited to, computer system malfunctions, problems or general computer system failure, a lawsuit against the Office involving one of its members or a member's duties, an alleged or suspected violation of any office policy, a request for disclosure of data, or a need to perform or provide a service.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Information Technology Use*

---

The IT staff may extract, download or otherwise obtain any and all temporary or permanent files residing or located in or on the office computer system when requested by a supervisor or during the course of regular duties that require such information.

## Report Preparation

### 344.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Report preparation is a major part of each deputy's job. The purpose of reports is to document sufficient information to refresh the deputy's memory and to provide sufficient information for follow-up investigation and successful prosecution. Report writing is the subject of substantial formalized training and on-the-job training.

#### 344.1.1 REPORT PREPARATION

Employees should ensure that reports are sufficiently detailed for their purpose and free from errors prior to submission. It is the responsibility of the assigned employee to complete and submit all reports taken during the shift before going off-duty unless permission to hold the report has been approved by a supervisor. Generally, reports requiring prompt follow-up action on active leads, or arrest reports where the suspect remains in custody should not be held.

Handwritten reports must be prepared legibly. If the report is not legible, the submitting employee will be required by the reviewing supervisor to promptly make corrections and resubmit the report.

All reports shall accurately reflect the identity of the persons involved, all pertinent information seen, heard or assimilated by any other sense, and any actions taken. Employees shall not suppress, conceal or distort the facts of any reported incident, nor shall any employee make a false report orally or in writing. Generally, the reporting employee's opinions should not be included in reports unless specifically identified as such.

### 344.2 REQUIRED REPORTING

Written reports are required in all of the following situations on the appropriate Office-approved form unless otherwise approved by a supervisor.

#### 344.2.1 CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

When a member responds to a call for service, or as a result of self-initiated activity becomes aware of any activity where a crime has occurred, the member shall document the incident regardless of whether a victim desires prosecution.

Activity to be documented in a written report includes:

- (a) All arrests
- (b) All felony crimes
- (c) Non-felony incidents involving threats or stalking behavior.
- (d) Situations covered by separate policy. These include:
  - 1. Use of Force Policy
  - 2. Domestic Violence Policy
  - 3. Child Abuse Policy
  - 4. Adult Abuse Policy

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Report Preparation

---

5. Hate or Prejudice Crimes Policy
6. Suspicious Activity Reporting Policy

(e) All misdemeanor crimes where the victim desires a report

Misdemeanor crimes where the victim does not desire a report shall be documented using the office-approved alternative reporting method (e.g., dispatch log).

#### 344.2.2 NON-CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

Incidents that shall be documented using the appropriate approved report include:

- (a) Any time a deputy points a firearm at any person.
- (b) Any use of force against any person by a member of this office (see the Use of Force Policy).
- (c) Any firearm discharge (see Firearms Policy).
- (d) Any time a person is reported missing, regardless of jurisdiction, (see the Missing Persons Reporting Policy).
- (e) Any found property or found evidence.
- (f) Any traffic collision above the minimum reporting level (see the Traffic Crash Response and Reporting Policy).
- (g) Any suspicious incident that may indicate a potential for crimes against children or that a child's safety is in jeopardy.
- (h) Any protective custody detention.
- (i) Suspicious incidents that may place the public or others at risk.
- (j) Whenever the employee believes the circumstances should be documented or at the direction of a supervisor.

#### 344.2.3 DEATH CASES

Death investigations require specific investigation methods depending on circumstances and should be handled in accordance with the Death Investigation Policy. A deputy handling a death investigation should notify and apprise a supervisor of the circumstances surrounding the incident and a determination will be made on how to proceed. The following cases shall be appropriately investigated and documented using the approved report:

- (a) Sudden or accidental deaths.
- (b) Suicides
- (c) Homicide or suspected homicide.
- (d) Unattended deaths (no physician or qualified hospice care during the period immediately preceding death).
- (e) Found dead bodies or body parts.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Report Preparation

---

#### 344.2.4 INJURY OR DAMAGE BY COUNTY PERSONNEL

Reports shall be taken if an injury occurs that is a result of an act of a County employee. Additionally, reports shall be taken involving damage to County property or County equipment.

#### 344.2.5 MISCELLANEOUS INJURIES

Any injury that is reported to this office shall require a report when:

- (a) The injury is a result of drug overdose.
- (b) Attempted suicide.
- (c) The injury is major/serious, whereas death could result.
- (d) The circumstances surrounding the incident are suspicious in nature and it is desirable to record the event.

The above reporting requirements are not intended to be all-inclusive. A supervisor may direct an employee to document any incident he/she deems necessary.

#### 344.2.6 ALTERNATE REPORTING FOR VICTIMS

Reports that may be submitted by the public via online or other self-completed reporting processes include:

- (a) Lost property.
- (b) Misdemeanor thefts of property, other than firearms or materials that threaten public safety, when there is no suspect information, serial number or ability to trace the item.
  1. Misdemeanor thefts of cellular telephones may be reported even though they have a serial number.
- (c) Misdemeanor vandalism with no suspect information and no hate crime implications.
- (d) Vehicle burglaries with no suspect information or evidence.
- (e) Stolen vehicle attempts with no suspect information or evidence.
- (f) Annoying telephone calls with no suspect information.
- (g) Identity theft without an identifiable suspect.
- (h) Online or email fraud solicitations without an identifiable suspect and if the financial loss classifies the crime as a misdemeanor.
- (i) Hit-and-run vehicle collisions with no suspect or suspect vehicle.
- (j) Supplemental property lists.

Members at the scene of one of the above incidents should not refer the reporting party to an alternate means of reporting without authorization from a supervisor. Members may refer victims to online victim assistance programs (e.g., Federal Communications Commission (FCC) website for identity theft, Internet Crime Complaint Center (IC3) website for computer crimes).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Report Preparation*

---

#### **344.3 GENERAL POLICY OF EXPEDITIOUS REPORTING**

In general, all deputies and supervisors shall act with promptness and efficiency in the preparation and processing of all reports. An incomplete report, unorganized reports or reports delayed without supervisory approval are not acceptable. Reports shall be processed according to established priorities or according to special priority necessary under exceptional circumstances.

##### **344.3.1 GENERAL USE OF OTHER HANDWRITTEN FORMS**

County, state and federal agency forms may be block printed as appropriate. In general, the form itself may make the requirement for typing apparent.

#### **344.4 REPORT CORRECTIONS**

Supervisors shall review reports for content and accuracy. If a correction is necessary, the reviewing supervisor should utilize the RIMS reporting function to notify deputies of the return, the corrections to be made, or the information to be added. It shall be the responsibility of the originating deputy to ensure that any report returned for correction is processed in a timely manner.

#### **344.5 REPORT CHANGES OR ALTERATIONS**

Reports that have been approved by a supervisor and submitted to the Records Section for filing and distribution shall not be modified or altered except by way of a supplemental report. Reviewed reports that have not yet been submitted to the Records Section may be corrected or modified by the authoring deputy only with the knowledge and authorization of the reviewing supervisor.

## News Media Relations

### 346.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for media releases and media access to scenes of disasters, criminal investigations, emergencies and other law enforcement activities.

### 346.2 RESPONSIBILITIES

The ultimate authority and responsibility for the release of information to the media shall remain with the Sheriff, however, in situations not warranting immediate notice to the Sheriff and in situations where the Sheriff has given prior approval, Supervisors and designated deputies may prepare and release information to the media in accordance with this policy and the applicable law. No media release will be made prior to supervisory review.

#### 346.2.1 MEDIA REQUEST

Any media request for information or access to a law enforcement situation shall be referred to the designated Office media representative, or if unavailable, to the first available supervisor. Prior to releasing any information to the media, employees shall consider the following:

- (a) At no time shall any employee of this office make any comment or release any official information to the media without prior approval from the Sheriff.
- (b) In situations involving multiple law enforcement agencies, every reasonable effort should be made to coordinate media releases with the authorized representative of each involved agency prior to the release of any information by this office.
- (c) Under no circumstance should any member of this office make any comment(s) to the media regarding any law enforcement incident not involving this office without prior approval of the Sheriff.

### 346.3 MEDIA ACCESS

Authorized members of the media shall be provided access to scenes of disasters, criminal investigations, emergencies and other law enforcement activities subject to the following conditions:

- (a) The media representative shall produce valid press credentials that shall be prominently displayed at all times while in areas otherwise closed to the public.
- (b) Media representatives may be prevented from interfering with emergency operations and criminal investigations.
  - 1. Reasonable effort should be made to provide a safe staging area for the media that is near the incident and that will not interfere with emergency or criminal investigation operations. All information released to the media should be coordinated through the office Sheriff or other designated spokesperson.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### News Media Relations

---

2. Whenever the presence of media or other aircraft pose a threat to public or officer safety or significantly hampers incident operations, the field supervisor should consider requesting a Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR). All requests for a TFR should be routed through the Shift Supervisor. The TFR request should include specific information regarding the perimeter and altitude necessary for the incident and should be requested through the appropriate control tower. If the control tower is not known, the Federal Aviation Administration should be contacted (14 CFR 91.137).

- (c) No member of this office who is under investigation shall be subjected to media visits or interviews without the consent of the involved employee.
- (d) Media interviews with individuals who are in custody shall not be permitted without the approval of the Sheriff and the express consent of the person in custody.

A tactical operation should be handled in the same manner as a crime scene, except the news media should be permitted within the outer perimeter of the scene, subject to any restrictions as determined by the supervisor in charge. Office members shall not jeopardize a tactical operation in order to accommodate the news media. All information provided or statements made to the media shall be coordinated through a supervisor or the Sheriff.

#### **346.3.1 PROVIDING ADVANCE INFORMATION**

To protect the safety and rights of deputies and other persons, advance information about planned actions by law enforcement personnel such as movement of persons in custody or the execution of an arrest or search warrant should not be disclosed to the news media, nor should media representatives be invited to be present at such actions except with the prior approval of the Sheriff.

Any exceptions to the above should only be considered for the furtherance of legitimate law enforcement purposes. Prior to approving any exception the Sheriff will consider, at minimum, whether the release of information or presence of the media would unreasonably endanger any individual, prejudice the rights of any person or is otherwise prohibited by law.

#### **346.4 SCOPE OF INFORMATION SUBJECT TO RELEASE**

The Office will maintain a daily information log of significant law enforcement activities that shall be made available, upon request, to media representatives through the Shift Supervisor. This log will generally contain the following information:

- (a) The date, time, location, case number, type of crime, extent of injury or loss and names of individuals (except confidential informants) involved in crimes occurring within this jurisdiction unless the release of such information would endanger the safety of any individual or jeopardize the successful completion of any ongoing investigation.
- (b) The date, time, location, case number, name, birth date and charges for each person arrested by this office unless the release of such information would endanger the safety of any individual or jeopardize the successful completion of any ongoing investigation.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### News Media Relations

---

- (c) The time and location of other significant law enforcement activities or requests for service with a brief summary of the incident subject to the restrictions of this policy and applicable law.

Identifying information concerning deceased individuals shall not be released to the media until notification of next of kin or otherwise cleared through the Medical Examiner's Office.

Any requests for copies of related reports or additional information not contained in this log shall be referred to the designated Office media representative, the custodian of records, or if unavailable, to the Shift Supervisor. Such requests will generally be processed in accordance with the provisions of the Nevada Open Records Act (NRS 239.001 et seq.).

#### 346.4.1 STATE RESTRICTED INFORMATION

It shall be the responsibility of the authorized employee dealing with media requests to ensure that restricted information is not inappropriately released to the media by this office (see the Records Maintenance and Release and the Peace Officer Personnel Files policies). When in doubt, authorized and available legal counsel should be obtained.

## Subpoenas and Court Appearances

### 348.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the guidelines for office who must appear in court. It will allow the Storey County Sheriff's Office to cover any related work absences and keep the Office informed about relevant legal matters (NRS 289.027).

### 348.2 POLICY

Storey County Sheriff's Office members will respond appropriately to all subpoenas and any other court-ordered appearances.

### 348.3 SUBPOENAS

Only office members authorized to receive a subpoena on behalf of this office or any of its members may do so.

A civil subpoena may be served upon the named member in the subpoena in accordance with Nev. R. Civ. P. 45(b).

A criminal subpoena may be served upon a member by one of the following:

- (a) Personal service (NRS 174.345(1)).
- (b) By registered or certified mail for misdemeanor trials within 10 days of court appearance date (NRS 174.345(2)).
- (c) By written or oral promise to appear and executing proper proof of service (NRS 174.315(3)).
- (d) A deputy may accept service via electronic means, by sending a written promise to appear through the office's email system (NRS 174.315(4)).

Appropriate witness fees should be tendered when any subpoena is received (NRS 50.225).

#### 348.3.1 SPECIAL NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

Any member who is subpoenaed to testify, agrees to testify or provides information on behalf of or at the request of any party other than the District Attorney or the prosecutor shall notify his/her immediate supervisor without delay regarding:

- (a) Any civil case where the County or one of its members, as a result of his/her official capacity, is a party.
- (b) Any civil case where any other city, county, state or federal unit of government or a member of any such unit of government, as a result of his/her official capacity, is a party.
- (c) Any criminal proceeding where the member is called to testify or provide information on behalf of the defense.
- (d) Any civil action stemming from the member's on-duty activity or because of his/her association with the Storey County Sheriff's Office.
- (e) Any personnel or disciplinary matter when called to testify or to provide information by a government entity other than the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Subpoenas and Court Appearances

---

The supervisor will then notify the Sheriff and the appropriate prosecuting attorney as may be indicated by the case. The Sheriff should determine if additional legal support is necessary.

No member shall be retaliated against for testifying in any matter.

#### **348.3.2 CIVIL SUBPOENA**

The Office will compensate members who appear in their official capacities on civil matters arising out of their official duties, as directed by the current collective bargaining agreement.

The Office should seek reimbursement for the member's compensation through the civil attorney of record who subpoenaed the member.

#### **348.3.3 OFF-DUTY RELATED SUBPOENAS**

Members receiving valid subpoenas for off-duty actions not related to their employment or appointment will not be compensated for their appearance. Arrangements for time off shall be coordinated through their immediate supervisors.

#### **348.4 FAILURE TO APPEAR**

Any member who fails to comply with the terms of any properly served subpoena or court-ordered appearance may be subject to discipline. This includes properly served orders to appear that were issued by a state administrative agency.

#### **348.5 COURTROOM PROTOCOL**

When appearing in court, members shall:

- (a) Be punctual and be prepared to proceed immediately with the case for which they are scheduled to appear.
- (b) Dress in the office uniform or business attire.
- (c) Observe all rules of the court in which they are appearing and remain alert to changes in the assigned courtroom where their matter is to be heard.

#### **348.5.1 TESTIMONY**

Before the date of testifying, the subpoenaed member shall request a copy of relevant reports and become familiar with their content in order to be prepared for court.

#### **348.6 OVERTIME APPEARANCES**

When a member appears in court on his/her off-duty time, he/she will be compensated in accordance with the current collective bargaining agreement.

#### **348.7 STANDBY**

To facilitate standby agreements, members are required to provide and maintain current information on their addresses and contact telephone numbers with the Office.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Subpoenas and Court Appearances

---

If a member on standby changes his/her location during the day, the member shall notify the designated office member of how he/she can be reached. Members are required to remain on standby until released by the court or the party that issued the subpoena.

## Reserve and Auxiliary Deputies

### 350.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Storey County Sheriff's Office Reserve Unit was established to supplement and assist regular sworn sheriff's deputies in their duties. This unit provides professional, sworn volunteer reserve, auxiliary and special function deputies who can augment regular staffing levels (NAC 289.065).

### 350.2 SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT OF SHERIFF'S RESERVE OFFICERS\_DEPUTIES

The Storey County Sheriff's Office shall endeavor to recruit and appoint only those applicants who meet the high ethical, moral and professional standards set forth by this office.

Reserve deputies who work part-time and hold certification by the Nevada Peace Officers' Standards and Training under NRS 289.550 are considered "Peace Officers" under NRS 289.150.

#### 350.2.1 PROCEDURE

All applicants shall be required to meet and pass the same pre-employment procedures as regular sheriff's deputies before appointment.

Before appointment to the Sheriff's Reserve Unit, an applicant must have completed, or be in the process of completing, a state approved basic academy or extended basic academy.

#### 350.2.2 APPOINTMENT

Applicants who are selected for appointment to the Sheriff's Reserve Unit shall, on the recommendation of the Sheriff, be sworn in by the Sheriff and take the Oath of Office as required for regular deputies. Members of the reserve unit serve at the Sheriff's discretion.

A reserve deputy may not perform any law enforcement function without completing the minimum 120 hours of training required by NAC 289.170 and possessing Nevada Peace Officers' Standards and Training certification (NAC 289.210).

#### 350.2.3 COMPENSATION FOR SHERIFF'S RESERVE OFFICERS

Compensation for reserve deputies is provided as follows:

- (a) All "Reserve" deputy appointees are issued one set of uniforms and any designated attire or safety equipment, as authorized by the Sheriff, necessary to perform their function. All property issued to the reserve deputy shall be returned to the Office upon termination or resignation. Reserves shall receive replacement uniforms as needed and approved by the Reserve Coordinator.
- (b) The Office may provide hospital and medical assistance to a member of the reserve force who sustains injury in the course of performing official duties.

### 350.3 DUTIES OF RESERVE DEPUTIES

Reserve deputies assist regular deputies in the enforcement of laws and in maintaining peace and order within the community. Assignments of reserve deputies will usually be to augment the Patrol

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Reserve and Auxiliary Deputies*

---

or Jail Division. Reserve deputies may be assigned to other areas within the Office as needed. Reserve deputies are required to work a minimum of 16 hours per month

#### **350.3.1 POLICY COMPLIANCE**

Sheriff's reserve deputies shall be required to adhere to all Office policies and procedures. A copy of the policies and procedures will be made available to each reserve deputy upon appointment and he/she shall become thoroughly familiar with these policies.

Whenever a rule, regulation or guideline in this manual refers to a sworn regular full-time deputy, it shall also apply to a sworn reserve deputy unless by its nature it is inapplicable.

#### **350.3.2 RESERVE DEPUTY ASSIGNMENTS**

All reserve deputies will be assigned to duties by the Reserve Coordinator or his/her designee.

#### **350.3.3 RESERVE COORDINATOR**

The Sheriff shall delegate the responsibility for administering the Reserve Deputy Program to a Reserve Coordinator.

The Reserve Coordinator shall have the responsibility of, but not be limited to:

- (a) Assignment of reserve personnel.
- (b) Conducting reserve meetings.
- (c) Establishing and maintaining a reserve call-out roster.
- (d) Ensuring all training requirements are met.
- (e) Monitoring individual reserve deputy performance.
- (f) Monitoring overall Reserve Program.
- (g) Maintaining liaison with other agency Reserve Coordinators.

#### **350.4 FIELD TRAINING**

All reserve deputies are required to complete field training in both jail and patrol functions. Reserve deputies will not be allowed to operate a county owned vehicle until such time as the minimum standards for vehicle operation are met.

#### **350.4.1 TRAINING OFFICERS**

Deputies of this office, who demonstrate a desire and ability to train reserve deputies, may train the reserves subject to Shift Supervisor approval.

#### **350.4.2 PRIMARY TRAINING OFFICER**

Upon completion of the required minimum 120 hours of training, deputies may be assigned to a primary training officer. The primary training officer will be assigned through the Reserve Coordinator in consultation with the Chief Deputy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Reserve and Auxiliary Deputies*

---

#### **350.4.3 FIELD TRAINING MANUAL**

Each new reserve deputy will be issued a Field Training Manual at the beginning of his/her Primary Training Phase. This manual is an outline of the subject matter and/or skills necessary to properly function as a deputy with the Storey County Sheriff's Office. The reserve deputy shall become knowledgeable of the subject matter as outlined. He/she shall also become proficient with those skills as set forth in the manual.

#### **350.4.4 COMPLETION OF THE PRIMARY TRAINING PHASE**

At the completion of the Primary Training Phase (Phase I), the primary training officer will meet with the Reserve Coordinator. The purpose of this meeting is to discuss the progress of the reserve deputy in training.

If the reserve deputy has progressed satisfactorily, he/she will then proceed to Phase II of the training. If he/she has not progressed satisfactorily, the Reserve Coordinator will determine the appropriate action to be taken.

#### **350.4.5 SECONDARY TRAINING PHASE**

During Phase II of training, as with Phase I, the reserve deputy's performance will be closely monitored. In addition, rapid progress should continue towards the completion of the Deputy's Field Training Manual. At the completion of Phase II of training, the reserve deputy will return to his/her primary training officer for Phase III of the training.

#### **350.4.6 THIRD TRAINING PHASE**

Phase III of training shall consist of the training officer evaluating the reserve deputy for suitability to graduate from the formal training program.

At the completion of Phase III training, the primary training officer will meet with the Reserve Coordinator. Based upon the reserve deputy's evaluations, plus input from the primary training officer, the Reserve Coordinator shall decide if the reserve deputy has satisfactorily completed his/her formal training. If the reserve deputy has progressed satisfactorily, he/she will then graduate from the formal training process. If his/her progress is not satisfactory, the Reserve Coordinator will decide upon the appropriate action to be taken.

#### **350.4.7 COMPLETION OF THE FORMAL TRAINING PROCESS**

When a reserve deputy has satisfactorily completed all three phases of formal training, he/she will no longer be required to ride with a reserve training officer. The reserve deputy may now be assigned to ride with any deputy for a period of 100-hours before being considered for relief of immediate supervision.

#### **350.5 SUPERVISION**

Reserve deputies perform some of the duties of a peace officer and shall be under the constructive supervision of a certified peace officer and may not be employed as a full time deputy (NAC 289.065). Reserve deputies will be considered subordinate to full time deputies for chain of command purposes.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Reserve and Auxiliary Deputies

---

#### **350.5.1 RESERVE DEPUTY MEETINGS**

All reserve deputy meetings will be scheduled and conducted by the Reserve Coordinator. All reserve deputies are required to attend scheduled meetings. Any absences must be satisfactorily explained to the Reserve Coordinator.

#### **350.5.2 IDENTIFICATION OF DEPUTIES**

All reserve deputies will be issued a uniform badge and an Office identification card. The uniform badge shall be the same as that worn by a regular full-time deputy. The identification card will be the standard identification card with the exception that "Reserve" will be indicated on the card.

#### **350.5.3 UNIFORM**

Reserve deputies shall conform to all uniform regulation and appearance standards of this office.

#### **350.5.4 INVESTIGATIONS AND COMPLAINTS**

If a reserve deputy has a complaint made against him/her or becomes involved in an internal investigation, that complaint or internal investigation may be investigated by the Reserve Coordinator, at the discretion of the Chief Deputy.

Reserve deputies are considered at-will employees. Any disciplinary action that may have to be administrated to a reserve deputy shall be accomplished as outlined in the Policy Manual with the exception that the right to hearing is limited to the opportunity to clear their name.

#### **350.5.5 RESERVE DEPUTY EVALUATIONS**

While in training, reserves will be continuously evaluated using standardized daily and weekly observation reports. The reserve will be considered a trainee until all of the training phases have been completed. Reserves having completed their field training will be evaluated annually using performance dimensions applicable to the duties and authorities granted to that reserve.

#### **350.6 FIREARMS REQUIREMENTS**

An appointment to the Sheriff's Reserve program may require the carrying of a weapon. All weapons will be carried in accordance with the firearms policy in this manual.

##### **350.6.1 CONCEALED FIREARMS PROHIBITED**

No reserve deputy will be permitted to carry a concealed firearm while in an off-duty capacity, other than to and from work, except those reserve deputies who possess a valid concealed firearm permit.

An instance may arise where a reserve deputy is assigned to a plainclothes detail for his/her assigned tour of duty. Under these circumstances, the reserve deputy may be permitted to carry a weapon more suited to the assignment with the knowledge and approval of the supervisor in charge of the detail.

Any reserve deputy who is permitted to carry a firearm other than the assigned duty weapon may do so only after verifying that the weapon conforms to Office standards. The weapon must be

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Reserve and Auxiliary Deputies

---

registered by the reserve deputy and be inspected and certified as fit for service by an Office armorer.

Before being allowed to carry any optional firearm during an assigned tour of duty the reserve deputy shall have demonstrated his/her proficiency with said weapon.

### **350.7 EMERGENCY CALL-OUT FOR RESERVE PERSONNEL**

The Reserve Coordinator shall develop a plan outlining an emergency call-out procedure for reserve personnel.

## Mutual Aid and Outside Agency Assistance

### 352.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to deputies in the request of or answering the request for assistance involving another law enforcement agency.

It is the policy of this office to provide assistance whenever possible, consistent with the applicable laws of arrest and detention policies of this office, when another law enforcement agency requests assistance with an arrest or detention of any person. This office may also request an outside agency to provide assistance.

#### 352.1.1 ASSISTING OUTSIDE AGENCIES

Generally, calls for assistance from other agencies are routed to the Shift Supervisor's office for approval. Any such response to assist an outside agency may be considered for authorization regardless of whether an agreement for reciprocal aid under NRS 414.100 exists.

When an authorized employee of an outside agency requests the assistance of this office in taking a person into custody, available deputies shall respond and assist in making a lawful arrest. If a deputy receives a request in the field for assistance, that deputy shall notify a supervisor. Arrestees may be temporarily detained by our agency until arrangements for transportation are made by the outside agency. Only in exceptional circumstances will this office provide transportation of arrestees to other county facilities.

When such assistance is rendered, a case number will be issued to report action taken by Storey County Sheriff's Office Personnel.

Outside assistance amounting to more than an unplanned, immediate and short-term need should be referred to the Sheriff or his/her designee.

#### 352.1.2 REQUESTING ASSISTANCE FROM OUTSIDE AGENCIES

If assistance is needed from another agency, the employee requesting assistance shall, when possible, first notify a supervisor of his/her intentions. The handling deputy or supervisor should direct assisting personnel to where they are needed and to whom they should report when they arrive.

### 352.2 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCIES

Under authority of NRS 414.020 to NRS 414.160, the State of Nevada Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan identifies on-scene command and control as the responsibility where the incident occurs. The Incident Commander is charged with making an immediate appraisal of the situation and its potential. Responders should:

- Establish scene management.
- Detect the presence of hazardous materials.
- Begin identification of hazardous materials.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Mutual Aid and Outside Agency Assistance

---

- Begin evacuation or direct in-place sheltering.
- Consider personal protection/decontamination.
- Isolate incident and identify zones of activity.
- Contain incident without risking exposure.
- Perform fire fighting, rescue, emergency medical and other critical life saving response activities in accordance with the County Emergency Plan Manual.
- Seek additional appropriate resources if the event exceeds, or is expected to exceed, the capability of local resources, including mutual aid and state or federal assistance. When requesting local, state or federal assistance, the Office should clarify if they are requesting assistance only or complete scene management.

---

## Registered Sex Offender Information

### 356.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines by which the Storey County Sheriff's Office will address issues associated with certain offenders who are residing in the jurisdiction and how the Office will disseminate information and respond to public inquiries for information about registered sex offenders.

### 356.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to identify and monitor registered offenders living within this jurisdiction and to take reasonable steps to address the risks those persons may pose.

### 356.3 REGISTRATION

The Investigation Unit Supervisor shall establish a process to reasonably accommodate registration of certain offenders. The process should rebut any allegation on the part of the offender that the registration process was too confusing, burdensome or difficult for compliance. If it is reasonable to do so, an investigator assigned to related investigations should conduct the registration in order to best evaluate any threat the person may pose to the community. Employees assigned to register offenders should receive appropriate training regarding the registration process.

Upon conclusion of the registration process, the investigator shall ensure that the registration information is provided to the Nevada Central Repository.

The refusal of a registrant to provide any of the required information or complete the process should initiate a criminal investigation for failure to register.

### 356.4 MONITORING OF REGISTERED OFFENDERS

The Investigation Unit should establish a system to periodically, and at least once annually, verify that a registrant remains in compliance with his/her registration requirements after the initial registration. This verification should include:

- (a) Efforts to confirm residence using an unobtrusive method, such as an Internet search or drive-by of the declared residence.
- (b) Review of information on the Nevada Sex Offender Registry.
- (c) Contact with a registrant's parole or probation officer.

Any discrepancies should be reported to the Nevada Department of Public Safety.

The Investigation Unit should also establish a procedure to routinely disseminate information regarding registered offenders to Storey County Sheriff's Office personnel, including timely updates regarding new or relocated registrants.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Registered Sex Offender Information

---

#### **356.5 DISSEMINATION OF PUBLIC INFORMATION**

Employees will not unilaterally make a public notification advising the community of a particular registrant's presence in the community. Employees who identify a significant risk or other public safety issue associated with a registrant should promptly advise their supervisor. The supervisor should evaluate the request and forward the information to the Sheriff if warranted. A determination will be made by the Sheriff, with the assistance of legal counsel as necessary, whether such a public alert should be made.

Members of the public requesting information on registrants should be provided the Nevada Department of Public Safety Sex Offender Registry website or the Storey County Sheriff's Office's website.

The Records Section or Investigation Unit shall release local registered offender information to residents in accordance with NRS 239.010 et seq. and in compliance with the Nevada Public Records Act request.

##### **356.5.1 RELEASE NOTIFICATIONS**

Registrant information that is released should include notification that:

- (a) The offender registry includes only those persons who have been required by law to register and who are in compliance with the offender registration laws.
- (b) The information is provided as a public service and may not be current or accurate.
- (c) Persons should not rely solely on the offender registry as a safeguard against offenses in their communities.
- (d) The crime for which a person is convicted may not accurately reflect the level of risk.
- (e) Anyone who uses information contained in the registry to harass registrants or commit any crime may be subject to criminal prosecution.

##### **356.5.2 MANDATORY DISSEMINATION**

The Office shall provide community notification regarding sex offenders in accordance with the offender's designated tier level and the guidelines established by the Attorney General.

The Office shall notify the Central Repository and the appropriate campus police department of an institution of higher learning whenever the Office learns that a sex offender is, or expects to be, a worker or enrolled as a student.

#### **356.6 UPDATING REGISTRATION**

Upon receiving a change of address from an offender, the department member receiving such information shall ensure the new address and any updated information is forwarded to the Nevada Central Repository immediately.

## Major Incident Notification

### 358.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to members of this office in determining when, how and to whom notification of major incidents should be made.

### 358.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes that certain incidents should be brought to the attention of supervisors or other specified personnel of this office to facilitate the coordination of activities and ensure that inquiries from the media and the public may be properly addressed.

### 358.3 MINIMUM CRITERIA FOR NOTIFICATION

Most situations where the media show a strong interest are also of interest to the Sheriff. The following list of incident types is provided as a guide for notification and is not intended to be all-inclusive:

- Homicides
- Traffic accidents with fatalities
- Officer-involved shooting, whether on- or off-duty (see Peace Officer-Involved Shooting Policy for special notifications)
- Significant injury or death to employee, whether on- or off-duty
- Death of a prominent Storey official, whether in or out of the county
- Any death occurring within Storey County
- Arrest of office employee or prominent Storey official
- Arrest of outside law enforcement officer
- Aircraft crash with major damage and/or injury or death
- In-custody deaths

### 358.4 SHIFT SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY

The Shift Supervisor is responsible for making the appropriate notifications. The Shift Supervisor shall make reasonable attempts to obtain as much information on the incident as possible before notification. The Shift Supervisor shall attempt to make the notifications as soon as practicable. Notification should be made by using the call notification protocol posted in Dispatch.

#### 358.4.1 STAFF NOTIFICATION

In the event an incident occurs as described in Policy Manual § 358.2, the Sheriff shall be notified along with the Chief Deputy and Investigation Unit (when appropriate).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Major Incident Notification*

---

### 358.4.2 DETECTIVE NOTIFICATION

If the incident requires that a detective respond from home, the Chief Deputy will be notified at the same time or as soon as is reasonably possible.

## Death Investigation

### 360.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The investigations of cases involving death include those ranging from natural cause to homicide. Some causes of death may not be readily apparent and some cases differ substantially from what they appeared to be initially. The thoroughness of death investigations cannot be emphasized enough.

### 360.2 INVESTIGATION CONSIDERATIONS

Death investigation cases require certain actions be taken. Emergency Medical Services shall be called in all suspected death cases unless the death is obvious (e.g., decapitated or decomposed). A supervisor shall be notified in all death investigations.

#### 360.2.1 CORONER REQUEST

The Coroner investigation shall be completed in any of the following cases (in addition to any criminal investigation):

- (a) Any unattended deaths when no physician was in attendance at the time of death, outside of a medical facility.
- (b) Any accidental death to include vehicular, industrial, drowning, fire, falls, etc.
- (c) Any death suspected to be related to abuse or neglect.
- (d) Known or suspected homicide.
- (e) Known or suspected suicide.
- (f) Any death occurring under circumstances which do not appear to be natural.
- (g) Any death occurring while incarcerated, to include during arrest or while in any City, County, or State facility.
- (h) Any death suspected to be related to the overdose use of illegal or prescribed drugs.
- (i) Any death resulting from the criminal or self-induced abortion.

#### 360.2.2 DEATH NOTIFICATION

When practicable, notification to the next-of-kin of the deceased person shall be made, in person, by the deputy assigned to the incident. If the next-of-kin lives in another jurisdiction, a law enforcement official from that jurisdiction shall be requested to make the personal notification.

#### 360.2.3 UNIDENTIFIED DEAD BODIES

If the identity of a dead body cannot be established after the coroner arrives, the coroner will issue a "John Doe" or "Jane Doe" number for the report.

When a coroner is unable to establish the identity of a dead body by means other than by dental records, the coroner shall have a dental examination of the body made by a dentist, and shall enter

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Death Investigation*

---

the information contained in the dentist's report into National Crime Information Center (NCIC) files.

#### **360.2.4 UNIDENTIFIED BODIES DATA ENTRY**

No later than the 10 working days after the date a death is reported to the Office, all available identifying features of the unidentified body, including dental records, fingerprints, any unusual physical characteristics and a description of clothing or personal belongings found on or with the body shall be entered into the Missing Children and Missing Persons Information Clearinghouse and the NCIC file (NRS 480.500(3)).

#### **360.2.5 DEATH INVESTIGATION REPORTING**

All incidents involving a death shall be documented on the appropriate form.

#### **360.2.6 SUSPECTED HOMICIDE**

Until shown to be otherwise, all deaths are to be treated as possible homicide. The Investigation Division shall be notified in all instances of death to determine the need for a detective to respond to the scene for further immediate investigation.

#### **360.2.7 EMPLOYMENT RELATED DEATHS OR INJURIES**

Any member of this agency who responds to and determines that a death, serious illness or serious injury has occurred as a result of an accident at or in connection with the victim's employment shall ensure that the nearest office of the Nevada Division of Industrial Relations is notified by telephone or teletype with all pertinent information.

## Identity Theft

### 362.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Identity theft is a growing trend that frequently involves related crimes in multiple jurisdictions. This policy is intended to provide guidelines for the reporting and investigation of such crimes.

### 362.2 REPORTING

- (a) In an effort to maintain uniformity in reporting, deputies presented with the crime of identity theft (NRS 205.463) shall initiate a report for victims residing within the local county. For incidents of identity theft occurring outside the local county, deputies should observe the following:
  - 1. For any victim not residing within the local county, the deputy may either:
    - (a) Complete a courtesy report to be forwarded to the victim's residence agency.
    - (b) The victim should be encouraged to promptly report the identity theft to the law enforcement agency where he/she resides.
- (b) While the crime of identity theft should be reported to the law enforcement agency where the victim resides, deputies of this office should investigate and report crimes occurring within this jurisdiction which have resulted from the original identity theft (e.g., the identity theft occurred elsewhere, but the credit card fraud occurred and is reported in this jurisdiction).
- (c) Deputies should include all known incidents of fraudulent activity (e.g., credit card number applied for in victim's name when the victim has never made such an application).
- (d) Deputies should also cross-reference all known reports made by the victim (e.g., U.S. Secret Service, credit reporting bureaus, U.S. Postal Service and Department of Public Safety, Driver License Division) with all known report numbers.
- (e) Following supervisory review and Office processing, the initial report should be forwarded to the appropriate detective for follow up investigation, coordination with other agencies and prosecution as circumstances dictate.

### 362.3 IDENTITY THEFT PROGRAM CARD

After filing a written report with a law enforcement agency, a victim of identity theft may apply for an identity theft program card (NRS 205.4651(1)). Members who accept or complete an identity theft report shall provide an Attorney General's pamphlet containing an application for an identity theft program card, provide assistance in completing the application, review supporting documentation to confirm the applicant's identity and refer the person to the Office of the Attorney General for review of the application. The member completing the report shall submit the application and a copy of the written report to the Attorney General for review (NAC 205 et seq.).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Identity Theft*

---

Applications for an identity theft program card and any supporting documentation are not a public record and may only be released to a law enforcement agency (NRS 205.4651(6)).

A person may present an identity theft program card in an effort to prevent arrest or detention for an offense committed by another using the individual's personal information. Deputies have sole discretion to accept or reject the program card based upon the surrounding circumstances and information currently available regarding the identity theft (NRS 205.4651(5)).

#### **362.4 INFORMATION**

The victim should also contact the Federal Trade Commission who is responsible for receiving and processing complaints under the Identity Theft and Assumption Deterrence Act. The victim can contact the FTC online at <http://ftc.gov> or by telephone at 1-877-ID Theft (877-438-4338). Additional information may be found at the United States Department of Justice (USDOJ) website, <http://www.usdoj.gov>.

## Private Persons Arrests

### 364.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance for the handling of private person's arrests made pursuant to state law.

### 364.2 ADVISING PRIVATE PERSONS OF THE ARREST PROCESS

All deputies shall advise citizens of the right to make a private person's arrest, including advice on how to safely execute such an arrest. In all situations, deputies should use sound discretion in determining whether to advise an individual of the arrest process.

- (a) When advising any individual regarding the right to make a private person's arrest, deputies should refrain from encouraging or dissuading any individual from making such an arrest and should instead limit advice to the legal requirements for such an arrest as listed below.
- (b) Private individuals should be discouraged from using force to effect a private person's arrest, and absent immediate threat to their own safety or the safety of others, private individuals should be encouraged to refer matters to law enforcement officials for further investigation or arrest.

### 364.3 ARRESTS BY PRIVATE PERSONS

A private person may arrest another under the following circumstances (NRS 171.126 et. seq):

- (a) For a public offense committed or attempted in his/her presence.
- (b) When the person arrested has committed a felony, although not in his/her presence.
- (c) When a felony has been committed and he/she has reasonable cause for believing the person to be arrested committed the felony.

### 364.4 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES

Any deputy presented with a private person wishing to make an arrest must determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that such an arrest would be lawful.

- (a) Should any deputy determine that there is no reasonable cause to believe that a private person's arrest is lawful, the deputy should take no action to further detain or restrain the individual beyond that which reasonably appears necessary to investigate the matter, determine the lawfulness of the arrest and protect the public safety.
  - 1. Any deputy who determines that a private person's arrest appears to be unlawful should promptly release the arrested individual. The deputy must include the basis of such a determination in a related report.
  - 2. Absent reasonable cause to support a private person's arrest or other lawful grounds to support an independent arrest by the deputy, the deputy should advise the parties

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Private Persons Arrests*

---

that no arrest will be made and that the circumstances will be documented in a related report.

- (b) Whenever a deputy determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that a private person's arrest is lawful, the deputy may exercise any of the following options:
1. Take the individual into physical custody for booking.
  2. Release the individual upon a misdemeanor citation.

#### **364.5 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

In all circumstances in which a private person is claiming to have made an arrest, the individual must complete and sign an Office Private Person's Arrest form under penalty of perjury.

In addition to the Private Person's Arrest Form (and any other related documents such as citations and booking forms), deputies shall complete a narrative report regarding the circumstances and disposition of the incident.

## Limited English Proficiency Services

### 368.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to members when communicating with individuals with limited English proficiency (LEP) (42 USC § 2000d).

#### 368.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Authorized interpreter** - A person who has been screened and authorized by the Office to act as an interpreter and/or translator for others.

**Interpret or interpretation** - The act of listening to a communication in one language (source language) and orally converting it to another language (target language), while retaining the same meaning.

**Limited English proficient (LEP)** - Any individual whose primary language is not English and who has a limited ability to read, write, speak or understand English. These individuals may be competent in certain types of communication (e.g., speaking or understanding) but still be LEP for other purposes (e.g., reading or writing). Similarly, LEP designations are context-specific; an individual may possess sufficient English language skills to function in one setting but these skills may be insufficient in other situations.

**Qualified bilingual member** - A member of the Storey County Sheriff's Office, designated by the Office, who has the ability to communicate fluently, directly and accurately in both English and another language. Bilingual members may be fluent enough to communicate in a non-English language but may not be sufficiently fluent to interpret or translate from one language into another.

**Translate or translation** - The replacement of written text from one language (source language) into an equivalent written text (target language).

### 368.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to reasonably ensure that LEP individuals have meaningful access to law enforcement services, programs and activities, while not imposing undue burdens on its members.

The Office will not discriminate against or deny any individual access to services, rights or programs based upon national origin or any other protected interest or right.

### 368.3 LEP COORDINATOR

Depending on the balance of the above four factors, this office will make every reasonable effort to provide meaningful and timely assistance to LEP individuals through a variety of services, where available. LEP individuals may elect to accept interpreter services offered by the Office at no cost or choose to provide their own interpreter services at their own expense.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Limited English Proficiency Services*

---

Office personnel should document in any related report whether the LEP individual elected to use interpreter services provided by the Office or some other source. Office-provided interpreter services may include, but are not limited to, the assistance methods described in this section.

#### **368.4 FOUR-FACTOR ANALYSIS**

Since there are many different languages that members could encounter, the Office will utilize the four-factor analysis outlined in the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) Guidance to Federal Financial Assistance Recipients, available at the DOJ website, to determine which measures will provide meaningful access to its services and programs. It is recognized that law enforcement contacts and circumstances will vary considerably. This analysis, therefore, must remain flexible and will require an ongoing balance of four factors, which are:

- (a) The number or proportion of LEP individuals eligible to be served or likely to be encountered by office members, or who may benefit from programs or services within the jurisdiction of the Office or a particular geographic area.
- (b) The frequency with which LEP individuals are likely to come in contact with office members, programs or services.
- (c) The nature and importance of the contact, program, information or service provided.
- (d) The cost of providing LEP assistance and the resources available.

#### **368.5 TYPES OF LEP ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE**

Storey County Sheriff's Office members should never refuse service to an LEP individual who is requesting assistance, nor should they require an LEP individual to furnish an interpreter as a condition for receiving assistance. The Office will make every reasonable effort to provide meaningful and timely assistance to LEP individuals through a variety of services.

The Office will utilize all reasonably available tools, such as language identification cards, when attempting to determine an LEP individual's primary language.

LEP individuals may choose to accept office-provided LEP services at no cost or they may choose to provide their own.

Office-provided LEP services may include, but are not limited to, the assistance methods described in this policy.

#### **368.6 WRITTEN FORMS AND GUIDELINES**

Vital documents or those that are frequently used should be translated into languages most likely to be encountered. The LEP Coordinator will arrange to make these translated documents available to members and other appropriate individuals, as necessary.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Limited English Proficiency Services

---

#### **368.7 AUDIO RECORDINGS**

The Office may develop audio recordings of important or frequently requested information in a language most likely to be understood by those LEP individuals who are representative of the community being served.

#### **368.8 QUALIFIED BILINGUAL MEMBERS**

Bilingual members may be qualified to provide LEP services when they have demonstrated through established office procedures a sufficient level of skill and competence to fluently communicate in both English and a non-English language. Members utilized for LEP services must demonstrate knowledge of the functions of an interpreter/translator and the ethical issues involved when acting as a language conduit. Additionally, bilingual members must be able to communicate technical and law enforcement terminology, and be sufficiently proficient in the non-English language to perform complicated tasks, such as conducting interrogations, taking statements, collecting evidence or conveying rights or responsibilities.

When a qualified bilingual member from this office is not available, personnel from other County departments, who have been identified by the Office as having the requisite skills and competence, may be requested.

#### **368.9 AUTHORIZED INTERPRETERS**

Any person designated by the Office to act as an authorized interpreter and/or translator must have demonstrated competence in both English and the involved non-English language, must have an understanding of the functions of an interpreter that allows for correct and effective translation, and should not be a person with an interest in the office case or investigation involving the LEP individual. A person providing interpretation or translation services may be required to establish the accuracy and trustworthiness of the interpretation or translation in a court proceeding.

Authorized interpreters must pass a screening process established by the LEP Coordinator which demonstrates that their skills and abilities include:

- (a) The competence and ability to communicate information accurately in both English and in the target language.
- (b) Knowledge, in both languages, of any specialized terms or concepts peculiar to this office and of any particularized vocabulary or phraseology used by the LEP individual.
- (c) The ability to understand and adhere to the interpreter role without deviating into other roles, such as counselor or legal adviser.
- (d) Knowledge of the ethical issues involved when acting as a language conduit.

##### **368.9.1 SOURCES OF AUTHORIZED INTERPRETERS**

The Office may contract with authorized interpreters who are available over the telephone. Members may use these services with the approval of a supervisor and in compliance with established procedures.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Limited English Proficiency Services*

---

Other sources may include:

- Qualified bilingual members of this office or personnel from other County departments.
- Individuals employed exclusively to perform interpretation services.
- Contracted in-person interpreters, such as state or federal court interpreters, among others.
- Interpreters from other agencies who have been qualified as interpreters by this office, and with whom the Office has a resource-sharing or other arrangement that they will interpret according to office guidelines.

#### **368.9.2 COMMUNITY VOLUNTEERS AND OTHER SOURCES OF LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE**

Language assistance may be available from community volunteers who have demonstrated competence in either monolingual (direct) communication and/or in interpretation or translation (as noted in above), and have been approved by the Office to communicate with LEP individuals.

Where qualified bilingual members or other authorized interpreters are unavailable to assist, approved community volunteers who have demonstrated competence may be called upon when appropriate. However, office members must carefully consider the nature of the contact and the relationship between the LEP individual and the volunteer to ensure that the volunteer can provide neutral and unbiased assistance.

While family or friends of an LEP individual may offer to assist with communication or interpretation, members should carefully consider the circumstances before relying on such individuals. For example, children should not be relied upon except in exigent or very informal and non-confrontational situations.

#### **368.10 CONTACT AND REPORTING**

While all law enforcement contacts, services and individual rights are important, this office will utilize the four-factor analysis to prioritize service to LEP individuals so that such services may be targeted where they are most needed, according to the nature and importance of the particular law enforcement activity involved.

Whenever any member of this office is required to complete a report or other documentation, and interpretation services are provided to any involved LEP individual, such services should be noted in the related report. Members should document the type of interpretation services utilized and whether the individual elected to use services provided by the Office or some other identified source.

#### **368.11 RECEIVING AND RESPONDING TO REQUESTS FOR ASSISTANCE**

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will take reasonable steps and will work with the Human Resources to develop in-house language capacity by hiring or appointing qualified members proficient in languages representative of the community being served.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Limited English Proficiency Services

---

#### **368.11.1 EMERGENCY CALLS TO 9-1-1**

Office members will make every reasonable effort to promptly accommodate LEP individuals utilizing 9-1-1 lines. When a 9-1-1 call-taker receives a call and determines that the caller is an LEP individual, the call-taker shall quickly determine whether sufficient information can be obtained to initiate an appropriate emergency response. If language assistance is still needed, the language is known and a qualified bilingual member is available in Dispatch, the call shall immediately be handled by the qualified bilingual member.

If a qualified bilingual member is not available or the call-taker is unable to identify the caller's language, the call-taker will contact the contracted telephone interpretation service and establish a three-way call between the call-taker, the LEP individual and the interpreter.

Dispatchers will make every reasonable effort to dispatch a qualified bilingual member to the assignment, if available and appropriate.

While 9-1-1 calls shall receive top priority, reasonable efforts should also be made to accommodate LEP individuals seeking routine access to services and information by utilizing the resources listed in this policy.

#### **368.12 FIELD ENFORCEMENT**

Field enforcement will generally include such contacts as traffic stops, pedestrian stops, serving warrants and restraining orders, crowd/traffic control and other routine field contacts that may involve LEP individuals. The scope and nature of these activities and contacts will inevitably vary. Members and/or supervisors must assess each situation to determine the need and availability of language assistance to all involved LEP individuals and utilize the methods outlined in this policy to provide such assistance.

Although not every situation can be addressed in this policy, it is important that members are able to effectively communicate the reason for a contact, the need for information and the meaning or consequences of any enforcement action. For example, it would be meaningless to request consent to search if the deputy is unable to effectively communicate with an LEP individual.

If available, deputies should obtain the assistance of a qualified bilingual member or an authorized interpreter before placing an LEP individual under arrest.

#### **368.13 INVESTIGATIVE FIELD INTERVIEWS**

In any situation where an interview may reveal information that could be used as the basis for arrest or prosecution of an LEP individual and a qualified bilingual member is unavailable or lacks the skills to directly communicate with the LEP individual, an authorized interpreter should be used. This includes interviews conducted during an investigation with victims, witnesses and suspects. In such situations, audio recordings of the interviews should be made when reasonably possible. Identification and contact information for the interpreter (e.g., name, address) should be documented so that the person can be subpoenaed for trial if necessary.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Limited English Proficiency Services

---

If an authorized interpreter is needed, deputies should consider calling for an authorized interpreter in the following order:

- An authorized office member or allied agency interpreter
- An authorized telephone interpreter
- Any other authorized interpreter

Any *Miranda* warnings shall be provided to suspects in their primary language by an authorized interpreter or, if the suspect is literate, by providing a translated *Miranda* warning card.

The use of an LEP individual's bilingual friends, family members, children, neighbors or bystanders may be used only when a qualified bilingual member or authorized interpreter is unavailable and there is an immediate need to interview an LEP individual.

#### **368.14 CUSTODIAL INTERROGATIONS**

Miscommunication during custodial interrogations may have a substantial impact on the evidence presented in a criminal prosecution. Only qualified bilingual members or, if none is available or appropriate, authorized interpreters shall be used during custodial interrogations. *Miranda* warnings shall be provided to suspects in their primary language by the qualified bilingual member or an authorized interpreter.

In order to ensure that translations during custodial interrogations are accurately documented and are admissible as evidence, interrogations should be recorded whenever reasonably possible. See guidance on recording custodial interrogations in the Investigation and Prosecution Policy.

##### **368.14.1 INTERPRETER REQUIRED IN ARRESTS**

A deputy who arrests a person who cannot readily understand or communicate in the English language shall inform the Shift Supervisor. Prior to any interrogation or the taking of a statement, an interpreter shall be made available to that person at public expense in accordance with the provisions of NRS 50.050 to 50.053, inclusive (NRS 171.1536).

#### **368.15 BOOKINGS**

When gathering information during the booking process, members should remain alert to the impediments that language barriers can create. In the interest of the arrestee's health and welfare, the safety and security of the facility, and to protect individual rights, it is important that accurate medical screening and booking information be obtained. Members should seek the assistance of a qualified bilingual member whenever there is concern that accurate information cannot be obtained or that booking instructions may not be properly understood by an LEP individual.

#### **368.16 COMPLAINTS**

The Office shall ensure that LEP individuals who wish to file a complaint regarding members of this office are able to do so. The Office may provide an authorized interpreter or translated forms, as appropriate. Complaints will be referred to the LEP Coordinator.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Limited English Proficiency Services*

---

Investigations into such complaints shall be handled in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy. Authorized interpreters used for any interview with an LEP individual during an investigation should not be members of this office.

Any notice required to be sent to an LEP individual as a complaining party pursuant to the Personnel Complaints Policy should be translated or otherwise communicated in a language-accessible manner.

#### **368.17 COMMUNITY OUTREACH**

Community outreach programs and other such services offered by this office are important to the ultimate success of more traditional law enforcement duties. This office will continue to work with community groups, local businesses and neighborhoods to provide equal access to such programs and services.

#### **368.18 TRAINING**

To ensure that all members who may have contact with LEP individuals are properly trained, the Office will provide periodic training on this policy and related procedures, including how to access office-authorized telephonic and in-person interpreters and other available resources.

The Training Sergeant shall be responsible for ensuring new members receive LEP training. Those who may have contact with LEP individuals should receive refresher training at least once every two years thereafter. The Training Sergeant shall maintain records of all LEP training provided, and will retain a copy in each member's training file in accordance with established records retention schedules.

##### **368.18.1 TRAINING FOR AUTHORIZED INTERPRETERS**

All members on the authorized interpreter list must successfully complete prescribed interpreter training. To complete interpreter training successfully, an interpreter must demonstrate proficiency in and ability to communicate information accurately in both English and in the target language, demonstrate knowledge in both languages of any specialized terms or phraseology, and understand and adhere to the interpreter role without deviating into other roles, such as counselor or legal adviser.

Members on the authorized interpreter list must receive refresher training annually or they will be removed from the authorized interpreter list. This annual training should include language skills competency (including specialized terminology) and ethical considerations.

The Training Sergeant shall be responsible for coordinating the annual refresher training and will maintain a record of all training the interpreters have received.

## Communications with Persons with Disabilities

### 370.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to members when communicating with individuals with disabilities, including those who are deaf or hard of hearing, have impaired speech or vision, or are blind.

#### 370.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Auxiliary aids** - Tools used to communicate with people who have a disability or impairment. They include, but are not limited to, the use of gestures or visual aids to supplement oral communication; a notepad and pen or pencil to exchange written notes; a computer or typewriter; an assistive listening system or device to amplify sound; a teletypewriter (TTY) or videophones (video relay service or VRS); taped text; qualified readers; or a qualified interpreter.

**Disability or impairment** - A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits a major life activity, including hearing or seeing, regardless of whether the disabled person uses assistive or adaptive devices or auxiliary aids. Individuals who wear ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses are not considered to have a disability (42 USC § 12102; NRS 656A.040; NRS 656A.050).

**Qualified interpreter** - A person who is able to interpret effectively, accurately and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary. Qualified interpreters include oral interpreters, transliterators, sign language interpreters and intermediary interpreters. Qualified interpreters should be registered with the Aging and Disability Services Division of the Nevada Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to NRS 656A.100 (NRS 50.050).

### 370.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to reasonably ensure that people with disabilities, including victims, witnesses, suspects and arrestees have equal access to law enforcement services, programs and activities. Members must make efforts to communicate effectively with individuals with disabilities.

The Office will not discriminate against or deny any individual access to services, rights or programs based upon disabilities.

### 370.3 AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES (ADA) COORDINATOR

The Sheriff shall delegate certain responsibilities to an ADA Coordinator (28 CFR 35.107). The ADA Coordinator shall be appointed by, and directly responsible, to the Patrol Division Commander or the authorized designee.

The responsibilities of the ADA Coordinator shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Working with the County ADA coordinator regarding the Storey County Sheriff's Office's efforts to ensure equal access to services, programs and activities.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Communications with Persons with Disabilities

---

- (b) Developing reports, new procedures, or recommending modifications to this policy.
- (c) Acting as a liaison with local disability advocacy groups or other disability groups regarding access to office services, programs and activities.
- (d) Ensuring that a list of qualified interpreter services is maintained and available to each Shift Supervisor and Communications Manager. The list should include information regarding the following:
  - 1. Contact information
  - 2. Availability
- (e) Developing procedures that will enable members to access auxiliary aids or services, including qualified interpreters, and ensure the procedures are available to all members.
- (f) Ensuring signage is posted in appropriate areas, indicating that auxiliary aids are available free of charge to people with disabilities.
- (g) Ensuring appropriate processes are in place to provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints and inquiries regarding discrimination in access to office services, programs and activities.

#### **370.4 FACTORS TO CONSIDER**

Because the nature of any law enforcement contact may vary substantially from one situation to the next, members of this office should consider all information reasonably available to them when determining how to communicate with an individual with a disability. Members should carefully balance all known factors in an effort to reasonably ensure people who are disabled have equal access to services, programs and activities. These factors may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Members should not always assume that effective communication is being achieved. The fact that an individual appears to be nodding in agreement does not always mean he/she completely understands the message. When there is any doubt, members should ask the individual to communicate back or otherwise demonstrate their understanding.
- (b) The nature of the disability (e.g., deafness or blindness vs. hard of hearing or low vision).
- (c) The nature of the law enforcement contact (e.g., emergency vs. non-emergency, custodial vs. consensual contact).
- (d) The availability of auxiliary aids. The fact that a particular aid is not available does not eliminate the obligation to reasonably ensure access. However, in an emergency, availability may factor into the type of aid used.

#### **370.5 INITIAL AND IMMEDIATE CONSIDERATIONS**

Recognizing that various law enforcement encounters may be potentially volatile and/or emotionally charged, members should remain alert to the possibility of communication problems.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Communications with Persons with Disabilities

---

Members should exercise special care in the use of all gestures, and verbal and written communication to minimize initial confusion and misunderstanding when dealing with any individual with known or suspected disabilities.

In a non-emergency situation, when a member knows or suspects an individual requires assistance to effectively communicate, the member shall identify the individual's choice of auxiliary aid or service.

The individual's preferred communication method must be honored unless another effective method of communication exists under the circumstances (28 CFR 35.160).

Factors to consider when determining whether an alternative method is effective include:

- (a) The methods of communication usually used by the individual.
- (b) The nature, length and complexity of the communication involved.
- (c) The context of the communication.

In emergency situations involving an imminent threat to the safety or welfare of any person, members may use whatever auxiliary aids and services that reasonably appear effective under the circumstances. This may include, for example, exchanging written notes or using the services of a person who knows sign language but is not a qualified interpreter, even if the person who is deaf or hard of hearing would prefer a qualified sign language interpreter or another appropriate auxiliary aid or service. Once the emergency has ended, the continued method of communication should be reconsidered. The member should inquire as to the individual's preference and give primary consideration to that preference.

If an individual who is deaf, hard of hearing or has impaired speech must be handcuffed while in the custody of the Storey County Sheriff's Office, consideration should be given, safety permitting, to placing the handcuffs in the front of the body to facilitate communication using sign language or writing.

#### **370.6 TYPES OF ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE**

Storey County Sheriff's Office members shall never refuse to assist an individual with disabilities who is requesting assistance. The Office will not charge anyone to receive auxiliary aids, nor shall they require anyone to furnish their own auxiliary aid or service as a condition for receiving assistance. The Office will make every reasonable effort to provide equal access and timely assistance to individuals who are disabled through a variety of services.

A person who is disabled may choose to accept office-provided auxiliary aids or services or they may choose to provide their own.

Office-provided auxiliary aids or services may include, but are not limited to, the assistance methods described in this policy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Communications with Persons with Disabilities

---

#### **370.7 AUDIO RECORDINGS AND ENLARGED PRINT**

The Office may develop audio recordings to assist people who are blind or have a visual impairment with accessing important information. If such a recording is not available, members may read aloud from the appropriate form, for example a personnel complaint form, or provide forms with enlarged print.

#### **370.8 QUALIFIED INTERPRETERS**

A qualified interpreter may be needed in lengthy or complex transactions (e.g., interviewing a victim, witness, suspect or arrestee), if the individual to be interviewed normally relies on sign language or speechreading (lip-reading) to understand what others are saying. The qualified interpreter should not be a person with an interest in the case or the investigation. A person providing interpretation services may be required to establish the accuracy and trustworthiness of the interpretation in a court proceeding.

Qualified interpreters should be:

- (a) Available within a reasonable amount of time but in no event longer than one hour if requested.
- (b) Experienced in providing interpretation services related to law enforcement matters.
- (c) Familiar with the use of VRS and/or video remote interpreting services.
- (d) Certified in either American Sign Language (ASL) or Signed English (SE).
- (e) Able to understand and adhere to the interpreter role without deviating into other roles, such as counselor or legal adviser.
- (f) Knowledgeable of the ethical issues involved when providing interpreter services.

Members should use office-approved procedures to request a qualified interpreter at the earliest reasonable opportunity, and generally not more than 15 minutes after a request for an interpreter has been made or it is reasonably apparent that an interpreter is needed. No individual who is disabled shall be required to provide his/her own interpreter (28 CFR 35.160).

#### **370.9 TTY AND RELAY SERVICES**

In situations where an individual without a disability would have access to a telephone (e.g., booking or attorney contacts), members must also provide those who are deaf, hard of hearing or have impaired speech the opportunity to place calls using an available TTY (also known as a telecommunications device for deaf people, or TDD). Members shall provide additional time, as needed, for effective communication due to the slower nature of TTY and TDD communications.

The Office will accept all TTY or TDD calls placed by those who are deaf or hard of hearing and received via a telecommunications relay service (28 CFR 35.162).

Note that relay services translate verbatim, so the conversation must be conducted as if speaking directly to the caller.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Communications with Persons with Disabilities

---

#### **370.10 COMMUNITY VOLUNTEERS**

Interpreter services may be available from community volunteers who have demonstrated competence in communication services, such as ASL or SE, and have been approved by the Office to provide interpreter services.

Where qualified interpreters are unavailable to assist, approved community volunteers who have demonstrated competence may be called upon when appropriate. However, office members must carefully consider the nature of the contact and the relationship between the individual with the disability and the volunteer to ensure that the volunteer can provide neutral and unbiased assistance.

#### **370.11 FAMILY AND FRIENDS**

While family or friends may offer to assist with interpretation, members should carefully consider the circumstances before relying on such individuals. The nature of the contact and relationship between the individual with the disability and the person offering services must be carefully considered (e.g., victim/suspect).

Children shall not be relied upon except in emergency or critical situations when there is no qualified interpreter reasonably available.

Adults may be relied upon when (28 CFR 35.160):

- (a) There is an emergency or critical situation and there is no qualified interpreter reasonably available.
- (b) The person with the disability requests that the adult interpret or facilitate communication and the adult agrees to provide such assistance, and reliance on that adult for such assistance is reasonable under the circumstances.

#### **370.12 REPORTING**

Whenever any member of this office is required to complete a report or other documentation, and communication assistance has been provided, such services should be noted in the related report. Members should document the type of communication services utilized and whether the individual elected to use services provided by the Office or some other identified source. If the individual's express preference is not honored, the member must document why another method of communication was used.

All written communications exchanged in a criminal case shall be attached to the report or placed into evidence.

#### **370.13 FIELD ENFORCEMENT**

Field enforcement will generally include such contacts as traffic stops, pedestrian stops, serving warrants and restraining orders, crowd/traffic control and other routine field contacts that may involve individuals with disabilities. The scope and nature of these activities and contacts will inevitably vary.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Communications with Persons with Disabilities

---

The Office recognizes that it would be virtually impossible to provide immediate access to complete communication services to every member of this office. Members and/or supervisors must assess each situation and consider the length, complexity and importance of the communication, as well as the individual's preferred method of communication, when determining the type of resources to use and whether a qualified interpreter is needed.

Although not every situation can be addressed in this policy, it is important that members are able to effectively communicate the reason for a contact, the need for information and the meaning or consequences of any enforcement action. For example, it would be meaningless to verbally request consent to search if the deputy is unable to effectively communicate with an individual who is deaf or hard of hearing and requires communications assistance.

If available, deputies should obtain the assistance of a qualified interpreter before placing an individual with a disability under arrest. Individuals who are arrested and are assisted by service animals should be permitted to make arrangements for the care of such animals prior to transport.

#### 370.13.1 FIELD RESOURCES

Examples of methods that may be sufficient for transactions, such as checking a license or giving directions to a location or for urgent situations such as responding to a violent crime in progress, may, depending on the circumstances, include such simple things as:

- (a) Hand gestures or visual aids with an individual who is deaf, hard of hearing or has impaired speech.
- (b) Exchange of written notes or communications.
- (c) Verbal communication with an individual who can speechread by facing the individual and speaking slowly and clearly.
- (d) Use of computer, word processing, personal communication device or similar device to exchange texts or notes.
- (e) Slowly and clearly speaking or reading simple terms to individuals who have a visual or mental impairment.

Members should be aware that these techniques may not provide effective communication as required by law and this policy depending on the circumstances.

#### 370.14 CUSTODIAL INTERROGATIONS

In an effort to ensure that the rights of individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech impairment are protected during a custodial interrogation, this office will provide interpreter services before beginning an interrogation, unless exigent circumstances exist or the individual has made a clear indication that he/she understands the process and desires to proceed without an interpreter. The use of a video remote interpreting service should be considered, where appropriate, if a live interpreter is not available. *Miranda* warnings shall be provided to suspects who are deaf or hard of hearing by a qualified interpreter or by providing a written *Miranda* warning card.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Communications with Persons with Disabilities

---

In order to ensure that communications during custodial investigations are accurately documented and are admissible as evidence, interrogations should be recorded whenever reasonably possible. See guidance on recording custodial interrogations in the Investigation and Prosecution Policy.

#### **370.14.1 INTERPRETER REQUIRED IN ARRESTS**

A deputy who arrests a person who is deaf or has a physical speaking impairment shall inform the Shift Supervisor. Prior to any interrogation or the taking of a statement, an interpreter shall be made available to that person at public expense, in accordance with the provisions of NRS 50.050 to 50.053, inclusive (NRS 171.1536).

#### **370.15 ARRESTS AND BOOKINGS**

If an individual with speech or hearing disabilities is arrested, the arresting deputy shall use office-approved procedures to provide a qualified interpreter at the place of arrest or booking as soon as reasonably practicable, unless the individual indicates that he/she prefers a different auxiliary aid or service or the deputy reasonably determines another effective method of communication exists under the circumstances.

When gathering information during the booking process, members should remain alert to the impediments that often exist when communicating with those who are deaf, hard of hearing, who have impaired speech or vision, are blind, or have other disabilities. In the interest of the arrestee's health and welfare, the safety and security of the facility and to protect individual rights, it is important that accurate medical screening and booking information be obtained. If necessary, members should seek the assistance of a qualified interpreter whenever there is concern that accurate information cannot be obtained or that booking instructions may not be properly understood by the individual.

Individuals who require and possess personally owned communication aids (e.g., hearing aids, cochlear processors) should be permitted to retain them while in custody.

#### **370.16 COMPLAINTS**

The Office shall ensure that individuals with disabilities who wish to file a complaint regarding members of this office are able to do so. The Office may provide a qualified interpreter or forms in enlarged print, as appropriate. Complaints will be referred to the office ADA Coordinator.

Investigations into such complaints shall be handled in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy. Qualified interpreters used during the investigation of a complaint should not be members of this Office.

#### **370.17 COMMUNITY OUTREACH**

Community outreach programs and other such services offered by this office are important to the ultimate success of more traditional law enforcement duties. This office will continue to work with community groups, local businesses and neighborhoods to provide equal access to such programs and services.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Communications with Persons with Disabilities

---

#### **370.18 TRAINING**

To ensure that all members who may have contact with individuals who are disabled are properly trained, the Office will provide periodic training that should include:

- (a) Awareness and understanding of this policy and related procedures, related forms and available resources.
- (b) Procedures for accessing qualified interpreters and other available resources.
- (c) Working with in-person and telephone interpreters and related equipment.

The Training Sergeant shall be responsible for ensuring new members receive training related to interacting with individuals who have disabilities including individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, who have impaired speech or vision, or are blind. Those who may have contact with such individuals should receive refresher training at least once every two years thereafter. The Training Sergeant shall maintain records of all training provided, and will retain a copy in each member's training file in accordance with established records retention schedules.

#### **370.18.1 CALL-TAKER TRAINING**

Emergency call-takers shall be trained in the use of TTY equipment protocols for communicating with individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or who have speech impairments. Such training and information should include:

- (a) The requirements of the ADA and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act for telephone emergency service providers.
- (b) ASL syntax and accepted abbreviations.
- (c) Practical instruction on identifying and processing TTY or TDD calls, including the importance of recognizing silent TTY or TDD calls, using proper syntax, abbreviations and protocol when responding to TTY or TDD calls.
- (d) Hands-on experience in TTY and TDD communications, including identification of TTY or TDD tones.

Training should be mandatory for all Dispatch members who may have contact with individuals from the public who are deaf, hard of hearing or have impaired speech. Refresher training should occur every six months.

## **Pupil Arrest Reporting**

### **373.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE**

The purpose of this policy is to describe the procedures to follow when a pupil is arrested on school grounds and during school hours (NRS 392.855).

### **373.2 PUPIL ARREST REPORTING**

In the event a school pupil is arrested, the arresting deputy shall ensure the chief administrative officer of the school or appropriate designee are ultimately notified of the arrest of a pupil.

#### **373.2.1 PUPIL ARREST AFTER NOTIFICATION**

Based upon the circumstances of the investigation, it may be appropriate to notify the school prior to the arrest. Prior notification and assistance from the school, will ensure the least amount of disruption to school operations and other students.

#### **373.2.2 PUPIL ARREST BEFORE NOTIFICATION**

Based upon the circumstances of the investigation, it may be appropriate to arrest the pupil before notifying the school. This may be appropriate if the pupil is a flight risk, if prior notification will impede the investigation or if notification creates additional risks to students, faculty, the deputy or the public.

Proper notification to the school after the pupil's arrest should then be made when circumstances reasonably allow.

#### **373.2.3 PARENTAL NOTIFICATION**

Upon arrest, it is the arresting deputy responsibility to ensure the parents of the arrested pupil are properly notified. Notification can be made by either the school, the deputy or by the juvenile detention facility after appropriate documentation of the notification need by the booking deputy. Notifications should be documented and include the charges against the pupil and where the pupil will be taken.

## Chaplains

### 376.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the guidelines for Storey County Sheriff's Office chaplains to provide counseling or emotional support to members of the Office, their families and members of the public.

### 376.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office shall ensure that office chaplains are properly appointed, trained and supervised to carry out their responsibilities without financial compensation.

### 376.3 GOALS

Requirements for participation as a chaplain for the Office may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Being above reproach, temperate, prudent, respectable, hospitable, able to teach, be free from addiction to alcohol or other drugs, and excessive debt.
- (b) Managing their households, families and personal affairs well.
- (c) Having a good reputation in the community.
- (d) Successful completion of an appropriate-level background investigation.
- (e) A minimum of five years of successful counseling experience.
- (f) Possession of a valid driver license.

The Sheriff may apply exceptions for eligibility based on organizational needs and the qualifications of the individual.

### 376.4 RECRUITMENT, SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT

The Storey County Sheriff's Office shall endeavor to recruit and appoint only those applicants who meet the high ethical, moral and professional standards set forth by this office.

All applicants shall be required to meet and pass the same pre-employment procedures as office personnel before appointment.

#### 376.4.1 RECRUITMENT

Chaplains should be recruited on a continuous and ongoing basis consistent with office policy on equal opportunity and nondiscriminatory employment. A primary qualification for participation in the application process should be an interest in and an ability to assist the Office in serving the public. Chaplain candidates are encouraged to participate in ride-alongs with office members before and during the selection process.

#### 376.4.2 SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT

Chaplain candidates shall successfully complete the following process prior to appointment as a chaplain:

- (a) Submit the appropriate written application.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Chaplains*

---

- (b) Include a recommendation from employers or volunteer programs.
- (c) Interview with the Sheriff and the chaplain coordinator.
- (d) Successfully complete an appropriate-level background investigation.
- (e) Complete an appropriate probationary period as designated by the Sheriff.

Chaplains are volunteers and serve at the discretion of the Sheriff. Chaplains shall have no property interest in continued appointment. However, if a chaplain is removed for alleged misconduct, the chaplain will be afforded an opportunity solely to clear his/her name through a liberty interest hearing, which shall be limited to a single appearance before the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

#### **376.5 IDENTIFICATION AND UNIFORMS**

As representatives of the Office, chaplains are responsible for presenting a professional image to the community. Chaplains shall dress appropriately for the conditions and performance of their duties. Uniforms and necessary safety equipment will be provided for each chaplain. Identification symbols worn by chaplains shall be different and distinct from those worn by deputies through the inclusion of "Chaplain" on the uniform and not reflect any religious affiliation.

Chaplains will be issued Storey County Sheriff's Office identification cards, which must be carried at all times while on-duty. The identification cards will be the standard Storey County Sheriff's Office identification cards, with the exception that "Chaplain" will be indicated on the cards. Chaplains shall be required to return any issued uniforms or office property at the termination of service.

Chaplains shall conform to all uniform regulations and appearance standards of this office.

#### **376.6 CHAPLAIN COORDINATOR**

The Sheriff shall delegate certain responsibilities to a chaplain coordinator. The coordinator shall be appointed by and directly responsible to the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

The chaplain coordinator shall serve as the liaison between the chaplains and the Sheriff. The function of the coordinator is to provide a central coordinating point for effective chaplain management within the Office, and to direct and assist efforts to jointly provide more productive chaplain services. Under the general direction of the Sheriff or the authorized designee, chaplains shall report to the chaplain coordinator and/or Shift Supervisor.

The chaplain coordinator may appoint a senior chaplain or other designee to assist in the coordination of chaplains and their activities.

The responsibilities of the coordinator or the authorized designee include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Recruiting, selecting and training qualified chaplains.
- (b) Conducting chaplain meetings.
- (c) Establishing and maintaining a chaplain callout roster.
- (d) Maintaining records for each chaplain.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Chaplains*

---

- (e) Tracking and evaluating the contribution of chaplains.
- (f) Maintaining a record of chaplain schedules and work hours.
- (g) Completing and disseminating, as appropriate, all necessary paperwork and information.
- (h) Planning periodic recognition events.
- (i) Maintaining liaison with other agency chaplain coordinators.
- (j) An evaluation of the overall use of chaplains will be conducted on an annual basis by the coordinator.

#### **376.7 DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Chaplains assist the Office, its members and the community, as needed. Assignments of chaplains will usually be to augment the Patrol Division. Chaplains may be assigned to other areas within the Office as needed. Chaplains should be placed only in assignments or programs that are consistent with their knowledge, skills, abilities and the needs of the Office.

All chaplains will be assigned to duties by the chaplain coordinator or the authorized designee.

Chaplains may not proselytize or attempt to recruit members of the Office or the public into a religious affiliation while representing themselves as chaplains with this office. If there is any question as to the receiving person's intent, chaplains should verify that the person is desirous of spiritual counseling or guidance before engaging in such discussion.

Chaplains may not accept gratuities for any service or any subsequent actions or follow-up contacts that were provided while functioning as a chaplain for the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

##### **376.7.1 COMPLIANCE**

Chaplains are volunteer members of this office, and except as otherwise specified within this policy, are required to comply with the Volunteer Program Policy and other applicable policies.

##### **376.7.2 OPERATIONAL GUIDELINES**

- (a) Chaplains will be scheduled to be on-call for a period of seven consecutive days during each month, beginning on Monday and ending on the following Sunday.
- (b) Generally, each chaplain will serve with Storey County Sheriff's Office personnel a minimum of eight hours per month.
- (c) At the end of each watch the chaplain will complete a chaplain shift report and submit it to the Sheriff or the authorized designee.
- (d) Chaplains shall be permitted to ride with deputies during any shift and observe Storey County Sheriff's Office operations, provided the Shift Supervisor has been notified and has approved the activity.
- (e) Chaplains shall not be evaluators of members of the Office.
- (f) In responding to incidents, a chaplain shall never function as a deputy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Chaplains

---

- (g) When responding to in-progress calls for service, chaplains may be required to stand-by in a secure area until the situation has been deemed safe.
- (h) Chaplains shall serve only within the jurisdiction of the Storey County Sheriff's Office unless otherwise authorized by the Sheriff or the authorized designee.
- (i) Each chaplain shall have access to current office member rosters, addresses, telephone numbers, duty assignments and other information that may assist in his/her duties. Such information will be considered confidential and each chaplain will exercise appropriate security measures to prevent distribution of the data.

#### 376.7.3 ASSISTING DEPARTMENT MEMBERS

The responsibilities of a chaplain related to office members include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assisting in making notification to families of members who have been seriously injured or killed and, after notification, responding to the hospital or home of the member.
- (b) Visiting sick or injured members in the hospital or at home.
- (c) Attending and participating, when requested, in funerals of active or retired members.
- (d) Serving as a resource for members when dealing with the public in incidents, such as accidental deaths, suicides, suicidal subjects, serious accidents, drug and alcohol abuse and other such situations that may arise.
- (e) Providing counseling and support for members and their families.
- (f) Being alert to the needs of members and their families.

#### 376.7.4 ASSISTING THE DEPARTMENT

The responsibilities of a chaplain related to this office include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assisting members in the diffusion of a conflict or incident, when requested.
- (b) Responding to natural and accidental deaths, suicides and attempted suicides, family disturbances and any other incident that in the judgment of the Shift Supervisor or supervisor aids in accomplishing the mission of the Office.
- (c) Responding to all major disasters, such as natural disasters, bombings and similar critical incidents.
- (d) Being on-call and, if possible, on-duty during major demonstrations or any public function that requires the presence of a large number of office members.
- (e) Attending office and academy graduations, ceremonies and social events and offering invocations and benedictions, as requested.
- (f) Participating in in-service training classes.
- (g) Willingness to train others to enhance the effectiveness of the Office.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Chaplains

---

#### **376.7.5 ASSISTING THE COMMUNITY**

The duties of a chaplain related to the community include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Fostering familiarity with the role of law enforcement in the community.
- (b) Providing an additional link between the community, other chaplain coordinators and the Office.
- (c) Providing liaison with various civic, business and religious organizations.
- (d) Promptly facilitating requests for representatives or leaders of various denominations.
- (e) Assisting the community in any other function as needed or requested.
- (f) Making referrals in cases where specialized attention is needed or in cases that are beyond the chaplain's ability to assist.

#### **376.7.6 CHAPLAIN MEETINGS**

All chaplains are required to attend scheduled meetings. Any absences must be satisfactorily explained to the chaplain coordinator.

#### **376.8 PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATIONS**

No person who provides chaplain services to members of the Office may work or volunteer for the Storey County Sheriff's Office in any capacity other than that of chaplain.

Office chaplains shall be familiar with state evidentiary laws and rules pertaining to the limits of the clergy-penitent, psychotherapist-patient and other potentially applicable privileges and shall inform members when it appears reasonably likely that the member is discussing matters that are not subject to privileged communications. In such cases, the chaplain should consider referring the member to a non-office counseling resource.

No chaplain shall provide counsel to or receive confidential communications from any Storey County Sheriff's Office member concerning an incident personally witnessed by the chaplain or concerning an incident involving the chaplain.

#### **376.9 TRAINING**

The Office will establish a minimum number of training hours and standards for office chaplains. The training, as approved by the Training Sergeant, may include:

- Stress management
- Death notifications
- Symptoms of post-traumatic stress
- Burnout for members of law enforcement and chaplains
- Legal liability and confidentiality
- Ethics
- Responding to crisis situations

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Chaplains*

---

- The law enforcement family
- Substance abuse
- Suicide
- Deputy injury or death
- Sensitivity and diversity

---

## Child and Dependent Adult Safety

### 380.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to ensure that children and dependent adults are not left without appropriate care in the event their caregiver or guardian is arrested or otherwise prevented from providing care due to actions taken by members of this office.

This policy does not address the actions to be taken during the course of a child abuse or dependent adult investigation. These are covered in the Child Abuse Policy and the Adult Abuse Policy.

### 380.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this office to mitigate, to the extent reasonably possible, the stressful experience individuals may have when their parent or caregiver is arrested. The Storey County Sheriff's Office will endeavor to create a strong cooperative relationship with local, state and community-based social services to ensure an effective, collaborative response that addresses the needs of those affected, including call-out availability and follow-up responsibilities.

### 380.3 PROCEDURES DURING AN ARREST

When encountering an arrest or prolonged detention situation, deputies should make reasonable attempts to determine if the arrestee is responsible for children or dependent adults. In some cases this may be obvious, such as when children or dependent adults are present. However, deputies should inquire if the arrestee has caregiver responsibilities for any children or dependent adults who are without appropriate supervision. The following steps should be taken:

- (a) Inquire about and confirm the location of any children or dependent adults.
- (b) Look for evidence of children and dependent adults. Deputies should be mindful that some arrestees may conceal the fact that they have a dependent for fear the individual may be taken from them.
- (c) Consider inquiring of witnesses, neighbors, friends and relatives of the arrestee as to whether the person is responsible for a child or dependent adult.

Whenever reasonably possible, deputies should consider reasonable alternatives to arresting a parent, guardian or caregiver in the presence of his/her child or dependent adult.

Whenever it is safe to do so, deputies should allow the parent or caregiver to assure children or dependent adults that they will be provided care. If this is not safe or if the demeanor of the parent or caregiver suggests this conversation would be nonproductive, the deputy at the scene should explain the reason for the arrest in age-appropriate language and offer reassurance to the child or dependent adult that he/she will receive appropriate care.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Child and Dependent Adult Safety

---

#### 380.3.1 AFTER AN ARREST

Whenever an arrest is made, the deputy should take all reasonable steps to ensure the safety of the arrestee's disclosed or discovered children or dependent adults.

Deputies should allow the arrestee reasonable time to arrange for care of children and dependent adults. Temporary placement with family or friends may be appropriate. However, any decision should give priority to a care solution that is in the best interest of the child or dependent adult. In such cases the following guidelines should be followed:

- (a) Allow the person reasonable time to arrange for the care of children and dependent adults with a responsible party, as appropriate.
  1. Deputies should consider allowing the person to use his/her cell phone to facilitate arrangements through access to contact phone numbers, and to lessen the likelihood of call screening by the recipients due to calls from unknown sources.
- (b) Unless there is evidence that it would not be in the dependent person's best interest (e.g., signs of abuse, drug use, unsafe environment), deputies should respect the parent or caregiver's judgment regarding arrangements for care. It is generally best if the child or dependent adult remains with relatives or family friends that he/she knows and trusts because familiarity with surroundings and consideration for comfort, emotional state and safety are important.
  1. Except when a court order exists limiting contact, the deputy should attempt to locate and place children or adults with a non-arrested parent, guardian or caregiver.
- (c) Provide for the immediate supervision of children or dependent adults until an appropriate caregiver arrives.
- (d) Notify the Division of Child and Family Services or the Aging and Disability Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services if appropriate.
- (e) Notify the field supervisor or Shift Supervisor of the disposition of children or dependent adults.

If children or dependent adults are at school or at another known location outside the household at the time of arrest, the arresting deputy should attempt to contact the school or other known location and inform the principal or appropriate responsible adult of the caregiver's arrest and of the arrangements being made for the care of the arrestee's dependent. The result of such actions should be documented in the associated report.

#### 380.3.2 DURING THE BOOKING PROCESS

During the booking process, the arrestee should be allowed to make telephone calls to arrange for the care of any child or dependent adult in accordance with the Temporary Custody of Adults Policy.

If an arrestee is unable to arrange for the care of any child or dependent adult through this process, or circumstances prevent them from making such arrangements (e.g., their behavior prevents

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Child and Dependent Adult Safety

---

reasonable accommodations for making necessary calls), a supervisor should be contacted to determine the appropriate steps to arrange for care. These steps may include additional telephone calls or contacting a local, county or state services agency.

#### 380.3.3 REPORTING

(a) For all arrests where children are present or living in the household, the reporting member will document the following information:

1. Name
2. Sex
3. Age
4. Special needs (e.g., medical, mental health)
5. How, where and with whom or which agency the child was placed
6. Identities and contact information for other potential caregivers
7. Notifications made to other adults (e.g., schools, relatives)

(b) For all arrests where dependent adults are present or living in the household, the reporting member will document the following information:

1. Name
2. Sex
3. Age
4. Whether the person reasonably appears able to care for him/herself
5. Disposition or placement information if he/she is unable to care for him/herself

#### 380.3.4 SUPPORT AND COUNSELING REFERRAL

If, in the judgment of the handling deputies, the child or dependent adult would benefit from additional assistance, such as counseling services, contact with a victim advocate or a crisis response telephone number, the appropriate referral information may be provided.

#### 380.4 DEPENDENT WELFARE SERVICES

Whenever an arrestee is unwilling or incapable of arranging for the appropriate care of any child or dependent adult, the handling deputy should contact the appropriate welfare service or other office-approved social service to determine whether protective custody is appropriate.

Only when other reasonable options are exhausted should a child or dependent adult be transported to the sheriff's facility, transported in a marked law enforcement vehicle or taken into formal protective custody.

Under no circumstances should a child or dependent adult be left unattended or without appropriate care.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Child and Dependent Adult Safety

---

### **380.5 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant is responsible for ensuring that all members of this office who may be involved in arrests affecting children or dependent adults receive approved training on effective safety measures when a parent, guardian or caregiver is arrested.

## Service Animals

### 382.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Service animals play an important role in helping to overcome the limitations often faced by people with disabilities. The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes this need and is committed to making reasonable modifications to its policies, practices and procedures in accordance with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) to permit the use of service animals.

### 382.2 SERVICE ANIMALS

The ADA defines a service animal as any dog or miniature horse that is individually trained to do work or perform tasks for the benefit of an individual with a disability, including a physical, sensory, psychiatric, intellectual or other mental disability. The work or tasks performed by a service animal must be directly related to the owner's disability (28 CFR 35.104; NRS 426.097).

#### 382.2.1 USE OF SERVICE ANIMALS

Some service animals may be readily identifiable. However, many do not have a distinctive symbol, harness or collar. Service animals are not pets and may be trained by an individual or organization to assist people with disabilities.

Service animals may be used in a number of ways to provide assistance:

- Guiding people who are blind or have low vision.
- Alerting people who are deaf or hard of hearing.
- Retrieving or picking up items, opening doors or flipping switches for people who have limited use of their hands, arms or legs.
- Pulling wheelchairs.
- Providing physical support and assisting with stability and balance.
- Doing work or performing tasks for persons with traumatic brain injury, intellectual disabilities or psychiatric disabilities, such as reminding a person with depression to take medication.
- Alerting a person with anxiety to the onset of panic attacks, providing tactile stimulation to calm a person with post-traumatic stress disorder, assisting people with schizophrenia to distinguish between hallucinations and reality, and helping people with traumatic brain injury to locate misplaced items or follow daily routines.

### 382.3 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Service animals that are assisting individuals with disabilities are permitted in all public facilities and areas where the general public is allowed. Office members are expected to treat individuals with service animals with the same courtesy and respect that the Storey County Sheriff's Office affords to all members of the public.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Service Animals

---

If an animal exhibits vicious behavior, poses a direct threat to the health of others or unreasonably disrupts or interferes with normal business operations, a deputy may direct the owner to remove the animal from the premises. Barking alone is not a threat nor does a direct threat exist if the person takes prompt, effective action to control the animal. Each incident must be considered individually and past incidents alone are not cause for excluding a service animal. Removal of a service animal may not be used as a reason to refuse service to an individual with disabilities. Members of this office are expected to provide all services as are reasonably available to an individual with a disability.

If it is apparent or if a deputy is aware the animal is a service animal, the owner should not be asked any questions as to the status of the animal. If it is unclear whether an animal meets the definition of a service animal, the deputy should ask the individual only the following questions:

- Is the animal required because of a disability?
- What task or service has the service animal been trained to perform?

If the individual explains that the animal is required because of a disability and has been trained to work or perform at least one task, the animal meets the definition of a service animal and no further question as to the animal's status should be asked. The person should not be asked questions about his/her disabilities nor should the person be asked to provide any license, certification or identification card for the service animal.

Service animals are not pets. Office members should not interfere with the important work performed by a service animal by talking to, petting or otherwise initiating contact with a service animal.

When handling calls of a complaint regarding a service animal, members of this office should remain neutral and should be prepared to explain the ADA requirements concerning service animals to the concerned parties. Businesses are required to allow service animals to accompany their owner into all areas that other customers or members of the public are allowed.

Absent a violation of law independent of the ADA, deputies should take no enforcement action beyond keeping the peace. Individuals who believe they have been discriminated against as a result of a disability should be referred to the Civil Rights Division of the U.S. Department of Justice.

---

## Volunteer Program

### 384.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

It is the policy of this office to use qualified volunteers for specified tasks and duties in order to create efficiencies for the Office and improve services to the community. Volunteers are intended to supplement and support, rather than supplant, sworn deputies and civilian personnel. Volunteers can be an important part of any organization and have proven to be a valuable asset to law enforcement agencies. Volunteers help to increase office responsiveness, delivery of services and information input, and provide new program opportunities. In addition, volunteers bring new skills and expertise to the Office and prompt new enthusiasm.

#### 384.1.1 DEFINITION OF VOLUNTEER

An individual who performs a service for the Office without promise, expectation or receipt of compensation for services rendered. This may include unpaid chaplains, unpaid reserve deputies, interns, persons providing administrative support and youth involved in a law enforcement Explorer Post, among others.

### 384.2 VOLUNTEER MANAGEMENT

#### 384.2.1 VOLUNTEER COORDINATOR

The function of the Volunteer Coordinator is to provide a central coordinating point for effective volunteer management within the Office, and to direct and assist staff and volunteer efforts to jointly provide more productive services. The Volunteer Coordinator, or his/her designee, shall be responsible for the following:

- (a) Recruiting, selecting and training qualified volunteers for various positions.
- (b) Maintaining records for each volunteer.
- (c) Tracking and evaluating the contribution of volunteers.
- (d) Maintaining the volunteer handbook and outlining expectations, policies and responsibilities for all volunteers.
- (e) Maintaining a record of volunteer schedules and work hours.
- (f) Completion and dissemination as appropriate of all necessary paperwork and information.
- (g) Planning periodic recognition events.
- (h) Administering discipline when warranted.
- (i) Maintaining liaison with other volunteer-utilizing programs in the community and assisting in community-wide efforts to recognize and promote volunteering.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Volunteer Program

---

#### 384.2.2 RECRUITMENT

Volunteers should be recruited on a continuous and ongoing basis consistent with office policy on equal opportunity nondiscriminatory employment. A primary qualification for participation in the application process should be an interest in, and an ability to assist the Office in serving the public.

#### 384.2.3 SCREENING

All prospective volunteers should complete the volunteer application form. The Volunteer Coordinator or designee should conduct a face-to-face interview with an applicant under consideration.

A documented background investigation shall be completed on each volunteer applicant and shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- (a) Traffic and criminal background check.
- (b) Employment.
- (c) References.
- (d) Credit check.

A truth verification exam may be required of each applicant depending on the type of assignment.

#### 384.2.4 SELECTION AND PLACEMENT

Service as a volunteer shall begin with an official notice of acceptance or appointment to a volunteer position. Notice may only be given by an authorized representative of the Office, who will normally be the Volunteer Program Coordinator or the Sheriff. No volunteer should begin performance of any position until they have been officially accepted for that position and completed all necessary screening and paperwork. At the time of final acceptance, each volunteer should complete all necessary enrollment paperwork and will receive a copy of their job description and agreement of service with the Office. All volunteers shall receive a copy of the volunteer handbook and shall be required to sign a volunteer agreement.

Volunteers should be placed only in assignments or programs that are consistent with their knowledge, skills, abilities and the needs of the Office.

#### 384.2.5 TRAINING

Volunteers will be provided with an orientation program to acquaint them with the office, personnel, policies and procedures that have a direct impact on their work assignment.

Volunteers should receive position-specific training to ensure they have adequate knowledge and skills to complete tasks required by the position and should receive periodic ongoing training as deemed appropriate by their supervisor or the Volunteer Coordinator. Training should reinforce to volunteers that they may not intentionally represent themselves as, or by omission infer that they are sworn officers or other full-time members of the Office. They shall always represent themselves as volunteers.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Volunteer Program*

---

All volunteers shall comply with the rules of conduct and with all orders and directives, either oral or written, issued by the Office.

#### **384.2.6 FITNESS FOR DUTY**

No volunteer shall report to work or be on-duty when his/her judgment or physical condition has been impaired by alcohol, medication, other substances, illness or injury.

Volunteers shall report to their supervisor any changes in status that may affect their ability to fulfill their duties. This includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) Driver's license
- (b) Medical condition
- (c) Arrests
- (d) Criminal investigations

All volunteers shall adhere to the guidelines set forth by this office regarding drug and alcohol use.

#### **384.2.7 DRESS CODE**

As representatives of the Office, volunteers are responsible for presenting a professional image to the community. Volunteers shall dress appropriately for the conditions and performance of their duties.

Volunteers shall conform to approved dress consistent with their duty assignment. Uniforms authorized for volunteers should be readily distinguishable from those worn by sworn officers. No volunteer shall wear his/her uniform or identifiable parts of that uniform while off-duty.

Volunteers shall be required to return any issued uniform or office property at the termination of service.

#### **384.3 SUPERVISION OF VOLUNTEERS**

Each volunteer who is accepted to a position with the Office must have a clearly identified supervisor who is responsible for direct management of that volunteer. This supervisor will be responsible for day-to-day management and guidance of the work of the volunteer and should be available to the volunteer for consultation and assistance.

A volunteer may be assigned as, and act as, a supervisor of other volunteers provided that the supervising volunteer is under the direct supervision of a paid staff member.

Functional supervision of volunteers is the responsibility of the supervisor in charge of the unit where the volunteer is assigned. Following are some considerations to keep in mind while supervising volunteers:

- (a) Take the time to introduce volunteers to employees on all levels.
- (b) Ensure volunteers have work space and necessary office supplies.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Volunteer Program

---

- (c) Make sure the work is challenging. Do not hesitate to give them an assignment or task that will tap these valuable resources.

#### **384.4 CONFIDENTIALITY**

With appropriate security clearance, volunteers may have access to confidential information such as criminal histories or investigative files. Unless otherwise directed by a supervisor or office policy, all information shall be considered confidential. Only that information specifically identified and approved by authorized personnel shall be released. Confidential information shall be given only to persons who have a need and a right to know as determined by office policy and supervisory personnel.

Each volunteer will be required to sign a nondisclosure agreement before being given an assignment with the Office. Subsequent unauthorized disclosure of any confidential information, verbally, in writing or by any other means, by the volunteer is grounds for immediate dismissal and possible criminal prosecution.

Volunteers shall not address public gatherings, appear on radio or television, prepare any article for publication, act as correspondents to a newspaper or other periodical, release or divulge any information concerning the activities of the Office, or maintain that they represent the Office in such matters without permission from the proper office personnel.

#### **384.5 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Volunteers will be issued an identification card that must be worn at all times while on-duty. Any fixed and portable equipment issued by the Office shall be for official and authorized use only. Any property or equipment issued to a volunteer shall remain the property of the Office and shall be returned at the termination of service.

##### **384.5.1 VEHICLE USE**

Volunteers assigned to duties such as vacation house checks or other assignments that require the use of a vehicle must first complete the following:

- (a) A driving safety briefing.
- (b) Verification that the volunteer possesses a valid Nevada Driver's License.
- (c) Verification that the volunteer carries current vehicle insurance.

The Volunteer Coordinator should insure that all volunteers receive safety briefing updates and license and insurance verification at least once a year.

When operating an Office vehicle, volunteers shall obey all rules of the road, including seat belt requirements. Smoking is prohibited in all Office vehicles.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Volunteer Program

---

#### **384.5.2 RADIO AND MDT/MDC USAGE**

Volunteers shall successfully complete radio procedures training prior to using the police radio and shall comply with all related provisions. The Volunteer Coordinator should ensure that radio training is provided for volunteers whenever necessary.

#### **384.6 DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES/TERMINATION**

A volunteer may be removed from the volunteer program at the discretion of the Sheriff or the Volunteer Coordinator. Volunteers shall have no property interests in their continued appointment. However, if a volunteer is removed for alleged misconduct, the volunteer will be afforded an opportunity solely to clear his/her name through a liberty interest hearing which shall be limited to a single appearance before the Sheriff or his/her designee.

Volunteers may resign from volunteer service with this office at any time. It is requested that volunteers who intend to resign provide advance notice of their departure and a reason for their decision.

#### **384.6.1 EXIT INTERVIEWS**

Exit interviews, where possible, should be conducted with volunteers who are leaving their positions. The interview should ascertain why the volunteer is leaving the position and solicit the volunteer's suggestions on improving the position. When appropriate, the interview should also include a discussion on the possibility of involvement in some other capacity with the Office.

#### **384.7 EVALUATION**

An evaluation of the overall volunteer program will be conducted on an annual basis by the Volunteer Coordinator. Regular evaluations should be conducted with volunteers to ensure the best use of human resources available, to ensure personnel problems can be identified and dealt with promptly and fairly and to ensure optimum job satisfaction on the part of volunteers.

## Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation

### 386.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy is intended ensure the protection and security of ancient or historic grave sites, including notification of personnel responsible for cultural items, in compliance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) (25 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.).

#### 386.1.1 DEFINITIONS

**Funerary objects and associated funerary objects** - Items that, as part of the death rite or ceremony of a culture, are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally at the time of death or later with or near individual human remains or that were made exclusively for burial purposes or to contain human remains.

**Native American human remains** - The physical remains of the body of a person of Native American ancestry.

**Objects of cultural patrimony** - Objects having ongoing historical, traditional or cultural importance that is central to the Native American group or culture itself and therefore cannot be appropriated or conveyed by any individual, including members of the Native American group or Native Hawaiian organization. Such objects must have been considered inalienable by the Native American group at the time the object was separated from the group.

**Sacred objects** - Specific ceremonial objects needed by traditional Native American religious leaders for the practice of traditional Native American religions.

### 386.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office that the protection of Native American human remains, funerary objects, associated funerary objects, sacred objects or objects of cultural patrimony is the responsibility of all members. Such protection includes minimizing destruction, contamination, inadvertent disruption or complicated custody transfer processes.

### 386.3 COMPLIANCE WITH THE NATIVE AMERICAN GRAVES PROTECTION AND REPATRIATION ACT

Upon discovery or arrival upon a scene where it reasonably appears that a Native American Grave, human remains, funerary objects, associated funerary objects, sacred objects or objects of cultural patrimony are exposed or otherwise unsecure, members shall secure the site in the same manner as a crime scene. All activity at the scene other than scene preservation activity must cease (43 CFR 10.4).

No photography or video recording may be permitted by the media or any group or individual who may wish to exhibit the remains.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation

---

Without delay, the appropriate agency or group shall be notified to respond and take control of the scene. These include the following (43 CFR 10.4):

- Federal land - Appropriate agency at the U.S. Department of the Interior or U.S. Department of Agriculture
- State land/private land - Office of Historic Preservation (NRS 383.170)
- Tribal land - Responsible Indian tribal official

#### **386.4 EVIDENCE AND PROPERTY**

If the location has been investigated as a possible homicide scene prior to identification as a NAGPRA site, investigators shall work with other appropriate agencies and individuals to ensure that proper transfer and repatriation of any material collected. Members shall ensure that any remains or artifacts located at the site are expediently processed (43 CFR 10.6).

## Off-Duty Law Enforcement Actions

### 388.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The decision to become involved in a law enforcement action when off-duty can place a deputy as well as others at great risk and must be done with careful consideration. This policy is intended to provide guidelines for deputies of the Storey County Sheriff's Office with respect to taking law enforcement action while off-duty.

### 388.2 POLICY

Initiating law enforcement action while off-duty is generally discouraged. Deputies should not attempt to initiate enforcement action when witnessing minor crimes, such as suspected intoxicated drivers, reckless driving or minor property crimes. Such incidents should be promptly reported to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

Deputies are not expected to place themselves in unreasonable peril. However, any sworn member of this office who becomes aware of an incident or circumstance that he/she reasonably believes poses an imminent threat of serious bodily injury or death, or significant property damage may take reasonable action to minimize the threat.

When public safety or the prevention of major property damage requires immediate action, deputies should first consider reporting and monitoring the activity and only take direct action as a last resort.

### 388.3 FIREARMS

Deputies of this office may carry firearms while off-duty in accordance with federal regulations and office policy. All firearms and ammunition must meet guidelines as described in the office Firearms Policy. When carrying firearms while off-duty deputies shall also carry their office-issued badge and identification.

Deputies should refrain from carrying firearms when the consumption of alcohol is likely or when the need to carry a firearm is outweighed by safety considerations. Firearms shall not be carried by any member, either on- or off-duty, who has consumed an amount of an alcoholic beverage or taken any drugs or medication or any combination thereof that would tend to adversely affect the member's senses or judgment.

### 388.4 DECISION TO INTERVENE

There is no legal requirement for off-duty deputies to take law enforcement action. However, should deputies decide to intervene, they must evaluate whether the action is necessary or desirable, and should take into consideration the following:

- (a) The tactical disadvantage of being alone and the fact there may be multiple or hidden suspects.
- (b) The inability to communicate with responding units.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Off-Duty Law Enforcement Actions

---

- (c) The lack of equipment, such as handcuffs, OC or baton.
- (d) The lack of cover.
- (e) The potential for increased risk to bystanders if the off-duty deputy were to intervene.
- (f) Unfamiliarity with the surroundings.
- (g) The potential for the off-duty deputy to be misidentified by other peace officers or members of the public.

Deputies should consider waiting for on-duty uniformed deputies to arrive, and gather as much accurate intelligence as possible instead of immediately intervening.

#### **388.4.1 INTERVENTION PROCEDURE**

If involvement is reasonably necessary deputy shall attempt to call or have someone else call 9-1-1 to request immediate assistance. The operator should be informed that an off-duty deputy is on-scene and should be provided a description of the officer if possible.

Whenever practicable, the deputy should loudly and repeatedly identify him/herself as an Storey County Sheriff's Office deputy until acknowledged. Official identification should also be displayed.

#### **388.4.2 INCIDENTS OF PERSONAL INTEREST**

Deputies should refrain from handling incidents of personal interest, (e.g., family or neighbor disputes) and should remain neutral. In such circumstances deputies should call the responsible agency to handle the matter.

#### **388.4.3 NON-SWORN RESPONSIBILITIES**

Non-sworn personnel should not become involved in any law enforcement actions while off-duty except to notify the local law enforcement authority and remain at the scene, if safe and practicable.

#### **388.4.4 OTHER CONSIDERATIONS**

When encountering a non-uniformed deputy in public, uniformed deputies should wait for acknowledgement by the non-uniformed deputy in case he/she needs to maintain an undercover capability.

#### **388.5 REPORTING**

Any off-duty deputy who engages in any law enforcement activity, regardless of jurisdiction, shall notify the Shift Supervisor as soon as practicable. The Shift Supervisor shall determine whether a report should be filed by the employee.

Deputies should cooperate fully with the agency having jurisdiction in providing statements or reports as requested or as appropriate.

---

## Biological Samples

### 389.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the collection of biological samples from those individuals required to provide samples upon conviction or arrest for certain offenses. This policy does not apply to biological samples collected at a crime scene or taken from an individual in conjunction with a criminal investigation. Nor does it apply to biological samples collected from those required to register, for example, as sex offenders.

### 389.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will assist in the expeditious collection of required biological samples from arrestees and offenders in accordance with the laws of this state and with as little reliance on force as practicable.

### 389.3 ARRESTEES AND OFFENDERS SUBJECT TO BIOLOGICAL SAMPLE COLLECTION

The following arrestees and offenders must submit a biological sample:

- (a) An individual who is arrested for a felony must submit a biological sample, regardless of whether the arrest was made pursuant to a warrant (NRS 176.09123).
- (b) An individual who is convicted of one of the offenses set forth in NRS 176.0913(4).

### 389.4 PROCEDURE

When an arrestee or offender is required to provide a biological sample, a trained member shall attempt to obtain the sample in accordance with this policy.

#### 389.4.1 COLLECTION

The following steps should be taken to collect a sample:

- (a) Verify that the arrestee or offender is required to provide a sample pursuant to NRS 176.0913.
- (b) Verify that a biological sample has not been previously collected from the arrestee or offender by querying the State DNA Database (NRS 176.09123(3)). There is no need to obtain a biological sample if one has been previously obtained.
  - 1. This office may obtain an additional sample from the arrestee if the forensic laboratory to which the sample was sent determines that the sample is inadequate or unusable, unless the arrestee is eligible to request destruction or purging of the sample as provided in NRS 176.09123(6).
- (c) Use the designated collection kit provided by the appropriate forensic laboratory to perform the collection and take steps to avoid cross contamination.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Biological Samples

---

- (d) If the individual was arrested for a felony without a warrant, this office shall keep the sample prior to sending it to an appropriate forensic laboratory until a court notifies this office that probable cause existed for the arrest. If the court notifies this office that probable cause for the arrest did not exist, this office shall destroy the sample within five business days (NRS 176.09123(2)).

#### **389.5 USE OF FORCE TO OBTAIN SAMPLES**

If an arrestee or offender refuses to cooperate with the sample collection process, members should attempt to identify the reason for refusal and seek voluntary compliance without resorting to using force. Force will not be used in the collection of samples except as authorized by court order and only with the approval of a supervisor.

Methods to consider when seeking voluntary compliance include contacting:

- (a) The individual's parole or probation officer, when applicable.
- (b) The prosecuting attorney to seek additional charges against the individual for failure to comply or to otherwise bring the refusal before a judge.
- (c) The judge at the individual's next court appearance.
- (d) The individual's attorney.
- (e) A chaplain.
- (f) Another custody facility with additional resources, where the individual can be transferred to better facilitate sample collection.
- (g) A supervisor who may be able to authorize custodial disciplinary actions to compel compliance, if any are available.

The supervisor shall review and approve any plan to sue force and be preset to document the process.

##### **389.5.1 VIDEO RECORDING**

A video recording should be made any time force is used to obtain a biological sample. The recording should document all persons participating in the process, in addition to the methods and all force used during the collection. The recording should be part of the investigation file, if any, or otherwise retained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

## Chapter 4 - Patrol Operations

## Patrol Function

### 400.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to define the functions of the patrol unit of the Office to ensure intra-department cooperation and information sharing.

#### 400.1.1 FUNCTION

Deputies will generally patrol in clearly marked vehicles, patrol assigned jurisdictional areas of Storey, respond to calls for assistance, act as a deterrent to crime, enforce state and local laws and respond to emergencies 24 hours per day seven days per week.

Patrol will generally provide the following services within the limits of available resources:

- (a) Patrol that is directed at the prevention of criminal acts, traffic violations and collisions, the maintenance of public order and the discovery of hazardous situations or conditions.
- (b) Crime prevention activities such as residential inspections, business inspections and community presentations.
- (c) Calls for service, both routine and emergency in nature.
- (d) Investigation of both criminal and non-criminal acts.
- (e) The apprehension of criminal offenders.
- (f) Community Oriented Policing and Problem Solving activities such as citizen assists and individual citizen contacts of a positive nature.
- (g) The sharing of information between the Patrol and other division within the Office, as well as other outside governmental agencies.
- (h) The application of resources to specific problems or situations within the community, which may be improved or resolved by Community Oriented Policing and problem solving strategies.
- (i) Traffic direction and control.

#### 400.1.2 TERRORISM

It is the goal of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to make every reasonable effort to accurately and appropriately gather and report any information that may relate to either foreign or domestic terrorism. Deputies should advise a supervisor as soon as practicable of any activity believed to be terrorism related and should document such incidents with a written report or Field Interview (FI). The supervisor should ensure that all terrorism related reports and FIs are forwarded to the Investigation Unit Supervisor in a timely fashion.

### 400.2 PATROL INFORMATION SHARING PROCEDURES

The following guidelines are intended to develop and maintain intra-department cooperation and information flow between the various divisions of the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Patrol Function*

---

#### **400.2.1 CRIME ANALYSIS UNIT**

The Investigative Division will be the central unit for information exchange. Criminal information and intelligence reports can be submitted to the Records Section for distribution to all divisions within the Office through daily and special bulletins.

#### **400.2.2 CRIME REPORTS**

A crime report may be completed by any patrol deputy who receives criminal information. The report will be processed and forwarded to the appropriate division for retention or follow-up investigation.

#### **400.2.3 PATROL BRIEFINGS**

Patrol supervisors, detective sergeants and special unit sergeants are encouraged to share information as much as possible. All supervisors and/or deputies will be provided an opportunity to share information at the daily patrol briefings as time permits.

#### **400.2.4 INFORMATION CLIPBOARDS**

Several information clipboards will be maintained in the briefing room and will be available for review by deputies from all divisions within the Office. These will include, but not be limited to, the patrol check clipboard, the wanted persons clipboard and the written directive clipboard.

#### **400.2.5 BULLETIN BOARDS**

A bulletin board will be kept in the briefing room and the Investigation Unit for display of suspect information, intelligence reports and photographs. New Departmental Directives will be made available for patrol supervisors and will be discussed at briefings and shift meetings. A copy of the Departmental Directive will be placed on the briefing room clipboard.

### **400.3 CROWDS, EVENTS AND GATHERINGS**

Deputies may encounter gatherings of people, including but not limited to, civil demonstrations, civic, social and business events, public displays, parades and sporting events. Deputies should monitor such events as time permits in an effort to keep the peace and protect the safety and rights of those present. A patrol supervisor should be notified when it becomes reasonably foreseeable that such an event may require increased monitoring, contact or intervention.

Deputies responding to an event or gathering that warrants law enforcement involvement should carefully balance the speech and association rights of those present with applicable public safety concerns before taking enforcement action. Deputies are encouraged to contact organizers or responsible persons to seek voluntary compliance that may address relevant public safety/order concerns.

Deputies should consider enforcement of applicable state and local laws, when the activity blocks the entrance or egress of a facility or location and when voluntary compliance with the law is not achieved.

## Racial- or Bias-Based Profiling

### 402.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to office members and establishes appropriate controls to ensure that employees of the Storey County Sheriff's Office do not engage in racial- or bias-based profiling or violate any related laws while serving the community.

#### 402.1.1 DEFINITION

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Racial- or bias-based profiling** - An inappropriate reliance on factors such as race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, sex, sexual orientation, economic status, age, cultural group, disability or affiliation with any other similar identifiable group as a factor in deciding whether to take law enforcement action or to provide service.

### 402.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office is committed to providing law enforcement services to the community with due regard for the racial, cultural or other differences of those served. It is the policy of this office to provide law enforcement services and to enforce the law equally, fairly and without discrimination toward any individual or group.

Race, ethnicity or nationality, religion, sex, sexual orientation, economic status, age, cultural group, disability or affiliation with any other similar identifiable group shall not be used as the basis for providing differing levels of law enforcement service or the enforcement of the law.

### 402.3 RACIAL- OR BIAS-BASED PROFILING PROHIBITED

Racial- or bias-based profiling is strictly prohibited (NRS 289.820). However, nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit a deputy from considering factors such as race or ethnicity in combination with other legitimate factors to establish reasonable suspicion or probable cause (e.g., suspect description is limited to a specific race or group).

### 402.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITY

Every member of this office shall perform his/her duties in a fair and objective manner and is responsible for promptly reporting any known instances of racial- or bias-based profiling to a supervisor.

#### 402.4.1 REASON FOR DETENTION

Deputies detaining a person shall be prepared to articulate sufficient reasonable suspicion to justify a detention, independent of the individual's membership in a protected class.

To the extent that written documentation would otherwise be completed (e.g., arrest report, Field Interview (FI) card), the involved deputy should include those facts giving rise to the deputy's reasonable suspicion or probable cause for the detention, as applicable.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Racial- or Bias-Based Profiling

---

Nothing in this policy shall require any deputy to document a contact that would not otherwise require reporting.

#### **402.4.2 REPORTING TRAFFIC STOPS**

Each time a deputy makes a traffic stop, the deputy shall report any information required in the Traffic Function and Responsibility Policy.

#### **402.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

Supervisors shall monitor those individuals under their command for any behavior that may conflict with the purpose of this policy and shall handle any alleged or observed violation of this policy in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy.

- (a) Supervisors should discuss any issues with the involved deputy and his/her supervisor in a timely manner.
- (b) Supervisors should periodically review any available resource used to document contact between deputies and the public to ensure compliance with this policy.
  1. Supervisors should document these periodic reviews.
  2. Recordings that capture a potential instance of racial- or bias-based profiling should be appropriately retained for administrative investigation purposes.
- (c) Supervisors shall initiate investigations of any actual or alleged violations of this policy.
- (d) Supervisors should ensure that no retaliatory action is taken against any member of this office who discloses information concerning racial- or bias-based profiling (NRS 289.820).

#### **402.6 ADMINISTRATION**

Each year, the Chief Deputy shall review the efforts of the Office to prevent racial- or bias-based profiling and submit an overview, including public concerns and complaints, to the Sheriff. This report should not contain any identifying information regarding any specific complaint, citizen or deputies. It should be reviewed by the Sheriff to identify any changes in training or operations that should be made to improve service.

Supervisors shall review the annual report and discuss the results with those they are assigned to supervise.

#### **402.7 TRAINING**

Training on racial- or bias-based profiling and review of this policy should be conducted at least annually.

## Briefing Training

### 404.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Briefing training is generally conducted at the beginning of the deputy's assigned shift. Briefing provides an opportunity for important exchange between employees and supervisors. A supervisor generally will conduct Briefing; however deputies may conduct Briefing for training purposes with supervisor approval.

Briefing should accomplish, at a minimum, the following basic tasks:

- (a) Briefing deputies with information regarding daily patrol activity, with particular attention given to unusual situations and changes in the status of wanted persons, stolen vehicles and major investigations.
- (b) Notifying deputies of changes in schedules and assignments.
- (c) Notifying deputies of new Departmental Directives or changes in Departmental Directives.
- (d) Reviewing recent incidents for training purposes.
- (e) Providing training on a variety of subjects.

### 404.2 PREPARATION OF MATERIALS

The supervisor conducting Briefing is responsible for preparation of the materials necessary for a constructive briefing. Supervisors may delegate this responsibility to a subordinate deputy in his or her absence or for training purposes.

### 404.3 RETENTION OF BRIEFING TRAINING RECORDS

Briefing training materials and a curriculum or summary shall be forwarded to the Training Supervisor for inclusion in training records as appropriate.

---

## Crime and Disaster Scene Integrity

### 406.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance in handling a major crime or disaster.

### 406.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to secure crime or disaster scenes so that evidence is preserved, and to identify and mitigate the dangers associated with a major crime or disaster scene for the safety of the community and those required to enter or work near the scene.

### 406.3 SCENE RESPONSIBILITY

The first deputy at the scene of a crime or major incident is generally responsible for the immediate safety of the public and preservation of the scene. Deputies shall also consider officer safety and the safety of those persons entering or exiting the area, including those rendering medical aid to any injured parties. Once a deputy has assumed or been assigned to maintain the integrity and security of the crime or disaster scene, the deputy shall maintain the crime or disaster scene until he/she is properly relieved by a supervisor or other designated person.

### 406.4 FIRST RESPONDER CONSIDERATIONS

The following list generally describes the first responder's function at a crime or disaster scene. This list is not intended to be all-inclusive, is not necessarily in order and may be altered according to the demands of each situation:

- (a) Broadcast emergency information, including requests for additional assistance and resources.
- (b) Provide for the general safety of those within the immediate area by mitigating, reducing or eliminating threats or dangers.
- (c) Locate or identify suspects and determine whether dangerous suspects are still within the area.
- (d) Provide first aid to injured parties if it can be done safely.
- (e) Evacuate the location safely as required or appropriate.
- (f) Secure the inner perimeter.
- (g) Protect items of apparent evidentiary value.
- (h) Secure an outer perimeter.
- (i) Identify potential witnesses.
- (j) Start a chronological log noting critical times and personnel allowed access.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Crime and Disaster Scene Integrity

---

#### **406.5 SEARCHES**

Deputies arriving at crime or disaster scenes are often faced with the immediate need to search for and render aid to victims, and to determine if suspects are present and continue to pose a threat. Once deputies are satisfied that no additional suspects are present and/or there are no injured persons to be treated, those exigent circumstances will likely no longer exist. Deputies should thereafter secure the scene and conduct no further search until additional or alternate authority for the search is obtained, such as consent or a search warrant.

##### **406.5.1 CONSENT**

When possible, deputies should seek written consent to search from authorized individuals. However, in the case of serious crimes or major investigations, it may be prudent to also obtain a search warrant. Consent as an additional authorization may be sought, even in cases where a search warrant has been granted.

#### **406.6 EXECUTION OF HEALTH ORDERS**

Any sworn member of this office may assist in the transportation of an individual to a specified location when an order of isolation or quarantine is issued by the local health authority for the purpose of preventing the spread of any contagious, infectious or communicable disease (NRS 441A.560).

---

## Ride-Along Policy

### 410.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Ride-Along Program provides an opportunity for citizens to experience the law enforcement function first hand. This policy provides the requirements, approval process and hours of operation for the Ride-Along Program.

#### 410.1.1 ELIGIBILITY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office Ride-Along Program is offered to residents, students and those employed within the County. Every attempt will be made to accommodate interested persons; however, any applicant may be disqualified without cause.

The following factors may be considered in disqualifying an applicant and are not limited to:

- Being under 15 years of age
- Prior criminal history
- Pending criminal action
- Pending lawsuit against the Office
- Denial by any supervisor

#### 410.1.2 AVAILABILITY

The Ride-Along Program is available on most days of the week, with certain exceptions. The ride-along times are from 8:00 a.m. to midnight. Exceptions to this schedule may be made as approved by the Sheriff, Chief Deputy or Shift Supervisor.

### 410.2 PROCEDURE TO REQUEST A RIDE-ALONG

Generally, ride-along requests will be scheduled by the Shift Supervisor. The participant will complete a ride-along waiver form. Information requested will include a valid driver's license, address and telephone number. If the participant is under 18 years of age, a parent/guardian must be present to complete the Ride-Along Form.

The Shift Supervisor will schedule a date, based on availability, at least one week after the date of application. If approved, a copy will be forwarded to the respective Shift Supervisor as soon as possible for his/her scheduling considerations.

If the ride-along is denied after the request has been made, a representative of the Office will contact the applicant and advise him/her of the denial.

#### 410.2.1 PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

Once approved, civilian ride-alongs will be allowed to ride no more than once every three months. An exception would apply to the following: Cadets, Explorers, RSVP, Chaplains, Reserves, sheriff's applicants and all others with approval of the Shift Supervisor.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Ride-Along Policy

---

An effort will be made to ensure that no more than one citizen will participate in a ride-along during any given time period. Normally, no more than one ride-along will be allowed in the deputy's vehicle at a given time.

#### **410.2.2 SUITABLE ATTIRE**

Any person approved to ride along is required to be suitably dressed in collared shirt, blouse or jacket, slacks and shoes. Sandals, T-shirts, tank tops, shorts and ripped or torn blue jeans are not permitted. The Shift Supervisor may refuse a ride-along to anyone not properly dressed.

#### **410.2.3 PEACE OFFICER RIDE-ALONGS**

Off-duty members of this office or any other law enforcement agency will not be permitted to ride-along with on-duty deputies without the expressed consent of the Shift Supervisor. In the event that such a ride-along is permitted, the off-duty employee shall not be considered on-duty and shall not represent themselves as a peace officer or participate in any law enforcement activity except as emergency circumstances may require.

#### **410.2.4 RIDE-ALONG CRIMINAL HISTORY CHECK**

All Ride-along applicants are subject to a criminal history check. The criminal history check may include a local records check and an Office of Justice Criminal History System check prior to their approval as a ride-along with a law enforcement officer (provided that the ride-along is not an employee of the Storey County Sheriff's Office).

#### **410.3 DEPUTY'S RESPONSIBILITY**

The deputy shall advise the dispatcher that a ride-along is present in the vehicle before going into service. Deputies shall consider the safety of the ride-along at all times.

Deputies should use sound discretion when encountering a potentially dangerous situation, and if feasible, let the participant out of the vehicle in a well-lighted place of safety. The dispatcher will be advised of the situation and as soon as practicable have another sheriff's unit respond to pick up the participant at that location. The ride-along may be continued or terminated at this time.

The Shift Supervisor is responsible for maintaining and scheduling ride-alongs. Upon completion of the ride-along, a copy of the form shall be returned to the Shift Supervisor with any comments which may be offered by the deputy.

#### **410.4 CONTROL OF RIDE-ALONG**

The assigned employee shall maintain control over the ride-along at all times and instruct him/her in the conditions that necessarily limit their participation. These instructions should include:

- (a) The ride-along will follow the directions of the deputy.
- (b) The ride-along will not become involved in any investigation, handling of evidence, discussions with victims or suspects or handling any sheriff's equipment.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Ride-Along Policy

---

- (c) The ride-along may terminate the ride at any time and the deputy may return the observer to their home or to the station if the ride-along interferes with the performance of the deputy's duties.
- (d) Ride-alongs may be allowed to continue riding during the transportation and booking process provided this does not jeopardize their safety.
- (e) Deputies will not allow any ride-alongs to be present in any residences or situations that would jeopardize their safety or cause undue stress or embarrassment to a victim or any other citizen.
- (f) Under no circumstance shall a civilian ride-along be permitted to enter a private residence with a deputy without the expressed consent of the resident or other authorized person.

---

## Hazardous Material Response

### 412.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Hazardous materials present a potential harm to employees resulting from their exposure. To comply with Nevada law, the following represents the policy of this office.

#### 412.1.1 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL DEFINED

**Hazardous material** - Includes, without limitation, hazardous material, a regulated substance, a pollutant and a contaminant (NRS 459.429).

Hazardous materials, hazardous substances, hazardous wastes and regulated substances identified in NRS 459.428, NRS 459.429, NRS 459.430, NRS 459.432, NRS 459.448, NRS 459.465 and NRS 459.7024 are hazardous materials.

### 412.2 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL RESPONSE

Employees may encounter situations involving suspected hazardous materials, such as at the scene of a traffic accident, chemical spill or fire. When employees come into contact with a suspected hazardous material, certain steps should be taken to protect themselves and citizens.

The Storey Fire Department is the agency trained and equipped to properly respond and mitigate most hazardous materials and bio-hazards.

A responder entering the area may require decontamination before he/she is allowed to depart the scene and should be evaluated by appropriate technicians and medical professionals for signs of exposure.

The following steps should be considered at any scene involving suspected hazardous materials:

- (a) Attempt to identify the type of hazardous material. Identification can be determined by placard, driver's manifest or statements from the person transporting the material
- (b) Notify the Fire Department.
- (c) Provide first-aid for injured parties if it can be done safely and without contamination.
- (d) Begin evacuation of immediate area and surrounding areas dependent on the material. Voluntary evacuation should be considered. However, depending on the material, mandatory evacuation may be necessary.
- (e) Responders should remain up hill and upwind of the hazard until a zone of entry is established and a decontamination area is established.

### 412.3 REPORTING EXPOSURE(S)

Office personnel who believe that they have been exposed to a hazardous material shall immediately report the exposure to a supervisor. Each exposure shall be documented by the employee in a memorandum that shall be forwarded via chain of command to the Sheriff. Should

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Hazardous Material Response

---

the affected employee be unable to document the exposure for any reason, it shall be the responsibility of the notified supervisor to complete the memorandum.

Injury or illness caused or believed to be caused from exposure to hazardous materials shall be reported the same as any other on-duty injury or illness in addition to a crime report or incident report.

#### 412.3.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY

When a supervisor has been informed that an employee has been exposed to a hazardous material, he/she shall ensure that immediate medical treatment is obtained and appropriate action is taken to lessen the exposure.

To ensure the safety of employees, safety equipment is available through supervisory personnel. Safety items not maintained by the Office will be obtained through the Fire Department.

## Hostage and Barricade Incidents

### 414.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for situations where deputies have legal cause to contact, detain or arrest a person, and the person refuses to submit to the lawful requests of the deputies by remaining in a structure or vehicle and/or by taking a hostage.

The scope of this policy is not intended to address all variables that deputies encounter during their initial response or when a hostage or barricade situation has developed. This policy does not require or purport to recommend specific strategies or tactics for resolution as each incident is a dynamic and rapidly evolving event.

#### 414.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Barricade situation** - An incident where a person maintains a position of cover or concealment and ignores or resists law enforcement personnel, and it is reasonable to believe the subject is armed with a dangerous or deadly weapon.

**Hostage situation** - An incident where it is reasonable to believe a person is unlawfully held by a hostage-taker as security so that specified terms or conditions will be met.

### 414.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to address hostage and barricade situations with due regard for the preservation of life and balancing the risk of injury, while obtaining the safe release of hostages, apprehending offenders and securing available evidence.

### 414.3 COMMUNICATION

When circumstances permit, initial responding deputies should try to establish and maintain lines of communication with a barricaded person or hostage-taker. Deputies should attempt to identify any additional subjects, inquire about victims and injuries, seek the release of hostages, gather intelligence information, identify time-sensitive demands or conditions and obtain the suspect's surrender.

When available, office-authorized negotiators should respond to the scene as soon as practicable and assume communication responsibilities. Negotiators are permitted to exercise flexibility in each situation based upon their training, the circumstances presented, suspect actions or demands and the available resources.

#### 414.3.1 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS

A supervisor, if available, or a deputy may direct the telephone company to temporarily interrupt, redirect or make other temporary changes to aid in establishing communication with a barricaded person or between deputies, or to deny communication to the barricaded person under either of the following circumstances (NRS 179.525):

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Hostage and Barricade Incidents

---

- (a) A person is holding another as a hostage.
- (b) A person is believed to have committed a crime and is barricaded in an area or structure and is resisting arrest through the use or threatened use of force.

#### 414.3.2 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS

Deputies designated by the Attorney General or District Attorney may intercept, listen or record wire, electronic or oral communication when a person has (NRS 179.463):

- (a) Barricaded him/herself and is not exiting or surrendering at the deputy's request.
- (b) Barricaded him/herself and there is imminent risk of harm to another person's life as a result of the barricade or law enforcement's actions to resolve the barricade.
- (c) Created a hostage situation.
- (d) Threatened the imminent illegal use of an explosive.

#### 414.4 FIRST RESPONDER CONSIDERATIONS

First responding deputies should promptly and carefully evaluate all available information to determine whether an incident involves, or may later develop into, a hostage or barricade situation.

The first responding deputy should immediately request a supervisor's response as soon as it is determined that a hostage or barricade situation exists. The first responding deputy shall assume the duties of the supervisor until relieved by a supervisor or a more qualified responder. The deputy shall continually evaluate the situation, including the level of risk to deputies, to the persons involved and to bystanders, and the resources currently available.

The handling deputy should brief the arriving supervisor of the incident, including information about suspects and victims, the extent of any injuries, additional resources or equipment that may be needed, and current perimeters and evacuation areas.

##### 414.4.1 BARRICADE SITUATION

Unless circumstances require otherwise, deputies handling a barricade situation should attempt to avoid a forceful confrontation in favor of stabilizing the incident by establishing and maintaining lines of communication while awaiting the arrival of specialized personnel and trained negotiators. During the interim the following options, while not all-inclusive or in any particular order, should be considered:

- (a) Ensure injured persons are evacuated from the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so. Request medical assistance.
- (b) Assign personnel to a contact team to control the subject should he/she attempt to exit the building, structure or vehicle, and attack, use deadly force, attempt to escape or surrender prior to additional resources arriving.
- (c) Request additional personnel, resources and equipment as needed (e.g., canine team, air support).
- (d) Provide responding emergency personnel with a safe arrival route to the location.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Hostage and Barricade Incidents

---

- (e) Evacuate non-injured persons in the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so.
- (f) Attempt or obtain a line of communication and gather as much information on the subject as possible, including weapons, other involved parties, additional hazards or injuries.
- (g) Establish an inner and outer perimeter as circumstances require and resources permit to prevent unauthorized access.
- (h) Evacuate bystanders, residents and businesses within the inner and then outer perimeter as appropriate. Check for injuries, the presence of other involved subjects, witnesses, evidence or additional information.
- (i) Determine the need for and notify the appropriate persons within and outside the Office, such as command officers and the Sheriff.
- (j) If necessary and available, establish a tactical or exclusive radio frequency for the incident.
- (k) Establish a command post.

#### 414.4.2 HOSTAGE SITUATION

Deputies presented with a hostage situation should attempt to avoid a forceful confrontation in favor of controlling the incident in anticipation of the arrival of specialized personnel and trained hostage negotiators. However, it is understood that hostage situations are dynamic and can require that deputies react quickly to developing or changing threats. The following options while not all-inclusive or in any particular order, should be considered:

- (a) Ensure injured persons are evacuated from the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so. Request medical assistance.
- (b) Assign personnel to a contact team to control the subject should he/she attempt to exit the building, structure or vehicle, and attack, use deadly force, attempt to escape or surrender prior to additional resources arriving.
- (c) Establish a rapid response team in the event it becomes necessary to rapidly enter a building, structure or vehicle, such as when the suspect is using deadly force against any hostages (see the Rapid Response and Deployment Policy).
- (d) Assist hostages or potential hostages to escape if it is reasonably safe to do so. Hostages should be kept separated if practicable pending further interview.
- (e) Request additional personnel, resources and equipment as needed (e.g., canine team, air support).
- (f) Provide responding emergency personnel with a safe arrival route to the location.
- (g) Evacuate non-injured persons in the immediate threat area if it is reasonably safe to do so.
- (h) Coordinate pursuit or surveillance vehicles and control of travel routes.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Hostage and Barricade Incidents

---

- (i) Attempt or obtain a line of communication and gather as much information about the suspect as possible, including any weapons, victims and their injuries, additional hazards, other involved parties and any other relevant intelligence information.
- (j) Establish an inner and outer perimeter as resources and circumstances permit to prevent unauthorized access.
- (k) Evacuate bystanders, residents and businesses within the inner and then outer perimeter as appropriate. Check for injuries, the presence of other involved subjects, witnesses, evidence or additional information.
- (l) Determine the need for and notify the appropriate persons within and outside the Office, such as command officers and the Sheriff ([PIO]).
- (m) If necessary and available, establish a tactical or exclusive radio frequency for the incident.

#### **414.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon being notified that a hostage or barricade situation exists, the supervisor should immediately respond to the scene, assess the risk level of the situation, establish a proper chain of command and assume the role of Incident Commander until properly relieved. This includes requesting a Crisis Response Unit (CRU) response if appropriate and apprising the CRU Commander of the circumstances. In addition, the following options, listed here in no particular order, should be considered:

- (a) Ensure injured persons are evacuated and treated by medical personnel.
- (b) Ensure the completion of necessary first responder responsibilities or assignments.
- (c) Request crisis negotiators, specialized units, additional personnel, resources or equipment as appropriate.
- (d) Establish a command post location as resources and circumstances permit.
- (e) Designate assistants who can help with intelligence information and documentation of the incident.
- (f) If it is practicable to do so, arrange for video documentation of the operation.
- (g) Consider contacting utility and communication providers when restricting such services (e.g., restricting electric power, gas, telephone service).
- (h) Ensure adequate law enforcement coverage for the remainder of the County during the incident. The supervisor should direct non-essential personnel away from the scene unless they have been summoned by the supervisor or Dispatch.
- (i) Identify a media staging area outside the outer perimeter and have the office [PIO] or a designated temporary media representative provide media access in accordance with the News Media Relations Policy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Hostage and Barricade Incidents

---

- (j) Identify the need for mutual aid and the transition or relief of personnel for incidents of extended duration.
- (k) Debrief personnel and review documentation as appropriate.

### **414.6 REPORTING**

Unless otherwise relieved by a supervisor or Incident Commander, the handling deputy at the scene is responsible for completion and/or coordination of incident reports.

---

## Response to Bomb Calls

### 416.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines to assist members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office in their initial response to incidents involving explosives, explosive devices, explosion/bombing incidents or threats of such incidents. Under no circumstances should these guidelines be interpreted as compromising the safety of first responders or the public. When confronted with an incident involving explosives, safety should always be the primary consideration.

### 416.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey to place a higher priority on the safety of persons and the public over damage or destruction to public or private property.

### 416.3 RECEIPT OF BOMB THREAT

Office members receiving a bomb threat should obtain as much information from the individual as reasonably possible, including the type, placement and alleged detonation time of the device.

If the bomb threat is received on a recorded line, reasonable steps should be taken to ensure that the recording is preserved in accordance with established office evidence procedures.

The member receiving the bomb threat should ensure that the Shift Supervisor is immediately advised and informed of the details. This will enable the Shift Supervisor to ensure that the appropriate personnel are dispatched and, as appropriate, the threatened location is given an advance warning.

### 416.4 GOVERNMENT FACILITY OR PROPERTY

A bomb threat targeting a government facility may require a different response based on the government agency.

#### 416.4.1 STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE FACILITY

If the bomb threat is against the Storey County Sheriff's Office facility, the Shift Supervisor will direct and assign deputies as required for coordinating a general building search or evacuation of the sheriff's office, as he/she deems appropriate.

#### 416.4.2 OTHER COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL FACILITY OR PROPERTY

If the bomb threat is against a county or municipal facility within the jurisdiction of the Storey County Sheriff's Office that is not the property of this office, the appropriate agency will be promptly informed of the threat. Assistance to the other entity may be provided as the Shift Supervisor deems appropriate.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Response to Bomb Calls

---

#### 416.4.3 FEDERAL BUILDING OR PROPERTY

If the bomb threat is against a federal building or property, the Federal Protective Service should be immediately notified. The Federal Protective Service provides a uniformed law enforcement response for most facilities, which may include use of its Explosive Detector Dog teams.

If the bomb threat is against a federal government property where the Federal Protective Service is unable to provide a timely response, the appropriate facility's security or command staff should be notified.

Bomb threats against a military installation should be reported to the military police or other military security responsible for the installation.

#### 416.5 PRIVATE FACILITY OR PROPERTY

When a member of this office receives notification of a bomb threat at a location in the County of Storey, the member receiving the notification should obtain as much information as reasonably possible from the notifying individual, including:

- (a) The location of the facility.
- (b) The nature of the threat.
- (c) Whether the type and detonation time of the device is known.
- (d) Whether the facility is occupied, and, if so, the number of occupants currently on-scene.
- (e) Whether the individual is requesting sheriff's assistance at the facility.
- (f) Whether there are any internal facility procedures regarding bomb threats in place, such as:
  1. No evacuation of personnel and no search for a device.
  2. Search for a device without evacuation of personnel.
  3. Evacuation of personnel without a search for a device.
  4. Evacuation of personnel and a search for a device.

The member receiving the bomb threat information should ensure that the Shift Supervisor is immediately notified so that he/she can communicate with the person in charge of the threatened facility.

##### 416.5.1 ASSISTANCE

The Shift Supervisor should be notified when sheriff's assistance is requested. The Shift Supervisor will make the decision whether the Office will render assistance and at what level. Information and circumstances that indicate a reasonably apparent, imminent threat to the safety of either the facility or the public may require a more active approach, including sheriff's control over the facility.

Should the Shift Supervisor determine that the Office will assist or control such an incident, he/she will determine:

- (a) The appropriate level of assistance.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Response to Bomb Calls

---

- (b) The plan for assistance.
- (c) Whether to evacuate and/or search the facility.
- (d) Whether to involve facility staff in the search or evacuation of the building.
  - 1. The person in charge of the facility should be made aware of the possibility of damage to the facility as a result of a search.
  - 2. The safety of all participants is the paramount concern.
- (e) The need for additional resources, including:
  - 1. Notification and response, or standby notice, for fire and emergency medical services.

Even though a facility does not request sheriff's assistance to clear the interior of a building, based upon the circumstances and known threat, deputies may be sent to the scene to evacuate other areas that could be affected by the type of threat, or for traffic and pedestrian control.

#### **416.6 FOUND DEVICE**

When handling an incident involving a suspected explosive device, the following guidelines, while not all inclusive, should be followed:

- (a) No known or suspected explosive item should be considered safe regardless of its size or apparent packaging.
- (b) The device should not be touched or moved except by the bomb squad or military explosive ordnance disposal team.
- (c) Personnel should not transmit on any equipment that is capable of producing radio frequency energy within the evacuation area around the suspected device. This includes the following:
  - 1. Two-way radios
  - 2. Cell phones
  - 3. Other personal communication devices
- (d) The appropriate bomb squad or military explosive ordnance disposal team should be summoned for assistance.
- (e) The largest perimeter reasonably possible should initially be established around the device based upon available personnel and the anticipated danger zone.
- (f) A safe access route should be provided for support personnel and equipment.
- (g) Search the area for secondary devices as appropriate and based upon available resources.
- (h) Consider evacuation of buildings and personnel near the device or inside the danger zone and the safest exit route.
- (i) Promptly relay available information to the Shift Supervisor including:
  - 1. The time of discovery.
  - 2. The exact location of the device.
  - 3. A full description of the device (e.g., size, shape, markings, construction).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Response to Bomb Calls

---

4. The anticipated danger zone and perimeter.
5. The areas to be evacuated or cleared.

#### **416.7 EXPLOSION/BOMBING INCIDENTS**

When an explosion has occurred, there are multitudes of considerations which may confront the responding deputies. As in other catastrophic events, a rapid response may help to minimize injury to victims, minimize contamination of the scene by gathering crowds, or minimize any additional damage from fires or unstable structures.

##### **416.7.1 CONSIDERATIONS**

Deputies responding to explosions, whether accidental or a criminal act, should consider the following actions:

- (a) Assess the scope of the incident, including the number of victims and extent of injuries.
- (b) Request additional personnel and resources, as appropriate.
- (c) Assist with first aid.
- (d) Identify and take appropriate precautions to mitigate scene hazards, such as collapsed structures, bloodborne pathogens and hazardous materials.
- (e) Assist with the safe evacuation of victims, if possible.
- (f) Establish an inner perimeter to include entry points and evacuation routes. Search for additional or secondary devices.
- (g) Preserve evidence.
- (h) Establish an outer perimeter and evacuate if necessary.
- (i) Identify witnesses.

##### **416.7.2 NOTIFICATIONS**

When an explosion has occurred, the following people should be notified as appropriate:

- Fire department
- Bomb squad
- Additional office personnel, such as investigators and forensic services
- Field supervisor
- Shift Supervisor
- Other law enforcement agencies, including local, state or federal agencies, such as the FBI and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF)
- Other government agencies, as appropriate

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Response to Bomb Calls

---

#### 416.7.3 CROWD CONTROL

Only authorized members with a legitimate need should be permitted access to the scene. Spectators and other unauthorized individuals should be restricted to a safe distance as is reasonably practicable given the available resources and personnel.

#### 416.7.4 PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE

As in any other crime scene, steps should immediately be taken to preserve the scene. The Shift Supervisor should assign deputies to protect the crime scene area, which could extend over a long distance. Consideration should be given to the fact that evidence may be imbedded in nearby structures or hanging in trees and bushes.

---

## Emergency Admissions

### 418.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for when deputies may place an individual into protective custody for an emergency admission (NRS 433A.160).

### 418.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to protect the public and individuals through legal and appropriate use of the emergency admission process.

### 418.3 AUTHORITY

A deputy may take a person into protective custody and transport the person to a designated facility for an emergency admission when the deputy has probable cause to believe, based upon his/her personal observations, the person is unable to care for him/herself and is likely to harm him/herself or others unless the person is admitted to the facility (NRS 433A.160).

#### 418.3.1 VOLUNTARY EVALUATION

If a deputy encounters an individual who may qualify for an emergency admission, he/she may inquire as to whether the person desires to voluntarily be evaluated at an appropriate facility. If the individual so desires, the deputies should:

- (a) Transport the individual to an appropriate facility that is able to conduct the evaluation and admit the person pursuant to an emergency admission.
- (b) Document the circumstances surrounding the individual's desire to pursue voluntary evaluation and/or admission.

If at any point the individual changes his/her mind regarding voluntary evaluation, deputies should proceed with the emergency admission, if appropriate.

#### 418.3.2 RESTRAINTS

If the patient is violent or potentially violent, the deputy will notify the staff of this concern. The staff member in charge will have discretion as to whether soft-restraints will be used. If these restraints are desired, the deputy will wait while they are being applied to help provide physical control of the patient, if needed.

#### 418.3.3 MENTAL HEALTH DOCUMENTATION

The deputy will complete an application for the emergency admission form and provide it to the staff member assigned to that patient. The deputy will retain a copy of the application for the emergency admission form for inclusion in the case report. The deputy shall also provide a verbal summary to a receiving facility staff member regarding the circumstances leading to the involuntary detention.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Emergency Admissions

---

#### **418.3.4 SECURING OF WEAPONS**

If a receiving facility prohibits weapons or if an extraordinary event occurs in the treatment facility and deputies determine a need to secure their firearms, the firearm shall be secured in the appropriate gun locker at the facility or in the sheriff's unit.

#### **418.4 CONSIDERATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Any deputy handling a call involving a person who may qualify for an emergency admission should consider, as time and circumstances reasonably permit:

- (a) Available information that might assist in determining the cause and nature of the individual's action or stated intentions.
- (b) Community or neighborhood mediation services.
- (c) Conflict resolution and de-escalation techniques.
- (d) Community or other resources available to assist in dealing with mental health issues.

While these steps are encouraged, nothing in this section is intended to dissuade deputies from taking reasonable action to ensure the safety of the deputies and others.

Emergency admissions should be preferred over arrest for people who have mental health issues and are suspected of committing minor crimes or creating other public safety issues.

#### **418.5 TRANSPORTATION**

When transporting any individual for an emergency admission, the transporting deputy should have Dispatch notify the receiving facility of the estimated time of arrival, the level of cooperation of the individual and whether any special medical care is needed.

Deputies may transport individuals in a patrol unit and shall secure them in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy. Should the detainee require transport in a medical transport vehicle and the safety of any person, including the detainee, requires the presence of a deputy during the transport, Shift Supervisor approval is required before transport commences.

#### **418.6 TRANSFER TO APPROPRIATE FACILITY**

Upon arrival at the facility, the deputy will escort the individual into a treatment area designated by a facility staff member. If the individual is not seeking treatment voluntarily, the deputy should provide the staff member with the written application for an emergency admission and remain present to provide clarification of the grounds for detention, upon request.

Absent exigent circumstances, the transporting deputy should not assist facility staff with the admission process, including restraint of the individual. However, if the individual is transported and delivered while restrained, the deputy may assist with transferring the individual to facility restraints and will be available to assist during the admission process, if requested. Under normal circumstances, deputies will not apply facility-ordered restraints.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Emergency Admissions

---

#### **418.7 DOCUMENTATION**

The deputy should complete an application for emergency admission, provide it to the facility staff member assigned to that patient and retain a copy of the application for inclusion in the case report.

The deputy should also provide a verbal summary to any evaluating staff member regarding the circumstances leading to the involuntary detention.

#### **418.8 CRIMINAL OFFENSES**

Deputies investigating an individual who is suspected of committing a minor criminal offense and who is being taken into custody on an emergency admission should resolve the criminal matter by issuing a warning or a citation, as appropriate.

When an individual who may qualify for an emergency admission has committed a serious criminal offense that would normally result in an arrest and transfer to a jail facility, the deputy should:

- (a) Arrest the individual when there is probable cause to do so.
- (b) Notify the appropriate supervisor of the facts supporting the arrest and the facts that would support the emergency admission.
- (c) Facilitate the individual's transfer to jail.
- (d) Thoroughly document in the related reports the circumstances that indicate the individual may qualify for an emergency admission.

In the supervisor's judgment, the individual may instead be transported to the appropriate mental health facility for an emergency admission. The supervisor should consider the seriousness of the offense, the treatment options available, the ability of this office to regain custody of the individual, office resources (e.g., posting a guard) and other relevant factors in making this decision.

#### **418.9 FIREARMS AND OTHER WEAPONS**

Whenever an individual is taken into custody for an emergency admission, the handling deputies should seek to determine if the individual owns or has access to any firearm or other deadly weapon. Deputies should consider whether it is appropriate and consistent with current search and seizure law under the circumstances to seize any such firearms or other dangerous weapons (e.g. safekeeping, evidence, consent).

Deputies are cautioned that a search warrant may be needed before entering a residence or other place to search, unless lawful, warrantless entry has already been made (e.g., exigent circumstances, consent). A warrant may also be needed before searching for or seizing weapons.

The handling deputies should further advise the individual of the procedure for the return of any firearm or other weapon that has been taken into custody.

#### **418.10 TRAINING**

This office will endeavor to provide office-approved training on interaction with mentally disabled persons, emergency admissions and crisis intervention.

Storey County Sheriff's Office  
Policy Manual

Emergency Admissions

---

## Citation Releases

### 420.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

NRS 171.1771 permits law enforcement agencies to use citation release procedures in lieu of arrest for misdemeanor offenses with certain exceptions.

### 420.2 STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

Citation releases are authorized by NRS 171.1771. Release by citation for misdemeanor offenses can be accomplished by issuing a notice to appear from a citation book or an electronic device.

#### 420.2.1 DISCRETION TO ARREST

While this office recognizes the statutory power of peace officers to make arrests throughout the state, deputies are encouraged to use sound discretion in the enforcement of the law. On-duty arrests will not generally be made outside the jurisdiction of this office except in cases of hot or fresh pursuit, while following up on crimes committed within the County or while assisting another agency. On-duty deputies who discover criminal activity outside the jurisdiction of the County should, when circumstances permit, consider contacting the agency having primary jurisdiction before attempting an arrest.

Off-duty deputies observing criminal activity should generally take enforcement action only when it reasonably appears that imminent risk to life or property exists and the reasonable opportunity does not exist to contact the law enforcement agency with primary jurisdiction. In such situations, the involved deputy shall clearly identify himself/herself as a sheriff's deputy.

Deputies are authorized to use verbal or written warnings to resolve minor traffic and criminal violations when appropriate.

### 420.3 OFFICE PROCEDURE

The following procedure will be followed to comply with law.

#### 420.3.1 FIELD CITATIONS

In most misdemeanor cases an arrestee 18 years or older may be released on citation provided the individual can be satisfactorily identified, there is no outstanding arrest warrant for the individual and none of the below described disqualifying circumstances are present (NRS 171.1771).

Deputies may also release subjects who were taken into custody on a private person's arrest for a misdemeanor offense, whenever appropriate (NRS 171.1772).

#### 420.3.2 JAIL RELEASE

In certain cases, it may be impracticable to release a person arrested for misdemeanor offenses in the field. The person arrested may instead be released after booking at the jail, with Shift Supervisor approval.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Citation Releases

---

Any person arrested for a misdemeanor offense shall be released on his/her written promise to appear after the booking procedure is completed, unless the person is disqualified for reasons listed in this policy.

#### 420.3.3 DISQUALIFYING CIRCUMSTANCES

A person arrested for a misdemeanor may not be released on a notice to appear if one of the following situations is present:

- (a) The person arrested is so intoxicated that he/she could be a danger to him/herself or to others. Release may occur as soon as this condition no longer exists.
- (b) The person arrested requires medical examination or medical care or is otherwise unable to care for his/her own safety.
  - 1. An arrestee shall not be released from custody for the sole purpose of allowing that person to obtain medical care and then immediately re-arresting the same individual upon discharge from the hospital, unless it can be determined that the hospital can bill and collect from a third-party payment source.
- (c) There are one or more outstanding arrest warrants for the person.
  - 1. This does not apply to a warrant issued for a misdemeanor where there is no indication that person failed to appear on the charge (NRS 171.122).
- (d) The person could not provide satisfactory evidence of personal identification.
- (e) The prosecution of the offense for which the person was arrested, or the prosecution of any other offense or offenses, would be jeopardized by the immediate release of the person arrested.
- (f) There is a reasonable likelihood that the offense or offenses would continue or resume or that the safety of persons or property would be imminently endangered by the release of the person arrested.
- (g) The person arrested demands to be taken before a magistrate or has refused to sign the notice to appear.
- (h) There is reason to believe that the person would not appear at the time and place specified in the notice to appear. The basis for this determination shall be specifically stated.
- (i) Unless mitigating circumstances exist, there is probable cause to believe that the person has, within the past 24 hours, committed a domestic violence battery (NRS 171.137).
- (j) The person has been served an order for protection against violence and has violated any provision of the order (NRS 33.070; NRS 33.017).
- (k) The person has been served an order for protection against workplace harassment and has violated any provision of the order (NRS 33.280).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Citation Releases

---

When a person is arrested on a misdemeanor offense and is not released by criminal citation, the reason for non-release shall be noted on the booking form. This form shall be submitted to the Shift Supervisor for approval and included with the case file in the Records Section.

#### **420.4 CHILD CITATIONS**

Completion of criminal citations for juveniles is generally only appropriate for misdemeanor traffic violations and local misdemeanor ordinance violations (NRS 62C.070).

#### **420.5 REQUESTING CASE NUMBERS**

Many cases involving a criminal citation release can be handled without requesting a case number. Traffic situations and local code violations can be documented on the reverse side of the records copy of the citation. Most Nevada Revised Statute sections will require a case number to document the incident properly in a report. This section does not preclude a deputy from requesting a case number if he/she feels the situation should be documented more thoroughly in a case report.

## Foreign Diplomatic and Consular Representatives

### 422.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to ensure that members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office extend appropriate privileges and immunities to foreign diplomatic and consular representatives in accordance with international law.

### 422.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office respects international laws related to the special privileges and immunities afforded foreign diplomatic and consular representatives assigned to the United States.

All foreign diplomatic and consular representatives shall be treated with respect and courtesy, regardless of any privileges or immunities afforded them.

### 422.3 CLAIMS OF IMMUNITY

If a member comes into contact with a person where law enforcement action may be warranted and the person claims diplomatic or consular privileges and immunities, the member should, without delay:

- (a) Notify a supervisor.
- (b) Advise the person that his/her claim will be investigated and he/she may be released in accordance with the law upon confirmation of the person's status.
- (c) Request the person's identification card, either issued by the U.S. Department of State (DOS), Office of the Chief of Protocol, or in the case of persons accredited to the United Nations, by the U.S. Mission to the United Nations. These are the only reliable documents for purposes of determining privileges and immunities.
- (d) Contact the DOS Diplomatic Security Command Center at 571-345-3146 or toll free at 866-217-2089, or at another current telephone number and inform the center of the circumstances.
- (e) Verify the immunity status with DOS and follow any instructions regarding further detention, arrest, prosecution and/or release, as indicated by the DOS representative. This may require immediate release, even if a crime has been committed.

Identity or immunity status should not be presumed from the type of license plates displayed on a vehicle. If there is a question as to the status or the legitimate possession of a Diplomat or Consul license plate, a query should be run via the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS), designating "US" as the state.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Foreign Diplomatic and Consular Representatives

---

#### **422.4 ENFORCEMENT ACTION**

If the DOS is not immediately available for consultation regarding law enforcement action, members shall be aware of the following:

- (a) Generally, all persons with diplomatic and consular privileges and immunities may be issued a citation or notice to appear. However, the person may not be compelled to sign the citation.
- (b) All persons, even those with a valid privilege or immunity, may be reasonably restrained in exigent circumstances for purposes of self-defense, public safety or the prevention of serious criminal acts.
- (c) An impaired foreign diplomatic or consular representative may be prevented from driving a vehicle, even if the person may not be arrested due to privileges and immunities.
  - 1. Investigations, including the request for field sobriety tests, chemical tests and any other tests regarding impaired driving may proceed but they shall not be compelled.
- (d) The following persons may not be detained or arrested, and any property or vehicle owned by these persons may not be searched or seized:
  - 1. Diplomatic-level staff of missions to international organizations and recognized family members
  - 2. Diplomatic agents and recognized family members
  - 3. Members of administrative and technical staff of a diplomatic mission and recognized family members
  - 4. Career consular officers, unless the person is the subject of a felony warrant
- (e) The following persons may generally be detained and arrested:
  - 1. International organization staff; however, some senior officers are entitled to the same treatment as diplomatic agents.
  - 2. Support staff of missions to international organizations
  - 3. Diplomatic service staff and consular employees; however, special bilateral agreements may exclude employees of certain foreign countries.
  - 4. Honorary consular officers

#### **422.5 DOCUMENTATION**

All contacts with persons who have claimed privileges and immunities afforded foreign diplomatic and consular representatives should be thoroughly documented and the related reports forwarded to DOS.

#### **422.6 DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY TABLE**

Reference table on diplomatic immunity:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Foreign Diplomatic and Consular Representatives

Category	Arrested or Detained	Enter Residence Subject to Ordinary Procedures	Issued Traffic Citation	Subpoenaed as Witness	Prosecuted	Recognized Family Members
<b>Diplomatic Agent</b>	No (note (b))	No	Yes	No	No	Same as sponsor (full immunity & inviolability)
<b>Member of Admin and Tech Staff</b>	No (note (b))	No	Yes	No	No	Same as sponsor (full immunity & inviolability)
<b>Service Staff</b>	No (note (a))	Yes	Yes	Yes	No for official acts Yes otherwise (note (a))	No immunity or inviolability (note (a))
<b>Career Consul Officer</b>	Yes if for a felony and pursuant to a warrant (note (a))	Yes (note (d))	Yes	No for official acts Testimony may not be compelled in any case	No for official acts Yes otherwise (note (a))	No immunity or inviolability
<b>Honorable Consul Officer</b>	Yes	Yes	Yes	No for official acts Yes otherwise	No-for official acts Yes otherwise	No immunity or inviolability
<b>Consulate Employees</b>	Yes (note (a))	Yes	Yes	No for official acts Yes otherwise	No for official acts Yes otherwise (note (a))	No immunity or inviolability
<b>Int'l Org Staff</b> (note (b))	Yes (note (c))	Yes (note (c))	Yes	Yes (note (c))	No for official acts Yes otherwise (note (c))	No immunity or inviolability

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Foreign Diplomatic and Consular Representatives

<b>Diplomatic-Level Staff of Missions to Int'l Org</b>	No (note (b))	No	Yes	No	No	Same as sponsor (full immunity and inviolability)
<b>Support Staff of Missions to Int'l Orgs</b>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No for official acts Yes otherwise	No immunity or inviolability

**Notes for diplomatic immunity table:**

- (a) This table presents general rules. The employees of certain foreign countries may enjoy higher levels of privileges and immunities on the basis of special bilateral agreements.
- (b) Reasonable constraints, however, may be applied in emergency circumstances involving self-defense, public safety, or in the prevention of serious criminal acts.
- (c) A small number of senior officers are entitled to be treated identically to diplomatic agents.
- (d) Note that consul residences are sometimes located within the official consular premises. In such cases, only the official office space is protected from police entry.

---

## Rapid Response And Deployment Policy

### 424.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Violence in schools, workplaces and other locations by any individual or group of individuals presents a difficult situation for law enforcement. The purpose of this policy is to identify guidelines and factors that will assist deputies implement rapid response and deployment to such situations.

### 424.2 POLICY

The policy of this office in dealing with a crisis situation shall be:

- (a) To obtain and maintain complete operative control of the incident.
- (b) To explore every reasonably available source of intelligence regarding the circumstances, location and suspect(s) in the incident.
- (c) To attempt, by every means available, to attain any tactical advantage over the responsible individual(s).
- (d) To attempt, whenever feasible, a negotiated surrender of the suspect(s) and release of the hostages through the expertise of the members of this office and others.

Nothing in this policy shall preclude the use of necessary force, deadly or otherwise, by members of this office in protecting themselves or others from death or serious injury.

### 424.3 PROCEDURE

If there is a reasonable belief that acts or threats by a suspect are placing lives in imminent danger, first responding deputies should consider reasonable options to immediately eliminate the threat. Deputies must decide, often under a multitude of difficult and rapidly evolving circumstances, whether to advance on the suspect, take other actions to deal with the threat or wait for additional resources.

When deciding on a course of action deputies should consider the following:

- (a) Whether sufficient personnel are available on-scene to advance on the suspect. Any advance on a suspect should be made using two or more deputies whenever reasonably possible.
- (b) Whether individuals who are under imminent threat can be moved out of danger with reasonable safety.
- (c) Whether the deputies have the ability to effectively communicate with others in the field.
- (d) Whether planned tactics can be effectively deployed.
- (e) The availability of rifles, shotguns, shields, control devices and any other appropriate tools, and whether the deployment of these tools will provide a tactical advantage.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Rapid Response And Deployment Policy

---

- (f) In a case of a barricaded suspect with no hostages and no immediate threat to others, deputies should consider summoning and waiting for additional assistance (e.g., special tactics and/or hostage negotiation team response).
- (g) If a suspect is actively engaged in the infliction of serious bodily harm or other life-threatening activity toward others, the deputy should take immediate action, if reasonably possible, to stop the threat presented by the suspect while calling for additional assistance.

---

## Reporting Police Activity Outside of Jurisdiction

### 426.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides general guidelines for reporting police activity while on- or off-duty and occurring outside the jurisdiction of the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

#### 426.1.1 ASSISTANCE TO AGENCIES OUTSIDE THE COUNTY

When a deputy is on-duty and is requested by an allied agency to participate in law enforcement activity in another jurisdiction, he/she shall obtain prior approval from the Shift Supervisor. If the request is of an emergency nature, the deputy shall notify Dispatch before responding and thereafter notify a supervisor as soon as practicable.

#### 426.1.2 LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITY OUTSIDE THE COUNTY

Deputies are generally discouraged from taking any official action outside the jurisdictional boundaries of Storey County unless there is a life threatening situation that compels action. Any on-duty deputy, who engages in law enforcement activities of any type outside the immediate jurisdiction of the Storey shall notify his or her supervisor at the earliest possible opportunity. Any off-duty deputy who engages in any law enforcement activities, regardless of jurisdiction shall notify the Shift Supervisor as soon as practicable.

In all instances of official action outside the jurisdictional boundaries of Storey County a case report is required. The report shall be forwarded to the deputy's Supervisor.

---

## Immigration Violations

### 428.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines to members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office for investigating and enforcing immigration laws.

### 428.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office that all members make personal and professional commitments to equal enforcement of the law and equal service to the public. Confidence in this commitment will increase the effectiveness of this office in protecting and serving the entire community and recognizing the dignity of all persons, regardless of their immigration status.

### 428.3 VICTIMS AND WITNESSES

To encourage crime reporting and cooperation in the investigation of criminal activity, all individuals, regardless of their immigration status, must feel secure that contacting or being addressed by members of law enforcement will not automatically lead to immigration inquiry and/or deportation. While it may be necessary to determine the identity of a victim or witness, members shall treat all individuals equally and without regard to race, color or national origin in any way that would violate the United States or Nevada Constitutions.

### 428.4 ENFORCEMENT

A deputy may detain an individual when there are facts supporting a reasonable suspicion that the individual entered into the United States in violation of a federal criminal law. Federal authorities shall be notified as soon as possible and the detained individual shall be immediately released if the federal authorities do not want the person held. A deputy should not detain any individual, for any length of time, for a civil violation of federal immigration laws or a related civil warrant.

#### 428.4.1 CIVIL VS. CRIMINAL FEDERAL OFFENSES

An individual who enters into the United States illegally has committed a misdemeanor (8 USC § 1325(a)). Generally, an alien who initially made a legal entry into the United States but has remained beyond what is a legal period of time has committed a federal civil offense.

Reasonable suspicion that a criminal immigration violation has occurred shall not be based on race, color, national origin or any other generalization that would cast suspicion on or stigmatize any person, except to the extent permitted by the United States or Nevada Constitutions. Instead, the totality of circumstances shall be used to determine reasonable suspicion, and shall include factors weighing for and against reasonable suspicion.

Factors that may be considered in determining reasonable suspicion that a criminal immigration violation has occurred may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) An admission that the person entered the United States illegally.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Immigration Violations

---

- (b) Reason to suspect that the person possesses immigration documentation that is forged, altered or otherwise indicative that the person is not legally present in the United States.
- (c) While a lack of English proficiency may be considered, it should not be the sole factor in establishing reasonable suspicion. When practicable, reasonable effort should be made to accommodate persons with limited English proficiency.
- (d) Other factors based upon training and experience.

#### 428.4.2 IMMIGRATION CHECKS

Immigration status may be determined through any of the following sources:

- (a) A law enforcement officer who is authorized by the federal government under 8 USC § 1357 to verify or ascertain an alien's immigration status (sometimes referred to as a 287(g) certified officer)
- (b) Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE)
- (c) U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP)

A deputy shall verify from a 287(g) certified officer, ICE or CBP whether a person's presence in the United States relates to a federal civil violation or a criminal violation.

If the deputy has facts that establish probable cause to believe that a person already lawfully detained has committed a criminal immigration offense, he/she may continue the detention and may request ICE or CBP to respond to the location to take custody of the detained person. In addition, the deputy should notify a supervisor as soon as practicable. No individual who is otherwise ready to be released should continue to be detained only because questions about the individual's status are unresolved.

A deputy is encouraged to forgo detentions made solely on the basis of a misdemeanor offense when time limitations, availability of personnel, issues of officer safety, communication capabilities or the potential to obstruct a separate investigation outweigh the need for the detention.

#### 428.4.3 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

When notified that a deputy has detained a person and established probable cause to believe the person has violated a criminal immigration offense, the supervisor should:

- (a) Confirm that the detained person's immigration status was properly verified.
- (b) Ensure that the detained person is taken into custody when appropriate. Take any additional steps necessary that may include, but are not limited to:
  1. Transfer to federal authorities.
  2. Lawful arrest for a criminal offense or warrant.

#### 428.5 ARREST NOTIFICATION TO IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT

Generally, a deputy will not need to notify ICE when booking arrestees at the county jail. Immigration officials routinely interview suspected undocumented aliens who are booked into the county jail on criminal charges. Notification will be handled according to jail operation procedures.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Immigration Violations

---

No individual who is otherwise ready to be released should continue to be detained solely for the purpose of notification.

#### **428.6 ICE REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE**

Requests by ICE, or any other federal agency, for assistance from this office should be directed to a supervisor. The Office may provide available support services, such as traffic control or peacekeeping efforts, to ICE or other federal agencies.

#### **428.7 INFORMATION SHARING**

No member of this office will prohibit, or in any way restrict, any other member from doing any of the following regarding the citizenship or immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of any individual (8 USC § 1373):

- (a) Sending information to, or requesting or receiving such information from ICE
- (b) Maintaining such information in office records
- (c) Exchanging such information with any other federal, state or local government entity

##### **428.7.1 IMMIGRATION HOLDS**

No individual should be held based solely on a federal immigration detainer under 8 CFR 287.7 unless the person has been charged with a federal crime or the detainer is accompanied by a warrant, affidavit of probable cause, or removal order. Notification to the federal authority issuing the detainer should be made prior to the release.

#### **428.8 U VISA AND T VISA NON-IMMIGRANT STATUS**

Under certain circumstances, federal law allows temporary immigration benefits, known as a U visa, to victims and witnesses of certain qualifying crimes (8 USC § 1101(a)(15)(U)). A law enforcement certification for a U visa may be completed by a deputy in order for a U visa to be issued.

Similar immigration protection, known as a T visa, is available for certain qualifying victims of human trafficking (8 USC § 1101(a)(15)(T)). A law enforcement declaration for a T visa may be completed by a deputy in order for a T visa to be issued.

Any request for assistance in applying for U visa or T visa status should be forwarded in a timely manner to the Investigation Unit supervisor assigned to oversee the handling of any related case. The Investigation Unit supervisor should:

- (a) Consult with the assigned investigator to determine the current status of any related case and whether further documentation is warranted.
- (b) Contact the appropriate prosecutor assigned to the case, if applicable, to ensure the certification or declaration has not already been completed and whether a certification or declaration is warranted.
- (c) Address the request and complete the certification or declaration, if appropriate, in a timely manner.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Immigration Violations*

---

1. The instructions for completing certification and declaration forms can be found on the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) website.
- (d) Ensure that any decision to complete, or not complete, a certification or declaration form is documented in the case file and forwarded to the appropriate prosecutor. Include a copy of any completed form in the case file.

#### **428.9 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant shall ensure that all appropriate members receive immigration training.

## Emergency Utility Service

### 430.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The County Public Works Department has personnel available to handle emergency calls 24 hours per day. Calls for service during non-business hours are frequently directed to the Sheriff's Office. Requests for such service received by this office should be handled in the following manner.

#### 430.1.1 BROKEN WATER LINES

The County's responsibility ends at the water meter. Any break or malfunction in the water system from the water meter to the citizen's residence or business is the customer's responsibility. Public Works can only turn off the valve at the meter. The citizen can normally accomplish this.

If a break occurs on the County side of the meter, emergency personnel should be called as soon as practicable by Dispatch.

#### 430.1.2 ELECTRICAL LINES

County Public Works does not maintain electrical lines to street light poles. When a power line poses a hazard, a deputy should be dispatched to protect against personal injury or property damage that might be caused by power lines. The Electric Company or Public Works should be promptly notified, as appropriate.

#### 430.1.3 EMERGENCY NUMBERS

A current list of emergency personnel who are to be called for utility emergencies will be maintained by Dispatch.

## Aircraft Accidents

### 434.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy describes situations involving aircraft accidents including responsibilities of personnel, making proper notification and documentation.

### 434.2 RESPONSIBILITIES

In the event of an aircraft accident, the employee responsibilities are as follows:

#### 434.2.1 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITY

Deputies should treat an aircraft accident site as a crime scene until it is determined that such is not the case. If a military aircraft is involved, additional dangers, such as live ordnance or hazardous materials, may be present. The scene may require additional security due to the potential presence of confidential equipment or information.

The duties of the field deputy at the scene of an aircraft accident include the following:

- (a) Determine the nature and extent of the accident.
- (b) Request additional personnel and other resources to respond as needed.
- (c) Provide assistance for the injured parties until the arrival of fire department personnel and/or other emergency personnel.
- (d) Cordon off and contain the area to exclude unauthorized individuals as soon as practicable.
- (e) Provide crowd control and other assistance until directed otherwise by a supervisor.
- (f) Ensure the coroner's office is notified if a death occurs.

Entering an aircraft or tampering with parts or debris is only permissible for the purpose of removing injured or trapped occupants, protecting the wreckage from further damage or protecting the public from danger. If possible, the investigating authority should first be consulted before entering or moving any aircraft or any accident debris. Photographs or sketches of the original positions should be made whenever feasible.

The fire department will be responsible for control of the accident scene until the injured parties are cared for and the accident scene has been rendered safe for containment. Thereafter, sheriff's personnel will be responsible for preserving the scene until relieved by the investigating authority.

Once the scene is relinquished to the investigating authority, personnel from this agency may assist in containment of the scene until the investigation is completed or assistance is no longer needed.

An airport service worker or the airport manager may respond to the scene to assist the on-scene commander with technical expertise, should it be needed during the operation.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Aircraft Accidents*

---

#### **434.2.2 NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY BOARD**

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) has the primary responsibility for investigating accidents involving civil aircraft. In the case of a military aircraft incident, the appropriate branch of the military will be involved in the investigation. The NTSB is concerned with several aspects of an accident as described in this section.

Every effort should be made to preserve the scene to the extent possible in the condition in which it was found until such time as NTSB or other authorized personnel arrive to take charge of the scene.

Military personnel will respond to take charge of any military aircraft involved, regardless of any injury or death.

If the accident did not result in a death or injury and the NTSB elects not to respond, the pilot or owner may assume control of the aircraft only after a deputy has determined the accident was not caused by a violation of NRS 493.130.

Removal of the wreckage shall be done under the guidance of the NTSB or military authorities or, if the NTSB is not responding for an on-site investigation, at the discretion of the pilot or the owner.

#### **434.2.3 RECORDS MANAGER RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Records Section shall forward and maintain an approved copy of the accident report to the Nevada Department of Transportation Aviation Section FAA, and the NTBS as necessary.

#### **434.2.4 SHERIFF RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Sheriff or his/her designee is responsible for the following:

- (a) Obtain information for a press release from the on-scene commander or his/her designee.
- (b) When practicable, the Office should coordinate with the FAA Press Information Officer to prepare a press release for distribution to the Media.

#### **434.3 DOCUMENTATION**

Any aircraft accident within the County, regardless of whether injuries or deaths occur, shall be documented.

## Field Training Officer Program

### 436.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Field Training Officer Program is intended to provide a standardized program to facilitate the deputy's transition from the academic setting to the actual performance of general law enforcement duties of the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

It is the policy of this office to assign all new sheriff's deputies to a structured Field Training Officer Program that is designed to prepare the new deputy to perform in a detention and/or patrol assignment, and possessing all skills needed to operate in a safe, productive and professional manner.

### 436.2 FIELD TRAINING OFFICER SELECTION AND TRAINING

The Field Training Officer (FTO) is an experienced deputy trained in the art of supervising, training and evaluating entry level and lateral sheriff's deputies in the application of their previously acquired knowledge and skills.

#### 436.2.1 SELECTION PROCESS

FTO's will be selected based on the following requirements:

- (a) Desire to be an FTO.
- (b) Minimum of four years of patrol experience, two of which shall be with this office.
- (c) Demonstrated ability as a positive role model.
- (d) Participate and pass an internal oral interview selection process.
- (e) Evaluation by supervisors and current FTO's.
- (f) Possess a POST Basic certificate.

#### 436.2.2 TRAINING

A deputy selected as a Field Training Officer shall successfully complete a Nevada Peace Officers Standards and Training (POST) certified 24-hour Field Training Officer's Course prior to being assigned as an FTO.

All FTO's must complete a 24-hour Field Training Officer update course every three years while assigned to the position of FTO.

### 436.3 FIELD TRAINING OFFICER PROGRAM SUPERVISOR

The Field Training Officer Program Supervisor will be selected from the rank of sergeant or above by the Sheriff or his/her designee and shall possess a POST Supervisory Certificate.

The responsibilities of the FTO Program Supervisor include the following:

- (a) Assignment of trainees to FTOs.
- (b) Conduct FTO meetings.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Field Training Officer Program*

---

- (c) Maintain and ensure FTO/Trainee performance evaluations are completed.
- (d) Maintain, update and issue the Field Training Manual to each trainee.
- (e) Monitor individual FTO performance.
- (f) Monitor overall FTO Program.
- (g) Maintain liaison with FTO Coordinators of other agencies.
- (h) Maintain liaison with academy staff on recruit performance during the academy.
- (i) Develop ongoing training for FTOs.

#### **436.4 TRAINEE DEFINED**

**Trainee** - Any entry level or lateral sheriff's deputy newly appointed to the Storey County Sheriff's Office who has successfully completed a POST-approved Basic Academy (NRS 289.550). Appointees who have not completed a POST-approved Basic Academy but otherwise meet all eligibility standards, as a requirement of continued employment, must successfully complete said academy within one year of their date of hire.

#### **436.5 REQUIRED TRAINING**

Entry level deputies shall be required to successfully complete the Field Training Program for both the jail and patrol function within their first year of employment with the Office.

The training period for lateral deputies may be modified depending on the trainee's demonstrated performance and level of experience, but shall consist of a minimum of eight weeks.

To the extent practicable, entry level and lateral deputies should be assigned to a variety of Field Training Officers, shifts and geographical areas during their Field Training Program.

##### **436.5.1 FIELD TRAINING MANUAL**

Each new deputy will be issued a Field Training Manual at the beginning of his/her Primary Training Phase. This manual is an outline of the subject matter and skills necessary to properly function as a deputy with the Storey County Sheriff's Office. The deputy shall become knowledgeable of the subject matter as outlined. He/she shall also become proficient with those skills as set forth in the manual.

The Field Training Manual will specifically cover those policies, procedures, rules and regulations enacted by the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

#### **436.6 EVALUATIONS**

Evaluations are an important component of the training process and shall be completed as outlined below.

##### **436.6.1 FIELD TRAINING OFFICER**

The FTO will be responsible for the following:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Field Training Officer Program

---

- (a) Complete and submit a written evaluation on the performance of his/her assigned trainee to the FTO program supervisor on a daily basis.
- (b) Review the Daily Trainee Performance Evaluations with the trainee each day.
- (c) Complete a detailed end-of-phase performance evaluation on his/her assigned trainee at the end of each phase of training.
- (d) Sign off all completed topics contained in the Field Training Manual, noting the method(s) of learning and evaluating the performance of his/her assigned trainee.

#### 436.6.2 IMMEDIATE SUPERVISOR

The immediate supervisor shall review and approve the Daily Trainee Performance Evaluations and forward them to the Field Training Supervisor for inclusion in the trainee's file.

#### 436.6.3 FIELD TRAINING ADMINISTRATOR

The Field Training Supervisor will review and approve the Daily Trainee Performance Evaluations submitted by the FTO through his/her immediate supervisor.

The Field Training Supervisor will hold periodic meetings with all Field Training Officers to ensure understanding and compliance with the requirements of the Field Training Program. At least annually, the Field Training Supervisor will hold a Process Review meeting with all Field Training Officers to discuss changes needed in the FTO Program. A summary of this meeting with any recommendations or changes made will be documented and forward to the Sheriff for review and approval.

#### 436.6.4 TRAINEE

At the completion of the Field Training Program, the trainee shall submit a confidential performance evaluation of each of their FTO's and of the Field Training Program.

#### 436.7 DOCUMENTATION

All documentation of the Field Training Program will be retained in the deputy's training files and will consist of the following:

- (a) Daily Trainee Performance Evaluations.
- (b) End of phase evaluations.
- (c) A Certificate of Completion certifying that the trainee has successfully completed the required number of hours of field training in both detention and patrol functions.

---

## Obtaining Air Support

### 438.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The use of air support can be invaluable in certain situations. This policy specifies potential situations where the use of air support may be requested and the responsibilities for making a request.

### 438.2 REQUEST FOR AIR SUPPORT ASSISTANCE

If a supervisor or deputy in charge of an incident determines that the use of air support would be beneficial, a request to obtain air support assistance may be made.

#### 438.2.1 REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE FROM ANOTHER AGENCY

After consideration and approval of the request for air support, the Shift Supervisor, or his/her designee, will call the closest agency having air support available. The Shift Supervisor will apprise that agency of the specific details of the incident prompting the request.

#### 438.2.2 CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH AID MAY BE REQUESTED

Law Enforcement air support may be requested under any of the following conditions:

- (a) When the aircraft is activated under existing mutual aid agreements.
- (b) Whenever the safety of law enforcement personnel is in jeopardy and the presence of the aircraft may reduce such hazard.
- (c) When the use of aircraft will aid in the capture of a suspected fleeing felon whose continued freedom represents an ongoing threat to the community.
- (d) When an aircraft is needed to locate a person who has strayed or is lost and whose continued absence constitutes a serious health or safety hazard.
- (e) When the Shift Supervisor or equivalent authority determines a reasonable need exists.
- (f) In all instances where air support is requested from an allied agency the Sheriff shall be notified as soon as reasonably possible.

While it is recognized that the availability of air support will generally provide valuable assistance to ground personnel, the presence of air support will rarely replace the need for deputies on the ground.

## Field Interviews And Photographing Detainees

### 440.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for conducting field interviews (FI) and pat-down searches, and the taking and retention of photographs of persons detained in the field but not arrested. Due to a variety of situations confronting the deputy, the decision to FI or photograph a field detainee shall be left to the discretion of the involved deputy based on the totality of the circumstances available to his/her at the time of the detention.

### 440.2 DEFINITIONS

**Detention** - Occurs when a deputy intentionally, through words, actions or physical force causes an individual to reasonably believe he/she is being required to restrict his/her movement. Detentions also occur when a deputy actually restrains a person's freedom of movement.

**Consensual Encounter** - Occurs when a deputy contacts an individual but does not create a detention through words, actions or other means. In other words, a reasonable individual would believe that his/her contact with the deputy is voluntary.

**Field Interview (FI)** - The brief detainment of an individual, whether on foot or in a vehicle, based on reasonable suspicion for the purposes of determining the individual's identity and resolving the deputy's suspicions.

**Field Photographs** - Posed photographs taken of a person during a contact, detention, or arrest in the field. Undercover surveillance photographs of an individual and recordings captured by the normal operation of a Mobile Audio Video (MAV) system when persons are not posed for the purpose of photographing are not considered field photographs.

**Pat-Down Search** - This type of search is used by deputies in the field to check an individual for weapons. It involves a thorough patting down of clothing to locate any weapons or dangerous items that could pose a danger to the deputy, the detainee or others.

**Reasonable Suspicion** - Occurs when, under the totality of the circumstances, a deputy has articulable facts that criminal activity may be afoot and a particular person is connected with that possible criminal activity.

### 440.3 FIELD INTERVIEWS

Deputies may stop individuals for the purpose of conducting an FI where reasonable suspicion is present. In justifying the stop, the deputy should be able to point to specific facts which, when taken together with rational inferences, reasonably warrant the stop. Such facts include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) The appearance or demeanor of an individual suggests that he/she is part of a criminal enterprise or is engaged in a criminal act.
- (b) The actions of the suspect suggest that he/she is engaged in a criminal activity.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Field Interviews And Photographing Detainees

---

- (c) The hour of day or night is inappropriate for the suspect's presence in the area.
- (d) The suspect's presence in the particular area is suspicious.
- (e) The suspect is carrying a suspicious object.
- (f) The suspect's clothing bulges in a manner that suggests he/she is carrying a weapon.
- (g) The suspect is located in proximate time and place to an alleged crime.
- (h) The deputy has knowledge of the suspect's prior criminal record or involvement in criminal activity.

#### 440.3.1 INITIATING A FIELD INTERVIEW

Based on observance of suspicious circumstances or upon information from investigation, a deputy may initiate the stop of a suspect if he/she has articulable, reasonable suspicion to do so. A suspect should not be detained longer than is reasonably necessary to determine the individual's identity and resolve the deputy's suspicions

#### 440.3.2 DURATION OF DETENTION

A subject may be detained to conduct an FI only for the period reasonably necessary to inquire into the circumstances justifying the stop and may not extend longer than 60 minutes, nor extend beyond the immediate vicinity of the place where the detention was first effected unless the detainee is arrested (NRS 171.123).

#### 440.3.3 WITNESS IDENTIFICATION AND INTERVIEWS

Because potential witnesses to an incident may be lost or the integrity of their statements compromised with the passage of time, deputies should, when warranted by the seriousness of the case, take reasonable steps to promptly coordinate with an on-scene supervisor and/or criminal investigators to utilize available personnel for the following:

- (a) Identify all persons present at the scene and in the immediate area.
  - 1. When feasible, a recorded statement should be obtained from those persons who claim not to have witnessed the incident but who were present at the time it occurred.
  - 2. Any potential witness who is unwilling or unable to remain available for a formal interview should not be detained absent reasonable suspicion to detain or probable cause to arrest. Without detaining the individual for the sole purpose of identification, deputies should attempt to identify the witness prior to his/her departure.
- (b) Witnesses who are willing to provide a formal interview should be asked to meet at a suitable location where criminal investigators may obtain a recorded statement. Such witnesses, if willing, may be transported by office personnel.
  - 1. A written, verbal or recorded statement of consent should be obtained prior to transporting a witness in an office vehicle. When the witness is a minor, consent should be obtained from the parent or guardian, if available, prior to transportation.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Field Interviews And Photographing Detainees

---

#### **440.4 PAT-DOWN SEARCHES**

A pat-down search of a detained subject may be conducted whenever a deputy reasonably believes that the person may possess an object that can be utilized as an offensive weapon or whenever the deputy has a reasonable fear for his/her own safety or the safety of others. Circumstances that may establish justification for performing a pat-down search include, but are not limited to the following:

- (a) The type of crime suspected, particularly in crimes of violence where the use or threat of deadly weapons is involved.
- (b) Where more than one suspect must be handled by a single deputy.
- (c) The hour of the day and the location or neighborhood where the stop takes place.
- (d) Prior knowledge of the suspect's use of force and/or propensity to carry deadly weapons.
- (e) The appearance and demeanor of the suspect.
- (f) Visual indications which suggest that the suspect is carrying a firearm or other weapon.
- (g) The age and gender of the suspect.

Whenever possible, pat-down searches should be performed by deputies of the same gender.

#### **440.5 FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS**

Before photographing any field detainee, the deputy shall carefully consider, among other things, the factors listed below.

##### **440.5.1 FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITH CONSENT**

Field photographs may be taken when the subject of the photograph knowingly and voluntarily gives consent. When taking a consensual photograph, the deputy should have the individual read and sign the appropriate form accompanying the photograph.

##### **440.5.2 FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN WITHOUT CONSENT**

Field photographs may be taken without consent only if they are taken during a detention that is based on reasonable suspicion of criminal activity, and

- (a) The photograph serves a legitimate law enforcement purpose related to the detention. Mere knowledge or suspicion of gang membership or affiliation is not a sufficient justification for taking a photograph without consent.
- (b) The deputy must be able to articulate facts that reasonably indicate that the subject was involved in, or was about to become involved in, criminal conduct.

If, prior to taking a photograph, the deputy's reasonable suspicion of criminal activity has been dispelled, the detention must cease and the photograph should not be taken.

No detention shall be prolonged for the sole purpose of taking a photograph.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Field Interviews And Photographing Detainees

---

#### **440.6 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

While it is recognized that field photographs often become valuable investigative tools, supervisors should monitor such practices in view of the above listed considerations. This is not to imply that supervisor approval is required before each photograph. Access to field photographs shall be strictly limited to law enforcement purposes.

#### **440.7 DISPOSITION OF PHOTOGRAPHS**

All detainee photographs must be adequately labeled and submitted to the Shift Supervisor with either an associated FI card or other memorandum explaining the nature of the contact. If an individual is photographed as a suspect in a particular crime, the photograph should be submitted as an evidence item in the related case, following standard evidence procedures.

If a photograph is not associated with an investigation where a case number has been issued, the Shift Supervisor should review and forward the photograph to one of the following locations:

- (a) If the photo and associated FI or memorandum is relevant to criminal street gang enforcement, the Shift Supervisor will ensure the photograph and supporting documents are retained as prescribed by Policy § 442.
- (b) Photographs that do not qualify for Criminal Street Gang file retention or which are not evidence in an investigation with an assigned case number should be forwarded to the Records Section. These photographs will be purged as described in Policy § 440.7.1.

When a photograph is taken in association with a particular case, the detective may use such photograph in a photo lineup. Thereafter, the individual photograph should be retained as a part of the case file. All other photographs will be kept in the Records Section by attaching it to the Person Record in RIMS.

##### **440.7.1 PURGING THE FIELD PHOTO FILE**

The Records Section will be responsible for ensuring that photographs retained by that Section no longer serving a law enforcement purpose are periodically purged and destroyed in accordance with the Office's record retention policy. Photographs that continue to serve a legitimate law enforcement purpose may be retained as a part of an official record. Access to the FI photo file shall be strictly limited to law enforcement purposes.

A photograph need not be purged but may be retained as an updated photograph in a prior booking file if the person depicted in the photograph has been booked at the Storey County Sheriff's Office and the booking file remains in the Records Section.

#### **440.8 PHOTO REVIEW POLICY**

Any person who has been the subject of a field photograph or an FI by this agency during any contact other than an arrest may file a written request within 30 days of the contact requesting a review of the status of the photograph/FI. The request shall be directed to the office of the Sheriff who will ensure that the status of the photograph or FI is properly reviewed according to this policy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Field Interviews And Photographing Detainees

---

Upon a verbal request, the Office will send a request form to the requesting party along with a copy of this policy.

#### 440.8.1 REVIEW PROCESS

Upon receipt of such a written request, the Sheriff or his/her designee will permit the individual to appear in person. Any minor must be accompanied by their parent or legal guardian for a review of the status of the photograph/FI.

Such a meeting will generally be scheduled during regular business hours within 30 days of the receipt of the written request. An extension of the 30-day limit may be made either upon the mutual convenience of the parties or if, at the discretion of the Sheriff, there appears to be an ongoing legitimate law enforcement interest which warrants a delay. If the delay could jeopardize an ongoing investigation, nothing in this policy shall require the Sheriff to disclose the reason(s) for the delay.

A meeting for the review of the status of any non-arrest photograph/FI is not intended to be a formal hearing, but simply an informal opportunity for the individual to meet with the Sheriff or his/her designee to discuss the matter.

After carefully considering the information available, the Sheriff or designee will determine, generally within 30 days of the original meeting, whether the photograph/FI was obtained in accordance with existing law and Storey County Sheriff's Office policy and, even if properly obtained, then whether there is any ongoing legitimate law enforcement interest in retaining the photograph/FI.

If the Sheriff or his/her designee determines that the photograph/FI was obtained in accordance with existing law and Office policy and that there is an ongoing legitimate law enforcement interest in retaining the non-arrest photograph, the photograph/FI shall be retained according to this policy and applicable law.

If the Sheriff or his/her designee determines that the original legitimate law enforcement interest in retaining a non-arrest photograph no longer exists or that it was obtained in violation of existing law or Storey County Sheriff's Office policy, the original photograph will be destroyed or returned to the person photographed, if requested. All other associated reports or documents, however, will be retained according to Office policy and applicable law.

If the Sheriff or his/her designee determines that the original legitimate law enforcement interest in retaining a non-arrest FI no longer exists or that the original FI was not obtained in accordance with established law or Storey County Sheriff's Office policy, the original FI may only be destroyed upon the execution of a full and complete waiver of liability by the individual (and guardian, if a minor) arising out of that field contact.

If the Sheriff or his/her designee determines that any involved Storey County Sheriff's Office personnel violated existing law or Office policy, the Sheriff or designee shall initiate a separate internal investigation which may result in additional training, discipline or other appropriate action for the involved employee(s).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## Field Interviews And Photographing Detainees

---

The person photographed/FId will be informed in writing within 30 days of the Sheriff's determination whether the photograph/FI will be retained. This does not entitle any person to any discovery or access to any law enforcement records not otherwise authorized by law.

## Criminal Organizations

### 442.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that the Storey County Sheriff's Office appropriately utilizes criminal intelligence systems and temporary information files to support investigations of criminal organizations and enterprises.

#### 442.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Criminal intelligence system** - Any record system that receives, stores, exchanges or disseminates information that has been evaluated and determined to be relevant to the identification of a criminal organization or enterprise, its members or affiliates. This does not include temporary information files.

### 442.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes that certain criminal activities, including but not limited to gang crimes and drug trafficking, often involve some degree of regular coordination and may involve a large number of participants over a broad geographical area.

It is the policy of this office to collect and share relevant information while respecting the privacy and legal rights of the public.

### 442.3 CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS

No office member may create, submit to or obtain information from a criminal intelligence system unless the Sheriff has approved the system for office use.

Any criminal intelligence system approved for office use should meet or exceed the standards of 28 CFR 23.20.

A designated supervisor will be responsible for maintaining each criminal intelligence system that has been approved for office use. The supervisor or the authorized designee should ensure the following:

- (a) Members using any such system are appropriately selected and trained.
- (b) Use of every criminal intelligence system is appropriately reviewed and audited.
- (c) Any system security issues are reasonably addressed.

#### 442.3.1 SYSTEM ENTRIES

It is the designated supervisor's responsibility to approve the entry of any information from a report, FI, photo or other relevant document into an authorized criminal intelligence system. If entries are made based upon information that is not on file with this office, such as open or public source documents or documents that are on file at another agency, the designated supervisor should ensure copies of those documents are retained by the Records Section. Any supporting

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Criminal Organizations*

---

documentation for an entry shall be retained by the Records Section in accordance with the established records retention schedule and for at least as long as the entry is maintained in the system.

The designated supervisor should ensure that any documents retained by the Records Section are appropriately marked as intelligence information. The Records Manager may not purge such documents without the approval of the designated supervisor.

#### **442.4 TEMPORARY INFORMATION FILE**

No member may create or keep files on individuals that are separate from the approved criminal intelligence system. However, members may maintain temporary information that is necessary to actively investigate whether a person or group qualifies for entry into the office-approved CIS only as provided in this section. Once information qualifies for inclusion, it should be submitted to the supervisor responsible for consideration of CIS entries.

##### **442.4.1 FILE CONTENTS**

A temporary information file may only contain information and documents that, within one year, will have a reasonable likelihood to meet the criteria for entry into an authorized criminal intelligence system.

Information and documents contained in a temporary information file:

- (a) Must only be included upon documented authorization of the responsible office supervisor.
- (b) Should not be originals that would ordinarily be retained by the Records Section or Property and Evidence Section, but should be copies of, or references to, retained documents such as copies of reports, field interview (FI) forms, Dispatch records or booking forms.
- (c) Shall not include opinions. No person, organization or enterprise shall be labeled as being involved in crime beyond what is already in the document or information.
- (d) May include information collected from publicly available sources or references to documents on file with another government agency. Attribution identifying the source should be retained with the information.

##### **442.4.2 FILE REVIEW AND PURGING**

The contents of a temporary information file shall not be retained longer than one year. At the end of one year, the contents must be purged or entered in an authorized criminal intelligence system, as applicable.

The designated supervisor shall periodically review the temporary information files to verify that the contents meet the criteria for retention. Validation and purging of files is the responsibility of the supervisor.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Criminal Organizations*

---

#### **442.5 INFORMATION RECOGNITION**

Office members should document facts that suggest an individual, organization or enterprise is involved in criminal activity and should forward that information appropriately. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Gang indicia associated with a person or residence.
- (b) Information related to a drug-trafficking operation.
- (c) Vandalism indicating an animus for a particular group.
- (d) Information related to an illegal gambling operation.

Office supervisors who utilize an authorized criminal intelligence system should work with the Training Sergeant to train members to identify information that may be particularly relevant for inclusion.

#### **442.6 RELEASE OF INFORMATION**

Office members shall comply with the rules of an authorized criminal intelligence system regarding inquiries and release of information.

Information from a temporary information file may only be furnished to office members and other law enforcement agencies on a need-to-know basis and consistent with the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

When an inquiry is made by the parent or guardian of a juvenile as to whether that juvenile's name is in a temporary information file, such information should be provided by the supervisor responsible for the temporary information file, unless there is good cause to believe that the release of such information might jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation.

##### **442.6.1 RIGHT TO REQUEST REVIEW OF CRIMINAL INFORMATION**

When the parent or guardian of a juvenile who is documented as a criminal street gang member submits a written request challenging the accuracy of the information contained within that file, the Sheriff, or authorized designee, shall review the information contained within the file. If, after conducting a review of the information it is determined the information is not accurate, all records shall be destroyed.

#### **442.7 CRIMINAL STREET GANGS**

The Investigation Unit supervisor should ensure that there are an appropriate number of office members who can:

- (a) Testify as experts on matters related to criminal street gangs, and maintain an above average familiarity with identification of criminal street gangs, criminal street gang members and patterns of criminal gang activity as described in NRS 40.140, NRS 193.168, NRS 201.570 and local ordinances related to criminal gang activity.
- (b) Coordinate with other agencies in the region regarding criminal street gang crimes and information.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Criminal Organizations

---

- (c) Train other members to identify gang indicia and investigate criminal street gang-related crimes.

#### **442.8 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant should provide training on best practices in the use of each authorized criminal intelligence system to those tasked with investigating criminal organizations and enterprises. Training should include:

- (a) The protection of civil liberties.
- (b) Participation in a multiagency criminal intelligence system.
- (c) Submission of information into a multiagency criminal intelligence system or the receipt of information from such a system, including any governing federal and state rules and statutes.
- (d) The type of information appropriate for entry into a criminal intelligence system or temporary information file.
- (e) The review and purging of temporary information files.

## Shift Supervisors

### 444.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Each supervisor of the Office must be capable of making decisions and communicating in a manner consistent with Office policies, procedures, practices, functions and objectives. Failure to act in a manner appropriate to a supervisor of this Office will be grounds for reassignment and/or removal of supervisor status.

## Portable Audio/Video Recorders

### 450.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the use of portable audio/video recording devices by members of this office while in the performance of their duties. Portable audio/video recording devices include all recording systems whether body-worn, hand held or integrated into portable equipment.

This policy does not apply to lawful surreptitious audio/video recordings, interviews or interrogations conducted at any Storey County Sheriff's Office facility, authorized undercover operations, wiretaps or eavesdropping (concealed listening devices).

### 450.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office may provide members with access to portable recorders, either audio or video or both, for use during the performance of their duties. The use of recorders is intended to enhance the mission of the Office by accurately capturing contacts between members of the Office and the public.

### 450.3 MEMBER PRIVACY EXPECTATION

All recordings made by members on any office-issued device at any time, and any recording made while acting in an official capacity of this office, regardless of ownership of the device it was made on, shall remain the property of the Office.

### 450.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Prior to going into service, each uniformed member will be responsible for making sure that he/she is equipped with a portable recorder issued by the office, and that the recorder is in good working order. If the recorder is not in working or the member becomes aware of a malfunction at any time, the member shall promptly report the failure to his/her supervisor and obtain a functioning device as soon as reasonably practicable. Uniformed members should wear the recorder in a conspicuous manner or otherwise notify persons that they are being recorded, whenever reasonably practicable.

Any member assigned to a non-uniformed position may carry an approved portable recorder at any time the member believes that such a device may be useful. Unless conducting a lawful recording in an authorized undercover capacity, non-uniformed members should wear the recorder in a conspicuous manner when in use or otherwise notify persons that they are being recorded, whenever reasonably practicable.

When using a portable recorder, the assigned member shall record his/her name, SCSO identification number and the current date and time at the beginning and the end of the shift or other period of use, regardless of whether any activity was recorded. This procedure is not required when the recording device and related software captures the user's unique identification and the date and time of each recording.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Portable Audio/Video Recorders

---

Members should document the existence of a recording in any report or other official record of the contact, including any instance where the recorder malfunctioned or the member deactivated the recording. Members should include the reason for deactivation.

#### **450.5 ACTIVATION OF THE PORTABLE RECORDER**

This policy is not intended to describe every possible situation in which the portable recorder should be used, although there are many situations where its use is appropriate. Members should activate the recorder any time the member believes it would be appropriate or valuable to record an incident.

The portable recorder should be activated in any of the following situations (NRS 289.830):

- (a) All enforcement and investigative contacts including stops and field interview situations
- (b) Traffic stops including, but not limited to, traffic violations, stranded motorist assistance and all crime interdiction stops
- (c) Self-initiated activity in which a deputy would normally notify Dispatch
- (d) Any other contact that becomes adversarial after the initial contact in a situation that would not otherwise require recording

Members should remain sensitive to the dignity of all individuals being recorded and exercise sound discretion to respect privacy by discontinuing recording whenever it reasonably appears to the member that such privacy may outweigh any legitimate law enforcement interest in recording. Requests by members of the public to stop recording should be considered using this same criterion. Recording should resume when privacy is no longer at issue unless the circumstances no longer fit the criteria for recording.

At no time is a member expected to jeopardize his/her safety in order to activate a portable recorder or change the recording media. However, the recorder should be activated in situations described above as soon as reasonably practicable.

##### **450.5.1 SURREPTITIOUS USE OF THE PORTABLE RECORDER**

Nevada law permits an individual to surreptitiously record any conversation in which one party to the conversation has given his/her permission (NRS 200.650).

Members may surreptitiously record any conversation during the course of a criminal investigation in which the member reasonably believes that such a recording will be lawful and beneficial to the investigation.

Members shall not surreptitiously record another office member without a court order unless lawfully authorized by the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

##### **450.5.2 CESSATION OF RECORDING**

Once activated, the portable recorder should remain on continuously until the member reasonably believe that his/her direct participation in the incident is complete or the situation no longer fits the

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Portable Audio/Video Recorders

---

criteria for activation. Recording may be stopped during significant periods of inactivity such as report writing or other breaks from direct participation in the incident (NRS 289.830).

#### **450.5.3 EXPLOSIVE DEVICE**

Many portable recorders, including body-worn cameras and audio/video transmitters, emit radio waves that could trigger an explosive device. Therefore, these devices should not be used where an explosive device may be present.

#### **450.6 PROHIBITED USE OF PORTABLE RECORDERS**

Members wearing portable recorders shall not activate the recorder for reasons other than investigating a crime or offense (no recording of public activity unrelated to a specific offense) (NRS 289.830).

Members are prohibited from using office-issued portable recorders and recording media for personal use and are prohibited from making personal copies of recordings created while on-duty or while acting in an official capacity.

Members are also prohibited from retaining recordings of activities or information obtained while on-duty, whether the recording was created with office-issued or personally owned recorders. Members shall not duplicate or distribute such recordings, except for authorized legitimate office business purposes. All such recordings shall be retained at the Office.

Members are prohibited from using personally owned recording devices while on-duty without the express consent of the Shift Supervisor. Any member who uses a personally owned recorder for office-related activities shall comply with the provisions of this policy, including retention and release requirements, and should notify the on-duty supervisor of such use as soon as reasonably practicable.

Recordings shall not be used by any member for the purpose of embarrassment, harassment or ridicule.

#### **450.7 IDENTIFICATION AND PRESERVATION OF RECORDINGS**

To assist with identifying and preserving data and recordings, members should download, tag or mark these in accordance with procedure and document the existence of the recording in any related case report.

A member should transfer, tag or mark recordings when the member reasonably believes:

- (a) The recording contains evidence relevant to potential criminal, civil or administrative matters.
- (b) A complainant, victim or witness has requested non-disclosure.
- (c) A complainant, victim or witness has not requested non-disclosure but the disclosure of the recording may endanger the person.
- (d) Disclosure may be an unreasonable violation of someone's privacy.
- (e) Medical or mental health information is contained.
- (f) Disclosure may compromise an undercover officer or confidential informant.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Portable Audio/Video Recorders

---

#### **450.8 REVIEW OF RECORDED MEDIA FILES**

When preparing written reports, members should review their recordings as a resource. (See the Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths Policy for guidance in those cases.) However, members shall not retain personal copies of recordings. Members should not use the fact that a recording was made as a reason to write a less detailed report.

Supervisors are authorized to review relevant recordings any time they are investigating alleged misconduct or reports of meritorious conduct or whenever such recordings would be beneficial in reviewing the member's performance.

Recorded files may also be reviewed:

- (a) Upon approval by a supervisor, by any member of the Office who is participating in an official investigation, such as a personnel complaint, administrative investigation or criminal investigation.
- (b) Pursuant to lawful process or by court personnel who are otherwise authorized to review evidence in a related case.
- (c) By media personnel with permission of the Sheriff or the authorized designee.
- (d) In compliance with a public records request, if permitted, and in accordance with the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

All recordings should be reviewed by the Custodian of Records prior to public release (see the Records Maintenance and Release Policy). Recordings that unreasonably violate a person's privacy or sense of dignity should not be publicly released unless disclosure is required by law or order of the court.

#### **450.9 COORDINATOR**

The Sheriff or the authorized designee should designate a coordinator responsible for:

- (a) Establishing procedures for the security, storage and maintenance of data and recordings.
- (b) Establishing procedures for accessing data and recordings.
- (c) Establishing procedures for logging or auditing access.
- (d) Establishing procedures for transferring, downloading, tagging or marking events.

#### **450.10 RETENTION OF RECORDINGS**

All recordings shall be retained for a period consistent with the requirements of the established records retention schedule but in no event for a period less than 180 days.

##### **450.10.1 RELEASE OF AUDIO/VIDEO RECORDINGS**

Requests for the release of audio/video recordings shall be processed in accordance with the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

## Foot Pursuits

### 458.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to assist deputies in making the decision to initiate or continue the pursuit of suspects on foot.

### 458.2 DECISION TO PURSUE

The safety of office members and the public should be the primary consideration when determining whether a foot pursuit should be initiated or continued. Deputies must be mindful that immediate apprehension of a suspect is rarely more important than the safety of the public and office members.

Deputies may be justified in initiating a foot pursuit of any individual the deputy reasonably believes is about to engage in, is engaging in or has engaged in criminal activity. The decision to initiate or continue such a foot pursuit, however, must be continuously re-evaluated in light of the circumstances presented at the time.

Mere flight by a person who is not suspected of criminal activity alone shall not serve as justification for engaging in an extended foot pursuit without the development of reasonable suspicion regarding the individual's involvement in criminal activity or being wanted by law enforcement.

Deciding to initiate or continue a foot pursuit is a decision that a deputy must make quickly and under unpredictable and dynamic circumstances. It is recognized that foot pursuits may place Office personnel and the public at significant risk. Therefore, no deputy or supervisor shall be criticized or disciplined for deciding not to engage in a foot pursuit because of the perceived risk involved.

If circumstances permit, surveillance and containment are generally the safest tactics for apprehending fleeing persons. In deciding whether to initiate or continue a foot pursuit, a deputy should continuously consider reasonable alternatives to a foot pursuit based upon the circumstances and resources available, such as:

- (a) Containment of the area.
- (b) Saturation of the area with law enforcement personnel, including assistance from other agencies.
- (c) Canine search.
- (d) Thermal imaging or other sensing technology.
- (e) Air support.
- (f) Apprehension at another time when the identity of the suspect is known or there is information available that would likely allow for later apprehension, and the need to immediately apprehend the suspect does not reasonably appear to outweigh the risk of continuing the foot pursuit.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Foot Pursuits*

---

#### **458.3 GENERAL GUIDELINES**

When reasonably practicable, deputies should consider alternatives to engaging in or continuing a foot pursuit when:

- (a) Directed by a supervisor to terminate the foot pursuit. Such an order shall be considered mandatory.
- (b) The deputy is acting alone.
- (c) Two or more deputies become separated, lose visual contact with one another or obstacles separate them to the degree that they cannot immediately assist each other should a confrontation take place. In such circumstances, it is generally recommended that a single deputy keep the suspect in sight from a safe distance and coordinate the containment effort.
- (d) The deputy is unsure of his/her location and direction of travel.
- (e) The deputy is pursuing multiple suspects and it is not reasonable to believe that the deputy would be able to control the suspect should a confrontation occur.
- (f) When the physical condition of the deputy renders him/her incapable of controlling the suspect if apprehended.
- (g) The deputy loses radio contact with the [dispatchers] or with assisting or back-up deputies.
- (h) The suspect enters a building, structure, confined space, isolated area or dense or difficult terrain, and there are insufficient deputies to provide back-up and containment. The primary deputy should consider discontinuing the foot pursuit and coordinating containment pending the arrival of sufficient deputies.
- (i) The deputy becomes aware of unanticipated or unforeseen circumstances that unreasonably increase the risk to deputies or the public.
- (j) The deputy reasonably believes that the danger to the pursuing deputies or public outweighs the objective of immediate apprehension.
- (k) The deputy loses possession of his/her firearm or other essential equipment.
- (l) The deputy or a third party is injured during the foot pursuit, requiring immediate assistance and there are no other emergency personnel available to render assistance.
- (m) The suspect's location is no longer known.
- (n) The identity of the suspect is established or other information exists that will allow for the suspect's apprehension at a later time, and it reasonably appears that there is no immediate threat to office members or the public if the suspect is not immediately apprehended.
- (o) The deputy's ability to safely continue the foot pursuit is impaired by inclement weather, darkness or other environmental conditions.

#### **458.4 RESPONSIBILITIES IN FOOT PURSUITS**

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Foot Pursuits*

---

#### 458.4.1 INITIATING DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES

Unless relieved by another deputy or a supervisor, the initiating deputy shall be responsible for coordinating the progress of the pursuit and containment. When acting alone and when practicable, the initiating deputy should not attempt to overtake and confront the suspect but should attempt to keep the suspect in sight until sufficient deputies are present to safely apprehend the suspect.

Early communication of available information from the involved deputies is essential so that adequate resources can be coordinated and deployed to bring a foot pursuit to a safe conclusion. Deputies initiating a foot pursuit should, at a minimum, broadcast the following information as soon as it becomes practicable and available:

- (a) Location and direction of travel
- (b) Call sign identifier
- (c) Reason for the foot pursuit, such as the crime classification.
- (d) Number of suspects and description, to include name if known.
- (e) Whether the suspect is known or believed to be armed with a dangerous weapon.

Deputies should be mindful that radio transmissions made while running may be difficult to understand and may need to be repeated.

Absent extenuating circumstances, any deputy unable to promptly and effectively broadcast this information should terminate the foot pursuit. If the foot pursuit is discontinued for any reason, immediate efforts for containment should be established and alternatives considered based upon the circumstances and available resources.

When a foot pursuit terminates, the deputy will notify the [dispatchers] of his/her location and the status of the pursuit termination (e.g., suspect in custody, lost sight of suspect), and will direct further actions as reasonably appear necessary, to include requesting medical aid as needed for deputies, suspects or members of the public.

#### 458.4.2 ASSISTING DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES

Whenever any deputy announces that he/she is engaged in a foot pursuit, all other deputies should minimize non-essential radio traffic to permit the involved deputies maximum access to the radio frequency.

#### 458.4.3 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

Upon becoming aware of a foot pursuit, the supervisor shall make every reasonable effort to ascertain sufficient information to direct responding resources and to take command, control and coordination of the foot pursuit. The supervisor should respond to the area whenever possible; the supervisor does not, however, need to be physically present to exercise control over the pursuit. The supervisor should continuously assess the situation in order to ensure the foot pursuit is conducted within established Office guidelines.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Foot Pursuits*

---

The supervisor shall terminate the foot pursuit when the danger to pursuing deputies or the public appears to unreasonably outweigh the objective of immediate apprehension of the suspect.

Upon apprehension of the suspect, the supervisor should promptly proceed to the termination point to direct the post-pursuit activity.

#### **458.5 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

The initiating deputy shall complete the appropriate crime/arrest reports documenting, at minimum:

- (a) Date and time of the foot pursuit.
- (b) Initial reason and circumstances surrounding the foot pursuit.
- (c) Course and approximate distance of the foot pursuit.
- (d) Alleged offenses.
- (e) Involved vehicles and deputies.
- (f) Whether a suspect was apprehended as well as the means and methods used.
  - 1. Any use of force shall be reported and documented in compliance with the Use of Force Policy.
- (g) Arrestee information, if applicable.
- (h) Any injuries and/or medical treatment.
- (i) Any property or equipment damage.
- (j) Name of the supervisor at the scene or who handled the incident.

Assisting deputies taking an active role in the apprehension of the suspect shall complete supplemental reports as necessary or as directed.

The supervisor reviewing the report will make a preliminary determination that the pursuit appears to be in compliance with this policy or that additional review and/or follow-up is warranted.

In any case in which a suspect is not apprehended and there is insufficient information to warrant further investigation, a supervisor may authorize that the initiating deputy need not complete a formal report.

#### **458.6 POLICY**

It is the policy of this office that deputies, when deciding to initiate or continue a foot pursuit, continuously balance the objective of apprehending the suspect with the risk and potential for injury to office members, the public or the suspect.

Deputies are expected to act reasonably, based on the totality of the circumstances.

## Homeless Persons

### 464.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that personnel understand the needs and rights of the homeless and to establish procedures to guide deputies during all contacts with the homeless, whether consensual or for enforcement purposes. The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes that members of the homeless community are often in need of special protection and services. The Storey County Sheriff's Office will address these needs in balance with the overall missions of this department. Therefore, deputies will consider the following when serving the homeless community.

#### 464.1.1 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to provide law enforcement services to all members of the community while protecting the rights, dignity and private property of the homeless. Homelessness is not a crime and members of this department will not use homelessness solely as a basis for detention or law enforcement action.

### 464.2 HOMELESS COMMUNITY LIAISON

The Sheriff will designate a member of this department to act as the Homeless Liaison Deputy. The responsibilities of the Homeless Liaison Deputy include the following:

- (a) Maintain and make available to all department employees a list of assistance programs and other resources that are available to the homeless.
- (b) Meet with Social Services and representatives of other organizations that render assistance to the homeless.
- (c) Maintain a list of those areas within and near this jurisdiction that are used as frequent homeless encampments.
- (d) Remain abreast of laws dealing with the removal and/or destruction of the personal property of the homeless. This will include the following:
  1. Proper posting of notices of trespass and clean-up operations.
  2. Proper retention of property after clean-up, to include procedures for owners to reclaim their property in accordance with Policy § 804 and other established procedures.
- (e) Be present during any clean-up operation conducted by this department involving the removal of personal property of the homeless to ensure the rights of the homeless are not violated.
- (f) Develop training to assist deputies in understanding current legal and social issues relating to the homeless.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Homeless Persons

---

#### **464.3 FIELD CONTACTS**

Deputies are encouraged to contact the homeless for purposes of rendering aid, support and for community-oriented policing purposes. Nothing in this policy is meant to dissuade a deputy from taking reasonable enforcement action when facts support a reasonable suspicion of criminal activity. However, when encountering a homeless person who has committed a non-violent misdemeanor and continued freedom is not likely to result in a continuation of the offense or a breach of the peace, deputies are encouraged to consider long-term solutions to problems that may relate to the homeless, such as shelter referrals and counseling in lieu of physical arrest. Deputies should provide homeless persons with resource and assistance information whenever it is reasonably apparent such services may be appropriate.

##### **464.3.1 OTHER CONSIDERATIONS**

Homeless members of the community will receive the same level and quality of service provided to other members of the community. The fact that a victim or witness is homeless can, however, require special considerations for a successful investigation and prosecution. Deputies should consider the following when handling investigations involving homeless victims, witnesses or suspects:

- (a) Document alternate contact information. This may include obtaining addresses and phone numbers of relatives and friends.
- (b) Document places the homeless person may frequent.
- (c) Provide homeless victims with victim/witness resources when appropriate.
- (d) Obtain statements from all available witnesses in the event a homeless victim is unavailable for a court appearance.
- (e) Consider whether the person may be a dependent adult or elder and if so proceed in accordance with Policy § 326.
- (f) Arrange for transportation for investigation related matters, such as medical exams and court appearances.
- (g) Consider whether a crime should be reported and submitted for prosecution even when a homeless victim indicates he/she does not desire prosecution.

#### **464.4 PERSONAL PROPERTY**

The personal property of homeless persons must not be treated differently than the property of other members of the public. Deputies should use reasonable care when handling, collecting and retaining the personal property of homeless persons and should not destroy or discard the personal property of a homeless person.

When a homeless person is arrested, or otherwise removed from a public place, deputies should make reasonable accommodations to permit the person to lawfully secure his/her personal property. Otherwise, the personal property should be collected for safekeeping. If the arrestee has more personal property than can reasonably be collected and transported by the deputy, a

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Homeless Persons*

---

supervisor should be consulted. The property should be photographed and measures should be taken to remove or secure the property. It will be the supervisor's responsibility to coordinate the removal and safekeeping of the property.

Deputies should not conduct or assist in clean-up operations of belongings that reasonably appear to be the property of homeless persons without the prior authorization of a supervisor. When practicable, requests by the public for clean-up operations of a homeless encampment should be referred to the Homeless Liaison Deputy.

Deputies who encounter unattended encampments, bedding or other personal property in public areas that reasonably appears to belong to a homeless person should not remove or destroy such property and should inform the Office Homeless Liaison Deputy if such property appears to involve a trespass, blight to the community or is the subject of a complaint. It will be the responsibility of the Homeless Liaison Deputy to address the matter in a timely fashion.

#### **464.5 MENTAL ILLNESSES AND MENTAL IMPAIRMENTS**

Some homeless persons may suffer from a mental illness or a mental impairment. Deputies shall not detain a homeless person under a mental illness commitment unless facts and circumstances warrant such a detention.

When a mental illness hold is not warranted, the contacting deputy should provide the homeless person with contact information for mental health assistance as appropriate. In these circumstances, deputies may provide transportation to a mental health specialist if requested by the person and approved by a supervisor (See Policy § 418).

#### **464.6 ECOLOGICAL ISSUES**

Sometimes homeless encampments can impact the ecology and natural resources of the community and may involve criminal offenses beyond mere littering. Deputies are encouraged to notify other appropriate agencies or departments when a significant impact to the environment has or is likely to occur. Significant impacts to the environment may warrant a crime report, investigation, supporting photographs and supervisor notification.

## Medical Marijuana

### 466.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide members of this office with guidelines for investigating the acquisition, possession, transportation, delivery, production or use of marijuana under Nevada's medical marijuana laws (NRS 453A.010 et. seq.). This policy is meant to provide guidance regarding the application of office resources related to medical marijuana laws. Violations of the policy may result in employee discipline.

#### 466.1.1 DEFINITIONS

**Medical use of marijuana** - The acquisition, possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana or paraphernalia to mitigate the symptoms of a chronic or debilitating medical condition (NRS 453A.120).

**Registry identification card** - An unexpired document issued by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health (DPBH) of the Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, or its designee, to a person who engages in the medical use of marijuana or the primary caregiver of any such person. This includes a letter of approval issued by the DPBH to a person under 10 years of age (NRS 453A.140; NRS 453A.220).

**Usable marijuana** - Includes the dried leaves, flowers and seeds, including concentrated cannabis, of a marijuana plant that are appropriate for the medical use of marijuana. Usable marijuana does not include every part of the plant. For example, roots, stems, stem fibers, oil or cake made from the seeds are not included (NRS 453.096; NRS 453A.160).

### 466.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to prioritize resources to avoid making arrests related to marijuana that the arresting deputy reasonably believes would not be prosecuted by state or federal authorities.

Nevada medical marijuana laws are intended to provide protection from prosecution to those who use, possess, deliver or produce marijuana to mitigate the symptoms of certain chronic or debilitating medical conditions. However, Nevada medical marijuana laws do not affect federal laws and there is no medical exception under federal law for the possession or distribution of marijuana. Deputies should exercise discretion to ensure laws are appropriately enforced without unreasonably burdening both those individuals protected under Nevada law and the resources of the Office.

### 466.3 INVESTIGATION

Investigations involving the possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana or paraphernalia generally fall into one of three categories:

- (a) Investigations when no person makes a medicinal claim.
- (b) Investigations when a medicinal claim is made by a cardholder.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Medical Marijuana

---

- (c) Investigations when a medicinal claim is made by a non-cardholder.

#### 466.3.1 INVESTIGATIONS WITH NO MEDICINAL CLAIM

In any investigation involving the possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana or paraphernalia where no person claims that the marijuana is used for medicinal purposes, the deputy should proceed with reasonable enforcement action if the amount is greater than permitted for personal use under the Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana Act. A medicinal defense may be raised at any time, so deputies should document any statements and observations that may be relevant to whether the marijuana was possessed or produced for medicinal purposes.

#### 466.3.2 INVESTIGATIONS INVOLVING A CARDHOLDER

Generally, no person possessing a valid registry identification card should be arrested for possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana or paraphernalia if the following amounts of marijuana are not exceeded (NRS 453A.200(3)(b)):

- (a) Two and one-half ounces or less of useable marijuana
- (b) Irrespective of whether the marijuana plants are mature or immature, 12 marijuana plants
- (c) A maximum allowable quantity of edible marijuana products and marijuana-infused products by regulation of DPBH.

A person possessing a valid registry identification card should not be arrested for aiding and abetting the possession or delivery of paraphernalia or the possession, delivery or production of marijuana or any other offense in which the possession, delivery or production of marijuana or possession of paraphernalia is an element (NRS 453A.200(1)).

No other person should be arrested for constructive possession, conspiracy or any other criminal offense solely for being in the presence or vicinity of the medical use of marijuana (NRS 453A.200).

Nevada marijuana laws do not require a person to carry their registry identification card on their person. No deputy should arrest a person who does not have a registry identification card on their person and who possesses permitted amounts marijuana when the deputy reasonably determines that the person has a valid registry identification card or the person has presented a copy of the application provided to him/her by the DPBH as recognized by NRS 453A.210.

#### 466.3.3 INVESTIGATIONS INVOLVING A NON-CARDHOLDER

There is no legal requirement that a person using medical marijuana obtain a registry identification card. A person who does not have a card may raise a defense to a charge involving the possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana under Nevada's medical marijuana laws.

Generally, deputies should not arrest a non-cardholder for possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana or possession or delivery of paraphernalia if the offense would not merit the arrest of a cardholder based upon the above policy considerations, and there are facts that support a reasonable determination that the marijuana or paraphernalia was being used or possessed for medical purposes.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Medical Marijuana*

---

#### 466.3.4 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

Deputies should consider the following when investigating an incident involving marijuana possession, delivery, production or use:

- (a) Lawful use of medical marijuana may include possession, delivery or production of amounts greater than described in this policy if it is justified to mitigate the symptoms or effects of a person's chronic or debilitating medical condition, and:
  - 1. The person has a valid registry identification card (NRS 453A.200), or
  - 2. The person has been diagnosed by an attending physician within the past 12 months as having a chronic or debilitating medical condition, and has been advised that the use of medical marijuana may mitigate the symptoms or effects of the condition (NRS 453A.310).
- (b) Factors to consider when evaluating whether an amount greater than specified in this policy is justified may include:
  - 1. The medical condition itself.
  - 2. The quality of the marijuana (chemical content).
  - 3. The method of ingestion (e.g. smoking, eating, nebulizer).
  - 4. The timing of the possession in relation to a harvest (patient may be storing marijuana).
  - 5. Whether the marijuana is being cultivated indoors or outdoors and weather conditions.
- (c) A person is not required to obtain a registry identification card in order to raise a use of medical marijuana defense. Deputies should consider whether the defense may be applicable when determining whether to make an arrest for possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana (NRS 453A.310). Evidence of lawful use of medical marijuana may include:
  - 1. Legitimate medical records which may indicate that an attending physician has advised the person that marijuana may mitigate the symptoms of the person's chronic or debilitating condition.
  - 2. Obvious suffering from a chronic or debilitating medical condition along with possession of less than the amount of marijuana described in this policy.
- (d) Even though a person has a valid registry identification card or may otherwise assist or lawfully use marijuana for medical purposes, not all possession, delivery, production or use of marijuana may be protected under Nevada law. Deputies should consider whether there is evidence that the marijuana or paraphernalia is not for medical use. Evidence that marijuana is not being used for medical use may include, but is not limited to, pay-owe sheets, witness information indicative of sales, or packaging material inconsistent with personal use.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Medical Marijuana

---

- (e) Because enforcement of medical marijuana laws can be complex, time consuming and call for resources unavailable at the time of initial investigation, deputies may consider submitting a report to the prosecutor for review in lieu of making an arrest. This can be particularly appropriate when:
  - 1. The suspect has been identified and can be easily located at another time.
  - 2. The case would benefit from review by another person with expertise in medical marijuana investigations.
  - 3. Sufficient evidence, such as photographs or samples, has been lawfully obtained.
  - 4. Any other relevant factors, such as available department resources and time constraints.
- (f) Before proceeding with enforcement related to a dispensary or medical marijuana establishment deputies should consider conferring with appropriate legal counsel, DPBH and the Department of Taxation.

#### 466.3.5 EXCEPTIONS

- (a) This policy does not apply to the following offenses; deputies may take enforcement action if the person (NRS 453A.300):
  - 1. Drives, operates or controls a vehicle or vessel under power or sail while under the influence of medical marijuana.
  - 2. Water skis, surfboards or uses any similar device while under the influence of medical marijuana.
  - 3. Operates an aircraft while under the influence of medical marijuana.
  - 4. Physically possesses a firearm while under the influence of medical marijuana.
- (b) This policy does not apply to the following acts; deputies may take enforcement action for possession of marijuana or paraphernalia if the person engaged in or assisted in the medical use of marijuana (NRS 453A.300):
  - 1. In a public place.
  - 2. In a detention facility, county jail or state prison.
- (c) This policy does not apply to the following acts; deputies may take enforcement action if the person is (NRS 453A.300):
  - 1. Delivering marijuana to another person who does not hold a valid registry identification card.
  - 2. Delivering marijuana for consideration to any person.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Medical Marijuana*

---

#### **466.4 FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT**

Deputies should exchange information regarding a marijuana investigation with federal law enforcement authorities when information is requested by federal law enforcement authorities. Deputies should also notify federal law enforcement authorities whenever the deputy reasonably believes federal law enforcement authorities would request the information if they were aware of it.

#### **466.5 PROPERTY AND EVIDENCE SECTION SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Property and Evidence Section supervisor shall ensure that marijuana, paraphernalia or other related property seized from a person engaged or assisting in the use of medical marijuana is not destroyed. The Property and Evidence Section supervisor is not responsible for caring for live marijuana plants (NRS 453A.400).

Upon the prosecutor's decision to forgo prosecution, or the dismissal of charges or an acquittal, the Property and Evidence Section supervisor shall, to the extent permitted by law, return to the person from whom it was seized, any usable marijuana, plants, paraphernalia or other related property (NRS 453A.400).

The Property and Evidence Section supervisor may not destroy marijuana that was alleged to be for medical purposes except upon receipt of a court order.

The Property and Evidence Section supervisor may release marijuana to federal law enforcement authorities upon presentation of a valid court order or by a written order of the Investigation Unit supervisor.

## Public Recording of Law Enforcement Activity

### 467.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for handling situations in which members of the public photograph or audio/video record law enforcement actions and other public activities that involve members of this office. In addition, this policy provides guidelines for situations where the recordings may be evidence.

### 467.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes the right of persons to lawfully record members of this office who are performing their official duties. Members of this office will not prohibit or intentionally interfere with such lawful recordings. Any recordings that are deemed to be evidence of a crime or relevant to an investigation will only be collected or seized lawfully.

Deputies should exercise restraint and should not resort to highly discretionary arrests for offenses such as interference, failure to comply or disorderly conduct as a means of preventing someone from exercising the right to record members performing their official duties.

### 467.3 RECORDING LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITY

Members of the public who wish to record law enforcement activities are limited only in certain aspects.

- (a) Recordings may be made from any public place or any private property where the individual has the legal right to be present.
- (b) Beyond the act of photographing or recording, individuals may not interfere with the law enforcement activity. Examples of interference include, but are not limited to:
  1. Tampering with a witness or suspect.
  2. Inciting others to violate the law.
  3. Being so close to the activity as to present a clear safety hazard to the deputies.
  4. Being so close to the activity as to interfere with a deputy's effective communication with a suspect or witness.
- (c) The individual may not present an undue safety risk to the deputies, him/herself or others.

### 467.4 DEPUTY RESPONSE

Deputies should promptly request that a supervisor respond to the scene whenever it appears that anyone recording activities may be interfering with an investigation or it is believed that the recording may be evidence. If practicable, deputies should wait for the supervisor to arrive before taking enforcement action or seizing any cameras or recording media.

Whenever practicable, deputies or supervisors should give clear and concise warnings to individuals who are conducting themselves in a manner that would cause their recording or behavior to be unlawful. Accompanying the warnings should be clear directions on what an

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Public Recording of Law Enforcement Activity

---

individual can do to be compliant; directions should be specific enough to allow compliance. For example, rather than directing an individual to clear the area, a deputy could advise the person that he/she may continue observing and recording from the sidewalk across the street.

If an arrest or other significant enforcement activity is taken as the result of a recording that interferes with law enforcement activity, deputies shall document in a report the nature and extent of the interference or other unlawful behavior and the warnings that were issued.

#### **467.5 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

A supervisor should respond to the scene when requested or any time the circumstances indicate a likelihood of interference or other unlawful behavior.

The supervisor should review the situation with the deputy and:

- (a) Request any additional assistance as needed to ensure a safe environment.
- (b) Take a lead role in communicating with individuals who are observing or recording regarding any appropriate limitations on their location or behavior. When practical, the encounter should be recorded.
- (c) When practicable, allow adequate time for individuals to respond to requests for a change of location or behavior.
- (d) Ensure that any enforcement, seizure or other actions are consistent with this policy and constitutional and state law.
- (e) Explain alternatives for individuals who wish to express concern about the conduct of Office members, such as how and where to file a complaint.

#### **467.6 SEIZING RECORDINGS AS EVIDENCE**

Deputies should not seize recording devices or media unless (42 USC § 2000aa):

- (a) There is probable cause to believe the person recording has committed or is committing a crime to which the recording relates, and the recording is reasonably necessary for prosecution of the person.
  1. Absent exigency or consent, a warrant should be sought before seizing or viewing such recordings. Reasonable steps may be taken to prevent erasure of the recording.
- (b) There is reason to believe that the immediate seizure of such recordings is necessary to prevent serious bodily injury or death of any person.
- (c) The person consents.
  1. To ensure that the consent is voluntary, the request should not be made in a threatening or coercive manner.
  2. If the original recording is provided, a copy of the recording should be provided to the recording party, if practicable. The recording party should be permitted to be present while the copy is being made, if feasible. Another way to obtain the evidence is to transmit a copy of the recording from a device to a office-owned device.

Storey County Sheriff's Office  
Policy Manual

Public Recording of Law Enforcement Activity

---

Recording devices and media that are seized will be submitted within the guidelines of the Property and Evidence Policy.

## Suspicious Activity Reporting

### 468.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for reporting and investigating suspicious and criminal activity.

#### 468.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Involved party** - An individual who has been observed engaging in suspicious activity, as defined in this policy, when no definitive criminal activity can be identified, thus precluding the person's identification as a suspect.

**Suspicious activity** - Any reported or observed activity that a member reasonably believes may have a nexus to any criminal act or attempted criminal act, or to foreign or domestic terrorism. Race, ethnicity, national origin or religious affiliation should not be considered as factors that create suspicion (although these factors may be used as specific suspect descriptions). Examples of suspicious activity may include, but are not limited to:

- Suspected pre-operational surveillance or intelligence gathering (e.g., photographing security features, asking questions about sensitive security-related subjects).
- Tests of security measures and response to incidents (e.g., "dry run," creating false alarms, attempts to enter secure areas without authorization).
- Suspicious purchases (e.g., purchasing large quantities of otherwise legal items, such as fertilizer, that could be used to create an explosive or other dangerous device).
- An individual in possession of such things as a hoax explosive or dispersal device, sensitive materials (e.g., passwords, access codes, classified government information), or coded or ciphered literature or correspondence.

**Suspicious Activity Report (SAR)** - An incident report used to document suspicious activity.

### 468.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes the need to protect the public from criminal conduct and acts of terrorism and shall lawfully collect, maintain and disseminate information regarding suspicious activities, while safeguarding civil liberties and privacy protections.

### 468.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

The Investigation Division and authorized designees will manage SAR activities. Authorized designees should include supervisors who are responsible for office participation in criminal intelligence systems as outlined in the Criminal Organizations Policy.

The responsibilities of the Investigation Division include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Remaining familiar with those databases available to the Office that would facilitate the purpose of this policy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Suspicious Activity Reporting

---

- (b) Maintaining adequate training in the area of intelligence gathering to ensure no information is being maintained that would violate the law or civil rights of any individual.
- (c) Ensuring a process is available that would allow members to report relevant information. The process should be designed to promote efficient and quick reporting, and should not be cumbersome, duplicative or complicated.
- (d) Ensuring that members are made aware of the purpose and value of documenting information regarding suspicious activity, as well as the databases and other information resources that are available to the Office.
- (e) Ensuring that SAR information is appropriately disseminated to members in accordance with their job responsibilities.
- (f) Coordinating investigative follow-up, if appropriate.
- (g) Coordinating with any appropriate agency or fusion center.
- (h) Ensuring that, as resources are available, the Office conducts outreach that is designed to encourage members of the community to report suspicious activity and that outlines what they should look for and how they should report it (e.g., website, public service announcements).

#### **468.4 REPORTING AND INVESTIGATION**

Any office member receiving information regarding suspicious activity should take any necessary immediate and appropriate action, including a request for tactical response or immediate notification of specialized entities, when applicable. Any non-sworn member who receives such information should ensure that it is passed on to a deputy in a timely manner.

If the suspicious activity is not directly related to a reportable crime, the member should prepare a SAR and include information about involved parties and the circumstances of the incident. If, during any investigation, a deputy becomes aware of suspicious activity that is unrelated to the current investigation, the information should be documented separately in a SAR and not included in the original incident report. The report number of the original incident should be included in the SAR as a cross reference. A SAR should be processed as any other incident report.

#### **468.5 HANDLING INFORMATION**

The Records Section will forward copies of SARs, in a timely manner, to the following:

- Investigation Unit
- Chief Deputy
- Other authorized designees

---

## Medical Aid and Response

### 469.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy recognizes that members often encounter persons who appear to be in need of medical aid and establishes a law enforcement response to such situations.

### 469.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office that all deputies and other designated members be trained to provide emergency medical aid and to facilitate an emergency medical response.

### 469.3 FIRST RESPONDING MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Whenever practicable, members should take appropriate steps to provide initial medical aid (e.g., first aid, CPR, use of an automated external defibrillator (AED)) in accordance with their training and current certification levels. This should be done for those in need of immediate care and only when the member can safely do so.

Prior to initiating medical aid, the member should contact Dispatch and request response by emergency medical services (EMS) as the member deems appropriate.

Members should follow universal precautions when providing medical aid, such as wearing gloves and avoiding contact with bodily fluids, consistent with the Communicable Diseases Policy. Members should use a barrier or bag device to perform rescue breathing.

When requesting EMS, the member should provide Dispatch with information for relay to EMS personnel in order to enable an appropriate response, including:

- (a) The location where EMS is needed.
- (b) The nature of the incident.
- (c) Any known scene hazards.
- (d) Information on the person in need of EMS, such as:
  1. Signs and symptoms as observed by the member.
  2. Changes in apparent condition.
  3. Number of patients, sex and age, if known.
  4. Whether the person is conscious, breathing and alert, or is believed to have consumed drugs or alcohol.
  5. Whether the person is showing signs or symptoms of excited delirium or other agitated chaotic behavior.

Members should stabilize the scene whenever practicable while awaiting the arrival of EMS.

Members should not direct EMS personnel whether to transport the person for treatment.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Medical Aid and Response*

---

#### **469.4 TRANSPORTING ILL AND INJURED PERSONS**

Except in extraordinary cases where alternatives are not reasonably available, members should not transport persons who are unconscious, who have serious injuries or who may be seriously ill. EMS personnel should be called to handle patient transportation.

Deputies should search any person who is in custody before releasing that person to EMS for transport.

A deputy should accompany any person in custody during transport in an ambulance when requested by EMS personnel, when it reasonably appears necessary to provide security, when it is necessary for investigative purposes or when so directed by a supervisor.

Members should not provide emergency escort for medical transport or civilian vehicles.

#### **469.5 PERSONS REFUSING EMS CARE**

If a person who is not in custody refuses EMS care or refuses to be transported to a medical facility, a deputy shall not force that person to receive care or be transported. However, members may assist EMS personnel when EMS personnel determine the person lacks mental capacity to understand the consequences of refusing medical care or to make an informed decision and the lack of immediate medical attention may result in serious bodily injury or the death of the person.

In cases where mental illness may be a factor, the deputy should consider proceeding with an emergency admission in accordance with the Emergency Admissions Policy.

If a deputy believes that a person who is in custody requires EMS care and the person refuses, he/she should encourage the person to receive medical treatment. The deputy may also consider contacting a family member to help persuade the person to agree to treatment or who may be able to authorize treatment for the person.

If the person still refuses, the deputy will require the person to be transported to the nearest medical facility. In such cases, the deputy should consult with a supervisor prior to the transport.

Members shall not sign refusal-for-treatment forms or forms accepting financial responsibility for treatment.

##### **469.5.1 SICK OR INJURED ARRESTEE**

If an arrestee appears ill or injured, or claims illness or injury, he/she should be medically cleared prior to booking. If the deputy has reason to believe the arrestee is feigning injury or illness, the deputy should contact a supervisor, who will determine whether medical clearance will be obtained prior to booking.

If the jail or detention facility refuses to accept custody of an arrestee based on medical screening, the deputy should note the name of the facility person refusing to accept custody and the reason for refusal, and should notify a supervisor to determine the appropriate action.

Arrestees who appear to have a serious medical issue should be transported by ambulance. Deputies shall not transport an arrestee to a hospital without a supervisor's approval.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Medical Aid and Response*

---

#### **469.6 MEDICAL ATTENTION RELATED TO USE OF FORCE**

Specific guidelines for medical attention for injuries sustained from a use of force may be found in the Use of Force, Handcuffing and Restraints, Control Devices and Techniques, and Conducted Energy Device policies.

#### **469.7 AIR AMBULANCE**

Generally, when on-scene, EMS personnel will be responsible for determining whether an air ambulance response should be requested. An air ambulance may be appropriate when there are victims with life-threatening injuries or who require specialized treatment (e.g., gunshot wounds, burns, obstetrical cases), and distance or other known delays will affect the EMS response.

In circumstances where EMS may have a delayed response, the on scene deputy should consider the following in preparation of the arrival of the air ambulance:

- Responsibility and authority for designating a landing zone and determining the size of the landing zone.
- Responsibility for securing the area and maintaining that security once the landing zone is identified.
- Consideration of the air ambulance provider's minimum standards for proximity to vertical obstructions and surface composition (e.g., dirt, gravel, pavement, concrete, grass).
- Consideration of the air ambulance provider's minimum standards for horizontal clearance from structures, fences, power poles, antennas or roadways.
- Responsibility for notifying the appropriate highway or transportation agencies if a roadway is selected as a landing zone.
- Procedures for ground personnel to communicate with flight personnel during the operation.

One office member at the scene should be designated as the air ambulance communications contact. Headlights, spotlights and flashlights should not be aimed upward at the air ambulance. Members should direct vehicle and pedestrian traffic away from the landing zone.

Members should follow these cautions when near an air ambulance:

- Never approach the aircraft until signaled by the flight crew.
- Always approach the aircraft from the front.
- Avoid the aircraft's tail rotor area.
- Wear eye protection during landing and take-off.
- Do not carry or hold items, such as IV bags, above the head.
- Ensure that no one smokes near the aircraft.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Medical Aid and Response*

---

#### **469.8 AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR (AED) USE**

An AED should only be used by members who have completed a course in accordance with the standards of the American Heart Association or the American National Red Cross that includes training in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the operation and use of an AED (NRS 41.500).

##### **469.8.1 AED USER RESPONSIBILITY**

Members who are issued AEDs for use in office vehicles should check the AED at the beginning of the shift to ensure it is properly charged and functioning. Any AED that is not functioning properly will be taken out of service and given to the Training Sergeant who is responsible for ensuring appropriate maintenance.

Following use of an AED, the device shall be cleaned and/or decontaminated as required. The electrodes and/or pads will be replaced as recommended by the AED manufacturer.

Any member who uses an AED shall contact Dispatch as soon as possible and request response by EMS (NRS 41.500).

##### **469.8.2 AED REPORTING**

Any member using an AED will complete an incident report detailing its use.

##### **469.8.3 AED TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE**

The Training Sergeant should ensure appropriate training is provided to members authorized to use an AED.

The Training Sergeant is responsible for ensuring AED devices are appropriately maintained and tested consistent with the operational guidelines established by the manufacturer and will retain records of all maintenance in accordance with the established records retention schedule (NRS 41.500).

## Crisis Intervention Incidents

### 470.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for interacting with those who may be experiencing a mental health or emotional crisis. Interaction with such individuals has the potential for miscommunication and violence. It often requires a deputy to make difficult judgments about a person's mental state and intent in order to effectively and legally interact with the individual.

#### 470.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Person in crisis** - A person whose level of distress or mental health symptoms have exceeded the person's internal ability to manage his/her behavior or emotions. A crisis can be precipitated by any number of things, including an increase in the symptoms of mental illness despite treatment compliance; non-compliance with treatment, including a failure to take prescribed medications appropriately; or any other circumstance or event that causes the person to engage in erratic, disruptive or dangerous behavior that may be accompanied by impaired judgment.

### 470.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office is committed to providing a consistently high level of service to all members of the community and recognizes that persons in crisis may benefit from intervention. The Office will collaborate, where feasible, with mental health professionals to develop an overall intervention strategy to guide its members' interactions with those experiencing a mental health crisis. This is to ensure equitable and safe treatment of all involved.

### 470.3 SIGNS

Members should be alert to any of the following possible signs of mental health issues or crises:

- (a) A known history of mental illness
- (b) Threats of or attempted suicide
- (c) Loss of memory
- (d) Incoherence, disorientation or slow response
- (e) Delusions, hallucinations, perceptions unrelated to reality or grandiose ideas
- (f) Depression, pronounced feelings of hopelessness or uselessness, extreme sadness or guilt
- (g) Social withdrawal
- (h) Manic or impulsive behavior, extreme agitation, lack of control
- (i) Lack of fear
- (j) Anxiety, aggression, rigidity, inflexibility or paranoia

Members should be aware that this list is not exhaustive. The presence or absence of any of these should not be treated as proof of the presence or absence of a mental health issue or crisis.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Crisis Intervention Incidents

---

#### **470.4 COORDINATION WITH MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONALS**

The Sheriff should designate an appropriate member to collaborate with mental health professionals to develop an education and response protocol. It should include a list of community resources, to guide office interaction with those who may be suffering from mental illness or who appear to be in a mental health crisis.

#### **470.5 FIRST RESPONDERS**

Safety is a priority for first responders. It is important to recognize that individuals under the influence of alcohol, drugs or both may exhibit symptoms that are similar to those of a person in a mental health crisis. These individuals may still present a serious threat to deputies; such a threat should be addressed with reasonable tactics. Nothing in this policy shall be construed to limit a deputy's authority to use reasonable force when interacting with a person in crisis.

Deputies are reminded that mental health issues, mental health crises and unusual behavior alone are not criminal offenses. Individuals may benefit from treatment as opposed to incarceration.

A deputy responding to a call involving a person in crisis should:

- (a) Promptly assess the situation independent of reported information and make a preliminary determination regarding whether a mental health crisis may be a factor.
- (b) Request available backup deputies and specialized resources as deemed necessary and, if it is reasonably believed that the person is in a crisis situation, use conflict resolution and de-escalation techniques to stabilize the incident as appropriate.
- (c) If feasible, and without compromising safety, turn off flashing lights, bright lights or sirens.
- (d) Attempt to determine if weapons are present or available.
- (e) Take into account the person's mental and emotional state and potential inability to understand commands or to appreciate the consequences of his/her action or inaction, as perceived by the deputy.
- (f) Secure the scene and clear the immediate area as necessary.
- (g) Employ tactics to preserve the safety of all participants.
- (h) Determine the nature of any crime.
- (i) Request a supervisor, as warranted.
- (j) Evaluate any available information that might assist in determining cause or motivation for the person's actions or stated intentions.
- (k) If circumstances reasonably permit, consider and employ alternatives to force.

#### **470.6 DE-ESCALATION**

Deputies should consider that taking no action or passively monitoring the situation may be the most reasonable response to a mental health crisis.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Crisis Intervention Incidents*

---

Once it is determined that a situation is a mental health crisis and immediate safety concerns have been addressed, responding members should be aware of the following considerations and should generally:

- Evaluate safety conditions.
- Introduce themselves and attempt to obtain the person's name.
- Be patient, polite, calm, courteous and avoid overreacting.
- Speak and move slowly and in a non-threatening manner.
- Moderate the level of direct eye contact.
- Remove distractions or disruptive people from the area.
- Demonstrate active listening skills (e.g., summarize the person's verbal communication).
- Provide for sufficient avenues of retreat or escape should the situation become volatile.

Responding deputies generally should not:

- Use stances or tactics that can be interpreted as aggressive.
- Allow others to interrupt or engage the person.
- Corner a person who is not believed to be armed, violent or suicidal.
- Argue, speak with a raised voice or use threats to obtain compliance.

#### **470.7 INCIDENT ORIENTATION**

When responding to an incident that may involve mental illness or a mental health crisis, the deputy should request that the [dispatchers] provide critical information as it becomes available. This includes:

- (a) Whether the person relies on drugs or medication, or may have failed to take his/her medication.
- (b) Whether there have been prior incidents, suicide threats/attempts, and whether there has been previous sheriff's response.
- (c) Contact information for a treating physician or mental health professional.

Additional resources and a supervisor should be requested as warranted.

#### **470.8 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

A supervisor should respond to the scene of any interaction with a person in crisis. Responding supervisors should:

- (a) Attempt to secure appropriate and sufficient resources.
- (b) Closely monitor any use of force, including the use of restraints, and ensure that those subjected to the use of force are provided with timely access to medical care (see the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Crisis Intervention Incidents*

---

- (c) Consider strategic disengagement. Absent an imminent threat to the public and, as circumstances dictate, this may include removing or reducing law enforcement resources or engaging in passive monitoring.
- (d) Ensure that all reports are completed and that incident documentation uses appropriate terminology and language.
- (e) Conduct an after-action tactical and operational debriefing, and prepare an after-action evaluation of the incident to be forwarded to the Division Commander.
- (f) Evaluate whether a critical incident stress management debriefing for involved members is warranted.

#### **470.9 INCIDENT REPORTING**

Members engaging in any oral or written communication associated with a mental health crisis should be mindful of the sensitive nature of such communications and should exercise appropriate discretion when referring to or describing persons and circumstances.

Members having contact with a person in crisis should keep related information confidential, except to the extent that revealing information is necessary to conform to office reporting procedures or other official mental health or medical proceedings.

##### **470.9.1 DIVERSION**

Individuals who are not being arrested should be processed in accordance with the Emergency Admissions Policy.

#### **470.10 NON-SWORN INTERACTION WITH PEOPLE IN CRISIS**

Non-sworn members may be required to interact with persons in crisis in an administrative capacity, such as dispatching, records request, and animal control issues.

- (a) Members should treat all individuals equally and with dignity and respect.
- (b) If a member believes that he/she is interacting with a person in crisis, he/she should proceed patiently and in a calm manner.
- (c) Members should be aware and understand that the person may make unusual or bizarre claims or requests.

If a person's behavior makes the member feel unsafe, if the person is or becomes disruptive or violent, or if the person acts in such a manner as to cause the member to believe that the person may be harmful to him/herself or others, a deputy should be promptly summoned to provide assistance.

#### **470.11 EVALUATION**

The Chief Deputy shall coordinate the crisis intervention strategy for this office should ensure that a thorough review and analysis of the office response to these incidents is conducted annually. The report will not include identifying information pertaining to any involved individuals, deputies or incidents and will be submitted to the Sheriff .

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Crisis Intervention Incidents*

---

### **470.12 TRAINING**

In coordination with the mental health community and appropriate stakeholders, the Office will develop and provide comprehensive education and training to all office members to enable them to effectively interact with persons in crisis.

**Item 5**  
**Volume 2b**

---

## First Amendment Assemblies

### 471.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for responding to public assemblies or demonstrations.

### 471.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office respects the rights of people to peaceably assemble. It is the policy of this office not to unreasonably interfere with, harass, intimidate or discriminate against persons engaged in the lawful exercise of their rights, while also preserving the peace, protecting life and preventing the destruction of property.

### 471.3 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Individuals or groups present on the public way, such as public facilities, streets or walkways, generally have the right to assemble, rally, demonstrate, protest or otherwise express their views and opinions through varying forms of communication, including the distribution of printed matter. These rights may be limited by laws or ordinances regulating such matters as the obstruction of individual or vehicle access or egress, trespass, noise, picketing, distribution of handbills and leafleting, and loitering. However, deputies shall not take action or fail to take action based on the opinions being expressed.

Participant behavior during a demonstration or other public assembly can vary. This may include, but is not limited to:

- Lawful, constitutionally protected actions and speech.
- Civil disobedience (typically involving minor criminal acts).
- Rioting.

All of these behaviors may be present during the same event. Therefore, it is imperative that law enforcement actions are measured and appropriate for the behaviors deputies may encounter. This is particularly critical if force is being used. Adaptable strategies and tactics are essential. The purpose of a law enforcement presence at the scene of public assemblies and demonstrations should be to preserve the peace, to protect life and prevent the destruction of property.

Deputies should not:

- (a) Engage in assembly or demonstration-related discussion with participants.
- (b) Harass, confront or intimidate participants.
- (c) Seize the cameras, cell phones or materials of participants or observers unless a deputy is placing a person under lawful arrest.

Supervisors should continually observe office members under their commands to ensure that members' interaction with participants and their response to crowd dynamics is appropriate.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### First Amendment Assemblies

---

#### **471.3.1 PHOTOGRAPHS AND VIDEO RECORDINGS**

Photographs and video recording, when appropriate, can serve a number of purposes, including support of criminal prosecutions by documenting criminal acts; assistance in evaluating office performance; serving as training material; recording the use of dispersal orders; and facilitating a response to allegations of improper law enforcement conduct.

Photographs and videos will not be used or retained for the sole purpose of collecting or maintaining information about the political, religious or social views of associations, or the activities of any individual, group, association, organization, corporation, business or partnership, unless such information directly relates to an investigation of criminal activities and there is reasonable suspicion that the subject of the information is involved in criminal conduct.

#### **471.4 UNPLANNED EVENTS**

When responding to an unplanned or spontaneous public gathering, the first responding deputy should conduct an assessment of conditions, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Location
- Number of participants
- Apparent purpose of the event
- Leadership (whether it is apparent and/or whether it is effective)
- Any initial indicators of unlawful or disruptive activity
- Indicators that lawful use of public facilities, streets or walkways will be impacted
- Ability and/or need to continue monitoring the incident

Initial assessment information should be promptly communicated to Dispatch, and the assignment of a supervisor should be requested. Additional resources should be requested as appropriate. The responding supervisor shall assume command of the incident until command is expressly assumed by another, and the assumption of command is communicated to the involved members. A clearly defined command structure that is consistent with the Incident Command System (ICS) should be established as resources are deployed.

#### **471.5 PLANNED EVENT PREPARATION**

For planned events, comprehensive, incident-specific operational plans should be developed. The ICS should be considered for such events.

##### **471.5.1 INFORMATION GATHERING AND ASSESSMENT**

In order to properly assess the potential impact of a public assembly or demonstration on public safety and order, relevant information should be collected and vetted. This may include:

- Information obtained from outreach to group organizers or leaders.
- Information about past and potential unlawful conduct associated with the event or similar events.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### First Amendment Assemblies

---

- The potential time, duration, scope and type of planned activities.
- Any other information related to the goal of providing a balanced response to criminal activity and the protection of public safety interests.

Information should be obtained in a transparent manner, and the sources documented. Relevant information should be communicated to the appropriate parties in a timely manner.

Information will be obtained in a lawful manner and will not be based solely on the purpose or content of the assembly or demonstration, or the race, ethnicity, national origin or religion of the participants (or any other characteristic that is unrelated to criminal conduct or the identification of a criminal subject).

#### 471.5.2 OPERATIONAL PLANS

An operational planning team with responsibility for event planning and management should be established. The planning team should develop an operational plan for the event.

The operational plan will minimally provide for the following:

- (a) Command assignments, chain of command structure, roles and responsibilities
- (b) Staffing and resource allocation
- (c) Management of criminal investigations
- (d) Designation of uniform of the day and related safety equipment (e.g., helmets, shields)
- (e) Deployment of specialized resources
- (f) Event communications and interoperability in a multijurisdictional event
- (g) Liaison with demonstration leaders and external agencies
- (h) Liaison with County government and legal staff
- (i) Media relations
- (j) Logistics: food, fuel, replacement equipment, duty hours, relief and transportation
- (k) Traffic management plans
- (l) First aid and emergency medical service provider availability
- (m) Prisoner transport and detention
- (n) Review of policies regarding public assemblies and use of force in crowd control
- (o) Parameters for declaring an unlawful assembly
- (p) Arrest protocol, including management of mass arrests
- (q) Protocol for recording information flow and decisions
- (r) Rules of engagement, including rules of conduct, protocols for field force extraction and arrests, and any authorization required for the use of force
- (s) Protocol for handling complaints during the event
- (t) Parameters for the use of body-worn cameras and other portable recording devices.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *First Amendment Assemblies*

---

#### **471.5.3 MUTUAL AID AND EXTERNAL RESOURCES**

The magnitude and anticipated duration of an event may necessitate interagency cooperation and coordination. The assigned Incident Commander should ensure that any required memorandums of understanding or other agreements are properly executed, and that any anticipated mutual aid is requested and facilitated (see the Mutual Aid and Outside Agency Assistance Policy).

#### **471.6 UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY DISPERSAL ORDERS**

If a public gathering or demonstration remains peaceful and nonviolent, and there is no reasonably imminent threat to persons or property, the Incident Commander should generally authorize continued monitoring of the event.

Should the Incident Commander make a determination that public safety is presently or is about to be jeopardized, he/she or the authorized designee should attempt to verbally persuade event organizers or participants to disperse of their own accord. Warnings and advisements may be communicated through established communications links with leaders and/or participants or to the group.

When initial attempts at verbal persuasion are unsuccessful, the Incident Commander or the authorized designee should make a clear standardized announcement to the gathering that the event is an unlawful assembly, and should order the dispersal of the participants. The announcement should be communicated by whatever methods are reasonably available to ensure that the content of the message is clear and that it has been heard by the participants. The announcement should be amplified, made in different languages as appropriate, made from multiple locations in the affected area and documented by audio and video. The announcement should provide information about what law enforcement actions will take place if illegal behavior continues and should identify routes for egress. A reasonable time to disperse should be allowed following a dispersal order.

#### **471.7 USE OF FORCE**

Use of force is governed by current office policy and applicable law (see the Use of Force, Handcuffing and Restraints, Control Devices and Techniques, and Conducted Energy Device policies).

Individuals refusing to comply with lawful orders (e.g., nonviolent refusal to disperse) should be given a clear verbal warning and a reasonable opportunity to comply. If an individual refuses to comply with lawful orders, the Incident Commander shall evaluate the type of resistance and adopt a reasonable response in order to accomplish the law enforcement mission (such as dispersal or arrest of those acting in violation of the law). Control devices and TASER<sup>®</sup> devices should be considered only when the participants' conduct reasonably appears to present the potential to harm deputies, themselves or others, or will result in substantial property loss or damage (see the Control Devices and Techniques and the Conducted Energy Device policies).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *First Amendment Assemblies*

---

Force or control devices, including oleoresin capsaicin (OC), should be directed toward individuals and not toward groups or crowds, unless specific individuals cannot reasonably be targeted due to extreme circumstances, such as a riotous crowd.

Any use of force by a member of this office shall be documented promptly, completely and accurately in an appropriate report. The type of report required may depend on the nature of the incident.

#### **471.8 ARRESTS**

The Storey County Sheriff's Office should respond to unlawful behavior in a manner that is consistent with the operational plan. If practicable, warnings or advisements should be communicated prior to arrest.

Mass arrests should be employed only when alternate tactics and strategies have been, or reasonably appear likely to be, unsuccessful. Mass arrests shall only be undertaken upon the order of the Incident Commander or the authorized designee. There must be probable cause for each arrest.

If employed, mass arrest protocols should fully integrate:

- (a) Reasonable measures to address the safety of deputies and arrestees.
- (b) Dedicated arrest, booking and report writing teams.
- (c) Timely access to medical care.
- (d) Timely access to legal resources.
- (e) Timely processing of arrestees.
- (f) Full accountability for arrestees and evidence.
- (g) Coordination and cooperation with the prosecuting authority, jail and courts (see the Citation Releases Policy).

#### **471.9 MEDIA RELATIONS**

The Sheriff should use all available avenues of communication, including press releases, briefings, press conferences and social media to maintain open channels of communication with media representatives and the public about the status and progress of the event, taking all opportunities to reassure the public about the professional management of the event (see the News Media Relations Policy).

#### **471.10 DEMOBILIZATION**

When appropriate, the Incident Commander or the authorized designee should implement a phased and orderly withdrawal of law enforcement resources. All relieved personnel should promptly complete any required reports, including use of force reports, and account for all issued equipment and vehicles to their supervisors prior to returning to normal operational duties.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### First Amendment Assemblies

---

#### **471.11 POST EVENT**

The Incident Commander should designate a member to assemble full documentation of the event, to include the following:

- (a) Operational plan
- (b) Any incident logs
- (c) Any assignment logs
- (d) Vehicle, fuel, equipment and supply records
- (e) Incident, arrest, use of force, injury and property damage reports
- (f) Photographs, audio/video recordings, Dispatch records/tapes
- (g) Media accounts (print and broadcast media)

##### **471.11.1 AFTER-ACTION REPORTING**

The Incident Commander should work with County legal counsel, as appropriate, to prepare a comprehensive after-action report of the event, explaining all incidents where force was used including the following:

- (a) Date, time and description of the event
- (b) Actions taken and outcomes (e.g., injuries, property damage, arrests)
- (c) Problems identified
- (d) Significant events
- (e) Recommendations for improvement; opportunities for training should be documented in a generic manner, without identifying individuals or specific incidents, facts or circumstances.

#### **471.12 TRAINING**

Office members should receive periodic training regarding this policy, as well as the dynamics of crowd control and incident management. The Office should, when practicable, train with its external and mutual aid partners.

## Civil Disputes

### 472.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office with guidance for addressing conflicts between persons when no criminal investigation or enforcement action is warranted (e.g., civil matters), with the goal of minimizing any potential for violence or criminal acts.

The Domestic Violence Policy will address specific legal mandates related to domestic violence court orders. References in this policy to "court orders" apply to any order of a court that does not require arrest or enforcement by the terms of the order or by Nevada law.

### 472.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes that a law enforcement presence at a civil dispute can play an important role in the peace and safety of the community. Subject to available resources, members of this office will assist at the scene of civil disputes with the primary goal of safeguarding persons and property, preventing criminal activity and maintaining the peace. When handling civil disputes, members will remain impartial, maintain a calm presence, give consideration to all sides and refrain from giving legal or inappropriate advice.

### 472.3 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

When appropriate, members handling a civil dispute should encourage the involved parties to seek the assistance of resolution services or take the matter to the civil courts. Members must not become personally involved in disputes and shall at all times remain impartial.

While not intended to be an exhaustive list, members should give considerations to the following when handling civil disputes:

- (a) Civil disputes tend to be confrontational and members should be alert that they can escalate to violence very quickly. De-escalation techniques should be used when appropriate.
- (b) Members should not dismiss alleged or observed criminal violations as a civil matter and should initiate the appropriate investigation and report when criminal activity is apparent.
- (c) Members shall not provide legal advice, however, when appropriate, members should inform the parties when they are at risk of violating criminal laws.
- (d) Members are reminded that they shall not enter a residence or other non-public location without legal authority including valid consent.
- (e) Members should not take an unreasonable amount of time assisting in these matters and generally should contact a supervisor if it appears that peacekeeping efforts longer than 30 minutes are warranted.

### 472.4 COURT ORDERS

Disputes involving court orders can be complex. Where no mandate exists for a deputy to make an arrest for a violation of a court order, the matter should be addressed by documenting any apparent

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Civil Disputes*

---

court order violation in a report. If there appears to be a more immediate need for enforcement action, the investigating deputy should consult a supervisor prior to making any arrest.

If a person appears to be violating the terms of a court order but is disputing the validity of the order or its applicability, the investigating deputy should document the following:

- (a) The person's knowledge of the court order or whether proof of service exists.
- (b) Any specific reason or rationale the involved person offers for not complying with the terms of the order.

A copy of the court order should be attached to the report when available. The report should be forwarded to the appropriate prosecutor. The report should also be forwarded to the court issuing the order with a notice that the report was also forwarded to the prosecutor for review.

#### **472.4.1 STANDBY REQUESTS**

Deputies responding to a call for standby assistance to retrieve property should meet the person requesting assistance at a neutral location to discuss the process. The person should be advised that items that are disputed will not be allowed to be removed. The member may advise the person to seek private legal advice as to the distribution of disputed property.

Members should accompany the person to the location of the property. Members should ask if the other party will allow removal of the property or whether the other party would remove the property.

If the other party is uncooperative, the person requesting standby assistance should be instructed to seek private legal advice and obtain a court order to obtain the items. Deputies should not order the other party to allow entry or the removal of any items. If there is a restraining or similar order against the person requesting standby assistance, that person should be asked to leave the scene or they may be subject to arrest for violation of the order.

If the other party is not present at the location, the member will not allow entry into the location or the removal of property from the location.

#### **472.5 VEHICLES AND PERSONAL PROPERTY**

Deputies may be faced with disputes regarding possession or ownership of vehicles or other personal property. Deputies may review documents provided by parties or available databases (e.g., vehicle registration), but should be aware that legal possession of vehicles or personal property can be complex. Generally, deputies should not take any enforcement action unless a crime is apparent. The people and the vehicle or personal property involved should be identified and the incident documented.

#### **472.6 REAL PROPERTY**

Disputes over possession or occupancy of real property (e.g., land, homes, apartments) should generally be handled through a person seeking a court order.

## Chapter 5 - Traffic Operations

## Traffic Function and Responsibility

### 500.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The ultimate goal of traffic law enforcement is to reduce traffic collisions. This may be achieved through the application of such techniques as geographic/temporal assignment of personnel and equipment and the establishment of preventive patrols to deal with specific categories of unlawful driving behavior. Traffic enforcement techniques are based on accident data, enforcement activity records, traffic volume and traffic conditions. This office provides enforcement efforts toward violations, not only in proportion to the frequency of their occurrence in accident situations, but also in terms of traffic-related needs.

### 500.2 TRAFFIC DEPUTY DEPLOYMENT

Several factors are considered in the development of deployment schedules for deputies of the Storey County Sheriff's Office. Information provided by the Nevada Department of Public Safety from the Nevada Citation and Accident Tracking System (NCATS) is a valuable resource for traffic accident occurrences and therefore deputy deployment. Some of the factors for analysis include:

- Location
- Time
- Day
- Violation factors

All deputies assigned to patrol or traffic enforcement functions will emphasize enforcement of accident causing violations during high accident hours and at locations of occurrence. All deputies will take directed enforcement action on request, and random enforcement action when appropriate against violators as a matter of routine. All deputies shall maintain high visibility while working general enforcement, especially at high accident locations.

Other factors to be considered for deployment are citizen requests, construction zones or special events.

### 500.3 ENFORCEMENT

Enforcement actions are commensurate with applicable laws and take into account the degree and severity of the violation committed. This office does not establish ticket quotas and the number of arrests or citations issued by any deputy shall not be used as the sole criterion for evaluating deputy overall performance. The visibility and quality of a deputy's work effort will be commensurate with the philosophy of this policy. Several methods are effective in the reduction of collisions:

#### 500.3.1 WARNINGS

Warnings or other non-punitive enforcement actions should be considered in each situation and substituted for arrests or citations when circumstances warrant.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Traffic Function and Responsibility*

---

#### 500.3.2 CITATIONS

Citations may be issued when a deputy believes it is appropriate. It is essential that deputies fully explain the rights and requirements imposed on motorists upon issuance of a citation for a traffic violation. Deputies should provide the following information at a minimum:

- (a) Explanation of the violation or charge.
- (b) Court appearance procedure including the optional or mandatory appearance by the motorist.
- (c) Notice of whether the motorist can enter a plea and pay the fine by mail or at the court.
- (d) The court contact information.

#### 500.3.3 REFUSAL TO SIGN TRAFFIC CITATION

Nevada statute NRS 484A.720 mandates that certain traffic violators who refuse to sign a promise to appear shall be taken without unnecessary delay before the proper magistrate. In these circumstances, a supervisor should be requested to assist with resolution of the incident prior to resorting to an arrest.

#### 500.4 ARRESTS FOR TRAFFIC-RELATED MISDEMEANORS

Physical arrests may be made on a number of criminal traffic offenses as outlined in NRS 484A.710. If a deputy has reasonable cause to believe a traffic violator has committed a non-felony traffic offense and the deputy has discretion to release the person on a promise to appear, the deputy should make a physical arrest only if special circumstances exist, such as:

- (a) When an arrest is mandatory pursuant to NRS 484A.730. This includes those instances when reasonable and probable grounds exist to believe the person will disregard a written promise to appear in court (e.g., a history of failure to appear in court).
- (b) There is probable cause to believe there is other criminal misconduct.

#### 500.5 HIGH-VISIBILITY VESTS

The Office has provided American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Class II high-visibility vests to increase the visibility of office members who may be exposed to hazards presented by passing traffic, maneuvering or operating vehicles, machinery and equipment (23 CFR 655.601).

Although intended primarily for use while performing traffic related assignments, high-visibility vests should be worn at any time increased visibility would improve the safety or efficiency of the member.

#### 500.5.1 REQUIRED USE

Except when working in a potentially adversarial or confrontational role, such as during vehicle stops, high-visibility vests should be worn at any time it is anticipated that an employee will be exposed to the hazards of approaching traffic or construction and recovery equipment. Examples of when high-visibility vests should be worn include traffic control duties, accident investigations, lane closures and while at disaster scenes, or anytime high visibility is desirable. When emergency

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Traffic Function and Responsibility

---

conditions preclude the immediate donning of the vest, deputies should retrieve and wear the vest as soon as conditions reasonably permit. Use of the vests shall also be mandatory when directed by a supervisor.

Vests maintained in the investigation units may be used any time a plain clothes deputy might benefit from being readily identified as a member of law enforcement.

#### 500.5.2 CARE AND STORAGE OF HIGH-VISIBILITY VESTS

High-visibility vests shall be maintained in the trunk of each patrol and investigation unit. Each vest should be stored inside the resealable plastic bag provided to protect and maintain the vest in a serviceable condition. Before going into service, each employee shall ensure a serviceable high-visibility vest is properly stored.

A supply of high-visibility vests will be maintained in the equipment room for replacement of damaged or unserviceable vests. The Training Sergeant should be promptly notified whenever the supply of vests in the equipment room needs replenishing.

## Traffic Crash Response and Reporting

### 502.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The public safety responsibilities of law enforcement include responding to traffic crashes, providing aid and assistance, documentation of the incident and identification of criminal activity.

The Storey County Sheriff's Office prepares traffic crash reports in compliance with NRS Chapter 484E and as a public service makes traffic crash reports available to the community.

### 502.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to respond to traffic crashes and render or summon aid to injured victims as needed. The Office will investigate and prepare reports according to the established minimum reporting requirements with the goal of reducing the occurrence of crashes by attempting to identify the cause of the crash and through enforcing applicable laws. Unless restricted by law, traffic crash reports will be made available to the public upon request.

#### 502.2.1 RESPONSE CONSIDERATIONS

A deputy responding to and upon arrival at a crash, should consider the following:

- (a) The most appropriate route to the incident.
- (b) Proper placement of the emergency vehicle to provide protection for deputies and the scene.
- (c) Potential for involvement of hazardous materials.
- (d) Additional support that may be necessary (e.g., traffic control, medical aid, HazMat, ambulance and tow vehicles).
- (e) Provide first aid to any injured parties if it can be done safely, obtain medical assistance as necessary.
- (f) Provision of traffic control and protection of the scene.
- (g) Clearance of roadway.

### 502.3 CRASH INVESTIGATION

Investigation of traffic crashes should include, as a minimum:

- (a) Identification and interview of all involved parties.
- (b) Identification and interview of any witnesses.
- (c) Determination if any crime has occurred and taking appropriate enforcement action.
- (d) Identify and protect items of apparent evidentiary value.
- (e) Documentation of the incident as necessary (e.g., statements, measurements, photographs collection of evidence and reporting) on appropriate report forms.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Traffic Crash Response and Reporting*

---

#### **502.4 TAKING ENFORCEMENT ACTION**

Deputies typically cannot make an arrest for a misdemeanor which did not occur in their presence. After a thorough investigation, in which physical evidence or independent witness statements indicate a violation of Nevada law which led to the crash; deputies may issue a traffic citation or a misdemeanor citation to the offending driver (NRS 484A.660).

Crashes involving more serious violations such as Impaired Driving, Involuntary Manslaughter and Intoxication Assault or Intoxication Manslaughter shall be enforced immediately. If a driver subject to enforcement is admitted to a hospital, a supervisor shall be contacted to determine the best enforcement option.

#### **502.5 TRAFFIC CRASH REPORTING**

All traffic crash reports taken by members of this office shall be forwarded to the appropriate supervisor for approval and data entry into the Records Management System. The Chief Deputy will be responsible for:

- (a) Monthly and quarterly reports on traffic crash statistics to be forwarded to the Sheriff.
- (b) Forwarding the traffic crash report to the Department of Public Safety within 10 days of the investigation of the traffic crash (NRS 484E.110(1)).

##### **502.5.1 MODIFICATIONS TO TRAFFIC CRASH REPORTS**

A change or modification of a written report prepared by a peace officer that alters a material fact in the report may be made only by the peace officer who prepared the report. A written supplemental report may be made by any authorized employee.

#### **502.6 REPORTING SITUATIONS**

##### **502.6.1 TRAFFIC CRASHES INVOLVING COUNTY VEHICLES**

Traffic crash investigation reports shall be taken when a County-owned vehicle is involved in a traffic crash upon a roadway or highway wherein any damage or injury results. A general information report may be taken in lieu of a traffic crash report at the direction of a supervisor when the crash occurs on private property or does not involve another vehicle. Whenever there is damage to a County vehicle, a Vehicle Damage Report shall be completed and forwarded to the appropriate supervisor.

Photographs of the crash scene and vehicle damage shall be taken at the discretion of the traffic investigator or any supervisor.

##### **502.6.2 TRAFFIC CRASHES WITH SHERIFF'S OFFICE MEMBERS**

When a member of this office, either on- or off-duty, is involved in a traffic crash within the jurisdiction of the Storey County Sheriff's Office resulting in a serious injury or fatality, the Shift Supervisor shall notify the Nevada Highway Patrol or other outside agency to investigate the crash unless (NRS 289.095):

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Traffic Crash Response and Reporting

---

- (a) An outside agency does not have comparable equipment and personnel to investigate the crash at least as effectively as this office.
- (b) An outside agency is unavailable to investigate the crash.
- (c) The response time by the outside agency would delay the initiation of the investigation such that the integrity of the crash scene and preservation and collection of evidence could be jeopardized.

The term serious injury is defined as any injury that may result in a fatality.

#### **502.6.3 TRAFFIC CRASHES WITH OTHER COUNTY EMPLOYEES OR OFFICIALS**

The Shift Supervisor may request assistance from the Nevada Highway Patrol or other outside agency for the investigation of any traffic crash involving any County official or employee where a serious injury or fatality has occurred.

#### **502.7 REPORTS**

Office members shall utilize forms approved by the Department of Public Safety (NRS 484E.120).

#### **502.8 NEXT-OF-KIN REGISTRY**

A member who has responded to a motor vehicle collision where a driver or passenger possessing a Nevada driver license, identification card or driver authorization card is incapacitated or killed shall, as soon as practicable, search the Nevada Next-of-Kin Registry for an emergency contact person. If there is a listed contact, the member shall (NRS 483.655):

- (a) Make a reasonable attempt to notify the emergency contact person of the hospital or other location at which an injured driver or passenger may be located.
- (b) In the case of a deceased person, coordinate with the [Medical Examiner/JOP] notification to the emergency contact person, once there is a positive identification of the decedent.

Members shall follow the rules of Access to Protected Information as provided in the Protected Information Policy when accessing the Nevada Next-of-Kin Registry.

## Vehicle Towing

### 510.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides the procedures for towing a vehicle by or at the direction of the Storey County Sheriff's Office and under the authority of NRS 484B.443.

### 510.2 RESPONSIBILITIES

The responsibilities of those employees storing or impounding a vehicle are as follows:

#### 510.2.1 COMPLETION OF VEHICLE IMPOUND REPORT

Officemembers requesting storage of a vehicle shall complete a Vehicle Impound Report, including a description of property within the vehicle. A copy is to be given to the tow truck operator and the original is to be submitted to the Records Section as soon as practicable after the vehicle is stored.

The Records Section shall promptly enter pertinent data from the completed Vehicle Impound Report into the Nevada Criminal Justice Information System (NCJIS) and return the form to the Shift Supervisor for approval.

Approved storage forms shall be promptly placed into the auto-file so that they are immediately available for release or for information should inquiries be made.

Within 48 hours, excluding weekends and holidays, of the storage of any such vehicle it shall be the responsibility of the Records Section to determine through NCJIS the names and addresses of any individuals having an interest in the vehicle. Notice to all such individuals shall be sent by certified mail within 10 days of impound.

#### 510.2.2 REMOVAL OF VEHICLE DISABLED IN A TRAFFIC COLLISION

When a vehicle has been involved in a traffic collision and must be removed from the scene, the deputy shall have the driver select a towing company, if possible, and shall relay the request for the specified towing company to the dispatcher. When there is no preferred company requested, a company will be selected from the rotational list of towing companies in Dispatch.

If the owner is incapacitated, or for any reason it is necessary for the Office to assume responsibility for a vehicle involved in a collision, the deputy shall request the dispatcher to call a company selected from the rotational list of towing companies. The deputy will then store the vehicle using a Vehicle Impound Report.

#### 510.2.3 DRIVING A NON-CITY VEHICLE

Vehicles which have been towed by or at the direction of the Office should not be driven by sheriff's personnel unless it is necessary to move a vehicle a short distance to eliminate a hazard, prevent the obstruction of a fire hydrant or to comply with posted signs.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Vehicle Towing*

---

#### **510.2.4 ADVISEMENT OF INSURANCE TO TOW COMPANY**

A deputy requesting a tow following a collision or following recovery of a stolen vehicle shall make a good faith effort to determine the identity of the insurance company that provides coverage for the owner of the vehicle and shall inform the tow company the name of the insurance company (NRS 706.4489).

#### **510.2.5 STORAGE LOTS**

If a deputy discovers, while on-scene of a tow, that the owner/operator of a vehicle has directed the vehicle tow operator to tow the vehicle to a storage lot other than the lot designated by the insurance company, the deputy shall confirm this action with the owner/operator of the vehicle and that the action was not due to solicitation by the vehicle tow operator. The deputy shall document the confirmation in any reports of the incident (NRS 706.4489).

#### **510.3 STORAGE AT ARREST SCENES**

Whenever a person in charge or in control of a vehicle is arrested, it is the policy of this office to provide reasonable safekeeping by storing the arrestee's vehicle subject to the exceptions described below. However, a vehicle shall be stored whenever it is needed for the furtherance of an investigation or prosecution of the case or when the community caretaker doctrine would reasonably suggest that the vehicle should be stored, for example, the vehicle would present a traffic hazard if not removed or due to a high crime area the vehicle would be in jeopardy of theft or damage if left at the scene.

The following are examples of situations where consideration should be given to leaving a vehicle at the scene in lieu of storing, provided the vehicle can be lawfully parked and left in a reasonably secured and safe condition:

- Traffic related warrant arrest.
- Situations where the vehicle was not used to further the offense for which the occupant was arrested.
- Whenever the vehicle otherwise does not need to be stored and the owner requests that it be left at the scene.

In such cases, the handling employee shall note in the report that the owner was informed that the Office will not be responsible for theft or damages.

#### **510.4 VEHICLE INVENTORY**

All property in a stored or impounded vehicle shall be inventoried and listed on the vehicle storage form. This includes the trunk and any compartments or containers, even if closed and/or locked. Members conducting inventory searches should be as thorough and accurate as practicable in preparing an itemized inventory. These inventory procedures are for the purpose of protecting an owner's property while in sheriff's custody, to provide for the safety of deputies and to protect the Office against fraudulent claims of lost, stolen or damaged property.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Vehicle Towing*

---

#### **510.5 PRESERVATION OF EVIDENCE**

A deputy may remove a vehicle provided he/she has probable cause to believe that the vehicle or its contents constitute any evidence which tends to show that a criminal offense has been committed, or tends to show that a particular person has committed a criminal offense. A deputy removing a vehicle shall ensure that all legally required and reasonably necessary efforts to preserve the evidence, including but not limited to safe storage, are taken until the evidence is released to the owner or otherwise disposed of according to law (NRS 484B.443).

#### **510.6 SECURITY OF VEHICLES AND PROPERTY**

After a thorough inventory of the vehicle has been completed and all contraband, evidence and weapons have been removed, the deputy should make reasonable accommodations to permit a driver or owner to retrieve small items of value or personal need (e.g., cash, jewelry, cell phone, prescriptions).

If a search of a vehicle leaves the vehicle or any property contained therein vulnerable to unauthorized entry, theft or damage, personnel conducting the search shall take such steps as are reasonably necessary to secure and/or preserve the vehicle or property from such hazards.

## Impaired Driving

### 514.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance to those office members who play a role in the detection and investigation of driving under the influence (DUI).

### 514.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office is committed to the safety of the roadways and the community and will pursue fair but aggressive enforcement of Nevada's impaired driving laws.

### 514.3 INVESTIGATIONS

Deputies should not enforce DUI laws to the exclusion of their other duties unless specifically assigned to DUI enforcement. All deputies are expected to enforce these laws with due diligence.

The Shift Supervisor will develop and maintain, in consultation with the prosecuting attorney, report forms with appropriate checklists to assist investigating deputies in documenting relevant information and maximizing efficiency. Any DUI investigation will be documented using these forms. Information documented elsewhere on the form does not need to be duplicated in the report narrative. Information that should be documented includes, at a minimum:

- (a) The field sobriety tests (FSTs) administered and the results.
- (b) The deputy's observations that indicate impairment on the part of the individual, and the deputy's health-related inquiries that may help to identify any serious health concerns (e.g., diabetic shock).
- (c) Sources of additional information (e.g., reporting party, witnesses) and their observations.
- (d) Information about any audio and/or video recording of the individual's driving or subsequent actions.
- (e) The location and time frame of the individual's vehicle operation and how this was determined.
- (f) Any prior related convictions in Nevada or another jurisdiction.

### 514.4 FIELD TESTS

The Shift Supervisor should identify standardized FSTs and any approved alternate tests for deputies to use when investigating violations of DUI laws.

#### 514.4.1 PRELIMINARY TESTING

If a deputy has reasonable grounds to believe a person who is driving a vehicle or who has been in a vehicle crash is DUI, the deputy may request the person to submit to a preliminary test to determine the concentration of alcohol in the person's breath. If the person refuses to submit to the preliminary test, the deputy shall seize the license or permit of the person to drive, arrest the person and transport him/her to a place for the administration of a reasonably available evidentiary test (NRS 484C.150).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Impaired Driving*

---

#### **514.5 CHEMICAL TESTS**

A person implies consent under Nevada law to a chemical test or tests, and to providing the associated chemical sample, under any of the following (NRS 484C.160):

- (a) When a deputy has reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled or prohibited substance.
- (b) The person was driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle and caused death or substantial bodily harm to another person.

If a person withdraws this implied consent, or is unable to withdraw consent (e.g., the person is unconscious), the deputy should consider implied consent revoked and proceed as though the person has refused to provide a chemical sample.

##### **514.5.1 STATUTORY NOTIFICATIONS/ORDER OF REVOCATION**

A member who requests that a person submit to an evidentiary test pursuant to NRS 484C.150 or NRS 484C.160 shall inform the person that his/her license, permit or privilege to drive will be revoked if he/she fails to submit to the test.

A deputy shall serve the person with an order of revocation and seize the person's license or permit to drive:

- (a) If the person failed to submit to a test as requested.
- (b) After obtaining the result of a chemical test that indicates an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more in the person's blood or breath, or a detectable amount of a controlled or prohibited substance in the person's blood or urine without a valid prescription or valid medical marijuana card, if the person is present.

The deputy shall advise the person of his/her right to an administrative and judicial review of the revocation and of the person's right to request a temporary license (NRS 484C.220).

##### **514.5.2 CHOICE OF TESTS**

Deputies shall respect a viable choice of chemical test made by an arrestee, as provided for by law (e.g., breath will not be acceptable for suspected narcotics influence).

If the concentration of alcohol in the blood or breath of a person to be tested is in issue, a breath test should be provided unless the person requests a blood test (NRS 484C.160).

If the presence of a controlled substance or other prohibited substance in the blood or urine of the person is in issue, the deputy may request that the person submit to a blood or urine test, or both (NRS 484C.160).

##### **514.5.3 ADDITIONAL TESTING**

A person arrested for DUI must be permitted, upon request and at the person's expense, a reasonable opportunity to have a qualified person of his/her own choosing administer a chemical test to determine the concentration of alcohol in his/her blood or breath or the presence of a

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Impaired Driving*

---

controlled or other prohibited substance in the person's blood or urine. This test shall not be a substitute for or stand in lieu of the chemical test requested pursuant to this policy (NRS 484C.180).

#### 514.5.4 MINORS

Before requesting that a person under the age of 18 submit to a chemical test, the investigating deputy shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent, guardian or custodian of the person (NRS 484C.160).

#### 514.5.5 BREATH SAMPLES

The Shift Supervisor should ensure that all devices used for the collection and analysis of breath samples are properly serviced and tested, and that a record of such service and testing is properly maintained.

Deputies obtaining a breath sample should monitor the device for any sign of malfunction. Any anomalies or equipment failures should be noted in the appropriate report and promptly reported to the Shift Supervisor.

#### 514.5.6 BLOOD SAMPLES

Only persons authorized by law to draw blood shall collect blood samples (NRS 484C.250). The blood draw should be witnessed by the assigned deputy. No deputy, even if properly certified, should perform this task.

Deputies should inform an arrestee that if he/she chooses to provide a blood sample, a separate sample can be collected for alternate testing. Unless medical personnel object, two samples should be collected and retained as evidence, so long as only one puncture is required.

The blood sample shall be packaged, marked, handled, stored and transported as required by the testing facility.

If an arrestee cannot submit to a blood draw because he/she has a bleeding disorder or has taken medication that inhibits coagulation, he/she shall not be required to take a blood test. Such inability to take a blood test shall not be considered a refusal. However, the person may be required to complete another available and viable test.

#### 514.5.7 URINE SAMPLES

If a urine test will be performed, the arrestee should be promptly transported to the appropriate testing site. The deputy shall follow any directions accompanying the urine evidence collection kit.

Urine samples shall be collected and witnessed by a deputy or jail staff member of the same sex as the individual giving the sample. The arrestee should be allowed sufficient privacy to maintain his/her dignity, to the extent possible, while still ensuring the accuracy of the sample.

The sample shall be packaged, marked, handled, stored and transported as required by the testing facility.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Impaired Driving*

---

#### **514.5.8 LIMIT ON NUMBER OF SAMPLES**

No more than three samples of a person's blood or breath may be taken during the five-hour period immediately following the time of the initial arrest. If three breath samples were not within the allowable range under NRS 484C.200, a blood sample may be obtained (NRS 484C.160).

#### **514.6 REFUSALS**

When an arrestee refuses to provide a chemical sample, deputies should:

- (a) Advise the arrestee of the requirement to provide a sample (NRS 484C.160).
- (b) Audio- and/or video-record the admonishment and the response when it is practicable.
- (c) Document the refusal in the appropriate report.

#### **514.6.1 BLOOD SAMPLE WITHOUT CONSENT**

A blood sample may be obtained from a person who refuses a chemical test when any of the following conditions exist:

- (a) A search warrant has been obtained.
- (b) The deputy has reasonable grounds to believe the person was DUI and the deputy can articulate that exigent circumstances exist.

Exigency does not exist solely because of the short time period associated with the natural dissipation of alcohol or controlled or prohibited substances in the person's bloodstream. Exigency can be established by the existence of special facts, such as a lengthy time delay in obtaining a blood sample due to an accident investigation or medical treatment of the person.

#### **514.6.2 FORCED BLOOD SAMPLE**

If an arrestee indicates by word or action that he/she will physically resist a blood draw, the deputy should request a supervisor to respond.

The responding supervisor should:

- (a) Evaluate whether using force to obtain a blood sample is appropriate under the circumstances.
- (b) Ensure that all attempts to obtain a blood sample through force cease if the person agrees to, and completes, a viable form of testing in a timely manner.
- (c) Advise the person of his/her duty to provide a sample (even if this advisement was previously done by another deputy), and attempt to persuade the person to submit to such a sample without physical resistance.
  - 1. This dialogue should be recorded on audio and/or video when practicable.
- (d) Ensure that the blood sample is taken in a medically approved manner.
- (e) Ensure the forced blood draw is recorded on audio and/or video when practicable.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Impaired Driving*

---

- (f) Monitor and ensure that the type and level of force applied appears reasonable under the circumstances:
  - 1. Unless otherwise provided in a warrant, force should generally be limited to handcuffing or similar restraint methods.
  - 2. In misdemeanor cases, if the arrestee becomes violent or more resistant, no additional force will be used and a refusal should be noted in the report.
  - 3. In felony cases, force which reasonably appears necessary to overcome the resistance to the blood draw may be permitted.
- (g) Ensure the use of force and methods used to accomplish the collection of the blood sample are documented in the related report.

If a supervisor is unavailable, deputies are expected to use sound judgment and perform as a responding supervisor, as set forth above.

#### **514.7 ARREST AND INVESTIGATION**

##### **514.7.1 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES**

When a deputy has served an order of revocation on a person, or later receives the result of an evidentiary test which indicates that a person, not then present, had a concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his/her blood or breath or had a detectable amount of a controlled or prohibited substance in his/her blood or urine without a valid prescription or medical marijuana card, the deputy shall immediately forward to the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) the following (NRS 484C.220):

- (a) The person's seized license or permit.
- (b) A copy of the result of the chemical test.
- (c) A written certificate that the deputy had reasonable grounds to believe that the person had been driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle:
  - 1. With a concentration of alcohol of 0.08 or more in his/her blood or breath.
  - 2. With a detectable amount of a controlled or prohibited substance in his/her blood or urine and did not have a valid prescription or medical marijuana card.
  - 3. While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled or prohibited substance and the person refused to submit to a required evidentiary test.

The certificate must also indicate whether the deputy served an order of revocation on the person and whether the deputy issued the person a temporary license.

##### **514.7.2 REPORTING**

The Shift Supervisor shall ensure that the Office complies with all state reporting requirements pursuant to NRS 179A.075.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Impaired Driving*

---

#### **514.8 RECORDS SECTION RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Records Manager will ensure that all case-related records are transmitted according to current records procedures and as required by the prosecuting attorney's office.

#### **514.9 ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS**

The Records Manager will ensure that all appropriate reports and documents related to administrative license suspensions are reviewed and forwarded to the DMV.

Any deputy who receives notice of required attendance to an administrative license suspension hearing should promptly notify the prosecuting attorney.

A deputy called to testify at an administrative hearing should document the hearing date and the DMV file number in a supplemental report. Specific details of the hearing generally should not be included in the report unless errors, additional evidence or witnesses are identified.

#### **514.10 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant should ensure that deputies participating in the enforcement of DUI laws receive regular training. Training should include, at minimum, current laws on impaired driving, investigative techniques and rules of evidence pertaining to DUI investigations. The Training Sergeant should confer with the prosecuting attorney's office and update training topics as needed.

## Traffic Citations

### 516.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy outlines the responsibility for traffic citations, the collection of data, the procedure for dismissal, correction and voiding of traffic citations.

### 516.2 RESPONSIBILITIES

The Shift Supervisor shall be responsible for the development and design of all traffic citations in compliance with NRS 484A.610 and NRS 484A.630.

The Records Section shall be responsible for the supply and accounting of all traffic citations issued to employees of this office. Citations will be kept in a secure location and issued to deputies by Records Section staff. Deputies will sign for the citation books when issued and receipts shall be retained (NRS 484A.610).

### 516.3 DISMISSAL OF TRAFFIC CITATIONS

Employees of this office do not have the authority to dismiss a citation once it has been issued. Only the court has the authority to dismiss a citation that has been issued. Should a deputy determine during a court proceeding that a traffic citation should be dismissed in the interest of justice or where prosecution is deemed inappropriate, the deputy may request the court to dismiss the citation. Upon dismissal of the traffic citation by the court, the deputy shall notify his/her immediate supervisor of the circumstances surrounding the dismissal and shall complete any paperwork as directed or required.

### 516.4 VOIDING TRAFFIC CITATIONS

Voiding a traffic citation may occur when a traffic citation has not been completed or where it is completed, but not issued. All copies of the citation shall be presented to a supervisor to approve the voiding of the citation. The citation and copies shall then be forwarded to the Records Section.

### 516.5 CORRECTION OF TRAFFIC CITATIONS

When a traffic citation is issued and in need of correction, the deputy issuing the citation shall submit the citation and a letter requesting a specific correction to his/her immediate supervisor. The citation and letter shall then be forwarded to the court having jurisdiction and to the recipient of the citation.

If a traffic citation needs correction as directed by the court, the issuing deputy shall notify his/her supervisor of the change and note the change and the circumstances surrounding the change in the records management system.

Storey County Sheriff's Office  
Policy Manual

*Traffic Citations*

---

**516.6 DISPOSITION OF TRAFFIC CITATIONS**

The court and file copies of all traffic citations issued by members of this office shall be forwarded to the employee's immediate supervisor for review. The citation copies shall then be filed with the Records Section.

Upon separation from employment with the this office, all employees issued traffic citation books shall return any unused citations to the Records Section.

**516.7 JUVENILE CITATIONS**

Completion of traffic citation forms for juveniles may vary slightly from the procedure for adults. The juvenile's age, place of residency and the type of offense should be considered before issuing the juvenile a citation.

## Disabled Vehicles

### 520.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Law enforcement and other public agencies may develop and adopt a written policy to provide assistance to motorists in disabled vehicles within their primary jurisdiction.

### 520.2 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITY

When an on-duty deputy observes a disabled vehicle on the roadway, the deputy should make a reasonable effort to provide assistance. If that deputy is assigned to a call of higher priority, the dispatcher should be advised of the location of the disabled vehicle and the need for assistance. The dispatcher should then assign another available deputy to respond for assistance as soon as practicable.

### 520.3 EXTENT OF ASSISTANCE

In most cases, a disabled motorist will require assistance. After arrangements for assistance are made, continued involvement by Office personnel will be contingent on the time of day, the location, the availability of Office resources and the vulnerability of the disabled motorist.

#### 520.3.1 MECHANICAL REPAIRS

Office personnel shall not make mechanical repairs to a disabled vehicle.

#### 520.3.2 RELOCATION OF DISABLED VEHICLES

The relocation of disabled vehicles by members of this office by pushing or pulling a vehicle should only occur when the conditions reasonably indicate that immediate movement is necessary to reduce a hazard presented by the disabled vehicle (NRS 484B.443).

#### 520.3.3 RELOCATION OF MOTORIST

The relocation of a motorist with a disabled vehicle should only occur with the person's consent and should be suggested when conditions reasonably indicate that immediate movement is necessary to mitigate a potential hazard. The office member may stay with the motorist or transport him/her to a safe area to await pickup.

### 520.4 PUBLIC ACCESS TO THIS POLICY

This written policy is available upon request.

### 520.5 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to assist motorists with disabled vehicles until those vehicles are safely removed from the roadway. Members should take appropriate action to mitigate potential problems when a vehicle constitutes a traffic hazard or the safety of the motorist is a concern.

---

## Abandoned Vehicle Violations

### 524.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides procedures for the removal, recording and storage of vehicles abandoned in violation of abandoned vehicle laws under the authority of NRS 484B.443 and NRS 488.291.

#### 524.1.1 DEFINITION

Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes, a motor vehicle is abandoned if:

- (a) The motor vehicle has been abandoned for 72-hours on any highway (NRS 484.397(3)(c)(2).
- (b) The motor vehicle has been abandoned for 24-hours on any freeway, United States highway or other primary arterial highway (NRS 484.397(3)(c)(1).
- (c) The motor vehicle is parked in violation of Storey County Code.

### 524.2 MARKING VEHICLES

Vehicles suspected of being abandoned in violation of NRS 484.397(3)(c) shall be posted with the notice of abandonment and any pertinent violation of state or county code. No case number is required at this time however deputies should ensure that the vehicle information is passed along to subsequent shifts. Deputies are expected to follow up on posted vehicles in a timely manner to ensure compliance or to remove the vehicle from said location in accordance with the law.

#### 524.2.1 VEHICLE STORAGE

Any vehicle in violation shall be stored by an authorized towing service and a vehicle impound report shall be completed by the deputy authorizing the towing of the vehicle.

The vehicle impound report form shall be submitted to the Records Section immediately following the storage of the vehicle.

## Chapter 6 - Investigation Operations

---

## Investigation and Prosecution

### 600.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to set guidelines and requirements pertaining to the handling and disposition of criminal investigations.

### 600.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to investigate crimes thoroughly and with due diligence, and to evaluate and prepare criminal cases for appropriate clearance or submission to a prosecutor.

### 600.3 INITIAL INVESTIGATION

#### 600.3.1 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES

A deputy responsible for an initial investigation shall complete no less than the following:

- (a) Make a preliminary determination of whether a crime has been committed by completing, at a minimum:
  - 1. An initial statement from any witnesses or complainants.
  - 2. A cursory examination for evidence.
- (b) If information indicates a crime has occurred, the deputy shall:
  - 1. Preserve the scene and any evidence as required to complete the initial and follow-up investigation.
  - 2. Determine if additional investigative resources (e.g., investigators or scene processing) are necessary and request assistance as required.
  - 3. If assistance is warranted, or if the incident is not routine, notify a supervisor or the Shift Supervisor.
  - 4. Make reasonable attempts to locate, identify and interview all available victims, complainants, witnesses and suspects.
  - 5. Collect any evidence.
  - 6. Take any appropriate law enforcement action.
  - 7. Complete and submit the appropriate reports and documentation.
- (c) If the preliminary determination is that no crime occurred, determine what other action may be necessary, what other resources may be available, and advise the informant or complainant of this information.

### 600.4 CUSTODIAL INTERROGATION REQUIREMENTS

Suspects who are in custody and subjected to an interrogation shall be given the *Miranda* warning, unless an exception applies. Interview or interrogation of a juvenile shall be in accordance with the Temporary Custody of Juveniles Policy. Interviews or interrogations of a person with

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Investigation and Prosecution*

---

a communications disability shall be in accordance with the Communications with Persons with Disabilities Policy.

#### **600.4.1 AUDIO/VIDEO RECORDINGS**

Any custodial interrogation of an individual who is suspected of having committed any violent felony offense should be recorded (audio or video with audio as available) in its entirety. Regardless of where the interrogation occurs, every reasonable effort should be made to secure functional recording equipment to accomplish such recordings.

Consideration should also be given to recording a custodial interrogation, or any investigative interview, for any other offense when it is reasonable to believe it would be appropriate and beneficial to the investigation and is otherwise allowed by law.

No recording of a custodial interrogation should be destroyed or altered without written authorization from the prosecuting attorney and the Investigation Unit supervisor. Copies of recorded interrogations or interviews may be made in the same or a different format as the original recording, provided the copies are true, accurate and complete and are made only for authorized and legitimate law enforcement purposes.

Recordings should not take the place of a thorough report and investigative interviews. Written statements from suspects should continue to be obtained when applicable.

#### **600.5 DISCONTINUATION OF INVESTIGATIONS**

The investigation of a criminal case or efforts to seek prosecution should only be discontinued if one of the following applies:

- (a) All reasonable investigative efforts have been exhausted, no reasonable belief that the person who committed the crime can be identified, and the incident has been documented appropriately.
- (b) The perpetrator of a misdemeanor has been identified and a warning is the most appropriate disposition.
  1. In these cases, the investigator shall document that the person was warned and why prosecution was not sought.
  2. Warnings shall not be given for felony offenses or other offenses identified in this policy or by law that require an arrest or submission of a case to a prosecutor.
- (c) The case has been submitted to the appropriate prosecutor but no charges have been filed. Further investigation is not reasonable nor has the prosecutor requested further investigation.
- (d) The case has been submitted to the appropriate prosecutor, charges have been filed, and further investigation is not reasonable, warranted or requested, and there is no need to take the suspect into custody.
- (e) Suspects have been arrested, there are no other suspects, and further investigation is either not warranted or requested.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Investigation and Prosecution*

---

- (f) Investigation has proven that a crime was not committed (see the Sexual Assault Investigations Policy for special considerations in these cases).

The Domestic Violence, Child Abuse, Sexual Assault Investigations and Adult Abuse policies may also require an arrest or submittal of a case to a prosecutor.

#### **600.6 COMPUTERS AND DIGITAL EVIDENCE**

The collection, preservation, transportation and storage of computers, cell phones and other digital devices may require specialized handling to preserve the value of the related evidence. If it is anticipated that computers or similar equipment will be seized, deputies should request that computer forensic examiners assist with seizing computers and related evidence. If a forensic examiner is unavailable, deputies should take reasonable steps to prepare for such seizure and use the resources that are available.

#### **600.7 INVESTIGATIVE USE OF SOCIAL MEDIA AND INTERNET SOURCES**

Use of social media and any other Internet source to access information for the purpose of criminal investigation shall comply with applicable laws and policies regarding privacy, civil rights and civil liberties. Information gathered via the Internet should only be accessed by members while on-duty and for purposes related to the mission of this office. If a member encounters information relevant to a criminal investigation while off-duty or while using his/her own equipment, the member should note the dates, times and locations of the information and report the discovery to his/her supervisor as soon as practicable. The member, or others who have been assigned to do so, should attempt to replicate the finding when on-duty and using office equipment.

Information obtained via the Internet should not be archived or stored in any manner other than office-established record keeping systems (see the Records Maintenance and Release and Criminal Organizations policies).

##### **600.7.1 ACCESS RESTRICTIONS**

Information that can be accessed from any office computer, without the need of an account, password, email address, alias or other identifier (unrestricted websites), may be accessed and used for legitimate investigative purposes without supervisory approval.

Accessing information from any Internet source that requires the use or creation of an account, password, email address, alias or other identifier, or the use of nongovernment IP addresses, requires supervisor approval prior to access. The supervisor will review the justification for accessing the information and consult with legal counsel as necessary to identify any policy or legal restrictions. Any such access and the supervisor approval shall be documented in the related investigative report.

Accessing information that requires the use of a third party's account or online identifier requires supervisor approval and the consent of the third party. The consent must be voluntary and shall be documented in the related investigative report.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Investigation and Prosecution*

---

Information gathered from any Internet source should be evaluated for its validity, authenticity, accuracy and reliability. Corroborative evidence should be sought and documented in the related investigative report.

Any information collected in furtherance of an investigation through an Internet source should be documented in the related report. Documentation should include the source of information and the dates and times that the information was gathered.

#### **600.7.2 INTERCEPTING ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION**

Intercepting social media communications in real time may be subject to federal and state wiretap laws. Deputies should seek legal counsel before any such interception.

#### **600.8 MODIFICATION OF CHARGES FILED**

Members are not authorized to recommend to the prosecutor or to any other official of the court that charges on a pending case be amended or dismissed without the authorization of the Chief Deputy or the Sheriff. Any authorized request to modify the charges or to recommend dismissal of charges shall be made to the prosecutor.

## Sexual Assault Investigations

### 602.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the investigation of sexual assaults. These guidelines will address some of the unique aspects of such cases and the effects that these crimes have on the victims.

Mandatory notifications requirements are addressed in the Child Abuse and Adult Abuse policies.

#### 602.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Sexual assault** - Any crime or attempted crime of a sexual nature, to include, but not limited to, offenses defined in NRS 200.364 et seq.

**Sexual Assault Response Team (SART)** - A multidisciplinary team generally comprised of advocates, law enforcement officers, forensic medical examiners, including sexual assault nurse examiners (SANEs) if possible, forensic laboratory personnel and prosecutors. The team is designed to coordinate a broad response to sexual assault victims.

### 602.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office that its members, when responding to reports of sexual assaults, will strive to minimize the trauma experienced by the victims, and will aggressively investigate sexual assaults, pursue expeditious apprehension and conviction of perpetrators, and protect the safety of the victims and the community.

### 602.3 QUALIFIED INVESTIGATORS

Qualified investigators should be available for assignment of sexual assault investigations. These investigators should:

- (a) Have specialized training in, and be familiar with, interview techniques and the medical and legal issues that are specific to sexual assault investigations.
- (b) Conduct follow-up interviews and investigation.
- (c) Present appropriate cases of alleged sexual assault to the prosecutor for review.
- (d) Coordinate with other enforcement agencies, social service agencies and medical personnel as needed.
- (e) Provide referrals to therapy services, victim advocates and support for the victim.
- (f) Participate in or coordinate with SART or other multidisciplinary investigative teams as applicable.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Sexual Assault Investigations*

---

#### **602.4 INVESTIGATION AND REPORTING**

In all reported or suspected cases of sexual assault, a report should be written and assigned for follow-up investigation. This includes incidents in which the allegations appear unfounded or unsubstantiated.

##### **602.4.1 VICTIM INTERVIEWS**

The primary considerations in sexual assault investigations, which begin with the initial call to Dispatch, should be the health and safety of the victim, the preservation of evidence, and preliminary interviews to determine if a crime has been committed and to attempt to identify the suspect.

Whenever possible, a member of SART should be included in the initial victim interviews.

An in-depth follow-up interview should not be conducted until after the medical and forensic examinations are completed and the personal needs of the victim have been met (e.g., change of clothes, bathing). The follow-up interview may be delayed to the following day based upon the circumstances. Whenever practicable, the follow-up interview should be conducted by a qualified investigator.

Victims are often reluctant or embarrassed to discuss details. Recanting or changing one or more aspects of a prior statement is not necessarily an indication of false reporting or that the case is unfounded. If the responding deputy has reason to believe the incident may be without merit, he/she should document the evidence and inconsistencies. Due to physical and emotional trauma, and the myths and stereotypes associated with sexual assault, inconsistencies in the victim's report are not uncommon. No opinions of whether the case is unfounded shall be included in the report.

Victims shall not be asked or required to take a polygraph examination (42 USC § 3796gg-8).

##### **602.4.2 VICTIM CONFIDENTIALITY**

Unless allowed by law or court order, records and reports containing the identity of a victim are confidential including the victim's address, telephone number, photographs and any other fact or information that may reveal the identity of the victim (NRS 200.3771; NRS 200.3773). When a victim requests to use a pseudonym to keep his/her identity confidential, deputies investigating the sexual offense shall provide the victim a pseudonym form. When the victim completes and returns the form, the Office shall (NRS 200.3772):

- (a) Remove the victim's name and substitute the pseudonym for the name on all reports, files and records in the office's possession.
- (b) Notify the prosecuting attorney of the pseudonym.
- (c) Maintain the pseudonym form in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the information.

##### **602.4.3 VICTIM RIGHTS**

Victims should be apprised of applicable victim's rights provisions, as outlined in the Victim and Witness Assistance Policy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Sexual Assault Investigations

---

#### **602.4.4 COLLECTION AND TESTING OF BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE**

Whenever possible, a SART member should be involved in the collection of forensic evidence from the victim.

When the facts of the case indicate that collection of biological evidence is warranted, it should be collected regardless of how much time has elapsed since the reported assault.

If a drug-facilitated sexual assault is suspected, it is critical to the investigation that a urine sample from the victim be collected by a medical professional.

If resources allow, kits or biological evidence from all rape cases, including cases where the suspect is known by the victim, should be submitted for biological testing. The result and the case information should be entered into state and national registries in a timely manner.

All evidence from cases where the suspect is a stranger to the victim shall be transmitted in a timely manner to the proper forensics lab for processing all relevant biological evidence.

#### **602.4.5 DISPOSITION OF CASES**

If the assigned investigator has reason to believe the case is without merit, the case may be classified as unfounded only upon review and approval of the Investigation Unit supervisor.

Classification of a rape case as unfounded requires the Investigation Unit supervisor to determine that the facts have significant irregularities with reported information and that the incident could not have happened as it was reported. When a victim has recanted his/her original statement, there must be corroborating evidence to support the recanted information before the case should be determined as unfounded.

#### **602.4.6 AUDITING CASE DISPOSITIONS**

The Investigation Unit supervisor will ensure case dispositions are reviewed on a periodic basis using an identified group that is independent of the investigation process. The SART and/or victim advocates should be considered for involvement in this audit.

#### **602.5 RELEASING INFORMATION TO THE PUBLIC**

In cases where the perpetrator is not known to the victim, and especially if there are multiple crimes where more than one appear to be related, consideration should be given to releasing information to the public whenever there is a reasonable likelihood that doing so may result in developing helpful investigative leads. The Investigation Unit supervisor should weigh the risk of alerting the suspect to the investigation with the need to protect the victim and the public, and to prevent more crimes.

#### **602.6 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, periodic training will be provided to:

(a) Members who are first responders. This includes, but is not limited to, the following topics:

1. Initial response to sexual assaults
2. Legal issues

Storey County Sheriff's Office  
Policy Manual

*Sexual Assault Investigations*

---

3. Victim advocacy
  4. Victim's response to trauma
- (b) Qualified investigators who should receive advanced training on additional topics. This includes, but is not limited to, the following:
1. Interviewing sexual assault victims
  2. SART
  3. Medical and legal aspects of sexual assault investigations
  4. Serial crimes investigations
  5. Use of community and other federal and state investigative resources, such as the Violent Criminal Apprehension Program (ViCAP)

## Contraband Forfeiture

### 606.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy describes the authority and procedure for the seizure, forfeiture and liquidation of property associated with designated offenses.

#### 606.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Fiscal agent** - The person designated by the Sheriff to be responsible for securing and maintaining seized property and distributing any proceeds realized from any forfeiture proceedings. This includes any time the Storey County Sheriff's Office seizes property for forfeiture or when the Storey County Sheriff's Office is acting as the fiscal agent pursuant to a multi-agency agreement.

**Forfeiture** - The process by which legal ownership of property is transferred to a government or other authority.

**Forfeiture reviewer** - The office member assigned by the Sheriff who is responsible for reviewing all forfeiture cases and for acting as the liaison between the Office and the assigned attorney.

#### Property subject to forfeiture -

- (a) The following property may be subject to forfeiture under NRS 179.1156 et seq.:
1. Proceeds attributable to the commission or attempted commission of any felony (NRS 179.1164).
  2. Personal property, including, without limitation, any tool, substance, weapon, machine, computer, money or security, which is used instrumentally in any of the crimes listed in NRS 179.121.
  3. Assets derived from or relating to or pornography involving minors (NRS 200.760).
  4. A firearm is subject to forfeiture if it is brandished, aimed or otherwise handled by the person in a manner which endangers others during a violation of NRS 202.257 (firearm use while intoxicated).
  5. Property on the premises of a wholesale or retail dealer who commits certain fraudulent acts (NRS 370.419).
  6. Real property, personal property and assets related to or facilitating certain violations of controlled substance laws as set forth in NRS 453.301.
  7. Guns, vehicles, aircraft, etc. related to a big game hunting violation NRS 501.3857.
- (b) Personal or real property may be subject to forfeiture when derived from, realized through, or used or intended for use in the course of a felony technological crime (NRS 179.1215; NRS 179.1219; NRS 179.1229).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Contraband Forfeiture

---

- (c) Personal or real property may be subject to forfeiture if used in the course of racketeering or as a proceed from racketeering (NRS 207.420; NRS 207.460).

**Seizure** - The act of law enforcement officials taking property, cash or assets that have been used in connection with or acquired by specified illegal activities.

#### **606.2 POLICY**

The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes that appropriately applied forfeiture laws are helpful to enforce the law, deter crime and reduce the economic incentive of crime. However, the potential for revenue shall not be allowed to compromise the effective investigation of criminal offenses, officer safety, the integrity of ongoing investigations or any person's due process rights.

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office that all members, including those assigned to internal or external law enforcement task force operations, shall comply with all state and federal laws pertaining to forfeiture.

#### **606.3 CONTRABAND SEIZURE**

Property may be seized for forfeiture as provided in this policy.

##### **606.3.1 PROPERTY SUBJECT TO SEIZURE**

The following property may be seized upon review and approval of a supervisor and in coordination with the forfeiture reviewer:

- (a) Property subject to forfeiture under NRS 179.1165 may only be seized by a valid court order unless:
  - 1. The seizure is otherwise lawful as incident to an arrest or it was the subject of a search warrant/administrative inspection warrant.
  - 2. The seizing deputy has probable cause to believe that the property is subject to forfeiture and would be lost, removed or concealed if not seized without a court order.
- (b) Property subject to forfeiture for technological crimes (NRS 179.1231) or racketeering (NRS 207.490) may only be seized by a valid court order unless:
  - 1. The seizure is lawful as incident to an arrest/search or the property was the subject of an administrative warrant.

A large amount of money standing alone is insufficient to establish the probable cause required to make a seizure.

Whenever practicable, obtaining a search warrant or court order for seizure prior to making a seizure is the preferred method.

##### **606.3.2 PROPERTY NOT SUBJECT TO SEIZURE**

The following property should not be seized for forfeiture:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Contraband Forfeiture

---

- (a) Cash and property that does not meet the prosecutor's current minimum forfeiture thresholds.
- (b) Property belonging to an "innocent owner" (a person with no knowledge, consent or willful blindness) (NRS 179.1164).
- (c) Any property when the associated activity involves the possession of marijuana or related paraphernalia that is permissible under the Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana Act.

#### 606.3.3 SEIZED VEHICLES

Vehicles seized subject to forfeiture will be handled in accordance with Policy Manual § 510.

#### 606.4 PROCESSING SEIZED PROPERTY FOR FORFEITURE PROCEEDINGS

When property or cash subject to this policy is seized, the deputy making the seizure should ensure compliance with the following:

- (a) Complete applicable seizure forms and present the appropriate copy to the person from whom the property is seized. If cash or property is seized from more than one person, a separate copy must be provided to each person, specifying the items seized. When property is seized and no one claims an interest in the property, the deputy must leave the copy in the place where the property was found, if it is reasonable to do so.
- (b) Complete and submit a report and original seizure forms within 24 hours of the seizure, if practicable.
- (c) Forward the original seizure forms and related reports to the forfeiture reviewer within two days of seizure.

The deputy will book seized property as evidence with the notation in the comment section of the property form, "Seized Subject to Forfeiture." Property seized subject to forfeiture should be booked on a separate property form. No other evidence from the case should be booked on this form.

Photographs should be taken of items seized, particularly cash, jewelry and other valuable items.

Deputies who suspect property may be subject to seizure but are not able to seize the property (e.g., the property is located elsewhere, the whereabouts of the property is unknown, it is real estate, bank accounts, non-tangible assets) should document and forward the information in the appropriate report to the forfeiture reviewer.

#### 606.5 MAINTAINING SEIZED PROPERTY

The Property and Evidence Section supervisor is responsible for ensuring compliance with the following:

- (a) All property received for forfeiture is reasonably secured and properly stored to prevent waste and preserve its condition.
- (b) All property received for forfeiture is checked to determine if the property has been stolen.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Contraband Forfeiture

---

- (c) All property received for forfeiture is retained in the same manner as evidence until forfeiture is finalized or the property is returned to the claimant or the person with an ownership interest.
- (d) Property received for forfeiture is not used unless the forfeiture action has been completed.
- (e) Forfeitable property is retained until such time as its use as evidence is no longer required.

#### **606.6 FORFEITURE REVIEWER**

The Sheriff will appoint a forfeiture reviewer. Prior to assuming duties, or as soon as practicable thereafter, the forfeiture reviewer should attend a course approved by the Office on contraband forfeiture. The responsibilities of the forfeiture reviewer include:

- (a) Remaining familiar with forfeiture laws, particularly NRS 179.1156 et seq., NRS 179.1215 et seq., and NRS 207.420 et seq., and the forfeiture policies of the prosecutor.
- (b) Serving as the liaison between the Office and the prosecutor and ensuring prompt legal review of all seizures.
- (c) Making reasonable efforts to obtain annual training that includes best practices in pursuing, seizing and tracking forfeitures.
- (d) Reviewing each seizure-related case and deciding whether the seizure is more appropriately made under state or federal seizure laws. The forfeiture reviewer should contact federal authorities when appropriate.
- (e) Ensuring that responsibilities, including the designation of a fiscal agent, are clearly established whenever multiple agencies are cooperating in a forfeiture case.
- (f) Ensuring that seizure forms are available and appropriate for office use. These should include notice forms, a receipt form and a checklist that provides relevant guidance to deputies. The forms should be available in languages appropriate for the region and should contain spaces for:
  1. Names and contact information for all relevant persons and law enforcement personnel involved.
  2. Information as to how ownership or other property interests may have been determined (e.g., verbal claims of ownership, titles, public records).
  3. A space for the signature of the person from whom cash or property is being seized.
  4. A tear-off portion or copy, which should be given to the person from whom cash or property is being seized, that includes the legal authority for the seizure, information regarding the process to contest the seizure and a detailed description of the items seized.
- (g) Ensuring that deputies who may be involved in contraband forfeiture receive training in the proper use of the seizure forms and the forfeiture process. The training should be

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Contraband Forfeiture

---

developed in consultation with the appropriate legal counsel and may be accomplished through traditional classroom education, electronic media, Daily Training Bulletins (DTBs) or Departmental Directives. The training should cover this policy and address any relevant statutory changes and court decisions.

- (h) Reviewing each contraband forfeiture case to ensure that:
  - 1. Written documentation of the seizure and the items seized is in the case file.
  - 2. Independent legal review of the circumstances and propriety of the seizure is made in a timely manner (NRS 179.1171).
  - 3. Notice of seizure has been given in a timely manner to those who hold an interest in the seized property.
  - 4. Property is promptly released to those entitled to its return.
    - (a) Property should be returned within seven business days after prosecution is denied, the case is dismissed or resulted in an acquittal, or a court orders the return (NRS 179.1173).
  - 5. All changes to forfeiture status are forwarded to any supervisor who initiates a forfeiture case.
  - 6. Any cash received is deposited with the fiscal agent.
  - 7. Assistance with the resolution of ownership claims and the release of property to those entitled is provided.
  - 8. Current minimum forfeiture thresholds are communicated appropriately to deputies.
  - 9. This policy and any related policies are periodically reviewed and updated to reflect current federal and state statutes and case law.
- (i) Ensuring that a written plan is available that enables the Sheriff to address any extended absence of the forfeiture reviewer, thereby ensuring that contact information for other law enforcement personnel and attorneys who may assist in these matters is available.
- (j) Ensuring that the Office disposes of property as provided by law following any forfeiture.
- (k) Ensuring that the process of selling or adding forfeited property to office inventory is in accordance with all applicable laws and consistent with the use and disposition of similar property.
- (l) Upon completion of any forfeiture process, ensuring that no property is retained by the Storey County Sheriff's Office unless the Sheriff authorizes in writing the retention of the property for official use.
- (m) Ensuring that the quarterly mandated reports as set forth in NRS 179.119 are made to the County budgeting authority.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Contraband Forfeiture

---

- (n) Ensuring annual mandated reports as set forth in (NRS 179.1205 are made to the Office of the Attorney General.

Forfeiture proceeds should be maintained in a separate fund or account subject to appropriate accounting control, with regular reviews or audits of all deposits and expenditures.

Forfeiture reporting and expenditures should be completed in the manner prescribed by the law and County financial directives.

#### **606.7 DISPOSITION OF FORFEITED PROPERTY**

Proceeds received by this office from a civil forfeiture action under NRS 179.1156 et seq. shall be kept in the designated Storey County Sheriff's Office forfeiture account and only be disposed of as set forth in NRS 179.1187.

Property related to technological crimes that were forfeited under the criminal or civil process of NRS 179.1219 or NRS 179.1229 shall be sold and proceeds disposed of as set forth in NRS 179.1233.

Property related to racketeering that was forfeited under the criminal or civil process of NRS 207.420 or NRS 207.460 shall be sold and proceeds disposed of as set forth in NRS 207.500.

No member of this office may use property that has been seized for forfeiture until the forfeiture action has been completed and the Storey County Sheriff's Office has given written authorization to retain the property for official use. No office member involved in the decision to seize property should be involved in any decision regarding the disposition of the property.

## Informants

### 608.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the use of informants.

#### 608.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Informant** - A person who covertly interacts with other individuals or suspects at the direction of, request of, or by agreement with the Storey County Sheriff's Office for law enforcement purposes. This also includes a person agreeing to supply information to the Storey County Sheriff's Office for a benefit (e.g., a quid pro quo in the form of a reduced criminal penalty, money).

### 608.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes the value of informants to law enforcement efforts and will strive to protect the integrity of the informant process. It is the policy of this office that all funds related to informant payments will be routinely audited and that payments to informants will be made according to the criteria outlined in this policy.

### 608.3 USE OF INFORMANTS

#### 608.3.1 INITIAL APPROVAL

Before using an individual as an informant, a deputy must receive approval from his/her supervisor. The deputy shall compile sufficient information through a background investigation and experience with the informant in order to determine the suitability of the individual, including age, maturity and risk of physical harm, as well as any indicators of his/her reliability and credibility.

Members of this office should not guarantee absolute safety or confidentiality to an informant.

#### 608.3.2 JUVENILE INFORMANTS

The use of informants under the age of 13 is prohibited.

In all cases, a juvenile 13 years of age or older may only be used as an informant with the written consent of each of the following:

- (a) The juvenile's parents or legal guardians
- (b) The juvenile's attorney, if any
- (c) The court in which the juvenile's case is being handled, if applicable
- (d) The Sheriff or the authorized designee

#### 608.3.3 INFORMANT AGREEMENTS

All informants are required to sign and abide by the provisions of the designated office informant agreement. The deputy using the informant shall discuss each of the provisions of the agreement with the informant.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Informants

---

Details of the agreement are to be approved in writing by a supervisor before being finalized with the informant.

#### **608.4 INFORMANT INTEGRITY**

To maintain the integrity of the informant process, the following must be adhered to:

- (a) The identity of an informant acting in a confidential capacity shall not be withheld from the Sheriff, Chief Deputy, Investigations Unit or their authorized designees.
  - 1. Identities of informants acting in a confidential capacity shall otherwise be kept confidential.
- (b) Criminal activity by informants shall not be condoned.
- (c) Informants shall be told they are not acting as sheriff's deputies, employees or agents of the Storey County Sheriff's Office, and that they shall not represent themselves as such.
- (d) The relationship between office members and informants shall always be ethical and professional.
  - 1. Members shall not become intimately involved with an informant.
  - 2. Social contact shall be avoided unless it is necessary to conduct an official investigation, and only with prior approval of the Investigations supervisor.
  - 3. Members shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities or engage in any private business transaction with an informant.
- (e) Deputies shall not meet with informants in a private place unless accompanied by at least one additional deputy or with prior approval of the Investigations supervisor.
  - 1. Deputies may meet informants alone in an occupied public place, such as a restaurant.
- (f) When contacting informants for the purpose of making payments, deputies shall arrange for the presence of another deputy.
- (g) In all instances when office funds are paid to informants, a voucher shall be completed in advance, itemizing the expenses.
- (h) Since the decision rests with the appropriate prosecutor, deputies shall not promise that the informant will receive any form of leniency or immunity from criminal prosecution.

#### **608.4.1 UNSUITABLE INFORMANTS**

The suitability of any informant should be considered before engaging him/her in any way in a covert or other investigative process. Members who become aware that an informant may be unsuitable will notify the supervisor, who will initiate a review to determine suitability. Until a determination has been made by a supervisor, the informant should not be used by any member. The supervisor shall determine whether the informant should be used by the Office and, if so, what conditions will be placed on his/her participation or any information the informant provides. The supervisor shall document the decision and conditions in file notes and mark the file "unsuitable" when appropriate.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Informants*

---

Considerations for determining whether an informant is unsuitable include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) The informant has provided untruthful or unreliable information in the past.
- (b) The informant behaves in a way that may endanger the safety of a deputy.
- (c) The informant reveals to suspects the identity of a deputy or the existence of an investigation.
- (d) The informant appears to be using his/her affiliation with this office to further criminal objectives.
- (e) The informant creates officer-safety issues by providing information to multiple law enforcement agencies simultaneously, without prior notification and approval of each agency.
- (f) The informant engages in any other behavior that could jeopardize the safety of deputies or the integrity of a criminal investigation.
- (g) The informant commits criminal acts subsequent to entering into an informant agreement.

#### **608.5 INFORMANT FILES**

Informant files shall be utilized as a source of background information about the informant, to enable review and evaluation of information provided by the informant, and to minimize incidents that could be used to question the integrity of office members or the reliability of the informant.

Informant files shall be maintained in a secure area within the Investigations. The Investigations supervisor or the authorized designee shall be responsible for maintaining informant files. Access to the informant files shall be restricted to the Sheriff, Chief Deputy, Investigations supervisor or their authorized designees.

The Investigation Unit should arrange for an audit using a representative sample of randomly selected informant files on a periodic basis, but no less than one time per year. If the Investigations supervisor is replaced, the files will be audited before the new supervisor takes over management of the files. The purpose of the audit is to ensure compliance with file content and updating provisions of this policy. The audit should be conducted by a supervisor who does not have normal access to the informant files.

##### **608.5.1 FILE SYSTEM PROCEDURE**

A separate file shall be maintained on each informant and shall be coded with an assigned informant control number. An informant history that includes the following information shall be prepared for each file:

- (a) Name and aliases
- (b) Date of birth
- (c) Physical description: sex, race, height, weight, hair color, eye color, scars, tattoos or other distinguishing features
- (d) Photograph
- (e) Current home address and telephone numbers

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Informants

---

- (f) Current employers, positions, addresses and telephone numbers
- (g) Vehicles owned and registration information
- (h) Places frequented
- (i) Briefs of information provided by the informant and his/her subsequent reliability
  1. If an informant is determined to be unsuitable, the informant's file is to be marked "unsuitable" and notations included detailing the issues that caused this classification.
- (j) Name of the deputy initiating use of the informant
- (k) Signed informant agreement
- (l) Update on active or inactive status of informant

#### 608.6 INFORMANT PAYMENTS

No informant will be told in advance or given an exact amount or percentage for his/her service. The amount of funds to be paid to any informant will be evaluated against the following criteria:

- The extent of the informant's personal involvement in the case
- The significance, value or effect on crime
- The value of assets seized
- The quantity of the drugs or other contraband seized
- The informant's previous criminal activity
- The level of risk taken by the informant

The Investigations Unit will discuss the above factors with the Chief Deputy and recommend the type and level of payment subject to approval by the Sheriff.

#### 608.6.1 PAYMENT PROCESS

Approved payments to an informant should be in cash using the following process:

- (a) Payments of \$500 and under may be paid in cash from a Investigations buy/expense fund.
  1. The Investigations supervisor shall sign the voucher for cash payouts from the buy/expense fund.
- (b) Payments exceeding \$500 shall be made by issuance of a check, payable to the deputy who will be delivering the payment.
  1. The check shall list the case numbers related to and supporting the payment.
  2. A written statement of the informant's involvement in the case shall be placed in the informant's file.
  3. The statement shall be signed by the informant verifying the statement as a true summary of his/her actions in the case.
  4. Authorization signatures from the Sheriff and the County Manager are required for disbursement of the funds.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Informants*

---

- (c) To complete the payment process for any amount, the deputy delivering the payment shall complete a cash transfer form.
1. The cash transfer form shall include the following:
    - (a) Date
    - (b) Payment amount
    - (c) Storey case number
    - (d) A statement that the informant is receiving funds in payment for information voluntarily rendered
  2. The cash transfer form shall be signed by the informant.
  3. The cash transfer form will be kept in the informant's file.

#### 608.6.2 REPORTING OF PAYMENTS

Each informant receiving a cash payment shall be advised of his/her responsibility to report the cash to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as income. If funds distributed exceed \$600 in any reporting year, the informant should be provided IRS Form 1099 (26 CFR 1.6041-1). If such documentation or reporting may reveal the identity of the informant and by doing so jeopardize any investigation, the safety of deputies or the safety of the informant (26 CFR 1.6041-3), then IRS Form 1099 should not be issued.

In such cases, the informant shall be provided a letter identifying the amount he/she must report on a tax return as "other income" and shall be required to provide a signed acknowledgement of receipt of the letter. The completed acknowledgement form and a copy of the letter shall be retained in the informant's file.

#### 608.6.3 AUDIT OF PAYMENTS

The Investigations supervisor or the authorized designee shall be responsible for compliance with any audit requirements associated with grant provisions and applicable state and federal law.

At least once every six months, the Sheriff or the authorized designee should conduct an audit of all informant funds for the purpose of accountability and security of the funds. The funds and related documents (e.g., buy/expense fund records, cash transfer forms, invoices, receipts and logs) will assist with the audit process.

## Eyewitness Identification

### 610.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy sets forth guidelines to be used when members of this office employ eyewitness identification techniques (NRS 171.1237).

#### 610.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Eyewitness identification process** - Any field identification, live lineup or photographic identification.

**Field identification** - A live presentation of a single individual to a witness following the commission of a criminal offense for the purpose of identifying or eliminating the person as the suspect.

**Live lineup** - A live presentation of individuals to a witness for the purpose of identifying or eliminating an individual as the suspect.

**Photographic lineup** - Presentation of photographs to a witness for the purpose of identifying or eliminating an individual as the suspect.

### 610.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will strive to use eyewitness identification techniques, when appropriate, to enhance the investigative process and will emphasize identifying persons responsible for crime and exonerating the innocent.

### 610.3 INTERPRETIVE SERVICES

Members should make a reasonable effort to arrange for an interpreter before proceeding with eyewitness identification if communication with a witness is impeded due to language or hearing barriers.

Before the interpreter is permitted to discuss any matter with the witness, the investigating member should explain the identification process to the interpreter. Once it is determined that the interpreter comprehends the process and can explain it to the witness, the eyewitness identification may proceed as provided for within this policy.

### 610.4 EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION PROCESS AND FORM

The Investigation Unit supervisor shall be responsible for the development and maintenance of an eyewitness identification process for use by members when they are conducting eyewitness identifications.

The process should include appropriate forms or reports that provide:

- (a) The date, time and location of the eyewitness identification procedure.
- (b) The name and identifying information of the witness.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Eyewitness Identification*

---

- (c) The name of the person administering the identification procedure.
- (d) If applicable, the names of all of the individuals present during the identification procedure.
- (e) An instruction to the witness that it is as important to exclude innocent persons as it is to identify a perpetrator.
- (f) An instruction to the witness that the perpetrator may or may not be among those presented and that the witness is not obligated to make an identification.
- (g) If the identification process is a photographic or live lineup, an instruction to the witness that the perpetrator may not appear exactly as he/she did on the date of the incident.
- (h) An instruction to the witness that the suspect's photograph may or may not be among those presented and that the witness is not obligated to make an identification.
- (i) An instruction to the witness that the investigation will continue regardless of whether an identification is made by the witness.
- (j) A signature line where the witness acknowledges that he/she understands the identification procedures and instructions.
- (k) A statement from the witness in the witness's own words describing how certain he/she is of the identification or non-identification. This statement should be taken at the time of the identification procedure.

The process and related forms should be reviewed at least annually and modified when necessary.

#### **610.5 EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION**

Members are cautioned not to, in any way, influence a witness as to whether any subject or photo presented in a lineup is in any way connected to the case. Members should avoid mentioning that:

- The individual was apprehended near the crime scene.
- The evidence points to the individual as the suspect.
- Other witnesses have identified or failed to identify the individual as the suspect.

In order to avoid undue influence, witnesses should view suspects or a lineup individually and outside the presence of other witnesses. Witnesses should be instructed to avoid discussing details of the incident or of the identification process with other witnesses.

Whenever feasible, the eyewitness identification procedure should be audio and/or video recorded and the recording should be retained according to current evidence procedures.

##### **610.5.1 PHOTOGRAPHIC LINEUP AND LIVE LINEUP CONSIDERATIONS**

When practicable, the member presenting the lineup should not be involved in the investigation of the case or know the identity of the suspect. In no case should the member presenting a lineup to a witness know which photograph or person in the lineup is being viewed by the witness. Techniques to achieve this include randomly numbering photographs, shuffling folders or using a computer program to order the persons in the lineup.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Eyewitness Identification

---

Individuals in the lineup should reasonably match the description of the perpetrator provided by the witness and should bear similar characteristics to avoid causing any person to unreasonably stand out. In cases involving multiple suspects, a separate lineup should be conducted for each suspect. The suspects should be placed in a different order within each lineup.

The member presenting the lineup to a witness should do so sequentially (i.e., show the witness one person at a time) and not simultaneously. The witness should view all persons in the lineup.

A live lineup should only be used before criminal proceedings have been initiated against the suspect. If there is any question as to whether any criminal proceedings have begun, the investigating member should contact the appropriate prosecuting attorney before proceeding.

#### 610.5.2 FIELD IDENTIFICATION CONSIDERATIONS

Field identifications, also known as field elimination show-ups or one-on-one identifications, may be helpful in certain cases, where exigent circumstances make it impracticable to conduct a photo or live lineup identifications. A field elimination or show-up identification should not be used when independent probable cause exists to arrest a suspect. In such cases a live or photo lineup is the preferred course of action if eyewitness identification is contemplated.

When initiating a field identification, the member should observe the following guidelines:

- (a) Obtain a complete description of the suspect from the witness.
- (b) Assess whether a witness should be included in a field identification process by considering:
  - 1. The length of time the witness observed the suspect.
  - 2. The distance between the witness and the suspect.
  - 3. Whether the witness could view the suspect's face.
  - 4. The quality of the lighting when the suspect was observed by the witness.
  - 5. Whether there were distracting noises or activity during the observation.
  - 6. Any other circumstances affecting the witness's opportunity to observe the suspect.
  - 7. The length of time that has elapsed since the witness observed the suspect.
- (c) If safe and practicable, the person who is the subject of the show-up should not be handcuffed or in a patrol vehicle.
- (d) When feasible, members should bring the witness to the location of the suspect of the show-up, rather than bring the suspect of the show-up to the witness.
- (e) The person who is the subject of the show-up should not be shown to the same witness more than once.
- (f) In cases involving multiple suspects, witnesses should only be permitted to view the subjects of the show-up one at a time.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Eyewitness Identification

---

- (g) The person who is the subject of the show-up should not be required to put on clothing worn by the suspect, to speak words uttered by the suspect or to perform other actions mimicking those of the suspect.
- (h) If a witness positively identifies an individual as the perpetrator, members should not conduct any further field identifications with other witnesses for that suspect. In such instances members should document the contact information for any additional witnesses for follow up, if necessary.

#### **610.6 DOCUMENTATION**

A thorough description of the eyewitness process and the results of any eyewitness identification should be documented in the case report.

If a photographic lineup is utilized, a copy of the photographic lineup presented to the witness should be included in the case report. In addition, the order in which the photographs were presented to the witness should be documented in the case report.

## Brady Material Disclosure

### 612.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for identifying and releasing potentially exculpatory or impeachment information (so-called "*Brady* information") to a prosecuting attorney.

#### 612.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Brady information** - Information known or possessed by the Storey County Sheriff's Office that is both favorable and material to the current prosecution or defense of a criminal defendant.

### 612.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will conduct fair and impartial criminal investigations and will provide the prosecution with both incriminating and exculpatory evidence, as well as information that may adversely affect the credibility of a witness. In addition to reporting all evidence of guilt, the Storey County Sheriff's Office will assist the prosecution by complying with its obligation to disclose information that is both favorable and material to the defense. The Office will identify and disclose to the prosecution potentially exculpatory information, as provided in this policy.

### 612.3 DISCLOSURE OF INVESTIGATIVE INFORMATION

Deputies must include in their investigative reports adequate investigative information and reference to all material evidence and facts that are reasonably believed to be either incriminating or exculpatory to any individual in the case. If a deputy learns of potentially incriminating or exculpatory information any time after submission of a case, the deputy or the handling investigator must prepare and submit a supplemental report documenting such information as soon as practicable. Supplemental reports shall be promptly processed and transmitted to the prosecutor's office.

If information is believed to be privileged or confidential (e.g., confidential informant or protected personnel files); the deputy should discuss the matter with a supervisor and/or prosecutor to determine the appropriate manner in which to proceed.

Evidence or facts are considered material if there is a reasonable probability that they would affect the outcome of a criminal proceeding or trial. Determining whether evidence or facts are material often requires legal or even judicial review. If a deputy is unsure whether evidence or facts are material, the deputy should address the issue with a supervisor.

Supervisors who are uncertain about whether evidence or facts are material should address the issue in a written memo to an appropriate prosecutor. A copy of the memo should be retained in the Office case file.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Brady Material Disclosure

---

#### **612.4 DISCLOSURE OF PERSONNEL INFORMATION**

If a member of this office is a material witness in a criminal case, a person or persons designated by the Sheriff shall examine the personnel file and/or internal affairs file of the deputy to determine whether they contain *Brady* information. If *Brady* information is located, the following procedure shall apply:

- (a) In the event that a motion has not already been filed by the criminal defendant or other party, the prosecuting attorney and office member shall be notified of the potential presence of *Brady* material in the member's personnel file.
- (b) The prosecuting attorney or office counsel should be requested to file a motion in order to initiate an in camera review by the court.
  1. If no motion is filed, the supervisor should work with counsel to determine whether the records should be disclosed to the prosecutor.
- (c) The Custodian of Records shall accompany all relevant personnel files during any in camera inspection and address any issues or questions raised by the court.
- (d) If the court determines that there is relevant *Brady* material contained in the files, only that material ordered released will be copied and released to the parties filing the motion.
  1. Prior to the release of any information pursuant to this process, the Custodian of Records should request a protective order from the court limiting the use of such information to the involved case and requiring the return of all copies upon completion of the case.
- (e) If a court has determined that relevant *Brady* information is contained in the member's file in any case, the prosecutor should be notified of that fact in all future cases involving that member.

The person or persons designated by the Sheriff should periodically examine the personnel files and/or internal affairs files of all deputies who may be material witnesses in criminal cases to determine whether they contain *Brady* information. The obligation to provide *Brady* information is ongoing. If any new *Brady* information is identified, the prosecuting attorney should be notified.

#### **612.5 INVESTIGATING BRADY ISSUES**

If the Office receives information from any source that a member may have issues of credibility, dishonesty or has been engaged in an act of moral turpitude or criminal conduct, the information shall be investigated and processed in accordance with the Personnel Complaints Policy.

#### **612.6 TRAINING**

Office personnel should receive periodic training on the requirements of this policy.

---

## Warrant Service

### 613.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for the planning and serving of arrest and search warrants by members of this office. It is understood that this policy cannot address every variable or circumstance that can arise in the service of a search or arrest warrant, as these tasks can involve rapidly evolving and unique circumstances.

This policy is intended to be used in conjunction with the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy, which has additional guidance on planning and serving high-risk warrants.

This policy is not intended to address the service of search warrants on locations or property already secured or routine field warrant arrests by patrol deputies.

### 613.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to balance the safety needs of the public, the safety of office members, privacy interests and other relevant factors when making decisions related to the service of search and arrest warrants.

### 613.3 OPERATIONS DIRECTOR

The operations director (see the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy) shall review all risk assessment forms with the involved supervisor to determine the risk level of the warrant service.

The operations director will also have the responsibility to coordinate service of those warrants that are categorized as high risk. Deconfliction, risk assessment, operational planning, briefing and debriefing should follow guidelines in the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy.

### 613.4 SEARCH WARRANTS

Deputies should receive authorization from a supervisor before preparing a search warrant application. Once authorization is received, the deputy will prepare the affidavit and search warrant, consulting with the applicable prosecuting attorney as needed. He/she will also complete the risk assessment form and submit it, along with the warrant affidavit, to the appropriate supervisor and the operations director for review and classification of risk (see the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy).

### 613.5 ARREST WARRANTS

If a deputy reasonably believes that serving an arrest warrant may pose a higher risk than commonly faced on a daily basis, the deputy should complete the risk assessment form and submit it to the appropriate supervisor and the operations director for review and classification of risk (see the Operations Planning and Deconfliction Policy).

If the warrant is classified as high risk, service will be coordinated by the operations director. If the warrant is not classified as high risk, the supervisor should weigh the risk of entry into a residence

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Warrant Service

---

to make an arrest against other alternatives, such as arresting the person outside the residence where circumstances may pose a lower risk.

#### **613.6 WARRANT PREPARATION**

A deputy who prepares a warrant should ensure the documentation in support of the warrant contains as applicable:

- (a) Probable cause to support the search or arrest, including relevant dates and times to demonstrate timeliness and facts to support any request for nighttime or no-knock warrant execution.
- (b) A clear explanation of the affiant's training, experience and relevant education.
- (c) Adequately supported opinions, when relevant, that are not left to unsubstantiated conclusions.
- (d) A nexus between the place to be searched and the persons or items central to the investigation. The facts supporting this nexus should be clear and current. For example, the affidavit shall explain why there is probable cause to believe that a particular person is currently residing at a particular location or that the items sought are present at a particular location.
- (e) Full disclosure of known or suspected residents at the involved location and any indication of separate living spaces at the involved location. For example, it should be disclosed that several people may be renting bedrooms at a single location, even if the exact location of the rooms is not known.
- (f) A specific description of the location to be searched, including photographs of the location, if reasonably available.
- (g) A sufficient description of the items to be seized.
- (h) Full disclosure of any known exculpatory information relevant to the warrant application (refer to the *Brady* Material Disclosure Policy).

#### **613.7 HIGH-RISK WARRANT SERVICE**

The operations director or the authorized designee shall coordinate the service of warrants that are categorized as high risk and shall have sole authority in determining the manner in which the warrant will be served, including the number of deputies deployed.

The member responsible for directing the service should ensure the following as applicable:

- (a) When practicable and when doing so does not cause unreasonable risk, video or photographic documentation is made of the condition of the location prior to execution of a search warrant. The images should include the surrounding area and persons present.
- (b) The warrant service is audio- and video-recorded when practicable and reasonable to do so.
- (c) Evidence is handled and collected only by those members who are designated to do so. All other members involved in the service of the warrant should alert one of the designated members to the presence of potential evidence and not touch or disturb the items.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Warrant Service

---

- (d) Reasonable efforts are made during the search to maintain or restore the condition of the location.
- (e) Persons who are detained as part of the warrant service are handled appropriately under the circumstances.
- (f) Reasonable care provisions are made for children and dependent adults (see the Child and Dependent Adult Safety Policy).
- (g) A list is made of all items seized and a copy provided to the person in charge of the premises if present or otherwise left in a conspicuous place.
- (h) A copy of the search warrant is left at the location.
- (i) The condition of the property is documented with video recording or photographs after the search.

#### **613.8 DETENTIONS DURING WARRANT SERVICE**

Deputies must be sensitive to the safety risks of all persons involved with the service of a warrant. Depending on circumstances and facts present, it may be appropriate to control movements of any or all persons present at a warrant service, including those who may not be the subject of a warrant or suspected in the case. However, deputies must be mindful that only reasonable force may be used and weapons should be displayed no longer than the deputy reasonably believes is necessary (see the Use of Force Policy).

As soon as it can be determined that an individual is not subject to the scope of a warrant and that no further reasonable suspicion or safety concerns exist to justify further detention, the person should be promptly released.

Deputies should, when and to the extent reasonable, accommodate the privacy and personal needs of people who have been detained.

#### **613.9 ACTIONS AFTER WARRANT SERVICE**

The supervisor shall ensure that all affidavits, warrants, receipts and returns, regardless of any associated cases, are filed with the issuing judge or magistrate as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event no later than any date specified on the warrant.

#### **613.10 OUTSIDE AGENCIES AND CROSS-JURISDICTIONAL WARRANTS**

The operations director will ensure that cooperative efforts with other agencies in the service of warrants conform to existing mutual aid agreements or other memorandums of understanding and will work cooperatively to mitigate risks including, but not limited to, the following:

- Identity of team members
- Roles and responsibilities
- Familiarity with equipment
- Rules of engagement

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Warrant Service*

---

- Asset forfeiture procedures

Any outside agency requesting assistance in the service of a warrant within this jurisdiction should be referred to the operations director. The director should review and confirm the warrant, including the warrant location, and should discuss the service with the appropriate supervisor from the other agency. The director should ensure that members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office are utilized appropriately. Any concerns regarding the requested use of Storey County Sheriff's Office members should be brought to the attention of the Sheriff or the authorized designee. The actual service of the warrant will remain the responsibility of the agency requesting assistance.

If the operations director is unavailable, the Shift Supervisor should assume this role.

If deputies intend to serve a warrant outside Storey County Sheriff's Office jurisdiction, the operations director should provide reasonable advance notice to the applicable agency, request assistance as needed and work cooperatively on operational planning and the mitigation of risks detailed in this policy.

Deputies will remain subject to the policies of the Storey County Sheriff's Office when assisting outside agencies or serving a warrant outside Storey County Sheriff's Office jurisdiction.

#### **613.11 MEDIA ACCESS**

No advance information regarding warrant service operations shall be released without the approval of the Sheriff. Any media inquiries or press release after the fact shall be handled in accordance with the News Media Relations Policy.

#### **613.12 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant should ensure deputies receive periodic training on this policy and associated topics, such as legal issues, warrant preparation, warrant service and reporting requirements.

## Operations Planning and Deconfliction

### 614.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for planning, deconfliction and execution of high-risk operations.

Additional guidance on planning and serving high-risk warrants is provided in the Warrant Service Policy.

#### 614.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**High-risk operations** - Operations, including service of search and arrest warrants and sting operations, that are likely to present higher risks than are commonly faced by deputies on a daily basis, including suspected fortified locations, reasonable risk of violence or confrontation with multiple persons, or reason to suspect that persons anticipate the operation.

### 614.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to properly plan and carry out high-risk operations, including participation in a regional deconfliction system, in order to provide coordination, enhance the safety of members and the public, decrease the risk of compromising investigations and prevent duplicating efforts.

### 614.3 OPERATIONS DIRECTOR

The Sheriff will designate a member of this office to be the operations director.

The operations director will develop and maintain a risk assessment form to assess, plan and coordinate operations. This form should provide a process to identify high-risk operations.

The operations director will review risk assessment forms with involved supervisors to determine whether a particular incident qualifies as a high-risk operation. The director will also have the responsibility for coordinating operations that are categorized as high risk.

### 614.4 RISK ASSESSMENT

#### 614.4.1 RISK ASSESSMENT FORM PREPARATION

Deputies assigned as operational leads for any operation that may qualify as a high-risk operation shall complete a risk assessment form.

When preparing the form, the deputy should query all relevant and reasonably available intelligence resources for information about the subject of investigation, others who may be present and the involved location. These sources may include regional intelligence and criminal justice databases, target deconfliction systems, firearm records, commercial databases and property records. Where appropriate, the deputy should also submit information to these resources.

The deputy should gather available information that includes, but is not limited to:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Operations Planning and Deconfliction

---

- (a) Photographs, including aerial photographs, if available, of the involved location, neighboring yards and obstacles.
- (b) Maps of the location.
- (c) Diagrams of any property and the interior of any buildings that are involved.
- (d) Historical information about the subject of investigation (e.g., history of weapon possession or use, known mental illness, known drug use, threats against police, gang affiliation, criminal history).
- (e) Historical information about others who may be present at the location (e.g., other criminals, innocent third parties, dependent adults, children, animals).
- (f) Obstacles associated with the location (e.g., fortification, booby traps, reinforced doors/windows, surveillance measures, number and type of buildings, geographic and perimeter barriers, the number and types of weapons likely to be present, information that suggests the presence of explosives, chemicals or other hazardous materials, the potential for multiple dwellings or living spaces, availability of keys/door combinations).
- (g) Other environmental factors (e.g., nearby venues such as schools and day care centers, proximity of adjacent homes or other occupied buildings, anticipated pedestrian and vehicle traffic at the time of service).
- (h) Other available options that may minimize the risk to deputies and others (e.g., making an off-site arrest or detention of the subject of investigation).

#### 614.4.2 RISK ASSESSMENT REVIEW

Deputies will present the risk assessment form and other relevant documents (such as copies of search warrants and affidavits and arrest warrants) to their supervisor and the operations director.

The supervisor and operations director shall confer and determine the level of risk. Supervisors should take reasonable actions if there is a change in circumstances that elevates the risks associated with the operation.

#### 614.4.3 HIGH-RISK OPERATIONS

If the operations director, after consultation with the involved supervisor, determines that the operation is high risk, the operations director should:

- (a) Determine what resources will be needed at the location, and contact and/or place on standby any of the following appropriate and available resources:
  - 1. [Crisis Response Unit] ([CRU])
  - 2. Additional personnel
  - 3. Outside agency assistance
  - 4. Special equipment
  - 5. Medical personnel
  - 6. Persons trained in negotiation
  - 7. Additional surveillance

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Operations Planning and Deconfliction

---

8. Canines
  9. Property and Evidence Section or analytical personnel to assist with cataloguing seizures
  10. Forensic specialists
  11. Specialized mapping for larger or complex locations
- (b) Contact the appropriate office members or other agencies as warranted to begin preparation.
- (c) Ensure that all legal documents such as search warrants are complete and have any modifications reasonably necessary to support the operation.
- (d) Coordinate the actual operation.

#### **614.5 DECONFLICTION**

Deconfliction systems are designed to identify persons and locations associated with investigations or law enforcement operations and alert participating agencies when others are planning or conducting operations in close proximity or time or are investigating the same individuals, groups or locations.

The deputy who is the operations lead shall ensure the subject of investigation and operations information have been entered in an applicable deconfliction system to determine if there is reported conflicting activity. This should occur as early in the process as practicable, but no later than two hours prior to the commencement of the operation. The deputy should also enter relevant updated information when it is received.

If any conflict is discovered, the supervisor will contact the involved jurisdiction and resolve the potential conflict before proceeding.

#### **614.6 OPERATIONS PLAN**

The operations director should ensure that a written operations plan is developed for all high-risk operations. Plans should also be considered for other operations that would benefit from having a formal plan.

The plan should address such issues as:

- (a) Operation goals, objectives and strategies.
- (b) Operation location and people:
  1. The subject of investigation (e.g., history of weapon possession/use, known mental illness issues, known drug use, threats against police, gang affiliation, criminal history)
  2. The location (e.g., fortification, booby traps, reinforced doors/windows, surveillance cameras and/or lookouts, number/type of buildings, geographic and perimeter barriers, the number and types of weapons likely to be present, information that suggests the presence of explosives, chemicals or other hazardous materials, the potential for multiple dwellings or living spaces, availability of keys/door

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Operations Planning and Deconfliction

---

- combinations), including aerial photos, if available, and maps of neighboring yards and obstacles, diagrams and other visual aids
3. Other environmental factors (e.g., nearby venues such as schools and day care centers, proximity of adjacent homes or other occupied buildings, anticipated pedestrian and vehicle traffic at the time of service)
  4. Identification of other people who may be present in or around the operation, such as other criminal suspects, innocent third parties and children
- (c) Information from the risk assessment form by attaching a completed copy in the operational plan.
1. The volume or complexity of the information may indicate that the plan includes a synopsis of the information contained on the risk assessment form to ensure clarity and highlighting of critical information.
- (d) Participants and their roles.
1. An adequate number of uniformed deputies should be included in the operation team to provide reasonable notice of a legitimate law enforcement operation.
  2. How all participants will be identified as law enforcement.
- (e) Whether deconfliction submissions are current and all involved individuals, groups and locations have been deconflicted to the extent reasonably practicable.
- (f) Identification of all communications channels and call-signs.
- (g) Use of force issues.
- (h) Contingencies for handling medical emergencies (e.g., services available at the location, closest hospital, closest trauma center).
- (i) Plans for detaining people who are not under arrest.
- (j) Contingencies for handling children, dependent adults, animals and other people who might be at the location in accordance with the Child Abuse, Adult Abuse, Child and Dependent Adult Safety and Animal Control policies.
- (k) Communications plan
- (l) Responsibilities for writing, collecting, reviewing and approving reports.

#### 614.6.1 OPERATIONS PLAN RETENTION

Since the operations plan contains intelligence information and descriptions of law enforcement tactics, it shall not be filed with the report. The operations plan shall be stored separately and retained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### 614.7 OPERATIONS BRIEFING

A briefing should be held prior to the commencement of any high-risk operation to allow all participants to understand the operation, see and identify each other, identify roles and responsibilities and ask questions or seek clarification as needed. Anyone who is not present at the briefing should not respond to the operation location without specific supervisory approval.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Operations Planning and Deconfliction*

---

- (a) The briefing should include a verbal review of plan elements, using visual aids, to enhance the participants' understanding of the operations plan.
- (b) All participants should be provided a copy of the operations plan and search warrant, if applicable. Participating personnel should be directed to read the search warrant and initial a copy that is retained with the operation plan. Any items to be seized should be identified at the briefing.
- (c) The operations director shall ensure that all participants are visually identifiable as law enforcement officers.
  - 1. Exceptions may be made by the operations director for deputies who are conducting surveillance or working under cover. However, those members exempt from visual identification should be able to transition to a visible law enforcement indicator at the time of enforcement actions, such as entries or arrests, if necessary.
- (d) The briefing should include details of the communications plan.
  - 1. It is the responsibility of the operations director to ensure that Dispatch is notified of the time and location of the operation, and to provide a copy of the operation plan prior to deputies arriving at the location.
  - 2. If the radio channel needs to be monitored by Dispatch, the [dispatchers] assigned to monitor the operation should attend the briefing, if practicable, but at a minimum should receive a copy of the operation plan.
  - 3. The briefing should include a communications check to ensure that all participants are able to communicate with the available equipment on the designated radio channel.

#### **614.8 [CRU] PARTICIPATION**

If the operations director determines that [CRU] participation is appropriate, the director and the [CRU] supervisor shall work together to develop a written plan. The [CRU] supervisor shall assume operational control until all persons at the scene are appropriately detained and it is safe to begin a search. When this occurs, the [CRU] supervisor shall transfer control of the scene to the handling supervisor. This transfer should be communicated to the deputies present.

#### **614.9 MEDIA ACCESS**

No advance information regarding planned operations shall be released without the approval of the Sheriff. Any media inquiries or press release after the fact shall be handled in accordance with the News Media Relations Policy.

#### **614.10 OPERATIONS DEBRIEFING**

High-risk operations should be debriefed as soon as reasonably practicable. The debriefing should include as many participants as possible. This debrief may be separate from any [CRU] debriefing.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Operations Planning and Deconfliction*

---

### **614.11 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant should ensure deputies and [CRU] team members who participate in operations subject to this policy should receive periodic training including, but not limited to, topics such as legal issues, deconfliction practices, operations planning concepts and reporting requirements.

## Chapter 7 - Equipment

## Office-Owned and Personal Property

### 700.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Office employees are expected to properly care for Office property assigned or entrusted to them. Employees may also suffer occasional loss or damage to personal or office property while performing their assigned duty. Certain procedures are required depending on the loss and ownership of the item.

### 700.2 DOCUMENTATION OF ISSUED PROPERTY

All property issued shall be documented in the appropriate property sheet or equipment log and receipt acknowledged by signature. Upon an employee's separation from the Office, all issued equipment shall be returned and documentation of the return signed by a supervisor.

#### 700.2.1 CARE OF OFFICE PROPERTY

Employees shall be responsible for the safekeeping, serviceable condition, proper care, use and replacement of office property assigned or entrusted to them. An employee's intentional or negligent abuse or misuse of office property may lead to discipline including, but not limited to, the cost of repair or replacement.

- (a) Employees shall promptly report through their chain of command, any loss, damage to or unserviceable condition of any office issued property or equipment assigned for their use.
  - 1. A supervisor receiving such a report shall direct a memo to the Chief Deputy which shall include the results of his/her investigation and whether the employee followed proper procedures. The supervisor's report shall address whether reasonable care was taken to prevent the loss, damage or unserviceable condition.
  - 2. A review by staff to determine whether misconduct or negligence was involved should be completed.
- (b) The use of damaged or unserviceable office property should be discontinued as soon as practicable and, if appropriate and approved by staff, replaced with comparable Office property as soon as available and following notice to a supervisor.
- (c) Except when otherwise directed by competent authority or required by exigent circumstances, Office property shall only be used by those to whom it was assigned. Use should be limited to official purposes and in the capacity for which it was designed.
- (d) Office property shall not be thrown away, sold, traded, donated, destroyed or otherwise disposed of without proper authority.
- (e) In the event that any Office property becomes damaged or unserviceable, no employee shall attempt to repair the property without prior approval of a supervisor.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Office-Owned and Personal Property*

---

#### **700.3 USE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY**

The carrying of personal equipment on-duty or its use in the performance of duties requires prior written approval by the Sheriff or appropriate supervisor identifying the personal property used, the reason for its use and the term of its use. Personal property of the type routinely carried by persons not performing law enforcement duties nor comprising a weapon are excluded from this requirement.

##### **700.3.1 DEFINITIONS**

**Personal Property** - Items or equipment owned by, provided by, or purchased totally at the expense of the employee. Includes optional equipment items identified in Policy Manual § 1046.

##### **700.3.2 FILING CLAIMS FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY**

Claims for reimbursement for damage or loss of personal property must be made in accordance with the current CBA. A report shall be required documenting the manner in which the loss or damage occurred.

The supervisor shall direct a memo to the Chief Deputy which shall include the results of his/her investigation and whether the employee followed proper procedures. The supervisor's report shall address whether reasonable care was taken to prevent the loss or damage.

Upon review by staff and a finding that no misconduct or negligence was involved, repair or replacement may be recommended by the Sheriff who will then forward the claim to the Finance Department.

The Office will not replace or repair luxurious or overly expensive items (e.g., jewelry, exotic equipment) that are not reasonably required as a part of work.

##### **700.3.3 REPORTING REQUIREMENT**

A verbal report shall be made to the employee's immediate supervisor as soon as circumstances permit.

A written report shall be submitted before the employee goes off-duty or within the time frame directed by the supervisor to whom the verbal report is made.

#### **700.4 LOSS OR DAMAGE OF PROPERTY OF ANOTHER**

Deputies and other employees intentionally or unintentionally may cause damage to the real or personal property of another while performing their duties. Any employee who damages or causes to be damaged any real or personal property of another while performing any law enforcement functions, regardless of jurisdiction, shall report it as provided below.

- (a) A verbal report shall be made to the employee's immediate supervisor as soon as circumstances permit.
- (b) A written report shall be submitted before the employee goes off-duty or within the time frame directed by the supervisor to whom the verbal report was made.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Office-Owned and Personal Property*

---

#### 700.4.1 DAMAGE BY PERSON OF ANOTHER AGENCY

If employees of another jurisdiction cause damage to real or personal property belonging to the County, it shall be the responsibility of the employee present or the employee responsible for the property to make a verbal report to his/her immediate supervisor as soon as circumstances permit. The employee shall submit a written report before going off-duty or as otherwise directed by the supervisor.

These written reports, accompanied by the supervisor's written report, shall promptly be forwarded to the Chief Deputy.

## Personal Communication Devices

### 702.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the use of mobile telephones and communication devices, whether issued or funded by the Office or personally owned, while on-duty or when used for authorized work-related purposes.

This policy generically refers to all such devices as Personal Communication Devices (PCDs) but is intended to include all mobile telephones, personal digital assistants (PDAs), wireless capable tablets and similar wireless two-way communications and/or portable Internet access devices. PCD use includes, but is not limited to, placing and receiving calls, text messaging, blogging and microblogging, emailing, using video or camera features, playing games and accessing sites or services on the Internet.

### 702.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office allows members to utilize office-issued or funded PCDs and to possess personally owned PCDs in the workplace, subject to certain limitations. Any PCD used while on-duty, or used off-duty in any manner reasonably related to the business of the Office, will be subject to monitoring and inspection consistent with the standards set forth in this policy.

The inappropriate use of a PCD while on-duty may impair officer safety. Additionally, members are advised and cautioned that the use of a personally owned PCD either on-duty or after duty hours for business-related purposes may subject the member and the member's PCD records to civil or criminal discovery or disclosure under applicable public records laws.

Members who have questions regarding the application of this policy or the guidelines contained herein are encouraged to seek clarification from supervisory staff.

### 702.3 PRIVACY EXPECTATION

Members forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to any communication accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed on any PCD issued or funded by the Office and shall have no expectation of privacy in their location should the device be equipped with location detection capabilities (see the Information Technology Use Policy for additional guidance).

### 702.4 OFFICE-ISSUED PCD

Depending on a member's assignment and the needs of the position, the Office may, at its discretion, issue or fund a PCD for the member's use to facilitate on-duty performance. Office-issued or funded PCDs may not be used for personal business either on-or off-duty unless authorized by the Sheriff or the authorized designee. Such devices and the associated telephone number, if any, shall remain the sole property of the Office and shall be subject to inspection or monitoring (including all related records and content) at any time without notice and without cause.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personal Communication Devices

---

Unless a member is expressly authorized by the Sheriff or the authorized designee for off-duty use of the PCD, the PCD will either be secured in the workplace at the completion of the tour of duty or will be turned off when leaving the workplace.

#### **702.5 PERSONALLY OWNED PCD**

Members may carry a personally owned PCD while on-duty, subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (a) Permission to carry a personally owned PCD may be revoked if it is used contrary to provisions of this policy.
- (b) The Office accepts no responsibility for loss of or damage to a personally owned PCD.
- (c) The PCD and any associated services shall be purchased, used and maintained solely at the member's expense.
- (d) The device should not be used for work-related purposes except in exigent circumstances (e.g., unavailability of radio communications). Members will have a reduced expectation of privacy when using a personally owned PCD in the workplace and have no expectation of privacy with regard to any office business-related communication.
  - 1. Members may use personally owned PCDs on-duty for routine administrative work as authorized by the Sheriff.
- (e) The device shall not be utilized to record or disclose any business-related information, including photographs, video or the recording or transmittal of any information or material obtained or made accessible as a result of employment with the Office, without the express authorization of the Sheriff or the authorized designee.
- (f) Use of a personally owned PCD while at work or for work-related business constitutes consent for the Office to access the PCD to inspect and copy data to meet the needs of the Office, which may include litigation, public records retention and release obligations and internal investigations. If the PCD is carried on-duty, members will provide the Office with the telephone number of the device.
- (g) All work-related documents, emails, photographs, recordings or other public records created or received on a member's personally owned PCD should be transferred to the Storey County Sheriff's Office and deleted from the member's PCD as soon as reasonably practicable but no later than the end of the member's shift.

Except with prior express authorization from their supervisor, members are not obligated or required to carry, access, monitor or respond to electronic communications using a personally owned PCD while off-duty. If a member is in an authorized status that allows for appropriate compensation consistent with policy or existing collective bargaining agreements, or if the member has prior express authorization from his/her supervisor, the member may engage in office business-related communications. Should members engage in such approved off-duty communications or work, members entitled to compensation shall promptly document the time worked and communicate the information to their supervisors to ensure appropriate

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personal Communication Devices

---

compensation. Members who independently document off-duty office-related business activities in any manner shall promptly provide the Office with a copy of such records to ensure accurate record keeping.

#### **702.6 USE OF PCD**

The following protocols shall apply to all PCDs that are carried while on-duty or used to conduct office business:

- (a) A PCD shall not be carried in a manner that allows it to be visible while in uniform, unless it is in an approved carrier.
- (b) All PCDs in the workplace shall be set to silent or vibrate mode.
- (c) A PCD may not be used to conduct personal business while on-duty, except for brief personal communications (e.g., informing family of extended hours). Members shall endeavor to limit their use of PCDs to authorized break times, unless an emergency exists.
- (d) Members may use a PCD to communicate with other personnel in situations where the use of the radio is either impracticable or not feasible. PCDs should not be used as a substitute for, as a way to avoid or in lieu of regular radio communications.
- (e) Deputies are prohibited from taking pictures, making audio or video recordings or making copies of any such picture or recording media unless it is directly related to official office business. Disclosure of any such information to any third party through any means, without the express authorization of the Sheriff or the authorized designee, may result in discipline.
- (f) Members will not access social networking sites for any purpose that is not official office business.
- (g) Using PCDs to harass, threaten, coerce or otherwise engage in inappropriate conduct with any third party is prohibited. Any member having knowledge of such conduct shall promptly notify a supervisor.

#### **702.7 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of supervisors include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring that members under their command are provided appropriate training on the use of PCDs consistent with this policy.
- (b) Supervisors should monitor, to the extent practicable, PCD use in the workplace and take prompt corrective action if a member is observed or reported to be improperly using a PCD.
  - 1. An investigation into improper conduct should be promptly initiated when circumstances warrant.
  - 2. Before conducting any administrative search of a member's personally owned device, supervisors should consult with the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personal Communication Devices

---

#### **702.8 USE WHILE DRIVING**

The use of a PCD while driving can adversely affect safety, cause unnecessary distractions and present a negative image to the public. Deputies operating emergency vehicles should restrict the use of these devices to matters of an urgent nature and should, where practicable, stop the vehicle at an appropriate location to use the PCD.

Except in an emergency, members who are operating vehicles that are not equipped with lights and siren shall not use a PCD while driving unless the device is specifically designed and configured to allow hands-free use (NRS 484B.165). Hands-free use should be restricted to business-related calls or calls of an urgent nature.

#### **702.9 OFFICIAL USE**

Members are reminded that PCDs are not secure devices and conversations may be intercepted or overheard. Caution should be exercised while utilizing PCDs to ensure that sensitive information is not inadvertently transmitted. As soon as reasonably possible, members shall conduct sensitive or private communications on a land-based or other office communications network.

## Vehicle Maintenance

### 704.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Employees are responsible for assisting in maintaining Office vehicles so that they are properly equipped, properly maintained, properly refueled and present a clean appearance.

### 704.2 DEFECTIVE VEHICLES

When a office vehicle becomes inoperative or in need of repair that affects the safety of the vehicle, that vehicle shall be removed from service for repair. Proper documentation shall be promptly completed by the employee who first becomes aware of the defective condition. Paperwork, describing the correction needed, shall be promptly forwarded to vehicle maintenance for repair.

#### 704.2.1 DAMAGE OR POOR PERFORMANCE

Vehicles that may have been damaged or perform poorly shall be removed from service for inspections and repairs as soon as practicable.

#### 704.2.2 SEVERE USE

Vehicles operated under severe use conditions, which include operations for which the vehicle is not designed or that exceed the manufacturer's parameters, should be removed from service and subjected to a safety inspection as soon as practicable. Such conditions may include rough roadway or off-road driving, hard or extended braking, pursuits or prolonged high-speed operation.

#### 704.2.3 REMOVAL OF WEAPONS

All firearms, weapons and control devices shall be removed from a vehicle and properly secured in the office armory prior to the vehicle being released for maintenance, service or repair.

### 704.3 VEHICLE EQUIPMENT

Certain items shall be maintained in all Office vehicles for emergency purposes and to perform routine duties.

#### 704.3.1 PATROL VEHICLES

Deputies shall inspect the patrol vehicle at the beginning of the shift and ensure that the following equipment, at a minimum, is present in the vehicle:

- Emergency road flares
- 1 Roll Crime Scene Barricade Tape
- 1 First aid kit, CPR mask
- 1 Blanket
- 1 Fire extinguisher
- 1 Bloodborne pathogen kit, including protective gloves

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Maintenance

---

- 1 Sharps container
- 1 Hazardous waste disposal bag
- 1 Traffic Safety Vest
- 1 Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Handbook
- 1 Evidence collection kit
- 1 Camera

#### **704.3.2 UNMARKED VEHICLES**

An employee driving an unmarked office vehicle shall ensure that the minimum following equipment is present in the vehicle:

- Emergency road flares
- 1 Roll Crime Scene Barricade Tape
- 1 First aid kit, CPR mask
- 1 Blanket
- 1 Bloodborne pathogen kit, including protective gloves
- 1 Sharps container
- 1 Hazardous waste disposal bag
- 1 Traffic Safety Vest
- 1 Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Handbook
- 1 Evidence collection kit
- 1 Camera

#### **704.4 VEHICLE REFUELING**

Absent emergency conditions or supervisor approval, deputies driving patrol vehicles shall not place or operate a vehicle in service that has less than one-quarter tank of fuel. Vehicles shall only be refueled at the authorized location.

#### **704.5 WASHING OF VEHICLES**

All units shall be kept clean at all times and, weather conditions permitting, shall be washed as necessary to enhance their appearance.

Employees using a vehicle shall remove any trash or debris at the end of their shift. Confidential material should be placed in a designated receptacle provided for the shredding of this matter.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Maintenance

---

#### **704.6 NON-SWORN EMPLOYEE USE**

Non-sworn employees using marked vehicles shall ensure all weapons are removed from vehicles before going into service. Non-sworn employees shall also prominently display the "out of service" placards or lightbar covers at all times. Non-sworn employees shall not operate the emergency lights or siren of any vehicle unless expressly authorized by a supervisor.

## Vehicle Use

### 706.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish a system of accountability to ensure office vehicles are used appropriately. This policy provides guidelines for on- and off-duty use of office vehicles and shall not be construed to create or imply any contractual obligation by the County of Storey to provide assigned take-home vehicles.

### 706.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office provides vehicles for office-related business use and may assign patrol and unmarked vehicles based on its determination of operational efficiency, economic impact to the Office, requirements for tactical deployments and other considerations.

### 706.3 USE OF VEHICLES

#### 706.3.1 SHIFT ASSIGNED VEHICLES

Members who use a fleet vehicle as part of their work assignment shall ensure that the vehicle is properly checked out and logged on the daily shift roster, according to current procedures, prior to taking it into service. If for any reason during the shift the vehicle is exchanged, the member shall ensure that the exchanged vehicle is likewise properly noted on the daily shift roster.

Members shall be responsible for inspecting the interior and exterior of any assigned vehicle before taking the vehicle into service and at the conclusion of the shift. Any previously unreported damage, mechanical problems, unauthorized contents or other problems with the vehicle shall be promptly reported to a supervisor and documented as appropriate.

#### 706.3.2 OTHER USE OF VEHICLES

Members utilizing a vehicle for any purpose other than their normally assigned duties or normal vehicle assignment (e.g., transportation to training, community event) shall first notify the Shift Supervisor. A notation will be made on the shift assignment roster indicating the member's name and vehicle number.

This subsection does not apply to those who are assigned to transport vehicles to and from the maintenance yard or car wash.

#### 706.3.3 INSPECTIONS

Members shall be responsible for inspecting the interior and exterior of any assigned vehicle before taking the vehicle into service and at the conclusion of their shifts. Any previously unreported damage, mechanical problems, unauthorized contents or other problems with the vehicle shall be promptly reported to a supervisor and documented as appropriate.

The interior of any vehicle that has been used to transport any person other than a member of this office should be inspected prior to placing another person in the vehicle and again after the

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Use

---

person is removed. This is to ensure that unauthorized or personal items have not been left in the vehicle.

When transporting any suspect, prisoner or arrestee, the transporting member shall search all areas of the vehicle that are accessible by the person before and after that person is transported.

All office vehicles are subject to inspection and/or search at any time by a supervisor without notice and without cause. No member assigned to or operating such vehicle shall be entitled to any expectation of privacy with respect to the vehicle or its contents.

#### 706.3.4 SECURITY AND UNATTENDED VEHICLES

Unattended vehicles should be locked and secured at all times. No key should be left in the vehicle except when it is necessary that the vehicle be left running (e.g., continued activation of emergency lights, canine safety, equipment charging). Deputies who exit a vehicle rapidly in an emergency situation or to engage in a foot pursuit must carefully balance the need to exit the vehicle quickly with the need to secure the vehicle.

Members shall ensure all weapons are secured while the vehicle is unattended.

#### 706.3.5 AUTHORIZED PASSENGERS

Members operating County-owned vehicles shall not permit persons other than County members or persons required to be conveyed in the performance of duty, or as otherwise authorized, to ride as a passenger in their vehicle.

#### 706.3.6 PARKING

Except when responding to an emergency or other urgent official business requires otherwise, members driving County-owned vehicles should obey all parking regulations at all times.

County-owned vehicles should be parked in their assigned stalls. Members shall not park privately owned vehicles in any stall assigned to a County-owned vehicle or in any other areas of the parking lot that are not designated as a parking space unless authorized by a supervisor. Privately-owned motorcycles shall be parked in designated areas.

#### 706.3.7 KEYS

Members approved to operate marked patrol vehicles should be issued a copy of the key as part of their initial equipment distribution. Members who are assigned a specific vehicle should be issued keys for that vehicle.

Members shall not duplicate keys. The loss of a key shall be promptly reported in writing through the member's chain of command.

#### 706.3.8 PRIVACY

All County-owned vehicles are subject to inspection and/or search at any time by a supervisor without notice and without cause. No member assigned to or operating such vehicle shall be entitled to any expectation of privacy with respect to the vehicle or its contents.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Vehicle Use*

---

#### 706.3.9 ALCOHOL

Members who have consumed alcohol are prohibited from operating any office vehicle unless it is required by the duty assignment (e.g., task force, undercover work). Regardless of assignment, members may not violate state law regarding vehicle operation while intoxicated.

#### 706.3.10 ACCESSORIES AND/OR MODIFICATIONS

There shall be no modifications, additions or removal of any equipment or accessories without written permission from the assigned vehicle maintenance coordinator.

#### 706.3.11 NON-SWORN MEMBER USE

Non-sworn members using marked emergency vehicles shall ensure that all weapons have been removed before going into service. Non-sworn members shall not operate the emergency lights or siren of any vehicle unless expressly authorized by a supervisor.

### 706.4 ASSIGNED VEHICLE AGREEMENT

Members who have been assigned a take-home vehicle may only use the vehicle for office-related business. The member must be approved for an assigned vehicle by the and shall sign an agreement that includes the following criteria:

- (a) County-owned vehicles shall not be used for personal errands or other personal business unless approved by a supervisor for exceptional circumstances. The member
- (b) The member may be responsible for ensuring the care and maintenance of the vehicle.
- (c) The vehicle shall be parked in secure off-street parking when parked at the member's residence.
- (d) Vehicles shall be locked when not attended.
- (e) If the vehicle is not secured inside a locked garage, all firearms and kinetic impact weapons shall be removed from the interior of the vehicle and properly secured in the residence (see the Firearms and Qualification Policy regarding safe storage of firearms at home).
- (f) When the member will be away (e.g., on vacation) for periods exceeding one week the vehicle shall be stored in a secure garage at the member's residence or at the appropriate office facility.
- (g) All office identification, portable radios and equipment should be secured.

Members are cautioned that under federal and local tax rules, personal use of a County-owned vehicle may create an income tax liability to the member. Members should address questions regarding tax consequences to their tax advisor.

The assignment of vehicles is at the discretion of the Sheriff. Assigned vehicles may be changed at any time and/or permission to take home a vehicle may be withdrawn at any time.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Use

---

#### 706.4.1 ON-DUTY USE

Vehicle assignments shall be based on the nature of the member's duties, job description and essential functions, and employment or appointment status. Vehicles may be reassigned or utilized by other office members at the discretion of the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

#### 706.4.2 UNSCHEDULED TAKE-HOME USE

Circumstances may arise where office vehicles must be used by members to commute to and from a work assignment. Members may take home office vehicles only with prior approval of a supervisor and shall meet the following criteria:

- (a) The circumstances are unplanned and were created by the needs of the Office.
- (b) Other reasonable transportation options are not available.
- (c) The member lives within a reasonable distance (generally not to exceed a 45-minute drive time) of the Sheriff's Office in Virginia City.
- (d) Off-street parking will be available at the member's residence.
- (e) Vehicles will be locked when not attended.
- (f) All firearms, weapons and control devices will be removed from the interior of the vehicle and properly secured in the residence when the vehicle is not attended, unless the vehicle is parked in a locked garage.

#### 706.4.3 ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS

When driving a take-home vehicle to and from work outside of the jurisdiction of the Storey County Sheriff's Office or while off-duty, a deputy shall not initiate enforcement actions except in those circumstances where a potential threat to life or serious property damage exists (see the Off-Duty Law Enforcement Actions and Law Enforcement Authority policies).

Deputies may render public assistance when it is deemed prudent (e.g., to a stranded motorist).

Deputies driving take-home vehicles shall be armed, appropriately attired and carry their office-issued identification. Deputies should also ensure that office radio communication capabilities are maintained to the extent feasible.

#### 706.4.4 MAINTENANCE

Members are responsible for the cleanliness (exterior and interior) and overall maintenance of their assigned vehicles. Cleaning and maintenance supplies will be provided by the Office. Failure to adhere to these requirements may result in discipline and loss of vehicle assignment. The following should be performed as outlined below:

- (a) Members shall make daily inspections of their assigned vehicles for service/maintenance requirements and damage.
- (b) It is the member's responsibility to ensure that his/her assigned vehicle is maintained according to the established service and maintenance schedule.
- (c) All scheduled vehicle maintenance and car washes shall be performed as necessary at a facility approved by the office vehicle maintenance coordinator.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Vehicle Use

---

- (d) The Office shall be notified of problems with the vehicle and approve any major repairs before they are performed.
- (e) When leaving the vehicle at the maintenance facility, the member will complete a vehicle repair card explaining the service or repair, and leave it on the seat or dash.
- (f) All weapons shall be removed from any vehicle left for maintenance.
- (g) Supervisors shall make, at a minimum, monthly inspections of vehicles assigned to members under their command to ensure the vehicles are being maintained in accordance with this policy.

#### **706.5 UNMARKED VEHICLES**

Unmarked vehicles are assigned to various divisions and their use is restricted to the respective division and the assigned member, unless otherwise approved by a supervisor. Any member operating an unmarked vehicle shall record vehicle usage on the sign-out log maintained in the division for that purpose. Any use of unmarked vehicles by those who are not assigned to the division to which the vehicle is assigned shall also be recorded with the Shift Supervisor on the shift assignment roster.

#### **706.6 DAMAGE, ABUSE AND MISUSE**

When any office vehicle is involved in a traffic crash or otherwise incurs damage, the involved member shall promptly notify a supervisor. Any traffic crash report shall be filed with the agency having jurisdiction (see the Traffic Crash Response and Reporting Policy).

Damage to any office vehicle that was not caused by a traffic crash shall be immediately reported during the shift in which the damage was discovered, documented in memorandum format and forwarded to the Shift Supervisor. An administrative investigation should be initiated to determine if there has been any vehicle abuse or misuse.

#### **706.7 ATTIRE AND APPEARANCE**

When operating any office vehicle while off-duty, members may dress in a manner appropriate for their intended activity. Whenever in view of or in contact with the public, attire and appearance, regardless of the activity, should be suitable to reflect positively upon the Office.

---

## Cash Handling, Security and Management

### 708.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines to ensure office members handle cash appropriately in the performance of their duties.

This policy does not address cash-handling issues specific to the Property and Evidence and Informants policies.

### 708.2 PETTY CASH FUNDS

The Sheriff shall designate a person as the fund manager responsible for maintaining and managing the petty cash fund.

Each petty cash fund requires the creation and maintenance of an accurate and current transaction ledger and the filing of invoices, receipts, cash transfer forms and expense reports by the fund manager.

### 708.3 PETTY CASH TRANSACTIONS

The fund manager shall document all transactions on the ledger and other appropriate forms. Each person participating in the transaction shall sign or otherwise validate the ledger, attesting to the accuracy of the entry. Transactions should include the filing of an appropriate receipt, invoice or cash transfer form. Transactions that are not documented by a receipt, invoice or cash transfer form require an expense report.

### 708.4 PETTY CASH AUDITS

The fund manager shall perform an audit no less than once every six months. This audit requires that the manager and at least one other command staff member, selected by the Sheriff, review the ledger and verify the accuracy of the accounting. The fund manager and the participating member shall sign or otherwise validate the ledger attesting to the accuracy of all documentation and fund accounting. A discrepancy in the audit requires documentation by those performing the audit and immediate reporting of the discrepancy to the Sheriff.

Transference of fund management to another member shall require a separate petty cash audit and involve a command staff member.

A separate audit of each petty cash fund should be completed on a random date, approximately once each year by the Sheriff or the County.

### 708.5 ROUTINE CASH HANDLING

Those who handle cash as part of their property or Investigations supervisor duties shall discharge those duties in accordance with the Property and Evidence and Informants policies. Members who routinely accept payment for office services shall discharge those duties in accordance with the procedures established for those tasks.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Cash Handling, Security and Management*

---

### **708.6 OTHER CASH HANDLING**

Members of the Office who, within the course of their duties, are in possession of cash that is not their property or is outside their defined cash-handling responsibilities shall, as soon as practicable, verify the amount, summon another member to verify their accounting, and process the cash for safekeeping or as evidence or found property, in accordance with the Property and Evidence and Informants policies.

Cash in excess of \$1,000 requires immediate notification of a supervisor, special handling, verification and accounting by the supervisor. Each member involved in this process shall complete an appropriate report or record entry.

### **708.7 POLICY**

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to properly handle and document cash transactions and to maintain accurate records of cash transactions in order to protect the integrity of office operations and ensure the public trust.

## Personal Protective Equipment

### 709.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy identifies the different types of personal protective equipment (PPE) provided by the Office as well the requirements and guidelines for the use of PPE.

This policy does not address ballistic vests or protection from communicable disease, as those issues are addressed in the Body Armor and Communicable Diseases policies.

#### 709.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Personal protective equipment (PPE)** - Equipment that protects a person from serious workplace injuries or illnesses resulting from contact with chemical, radiological, physical, electrical, mechanical or other workplace hazards.

**Respiratory PPE** - Any device that is worn by the user to protect from exposure to atmospheres where there is smoke, low levels of oxygen, high levels of carbon monoxide, or the presence of toxic gases or other respiratory hazards. For purposes of this policy, respiratory PPE does not include particulate-filtering masks such as N95 or N100 masks.

### 709.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office endeavors to protect members by supplying certain PPE to members as provided in this policy.

### 709.3 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITIES

Members are required to use PPE as provided in this policy and pursuant to their training.

Members are responsible for proper maintenance and storage of issued PPE. PPE should be stored in an appropriate location so that it is available when needed.

Any member who identifies hazards in the workplace is encouraged to utilize the procedures in the Workplace Safety Policy to recommend new or improved PPE or additional needs for PPE.

### 709.4 HEARING PROTECTION

Approved hearing protection shall be used by members during firearms training.

Hearing protection shall meet or exceed the requirements provided in NRS 618.295 and 29 CFR 1910.95.

### 709.5 EYE PROTECTION

Approved eye protection, including side protection, shall be used by members during firearms training. Eye protection for members who wear prescription lenses shall incorporate the prescription (e.g., eye protection that can be worn over prescription lenses). Members shall ensure their eye protection does not interfere with the fit of their hearing protection.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personal Protective Equipment

---

The Rangemaster shall ensure eye protection meets or exceeds the requirements provided in NRS 618.295 and 29 CFR 1910.133.

#### **709.6 HEAD AND BODY PROTECTION**

Members who make arrests or control crowds should be provided ballistic head protection with an attachable face shield.

Padded body protection consisting of chest, arm, leg and groin protection should be provided as required by any collective bargaining agreement.

#### **709.7 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

The Administration Division Commander is responsible for ensuring a respiratory protection plan is developed and maintained by a trained and qualified member. The plan shall include procedures for (NRS 618.295; 29 CFR 1910.134):

- (a) Selecting appropriate respiratory PPE based on hazards and risks associated with functions or positions.
- (b) Fit testing, including identification of members or contractors qualified to conduct fit testing.
- (c) Medical evaluations.
- (d) PPE inventory control.
- (e) PPE issuance and replacement.
- (f) Cleaning, disinfecting, storing, inspecting, repairing, discarding and otherwise maintaining respiratory PPE, including schedules for these activities.
- (g) Regularly reviewing the PPE plan.
- (h) Remaining current with applicable National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Environmental Protective Agency (EPA) and state PPE standards and guidelines.

##### **709.7.1 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION USE**

Designated members may be issued respiratory PPE based on the member's assignment (e.g., a narcotics investigator who is involved in clandestine lab investigations).

Respiratory PPE may be worn when authorized by a scene commander who will determine the type and level of protection appropriate at a scene based upon an evaluation of the hazards present.

Scene commanders are responsible for monitoring members using respiratory PPE and their degree of exposure or stress. When there is a change in work area conditions or when a member's degree of exposure or stress may affect respirator effectiveness, the scene commander shall reevaluate the continued effectiveness of the respirator and direct the member to leave the respirator use area when the scene commander reasonably believes (NRS 618.295; 29 CFR 1910.134):

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personal Protective Equipment

---

- (a) It is necessary for the member to wash his/her face and the respirator facepiece to prevent eye or skin irritation associated with respirator use.
- (b) The member detects vapor or gas breakthrough, or there is a change in breathing resistance or leakage of the facepiece.
- (c) The member needs to replace the respirator, filter, cartridge or canister.

#### 709.7.2 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Members shall not use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), full-face respirators or cartridge respirators unless they have completed training requirements for the equipment.

Members exposed to environments that are reasonably known to be harmful due to gases, smoke or vapors shall use respiratory PPE.

Members using respiratory PPE shall (NRS 618.295; 29 CFR 1910.134):

- (a) Ensure that they have no facial hair between the sealing surface of the facepiece and the face that could interfere with the seal or the valve function. Members also shall ensure that they have no other condition that will interfere with the face-to-facepiece seal or the valve function.
- (b) Not wear corrective glasses, goggles or other PPE that interferes with the seal of the facepiece to the face, or that has not been previously tested for use with that respiratory equipment.
- (c) Perform a user seal check per office-approved procedures recommended by the respirator manufacturer each time they put on a tight-fitting respirator.
- (d) Leave a respiratory use area whenever they detect vapor or gas breakthrough, changes in breathing resistance or leakage of their facepiece and ensure that the respirator is replaced or repaired before returning to the affected area.

#### 709.7.3 GAS MASKS

Full-face air-purifying respirators, commonly referred to as gas masks, may be fitted with mechanical pre-filters or combination cartridge/filter assemblies for use in areas where gases, vapors, dusts, fumes or mists are present. Members must identify and use the correct cartridge based on the circumstances (NRS 618.295; 29 CFR 1910.134).

A scene commander may order the use of gas masks in situations where the use of a SCBA is not necessary. These incidents may include areas where tear gas has or will be used or where a vegetation fire is burning. Gas masks shall not be used if there is a potential for an oxygen-deficient atmosphere.

Members shall ensure their gas mask filters are replaced whenever:

- (a) They smell, taste or are irritated by a contaminant.
- (b) They experience difficulty breathing due to filter loading.
- (c) The cartridges or filters become wet.
- (d) The expiration date on the cartridges or canisters has been reached.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personal Protective Equipment

---

#### 709.7.4 SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS

Scene commanders may direct members to use SCBA when entering an atmosphere that may pose an immediate threat to life, would cause irreversible adverse health effects or would impair an individual's ability to escape from a dangerous atmosphere. These situations may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Entering the hot zone of a hazardous materials incident.
- (b) Entering any area where contaminant levels may become unsafe without warning, or any situation where exposures cannot be identified or reasonably estimated.
- (c) Entering a smoke- or chemical-filled area.

The use of SCBA should not cease until approved by a scene commander.

#### 709.7.5 RESPIRATOR FIT TESTING

No member shall be issued respiratory PPE until a proper fit testing has been completed by a designated member or contractor (NRS 618.295; 29 CFR 1910.134).

After initial testing, fit testing for respiratory PPE shall be repeated (NRS 618.295; 29 CFR 1910.134):

- (a) At least once every 12 months.
- (b) Whenever there are changes in the type of SCBA or facepiece used.
- (c) Whenever there are significant physical changes in the user (e.g., obvious change in body weight, scarring of the face seal area, dental changes, cosmetic surgery or any other condition that may affect the fit of the facepiece seal).

All respirator fit testing shall be conducted in negative-pressure mode.

#### 709.7.6 RESPIRATORY MEDICAL EVALUATION QUESTIONNAIRE

No member shall be issued respiratory protection that forms a complete seal around the face until (NRS 618.295; 29 CFR 1910.134):

- (a) The member has completed a medical evaluation that includes a medical evaluation questionnaire.
- (b) A physician or other licensed health care professional has reviewed the questionnaire.
- (c) The member has completed any physical examination recommended by the reviewing physician or health care professional.

#### 709.8 RECORDS

The Training Sergeant is responsible for maintaining records of all:

- (a) PPE training.
- (b) Initial fit testing for respiratory protection equipment.
- (c) Annual fit testing.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personal Protective Equipment

---

(d) Respirator medical evaluation questionnaires and any subsequent physical examination results.

1. These records shall be maintained in a separate confidential medical file.

The records shall be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule, NRS 618.295, and 29 CFR 1910.1020.

#### **709.9 TRAINING**

Members should be trained in the respiratory and other hazards to which they may be potentially exposed during routine and emergency situations.

All members shall be trained in the proper use and maintenance of PPE issued to them, including when the use is appropriate; how to put on, remove and adjust PPE; how to care for the PPE; and the limitations (NRS 618.295; 29 CFR 1910.132).

Members issued respiratory PPE shall attend annual training on the proper use of respiratory protection devices (NRS 613.295; 29 CFR 1910.134).

## Chapter 8 - Support Services

---

## Crime Analysis

### 800.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Crime analysis should provide currently useful information to aid operational personnel in meeting their tactical crime control and prevention objectives by identifying and analyzing methods of operation of individual criminals, providing crime pattern recognition and providing analysis of data from field interrogations and arrests. Crime analysis can be useful to the Office's long range planning efforts by providing estimates of future crime trends and assisting in the identification of enforcement priorities.

### 800.2 DATA SOURCES

Crime analysis data is extracted from many sources including, but not limited to:

- Crime reports
- Field Interview cards
- Parole and Probation records
- Computer Aided Dispatch data
- Department of Public Safety - Crime Records Service

### 800.3 CRIME ANALYSIS FACTORS

The following minimum criteria should be used in collecting data for Crime Analysis:

- Frequency by type of crime
- Geographic factors
- Temporal factors
- Victim and target descriptors
- Suspect descriptors
- Suspect vehicle descriptors
- Modus operandi factors
- Physical evidence information

### 800.4 CRIME ANALYSIS DISSEMINATION

For a crime analysis system to function effectively, information should be disseminated to the appropriate units or persons on a timely basis. Information that is relevant to the operational and tactical plans of specific line units should be sent directly to them. Information relevant to the development of the Office's strategic plans should be provided to the appropriate staff units. When information pertains to tactical and strategic plans, it should be provided to all affected units.

## Property and Evidence

### 804.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides for the proper collection, storage and security of evidence and other property. Additionally, this policy provides for the protection of the chain of evidence and identifies those persons authorized to remove and/or destroy property.

#### 804.1.1 PROPERTY AND EVIDENCE SECTION SECURITY

The Property and Evidence Section shall maintain secure storage and control of all property necessitating custody by the Office. The Evidence Custodian reports to the Investigation Division supervisor and is responsible for the security of the Property and Evidence Section. Property and Evidence Section keys are maintained only by the Evidence Custodian and the Investigation Division supervisor. An additional key is in a sealed and initialed envelope maintained in the safe in the Sheriff's Office. The Evidence Custodian and the Investigation Division supervisor shall not loan Property and Evidence Section keys to anyone and shall maintain keys in a secure manner.

Any individual entering the Property and Evidence Section other than the Evidence Custodian must be accompanied by the Evidence Custodian or the Investigation Division supervisor and must sign in and out on the logbook provided giving date and time of entry and exit, purpose including specific case or property number and be initialed by the accompanying individual.

### 804.2 DEFINITIONS

**Property** - Includes all items of evidence, items taken for safekeeping and found property.

**Evidence** - Includes items taken or recovered in the course of an investigation that may be used in the prosecution of a case. This includes photographs and latent fingerprints.

**Safekeeping** - Includes the following types of property:

- Property obtained by the Office for safekeeping such as a firearm.
- Personal property of an arrestee not taken as evidence.
- Property taken for safekeeping under authority of a law.

**Found Property** - Includes property found by an employee or citizen that has no apparent evidentiary value and where the owner cannot be readily identified or contacted.

### 804.3 PROPERTY HANDLING

Any employee who first comes into possession of any property, shall retain such property in his/her possession until it is properly tagged and placed in the designated property locker or storage room along with the property form. Care shall be taken to maintain the chain of custody for all evidence.

Where ownership can be established as to found property with no apparent evidentiary value, such property may be released to the owner without the need for booking. The property form must be completed to document the release of property not booked and the owner shall sign the form acknowledging receipt of the item(s).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Property and Evidence*

---

#### 804.3.1 PROPERTY BOOKING PROCEDURE

All property must be booked prior to the employee going off-duty. Employees booking property shall observe the following guidelines:

- (a) Complete the property form describing each item of property separately, listing all serial numbers, owner's name, finder's name and other identifying information or markings.
- (b) The employee shall mark each item of evidence with initials and date.
- (c) Complete an evidence/property tag and attach it to each package or envelope in which the property is stored.
- (d) Place the case number in the upper right hand corner or appropriate field of the evidence/property tag.
- (e) The original property form shall be submitted with the case report. A copy shall be placed with the property in the temporary property locker or with the property if property is stored somewhere other than a property locker.
- (f) When the property is too large to be placed in a temporary property locker, the item may be temporarily stored in any office supply room or other location that can be secured from unauthorized entry. The location shall be secured to prevent entry and a completed property form placed into a numbered property locker indicating the location of the property.

#### 804.3.2 NARCOTICS AND DANGEROUS DRUGS

All narcotics and dangerous drugs shall be booked separately using a separate property record. Drug and narcotics paraphernalia shall also be booked separately.

The deputy seizing the narcotics and dangerous drugs shall place them in the designated temporary property locker accompanied by two copies of the form for the Records Section and detectives. The original will be detached and submitted with the case report.

#### 804.3.3 EXPLOSIVES

Deputies who encounter a suspected explosive device shall promptly notify their immediate supervisor or in his/her absence, the most readily available supervisor. The bomb squad will be called to handle explosive-related incidents and will be responsible for the handling, storage, sampling and disposal of all-suspected explosives.

Explosives will not be retained in the sheriff's facility. Only fireworks that are considered stable and safe and road flares or similar signaling devices may be booked into property. All such items shall be stored in proper containers and in an area designated for the storage of flammable materials. The Evidence Custodian is responsible for transporting to the Fire Department, on a regular basis, any fireworks or signaling devices that are not retained as evidence.

#### 804.3.4 EXCEPTIONAL HANDLING

Certain property items require a separate process. The following items shall be processed in the described manner:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Property and Evidence

---

- (a) Bodily fluids such as blood or semen stains shall be air dried prior to booking.
- (b) License plates found not to be stolen or connected with a known crime, should be released directly to the Evidence Custodian or placed in the designated container for return to the Nevada Department of Motor Vehicles. No formal property booking process is required.
- (c) All bicycles and bicycle frames require a property record. Property tags will be securely attached to each bicycle or bicycle frame. The property may be released directly to the Evidence Custodian, or placed in the bicycle storage area until a Evidence Custodian can log the property.
- (d) All cash shall be counted in the presence of another deputy and the envelope initialed by both deputies. A supervisor shall be contacted for cash in excess of \$1,000 who shall also witness the count, initial and date the property form and specify any additional security procedures to be used.
- (e) All evidence collected by personnel processing a crime scene requiring specific storage requirements pursuant to laboratory procedures should clearly indicate storage requirements on the property form.

County property, unless connected to a known criminal case, should be released directly to the appropriate County department. No formal booking is required. In cases where no responsible person can be located, the property should be booked for safekeeping in the normal manner.

#### **804.4 PACKAGING OF PROPERTY**

Packaging will conform to the Property Packaging Procedures. Certain items require special consideration and shall be booked separately as follows:

- (a) Narcotics and dangerous drugs.
- (b) Firearms (ensure they are unloaded and booked separately from ammunition).
- (c) Property with more than one known owner.
- (d) Drug and narcotics paraphernalia.
- (e) Fireworks.
- (f) Contraband.

##### **804.4.1 PACKAGING CONTAINER**

Employees shall package all property, except narcotics and dangerous drugs in a suitable container available for its size. Knife boxes should be used to package knives, handgun boxes should be used for handguns and syringe tubes should be used to package syringes and needles.

A property tag shall be securely attached to the outside of all items or group of items packaged together.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Property and Evidence

---

#### **804.4.2 PACKAGING NARCOTICS**

The deputy seizing narcotics and dangerous drugs shall retain such property in their possession until it is properly weighed, packaged, tagged and placed in the designated narcotics locker. Prior to packaging and if the quantity allows, a presumptive test should be made on all suspected narcotics. If conducted, the results of this test shall be included in the deputy's report.

Narcotics and dangerous drugs shall be packaged in an envelope of appropriate size available in the property room. The booking deputy shall initial the sealed envelope and the initials covered with cellophane tape. Narcotics and dangerous drugs shall not be packaged with other property.

The booking deputy shall weigh the suspected narcotics or dangerous drugs in the container in which it was seized and a full description of the item along with packaging and total weight of the item as seized will be placed in the case report and on the property form. After packaging and sealing as required, the entire package will be weighed and the Gross Package Weight (GPW) will be written on the outside of the package, initialed and dated by the packaging deputy.

The GPW will be verified every time the package is checked in or out of the Property and Evidence Section and any discrepancies noted on the outside of the package. Any change in weight should be immediately reported to the Investigations supervisor.

A completed property tag shall be attached to the outside of the container. The chain of evidence shall be recorded on the back of this tag.

#### **804.4.3 RIGHT OF REFUSAL**

The Evidence Custodian has the right to refuse any piece of property which is not properly documented or packaged. Should the Evidence Custodian refuse an item of property, he/she shall maintain secure custody of the item in a temporary locker and inform the supervisor of the submitting deputy.

#### **804.5 RECORDING OF PROPERTY**

The Evidence Custodian receiving custody of evidence or property shall create a property control card for each piece of property received. The property control card will be the permanent record of the property in the Property and Evidence Section. The Evidence Custodian will record his/her signature, Gross Package Weight if narcotics evidence, the date and time the property was received and where the property will be stored on the property control card.

A property logbook shall be maintained and a unique property number created for each piece of property received. The logbook shall record by property number, the date received, case number, tag number, item description, item location and date disposed. A unique property number shall be obtained for each item or group of items from the logbook. This number shall be recorded on the property tag and the property control card.

Any changes in the location of property held by the Storey County Sheriff's Office shall be noted in the property logbook.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Property and Evidence

---

#### **804.6 PROPERTY CONTROL**

Each time the Evidence Custodian receives property or releases property to another person, he/she shall enter this information in the property log. Deputies desiring property for court shall contact the Evidence Custodian at least one day prior to the court day.

##### **804.6.1 RESPONSIBILITY OF OTHER PERSONNEL**

Every time property is released or received, an appropriate entry on the evidence package shall be completed to maintain the chain of possession. No property or evidence is to be released without first receiving written authorization from a detective or command level officer.

Request for analysis for items other than narcotics or drugs shall be completed on the appropriate forms and submitted to the Evidence Custodian. This request may be filled out any time after booking of the property or evidence.

##### **804.6.2 TRANSFER OF EVIDENCE TO CRIME LABORATORY**

The transporting employee will check the evidence out of property, indicating the date and time on the property control card and the request for laboratory analysis.

The Evidence Custodian releasing the evidence must complete the required information on the property control card and the evidence. The lab forms will be transported with the property to the examining laboratory. Upon delivering the item involved, the deputy will record the delivery time on both copies and indicate the locker in which the item was placed or the employee to whom it was delivered. The original copy of the lab form will remain with the evidence and the copy will be returned to the Records Section for filing with the case.

##### **804.6.3 STATUS OF PROPERTY**

Each person receiving property will make the appropriate entry to document the chain of evidence. Temporary release of property to deputies for investigative purposes, or for court, shall be noted on the property log, stating the date, time, and to whom released and for what purpose.

Any employee receiving property shall be responsible for such property until it is properly returned to property or properly released to another authorized person or entity.

The return of the property should be recorded on the property log, indicating date, time and the person who returned the property. If property is admitted as evidence by the court, the deputy responsible for the evidence shall as soon as possible after the conclusion of court, make note in the property log that the property was retained by the court.

##### **804.6.4 AUTHORITY TO RELEASE PROPERTY**

The Evidence Custodian shall not release any property without a signed authorization from an appropriate authorized member of the Office. The Investigation Unit shall authorize the disposition or release of all evidence and property coming into the care and custody of the Office.

For property in custody of the Office for investigatory or prosecutorial purposes and owned by a victim or witness, a Evidence Custodian shall, upon the request of the owner (NRS 178.5696):

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Property and Evidence

---

- (a) Provide a list describing the property unless such release would seriously impede an investigation.
- (b) Return the property expeditiously unless the property is required as evidence.

Upon the direction of a prosecuting attorney, property held as evidence of a crime may be photographed and released to the owner of the property (NRS 52.385).

#### 804.6.5 RELEASE OF PROPERTY

All reasonable attempts shall be made to identify the rightful owner of found property or evidence not needed for an investigation.

Release of property shall be made upon receipt of an authorized release form, listing the name and address of the person to whom the property is to be released. The release authorization shall be signed by the authorizing supervisor or detective and must conform to the items listed on the property form or must specify the specific item(s) to be released. Release of all property shall be documented on the property form.

With the exception of firearms and other property specifically regulated by statute, found property and property held for safekeeping shall be held for a minimum of 90 days. During such period, property personnel shall attempt to contact the rightful owner by telephone and/or mail when sufficient identifying information is available. Property not held for any other purpose and not claimed within 90 days after notification (or receipt, if notification is not feasible) may be auctioned to the highest bidder at a properly published public auction. If such property is not sold at auction or otherwise lawfully claimed, it may thereafter be destroyed. The final disposition of all such property shall be fully documented in related reports.

The Evidence Custodian shall release the property upon proper identification being presented by the owner for which an authorized release has been received. A signature of the person receiving the property shall be recorded on the original property form. Upon release or other form of disposal, the proper entry shall be documented in the Property Log.

#### 804.6.6 STOLEN OR EMBEZZLED PROPERTY

Stolen or embezzled property or property believed to be stolen or embezzled in the custody of this office shall be restored to the owner (NRS 205.290). Such property:

- (a) May only be released from law enforcement custody upon the order of a magistrate (NRS 179.125; NRS 179.135). Such property requires (NRS 179.165(1)):
  - 1. Reasonable attempts to discover the identity of the owner.
  - 2. Notification to the owner, if identified, by letter of the location of the property.
  - 3. Information to the owner, if identified, on claiming the property.
- (b) Obtained from a pawnbroker pursuant to NRS 646.047 additionally requires this office to notify the pawnbroker by certified or registered mail of a decision not to pursue charges, a conviction, or any other termination of the case (NRS 179.165(3); NRS 179.165(4)).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Property and Evidence

---

(c) Upon order of a magistrate, shall be restored to the owner (NRS 179.155).

#### 804.6.7 DISPUTED CLAIMS TO PROPERTY

Occasionally more than one party may claim an interest in property being held by the office, and the legal rights of the parties cannot be clearly established. Such property shall not be released until one party has obtained a valid court order or other undisputed right to the involved property.

All parties should be advised that their claims are civil and in extreme situations, legal counsel for the Office may wish to file an interpleader to resolve the disputed claim.

#### 804.6.8 RELEASE AND DISPOSAL OF FIREARMS

A firearm may not be released until it has been verified that the person receiving the weapon is not prohibited from receiving or possessing the weapon by 18 USC § 922 (d) or NRS 202.360.

The notification required for stolen or embezzled firearms is limited to an identified owner and notification of the location and process for claiming the firearm (NRS 179.165(2)).

#### 804.6.9 DISPOSAL OF CERTAIN SUBSTANCES

The Office may, with prior approval of the prosecuting attorney, petition the district court for permission to destroy a part of a substance it has seized that is alleged to be a controlled substance, dangerous drug or immediate precursor following the process outlined in NRS 52.395. If the substance is alleged to be marijuana, the Office may destroy any amount of the substance that exceeds 10 pounds following the procedures outlined in NRS 52.400.

#### 804.7 DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY

All property not held for evidence in a pending criminal investigation or proceeding, and held for six months or longer where the owner has not been located or fails to claim the property, may be disposed of in compliance with existing laws upon receipt of proper authorization for disposal. The Evidence Custodian shall request a disposition or status on all property which has been held in excess of 120 days and for which no disposition has been received from the case deputy or the District Attorney.

##### 804.7.1 EXCEPTIONAL DISPOSITIONS

The following types of property shall be destroyed or disposed of in the manner, and at the time prescribed by law, unless a different disposition is ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction:

- Weapons declared by law to be nuisances.
- Animals, birds and equipment related to their care and containment that have been ordered forfeited by the court.
- Counterfeiting equipment.
- Gaming devices.
- Obscene matter ordered to be destroyed by the court.
- Altered vehicles or component parts.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Property and Evidence

---

- Narcotics.
- Unclaimed, stolen or embezzled property.
- Destructive devices.

#### **804.7.2 UNCLAIMED MONEY**

If found or seized money is no longer required as evidence and remains unclaimed after one year, the money is presumed abandoned property and is distributable (NRS 120A.500(1)(j)).

The State may take custody of abandoned money pursuant to NRS 120A.530 and the Office is required to pay or deliver to the State Treasurer money that is abandoned property (NRS 120A.570). The state may also decline to receive payment or delivery of such property (NRS 120A.660).

#### **804.7.3 PRESERVATION OF BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE**

The Property and Evidence Section Supervisor shall ensure that no biological evidence held by the Office is destroyed without adequate notification to the following persons, when applicable:

- (a) The defendant
- (b) The defendant's attorney
- (c) The appropriate prosecutor
- (d) Any sexual assault victim
- (e) The Investigation Division supervisor

Biological evidence shall be retained for a minimum period established by law (NRS 176.0912), the Property and Evidence Section Supervisor or the expiration of any sentence imposed related to the evidence, whichever time period is greater. Following the retention period, notifications should be made by certified mail and should inform the recipient that the evidence will be destroyed after a date specified in the notice unless a motion seeking an order to retain the sample is filed and served on the Office within 90 days of the date of the notification. A record of all certified mail receipts shall be retained in the appropriate file. Any objection to, or motion regarding, the destruction of the biological evidence should be retained in the appropriate file and a copy forwarded to the Investigation Division supervisor.

Biological evidence related to a homicide shall be retained indefinitely and may only be destroyed with the written approval of the Sheriff and the head of the applicable prosecutor's office.

#### **804.8 INSPECTIONS OF THE PROPERTY AND EVIDENCE SECTION**

On a monthly basis, the Investigation Division supervisor shall inspect the evidence storage facilities and practices to ensure adherence to appropriate policies and procedures.

- (a) Unannounced inspections of evidence storage areas shall be conducted annually as directed by the Sheriff.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Property and Evidence*

---

- (b) An annual audit of evidence held by the Office shall be conducted by a Division Commander not routinely or directly connected with evidence control, as assigned by the Sheriff.
- (c) Whenever a change is made in personnel who have access to the Property and Evidence Section, an inventory of all evidence/property shall be made by an individual(s) not associated to the Property and Evidence Section or function to ensure that records are correct and all evidence property is accounted for.

---

## Records Section Procedures

### 806.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes the guidelines for the operational functions of the Storey County Sheriff's Office Records Section. The policy addresses office file access and internal requests for case reports.

### 806.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to maintain office records securely, professionally and efficiently.

### 806.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 806.3.1 RECORDS MANAGER

The Sheriff shall appoint and delegate certain responsibilities to a Records Manager. The Records Manager shall be directly responsible to the Chief Deputy or the authorized designee.

The responsibilities of the Records Manager include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Overseeing the efficient and effective operation of the Records Section.
- (b) Scheduling and maintaining Records Section time records.
- (c) Supervising, training and evaluating Records Section staff.
- (d) Maintaining and updating a Records Section procedure manual.
- (e) Ensuring compliance with established policies and procedures.
- (f) Supervising the access, use and release of protected information (see the Protected Information Policy).
- (g) Establishing security and access protocols for case reports designated as sensitive, where additional restrictions to access have been implemented. Sensitive reports may include, but are not limited to:
  1. Homicides
  2. Cases involving office members or public officials
  3. Any case where restricted access is prudent

#### 806.3.2 RECORDS SECTION

The responsibilities of the Records Section include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Maintaining a records management system for case reports.
  1. The records management system should include a process for numbering, identifying, tracking and retrieving case reports.
- (b) Entering case report information into the records management system.
  1. Modification of case reports shall only be made when authorized by a supervisor.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Records Section Procedures*

---

- (c) Providing members of the Office with access to case reports when needed for investigation or court proceedings.
- (d) Maintaining compliance with federal, state and local regulations regarding reporting requirements of crime statistics.
- (e) Maintaining compliance with federal, state and local regulations regarding criminal history reports and auditing.
- (f) Identifying missing case reports and notifying the responsible member's supervisor.

#### **806.4 FILE ACCESS AND SECURITY**

The security of files in the Records Section must be a high priority and shall be maintained as mandated by state or federal law. All case reports including, but not limited to, initial, supplemental, follow-up, evidence and any other reports related to a sheriff's office case, including field interview (FI) cards, criminal history records and publicly accessible logs, shall be maintained in a secure area within the Records Section, and accessible only by authorized members of the Records Section. Access to case reports or files when Records Section staff is not available may be obtained through the Shift Supervisor.

The Records Section will also maintain a secure file for case reports deemed by the Sheriff as sensitive or otherwise requiring extraordinary access restrictions.

##### **806.4.1 ORIGINAL CASE REPORTS**

Generally, original case reports shall not be removed from the Records Section. Should an original case report be needed for any reason, the requesting office member shall first obtain authorization from the Records Manager. All original case reports removed from the Records Section shall be recorded on a designated report check-out log, which shall be the only authorized manner by which an original case report may be removed from the Records Section.

All original case reports to be removed from the Records Section shall be photocopied and the photocopy retained in the file location of the original case report until the original is returned to the Records Section. The photocopied report shall be shredded upon return of the original report to the file.

##### **806.5 CONFIDENTIALITY**

Records Section staff has access to information that may be confidential or sensitive in nature. Records Section staff shall not access, view or distribute, or allow anyone else to access, view or distribute any record, file or report, whether in hard copy or electronic file format, or any other confidential, protected or sensitive information except in accordance with the Records Maintenance and Release and Protected Information policies and the Records Section procedure manual.

## Restoration of Firearm Serial Numbers

### 808.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The primary purpose for restoring firearm serial numbers is to determine the prior owners or origin of the item from which the number has been recovered. Thus, property can be returned to rightful owners or investigations can be initiated to curb illegal trade of contraband firearms. The purpose of this policy is to develop standards, methodologies and safety protocols for the recovery of obliterated serial numbers from firearms and other objects using procedures that are accepted as industry standards in the forensic community. All personnel who are involved in the restoration of serial numbers will observe the following guidelines.

### 808.2 PROCEDURE

Any firearm coming into the possession of the Storey County Sheriff's Office as evidence and found property, where the serial numbers have been removed or obliterated will be processed in the following manner:

#### 808.2.1 PRELIMINARY FIREARM EXAMINATION

- (a) Always keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction. Be sure the firearm is in an unloaded condition. This includes removal of the ammunition source (e.g., the detachable magazine, contents of the tabular magazine) as well as the chamber contents.
- (b) If the firearm is corroded shut or in a condition that would preclude inspection of the chamber contents, treat the firearm as if it is loaded. Make immediate arrangements for a firearms examiner or other qualified examiner to render the firearm safe.
- (c) Accurately document the condition of the gun when received. Note the positions of the various components such as the safeties, cylinder, magazine, slide and hammer. Accurately record/document cylinder chamber and magazine contents. Package the ammunition separately.
- (d) If the firearm is to be processed for fingerprints or trace evidence, process before the serial number restoration is attempted. First record/document important aspects such as halos on the revolver cylinder face or other relevant evidence that might be obscured by the fingerprinting chemicals.

#### 808.2.2 PROPERTY BOOKING PROCEDURE

Any employee taking possession of a firearm with removed or obliterated serial numbers shall book the firearm into property following standard procedures. The employee booking the firearm shall indicate on the property form that serial numbers have been removed or obliterated.

#### 808.2.3 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITY

The Evidence Custodian receiving a firearm when the serial numbers have been removed or obliterated shall arrange for the firearm to be transported to the Crime Laboratory, for restoration and maintain the chain of evidence.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Restoration of Firearm Serial Numbers*

---

#### **808.2.4 DOCUMENTATION**

Case reports should be prepared in order to document the chain of custody and the initial examination and handling of evidence from the time it is received or collected until it is released.

This report must include a record of the manner in which and/or from whom the firearm was received. This may appear on the request form or property form depending on the type of evidence.

#### **808.2.5 FIREARM TRACE**

After the serial number has been restored (or partially restored) by the crime laboratory, a Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) National Tracing Center (NTC) Obliterated Serial Number Trace Request Form (ATF 3312.1-OBL) will be completed and forwarded to the National Tracing Center in Falling Waters, West Virginia, or the data may be entered into the ATF eTrace system.

#### **808.3 OTHER CONSIDERATIONS**

Exemplar bullets and cartridge cases from the firearm, depending upon acceptance criteria and protocol, may be submitted to the ATF National Integrated Ballistic Information Network (NIBIN) which uses the Integrated Ballistic Identification System (IBIS) technology to search the national database and compare with ballistic evidence recovered from other crime scenes.

## Records Maintenance and Release

### 810.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance on the maintenance and release of office records. Protected information is separately covered in the Protected Information Policy.

### 810.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office is committed to providing public access to records in a manner that is consistent with the Nevada Open Records Act (NRS 239.001 et seq.).

### 810.3 CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS RESPONSIBILITIES

The Sheriff shall designate a Custodian of Records. The responsibilities of the Custodian of Records include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Managing the records management system for the Office, including the retention, archiving, release and destruction of office public records (NRS 239.124; NRS 239.125).
- (b) Maintaining and updating the office records retention schedule including:
  1. Identifying the minimum length of time the Office must keep records.
  2. Identifying the office division responsible for the original record.
- (c) Establishing rules regarding the inspection and copying of office public records as reasonably necessary for the protection of such records.
- (d) Identifying records or portions of records that are confidential under state or federal law and not open for inspection or copying.
- (e) Establishing rules regarding the processing of subpoenas for the production of records.
- (f) Ensuring a current schedule of fees for public records as allowed by law is available (NRS 239.052).
- (g) Preparing and making available to the public a description of the basic rights of a person who requests public information, the responsibilities of the Office and the procedures, including the cost of inspecting or obtaining copies (NRS 239.052).

### 810.4 PROCESSING REQUESTS FOR PUBLIC RECORDS

Any office member who receives a request for any record shall route the request to the Custodian of Records or the authorized designee.

#### 810.4.1 REQUESTS FOR RECORDS

The processing of requests for any record is subject to the following:

- (a) All requests to inspect or receive a copy of records should be in writing (NRS 239.0107).
- (b) The record request shall be responded to within five business days by (NRS 239.0107):
  1. Providing a copy of the record.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Records Maintenance and Release

---

2. Providing a written response to the requester that the record requested is not in legal custody of the Office and provide the name and address of the governmental entity that has legal custody of the record, if known.
  3. Providing a written response to the requester that additional time is needed to make the record available and provide the date and time when the record will be available.
  4. Denying the request, in writing, to include the citation to the specific statute or other legal authority that makes the record confidential.
    - (a) If the denial is subject to a judicial or administrative proceeding, the Office has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the record is confidential (NRS 239.0113).
- (c) The Office is not required to create records that do not exist.
- (d) When a record contains material with release restrictions and material that is not subject to release restrictions, the restricted material shall be redacted and the unrestricted material released (NRS 239.010).
1. A copy of the redacted release should be maintained in the case file for proof of what was actually released and as a place to document the reasons for the redactions. If the record is audio or video, a copy of the redacted audio/video release should be maintained in the office-approved media storage system and a notation should be made in the case file to document the release and the reasons for the redacted portions.
- (e) A requester may request and receive a copy of a record in any medium in which the public record is readily available (NRS 239.010).

#### **810.5 RELEASE RESTRICTIONS**

Generally, all records are public unless declared confidential by law (NRS 239.010). Examples of release restrictions include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Personal identifying information, including an individual's photograph, Social Security and driver identification number, name, address and telephone number, and medical or disability information that is contained in any driver license record, motor vehicle record or any office record, including traffic collision reports are restricted except as authorized by the Office, and only when such use or disclosure is permitted or required by law to carry out a legitimate law enforcement purpose (18 USC § 2721; 18 USC § 2722).
- (b) Home address and photograph of a deputy (NRS 289.025).
- (c) Member personal medical records deemed confidential by state and federal law.
- (d) Identity of an informer (NRS 49.335).
- (e) Victim information (NRS 200.3772; NRS 178.5691).
- (f) Opinions, recommendations or advice about agency policies that are part of a deliberative process may be exempt from disclosure.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Records Maintenance and Release

---

- (g) Confidential information involving intelligence information, information that would endanger the safety of any person involved or information that would endanger the successful completion of the investigation or a related investigation.
- (h) Reports involving child abuse (NRS 432B.280) and adult abuse (NRS 200.5095).
- (i) Certain concealed firearms permit information of an applicant (NRS 202.3662).
- (j) The identity of a person making a report regarding cruelty to animals (NRS 574.053).
- (k) Attorney-client communications (NRS 49.095).
- (l) Any other information that may be appropriately denied by state and federal law.

#### **810.6 SUBPOENAS AND DISCOVERY REQUESTS**

Any member who receives a subpoena duces tecum or discovery request for records should promptly contact a supervisor and the Custodian of Records for review and processing. While a subpoena duces tecum may ultimately be subject to compliance, it is not an order from the court that will automatically require the release of the requested information.

Generally, discovery requests and subpoenas from criminal defendants and their authorized representatives (including attorneys) should be referred to the District Attorney, District Attorney or the courts.

All questions regarding compliance with any subpoena duces tecum or discovery request should be promptly referred to legal counsel for the Office so that a timely response can be prepared.

#### **810.7 RELEASED RECORDS TO BE MARKED**

Each page of any written record released pursuant to this policy should be stamped in a colored ink or otherwise marked to indicate the office name and to whom the record was released.

Each audio/video recording released should include the office name and to whom the record was released.

#### **810.8 SEALED RECORD ORDERS**

Sealed record orders received by the Office shall be reviewed for appropriate action by the Custodian of Records. The Custodian of Records shall seal such records as ordered by the court. Records may include, but are not limited to, a record of arrest, investigation, detention or conviction. Once sealed, members shall respond to any inquiry as though the record did not exist (NRS 179.275).

#### **810.9 SECURITY BREACHES**

Members who become aware that any Storey County Sheriff's Office system containing personal information may have been breached should notify the Custodian of Records as soon as practicable.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Records Maintenance and Release

---

The Custodian of Records shall ensure the required notice is given to any resident of this state whose unsecured personal information is reasonably believed to have been acquired by an unauthorized person (NRS 603A.220).

Notice shall be given in the most expedient time possible and without unreasonable delay, consistent with the legitimate needs of the Storey County Sheriff's Office or any measure necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore the reasonable integrity of the system data. Notice may be delayed if notification will impede a criminal investigation but shall be made once there is a determination that the notification will not compromise the investigation (NRS 603A.220).

For the purposes of the notice requirement, personal information includes an individual's first name or first initial and last name in combination with any one or more of the following (NRS 603A.040):

- (a) Social Security number
- (b) Driver license number or driver authorization number or identification card number
- (c) Full account number, credit card number or debit card number, in combination with any required security code, access code or password that would permit access to an individual's financial account.
- (d) A user name, unique identifier or electronic mail address in combination with a password, access code or security question and answer that would permit access to an online account.

If the breach reasonably appears to have been made to protected information covered in the Protected Information Policy, the Custodian of Records should promptly notify the appropriate member designated to oversee the security of protected information (See the Protected Information Policy).

## Protected Information

### 812.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the access, transmission, release and security of protected information by members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office. This policy addresses the protected information that is used in the day-to-day operation of the Office and not the public records information covered in the Records Release and Security Policy.

#### 812.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Protected information** - Any information or data that is collected, stored or accessed by members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office and is subject to any access or release restrictions imposed by law, regulation, order or use agreement. This includes all information contained in federal, state or local law enforcement databases that is not accessible to the public.

### 812.2 POLICY

Members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office will adhere to all applicable laws, orders, regulations, use agreements and training related to the access, use, dissemination and release of protected information.

### 812.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

The Sheriff shall select a member of the Office to coordinate the use of protected information.

The responsibilities of this position include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring member compliance with this policy and with requirements applicable to protected information, including requirements for the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) system, National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (NLETS), Department of Motor Vehicle (DMV) records and the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History.
- (b) Developing, disseminating and maintaining procedures that adopt or comply with the U.S. Department of Justice's current Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Security Policy.
- (c) Developing, disseminating and maintaining any other procedures necessary to comply with any other requirements for the access, use, dissemination, release and security of protected information.
- (d) Developing procedures to ensure training and certification requirements are met.
- (e) Resolving specific questions that arise regarding authorized recipients of protected information.
- (f) Ensuring security practices and procedures are in place to comply with requirements applicable to protected information.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Protected Information

---

- (g) Maintaining a detailed log pursuant to NRS 179A.130 of each dissemination of information relating to records of criminal history for at least one year.

#### **812.4 ACCESS TO PROTECTED INFORMATION**

Protected information shall not be accessed in violation of any law, order, regulation, user agreement, Storey County Sheriff's Office policy or training. Only those members who have completed applicable training and met any applicable requirements, such as a background check, may access protected information, and only when the member has a legitimate work-related reason for such access.

Unauthorized access, including access for other than a legitimate work-related purpose, is prohibited and may subject a member to administrative action pursuant to the Personnel Complaints Policy and/or criminal prosecution.

##### **812.4.1 CRIMINAL RECORD SECURITY OFFICER**

The Chief Deputy is the designated Criminal Record Security Officer for the Storey County Sheriff's Office. The Chief Deputy is responsible for ensuring compliance with this procedure and with applicable records security regulations and requirements imposed by federal and state law. The Criminal Record Security Officer will resolve specific questions that arise regarding authorized recipients of CHRI.

The Criminal Record Security Officer will be in charge of maintaining a detailed log as required by law for at least one year (NRS 179A.130).

##### **812.4.2 RELEASE OF CHRI**

Only the persons listed below are authorized to release CHRI. Each authorized person releasing CHRI is responsible to ensure that each request granted appears legitimate and that the requester is an authorized recipient with a right and need to know.

- (a) Criminal Records Security Officer.
- (b) Full-time employees of the Records Section.

##### **812.4.3 RELEASE OF CHRI TO FIELD PERSONNEL**

Personnel shall not have access to CHRI until a background investigation has been completed and approved.

CHRI shall not generally be transmitted by radio, cellular phone or through computer terminals to field personnel or vehicles except in cases where circumstances reasonably indicate that the immediate safety of the deputy or the public are at significant risk. Examples of situations where the transmission of summary criminal history information would be justified include a hostage situation or an armed suspect although a routine investigation or traffic enforcement stop would not be sufficient justification.

Nothing in this procedure is intended to prohibit broadcasting warrant information concerning wanted persons.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Protected Information

---

#### 812.4.4 PREREQUISITES PRIOR TO DISSEMINATION OF RECORDS

This office may not disseminate any record of criminal history which includes information about a felony or a gross misdemeanor without first making inquiry of the Central Repository to obtain the most current and complete information available, unless (NRS 179A.090):

- (a) The information is needed for a purpose in the administration of criminal justice for which time is essential and the Central Repository is not able to respond within the required time.
- (b) The full information requested and to be disseminated relates to specific facts or incidents which are within the direct knowledge of an officer, agent or employee of the agency which disseminates the information.
- (c) The full information requested and to be disseminated was received as part of a summary of records of criminal history from the Central Repository within 30 days before the information is disseminated.
- (d) The statute, executive order, court rule or court order under which the information is to be disseminated refers only to information which is in the files of the agency which makes the dissemination.
- (e) The information requested and to be disseminated is for the express purpose of research, evaluation or statistical activities to be based upon information maintained in the files of the agency or agencies from which the information is sought.
- (f) The information is requested by a compensation officer of the State Board of Examiners pursuant to NRS 217.090.

#### 812.4.5 RELEASE OF CHRI WITHOUT RESTRICTION

Records of criminal history may be disseminated without restrictions pursuant to state law (NRS 179A.100(1) and (2):

- (a) Any which reflect records of conviction only.
- (b) Any which pertain to an incident for which a person is currently within the system of criminal justice including parole or probation.
- (c) Disclosed among agencies which maintain a system for the mutual exchange of criminal records.
- (d) Furnished by one agency to another to administer the system of criminal justice, including the furnishing of information by a law enforcement agency to a district attorney.
- (e) Reported to the Central Repository.

#### 812.4.6 MANDATORY RELEASE OF CHRI

All requests for Criminal History Records shall be forwarded to the Records Section or the office of the Criminal Records Security Officer. The Criminal History Records shall be disseminated to the following:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Protected Information*

---

- (a) A prospective employer concerning a prospective employee or volunteer which (NRS 179A.100(3)):
  - 1. Reflect convictions only.
  - 2. Pertain to an incident for which the prospective employee or volunteer is currently within the system of criminal justice, including parole or probation.
- (b) The person who is the subject of the criminal history record for the purposes of NRS 179A.150.
- (c) The person who is the subject of the criminal history record when the subject is a party in a judicial, administrative, licensing, disciplinary or other proceeding to which the information is relevant.
- (d) Any person or entity listed by statute under NRS 179A.100(7).

#### **812.4.7 PENALTIES FOR MISUSE OF RECORDS**

It is a crime to obtain criminal history record information in an unauthorized manner, use the information for an unauthorized purpose, disclose the information to a person who is not entitled to the information or provide a person with a copy of the person's criminal history record information or violation of a rule adopted by the Department of Public Safety under state law (NRS 179A.110).

#### **812.5 RELEASE OR DISSEMINATION OF PROTECTED INFORMATION**

Protected information may be released only to authorized recipients who have both a right to know and a need to know.

A member who is asked to release protected information that should not be released should refer the requesting person to a supervisor or to the Records Manager for information regarding a formal request.

Unless otherwise ordered or when an investigation would be jeopardized, protected information maintained by the Office may generally be shared with authorized persons from other law enforcement agencies who are assisting in the investigation or conducting a related investigation. Any such information should be released through the Records Section to ensure proper documentation of the release (see the Records Maintenance and Release Policy).

Protected information, such as Criminal Justice Information (CJI), which includes Criminal History Record Information (CHRI), should generally not be transmitted by radio, cellular telephone or any other type of wireless transmission to members in the field or in vehicles through any computer or electronic device, except in cases where there is an immediate need for the information to further an investigation or where circumstances reasonably indicate that the immediate safety of deputies, other office members or the public is at risk.

Nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit broadcasting warrant information.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Protected Information*

---

#### **812.6 SECURITY OF PROTECTED INFORMATION**

The Sheriff will select a member of the Office to oversee the security of protected information.

The responsibilities of this position include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Developing and maintaining security practices, procedures and training.
- (b) Ensuring federal and state compliance with the CJIS Security Policy and the requirements of any state or local criminal history records systems.
- (c) Establishing procedures to provide for the preparation, prevention, detection, analysis and containment of security incidents including computer attacks.
- (d) Tracking, documenting and reporting all breach of security incidents to the Sheriff and appropriate authorities.

##### **812.6.1 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Members accessing or receiving protected information shall ensure the information is not accessed or received by persons who are not authorized to access or receive it. This includes leaving protected information, such as documents or computer databases, accessible to others when it is reasonably foreseeable that unauthorized access may occur (e.g., on an unattended table or desk; in or on an unattended vehicle; in an unlocked desk drawer or file cabinet; on an unattended computer terminal).

#### **812.7 CENTRAL REPOSITORY FOR NEVADA RECORDS OF CRIMINAL HISTORY**

##### **812.7.1 PREREQUISITES PRIOR TO DISSEMINATION OF RECORDS**

This office may not disseminate any criminal history record which includes information about a felony or a gross misdemeanor without first querying the Central Repository to obtain the most current and complete information available, unless (NRS 179A.090):

- (a) The information is needed for a purpose in the administration of criminal justice for which time is essential and the Central Repository is not able to respond within the required time.
- (b) The full information requested and to be disseminated relates to specific facts or incidents which are within the direct knowledge of a member of this office.
- (c) The full information requested and to be disseminated was received as part of a criminal history records summary from the Central Repository within 30 days before the information is disseminated.
- (d) The statute, executive order, court rule or court order under which the information is to be disseminated refers only to information which is in this office's files.
- (e) The information requested and to be disseminated is for the express purpose of research, evaluation or statistical activities.
- (f) The information is requested by a compensation officer of the State Board of Examiners pursuant to NRS 217.090.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Protected Information

---

#### **812.7.2 RELEASE OF CHRI WITHOUT RESTRICTION**

The following criminal history records may be disseminated without restrictions (NRS 179A.100(1); NRS 179A.100(2)):

- (a) Records reflecting a conviction only.
- (b) Records pertaining to an incident for which a person is currently within the criminal justice system, including parole or probation.
- (c) Disclosing records among agencies which maintain a system for the mutual exchange of criminal history records.
- (d) Agency to agency transfers, such as between this office and the prosecuting agency.

#### **812.7.3 MANDATORY RELEASE OF CHRI**

All requests for CHRI shall be forwarded to the Records Section. CHRI shall be disseminated to:

- (a) A prospective employer concerning a prospective employee or volunteer which (NRS 179A.100(3)):
  - 1. Reflects convictions only.
  - 2. Pertains to an incident for which the prospective employee or volunteer is currently within the system of criminal justice, including parole or probation.
- (b) The person who is the subject of the criminal history record for the purposes of NRS 179A.150.
- (c) The person who is the subject of the criminal history record when he/she is a party in a judicial, administrative, licensing, disciplinary or other proceeding to which the information is relevant (NRS 179A.100(7)).
- (d) Any person or entity listed by statute under NRS 179A.100(7).

#### **812.8 TRAINING**

All members authorized to access or release protected information shall complete a training program that complies with any protected information system requirements and identifies authorized access and use of protected information, as well as its proper handling and dissemination.

#### **812.9 PENALTIES FOR MISUSE OF RECORDS**

It is a crime to obtain criminal history record information in an unauthorized manner, use the information for an unauthorized purpose, disclose the information to a person who is not entitled to the information or provide a person with a copy of the person's criminal history record information or violation of a rule adopted by Department of Public Safety under state law (NRS 179A.110).

Divulging the content of any criminal record to anyone other than authorized personnel is a violation of Policy Manual § 340.3.7(a).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Protected Information*

---

Employees who obtain, or attempt to obtain, information from the Office files other than that to which they are entitled in accordance with their official duties is a violation of Policy Manual § 340.3.7(a).

## Computers and Digital Evidence

### 814.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes procedures for the seizure and storage of computers, personal communications devices (PCDs) digital cameras, digital recorders and other electronic devices that are capable of storing digital information; and for the preservation and storage of digital evidence. All evidence seized and/or processed pursuant to this policy shall be done so in compliance with clearly established Fourth Amendment and search and seizure provisions.

### 814.2 SEIZING COMPUTERS AND RELATED EVIDENCE

Computer equipment requires specialized training and handling to preserve its value as evidence. Deputies should be aware of the potential to destroy information through careless or improper handling, and utilize the most knowledgeable available resources. When seizing a computer and accessories the following steps should be taken:

- (a) Photograph each item, front, back and surrounding desktop or office setup, specifically including cable connections to other items. Look for a phone line or cable to a modem for Internet access.
- (b) Do not overlook the possibility of the presence of physical evidence on and around the hardware relevant to the particular investigation such as fingerprints, biological or trace evidence and/or documents.
- (c) If the computer is off, do not turn it on.
- (d) If the computer is on, do not shut it down normally and do not click on anything or examine any files.
  1. Photograph the screen, if possible, and note any programs or windows that appear to be open and running.
  2. Disconnect the power cable from the back of the computer box or if a portable notebook style, disconnect any power cable from the case and remove the battery.
- (e) Label each item with case number, item number, and the seizing deputy's personal mark.
- (f) Handle and transport the computer and storage media (e.g., tape, discs, memory cards, flash memory, external drives) with care so that potential evidence is not lost.
- (g) Lodge all computer items in the Property and Evidence Section. Do not store computers where normal room temperature and humidity is not maintained.
- (h) At minimum, deputies should document the following in related reports:
  1. Where the computer was located and whether it was in operation.
  2. Who was using it at the time.
  3. Who claimed ownership.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Computers and Digital Evidence

---

4. If it can be determined, how it was being used.

- (i) In most cases when a computer is involved in criminal acts and is in the possession of the suspect, the computer itself and all storage devices (e.g., hard drives, tape drives and disk drives) should be seized along with all media. Accessories (e.g., printers, monitors, mouse, scanner, keyboard, cables, software and manuals) should not be seized unless as a precursor to forfeiture or the equipment is proprietary (e.g. Apple keyboard and mouse) and necessary for examination of the associated media.

#### **814.2.1 BUSINESS OR NETWORKED COMPUTERS**

If the computer belongs to a business or is part of a network, it may not be feasible to seize the entire computer. Cases involving networks require specialized handling. Deputies should contact a certified forensic computer examiner for instructions or a response to the scene. It may be possible to perform an on-site inspection, or to image the hard drive only of the involved computer. This should be done by someone specifically trained in processing computers for evidence.

#### **814.2.2 FORENSIC EXAMINATION OF COMPUTERS**

If an examination of the contents of the computer's hard drive, floppy disks, compact discs or any other storage media is required, forward the following items to a computer forensic examiner:

- (a) Copy of report(s) involving the computer, including the Evidence/Property sheet.
- (b) Copy of a consent to search form signed by the computer owner or the person in possession of the computer, or a copy of a search warrant authorizing the search of the computer hard drive for evidence relating to investigation.
- (c) A listing of the items to search for (e.g., photographs, financial records, E-mail, documents).
- (d) A forensic copy of the media will be made, and subsequent forensic examination of the copy will be conducted by a trained digital forensic examiner.

#### **814.3 SEIZING DIGITAL STORAGE MEDIA**

Digital storage media including hard drives, floppy discs, CDs, DVDs, tapes, memory cards or flash memory devices should be seized and stored in a manner that will protect them from damage.

- (a) If the media has a write-protection tab or switch, it should be activated.
- (b) Do not review, access or open digital files prior to submission. If the information is needed for immediate investigation request the Property and Evidence Section to copy the contents to an appropriate form of storage media.
- (c) Many kinds of storage media can be erased or damaged by magnetic fields. Keep all media away from magnetic devices, electric motors, radio transmitters or other sources of magnetic fields.
- (d) Do not leave storage media where they would be subject to excessive heat such as in a parked vehicle on a hot day.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Computers and Digital Evidence

---

- (e) Use plastic cases designed to protect the media, or other protective packaging, to prevent damage.

#### **814.4 SEIZING PCDS**

Personal communication devices such as cell phones, PDAs or other hand-held devices connected to any communication network must be handled with care to preserve evidence that may be on the device including messages, stored data and/or images.

- (a) Deputies should not attempt to access, review or search the contents of such devices prior to examination by a forensic expert. Unsent messages can be lost, data can be inadvertently deleted and incoming messages can override stored messages.
- (b) Do not turn the device on or off. The device should be placed in a solid metal container such as a paint can or in a Faraday bag, to prevent the device from sending or receiving information from its host network.
- (c) When seizing the devices, also seize the charging units and keep them plugged in to the chargers until they can be examined. If the batteries go dead all the data may be lost.

#### **814.5 DIGITAL EVIDENCE RECORDED BY OFFICERS**

Deputies handling and submitting recorded and digitally stored evidence from digital cameras and audio or video recorders will comply with these procedures to ensure the integrity and admissibility of such evidence.

##### **814.5.1 COLLECTION OF DIGITAL EVIDENCE**

Once evidence is recorded it shall not be erased, deleted or altered in any way prior to submission. All photographs taken will be preserved regardless of quality, composition or relevance. Video and audio files will not be altered in any way.

##### **814.5.2 SUBMISSION OF DIGITAL MEDIA**

The following are required procedures for the submission of digital media used by cameras or other recorders:

- (a) The recording media (e.g., smart card, compact flash card or any other media) shall be brought to the Property and Evidence Section as soon as possible for submission into evidence.
- (b) Deputies are not authorized to review or copy memory cards. Any review or copying will be conducted by an authorized person trained in such procedures.
- (c) Evidence technicians will make a copy of the memory card using appropriate storage media. Once they have verified that the images properly transferred to the storage media, the technicians will erase the memory card for reuse. The storage media will be marked as the original.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Computers and Digital Evidence

---

- (d) Deputies requiring a copy of the digital files must request a copy on the evidence form when submitted to evidence.
- (e) Entry of photographs or other electronic media created by the deputy into the RIMS system as a routine part of their duties is exempt from the preceding requirements. Deputies will not retain copies of photographs or other electronic media for their personal use.

#### 814.5.3 PRESERVATION OF DIGITAL EVIDENCE

- (a) Only evidence technicians are authorized to copy original digital media related to case documentation that is held as evidence. Only digital forensic examiners are authorized to copy original media seized as evidence. The original digital media shall remain in evidence and shall remain unaltered.
- (b) Digital images that are enhanced to provide a better quality photograph for identification and investigative purposes must only be made from a copy of the original media.
- (c) If any enhancement is done to the copy of the original, it shall be noted in the corresponding incident report.

## Animal Control

### 820.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for Storey County Sheriff's Office personnel in dealing with animal control related calls for service and to set forth procedures regarding animal control services, the handling of injured animals and the abatement of animal nuisances.

### 820.2 DEPUTY RESPONSIBILITY

Animal related calls for service will be handled by the appropriate on-duty deputy.

Deputies may be dispatched to animal related calls and should take appropriate actions to control the situation.

Examples of animal related calls deputies may be expected to respond to (not all inclusive):

- (a) When there is a threat to the public safety.
- (b) When an animal has bitten someone, deputies should take measures to confine the animal and prevent further injury.
- (c) When an animal is creating a traffic hazard.
- (d) When the owner/handler has been arrested and there is no other alternative placement for the animal.
- (e) When an animal is gravely injured.

#### 820.2.1 ANIMAL CRUELLY COMPLAINTS

Deputies shall conduct a preliminary investigation on all reports of animal cruelty. Deputies shall not hesitate to take any immediate actions deemed necessary. The assistance of the Investigations Unit may be requested to assist with the investigation when appropriate for the purpose of handling the disposition of any animal(s) associated with the case.

#### 820.2.2 STRAY DOGS

If the dog has a license or can otherwise be identified, the owner should be contacted, if possible. If the owner is contacted, the dog should be released to the owner and a citation may be issued if appropriate. If a dog is taken into custody, it shall be transported to the Detention Center holding pens, making sure the animal has food, water and bedding.

The animal pick-up form must be completely filled out and left with Detention Center personnel. Release of impounded dogs may require a fee be paid. Releases will be handled by the Detention staff or by a patrol deputy. The Records Section will accept fees and issue receipts.

Animals that must be quarantined pursuant to statute or whose owner cannot be located will be transported to the Animal Shelter in Silver Springs. Consultation with a supervisor will determine when an animal will be transported to the shelter facility.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Animal Control*

---

#### **820.2.3 ANIMAL BITE REPORTS**

Deputies shall obtain as much information as possible including the circumstances of the incident, license status, and vaccination records. If the animal is a stray, then every effort shall be made to capture and impound the animal immediately. When an animal is removed from its owner for quarantine, the owner shall be advised of the length of quarantine and the procedure for recovering the animal once the quarantine period has expired.

#### **820.2.4 PUBLIC NUISANCE CALLS RELATING TO ANIMALS**

Deputies shall obtain and forward to the County's designated nuisance officer as much information as possible regarding the nature of the complaint, complaining person, owner information (if possible) and location of problem. Deputies will also document any actions taken, citation(s) issued and related report numbers.

In the event responding deputies cannot fulfill urgent requests for service because the animal is difficult or dangerous to handle, the patrol supervisor may request the assistance of an animal control officer from an allied agency.

#### **820.3 DECEASED ANIMALS**

Deceased animals on public property will be removed and properly disposed of by deputies. Deputies may request the assistance of Public Works, NDOT, or the Department of Agriculture depending upon the circumstances. In cases where the deceased animal creates an immediate health or safety concern and no other assistance is available for the disposal of large animals (horses, cattle) deputies may utilize the services of Reno Rendering after receiving authorization from a supervisor.

#### **820.4 INJURED ANIMALS**

When any injured domesticated animal is brought to the attention of a member of this agency, all reasonable attempts shall be made to contact the owner or responsible handler. When the owner or responsible handler cannot be located and the animal is not an immediate danger to the community, it shall be taken to a doctor of veterinary medicine as described below.

- (a) During normal business hours, the animal should be taken to an authorized veterinary care clinic.
- (b) If after normal business hours, the animal should be taken to the authorized Veterinary Emergency and Critical Care Services Clinic.
- (c) The only exception to the above is when the animal is an immediate danger to the community or the owner of the animal is identified and takes responsibility for the injured animal.
  1. When the need to kill a seriously injured or dangerous animal is necessary, the Office Use of Force Policy § 304 shall be followed. The decision to dispose of a seriously injured animal will rest with the on-duty Shift Supervisor. If no supervisor is available, deputies are cautioned to use their best judgment and encouraged

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Animal Control*

---

to obtain statements from witnessing members of the public who can attest to the animals condition or behavior.

- (d) Injured or deceased wild animals should be referred to the appropriate agency: the Nevada Department of Wildlife, or the Nevada Department of Agriculture
- (e) When handling dead or injured animals, Office employees shall attempt to identify and notify the owner of the final disposition of the animal.
- (f) Each incident shall be documented, at minimum, include the name of the reporting party and veterinary hospital and/or person to whom the animal is released.

#### **820.5 CITATIONS**

It should be at the discretion of the handling deputy or the Supervisor as to the need for, or advisability of, the issuance of a citation for a violation.

#### **820.6 POST-ARREST PROCEDURES**

The arresting deputy should make a reasonable effort to ensure that animals or pets under a person's care will be provided with adequate care when that person is arrested. This is only required when there is no person to provide care and the arrestee is expected to be in custody for a time period longer than would reasonably allow him/her to properly care for the animals.

Relatives or neighbors may be contacted, with the owner's consent, to care for the animals. If no persons can be found or the owner does not consent, the appropriate animal control authority should be notified.

## Chapter 9 - Custody

---

## Custodial Searches

### 900.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance regarding searches of individuals in custody. Such searches are necessary to eliminate the introduction of contraband, intoxicants or weapons into the Storey County Sheriff's Office facility. Such items can pose a serious risk to the safety and security of office members, individuals in custody, contractors and the public.

Nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit the otherwise lawful collection of evidence from an individual in custody.

#### 900.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Custody search** - An in-custody search of an individual and of his/her property, shoes and clothing, including pockets, cuffs and folds on the clothing, to remove all weapons, dangerous items and contraband.

**Physical body cavity search** - A search that includes a visual inspection and may include a physical intrusion into a body cavity. Body cavity means the stomach or rectal cavity of an individual, and the vagina of a female person.

**Strip search** - A search that requires an individual to remove or rearrange some or all of his/her clothing to permit a visual inspection of the underclothing, breasts, buttocks, anus or outer genitalia. This includes monitoring an individual who is changing clothes, where his/her underclothing, buttocks, genitalia or female breasts are visible.

### 900.2 POLICY

All searches shall be conducted with concern for safety, dignity, courtesy, respect for privacy and hygiene, and in compliance with policy and law to protect the rights of those who are subject to any search.

Searches shall not be used for intimidation, harassment, punishment or retaliation.

### 900.3 FIELD AND TRANSPORTATION SEARCHES

A deputy should conduct a custody search of an individual immediately after his/her arrest, when receiving an individual from the custody of another, and before transporting a person who is in custody in any office vehicle.

Whenever practicable, a custody search should be conducted by a deputy of the same sex as the person being searched. If a deputy of the same sex is not reasonably available, a witnessing deputy should be present during the search.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Custodial Searches

---

#### **900.4 SEARCHES AT SHERIFF'S FACILITIES**

Custody searches shall be conducted on all individuals in custody, upon entry to the Storey County Sheriff's Office facilities. Except in exigent circumstances, the search should be conducted by a member of the same sex as the individual being searched. If a member of the same sex is not available, a witnessing member must be present during the search.

Custody searches should also be conducted any time an individual in custody enters or re-enters a secure area, or any time it is reasonably believed that a search is necessary to maintain the safety and security of the facility.

##### **900.4.1 PROPERTY**

Members shall take reasonable care in handling the property of an individual in custody to avoid discrepancies or losses. Property retained for safekeeping shall be kept in a secure location until the individual is released or transferred.

Some property may not be accepted by a facility or agency that is taking custody of an individual from this office, such as weapons or large items. These items should be retained for safekeeping in accordance with the Property and Evidence Policy.

All property shall be inventoried by objective description (this does not include an estimated value). The individual from whom it was taken shall be required to sign the completed inventory. If the individual's signature cannot be obtained, the inventory shall be witnessed by another office member. The inventory should include the case number, date, time, member's Storey County Sheriff's Office identification number and information regarding how and when the property may be released.

##### **900.4.2 VERIFICATION OF MONEY**

All money shall be counted in front of the individual from whom it was received. When possible, the individual shall initial the dollar amount on the inventory. Additionally, all money should be placed in a separate envelope and sealed. Negotiable checks or other instruments and foreign currency should also be sealed in an envelope with the amount indicated but not added to the cash total. All envelopes should clearly indicate the contents on the front. The office member sealing it should place his/her initials across the sealed flap. Should any money be withdrawn or added, the member making such change shall enter the amount below the original entry and initial it. The amount of money in the envelope should always be totaled and written on the outside of the envelope.

#### **900.5 STRIP SEARCHES**

No individual in temporary custody at any Storey County Sheriff's Office facility shall be subjected to a strip search unless there is reasonable suspicion based upon specific and articulable facts to believe the individual has a health condition requiring immediate medical attention or is concealing a weapon or contraband. Factors to be considered in determining reasonable suspicion include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The detection of an object during a custody search that may be a weapon or contraband and cannot be safely retrieved without a strip search.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Custodial Searches

---

- (b) Circumstances of a current arrest that specifically indicate the person may be concealing a weapon or contraband.
  - 1. A felony arrest charge or being under the influence of a controlled substance should not suffice as reasonable suspicion absent other facts.
- (c) Custody history (e.g., past possession of contraband while in custody, assaults on office members, escape attempts).
- (d) The individual's actions or demeanor.
- (e) Criminal history (i.e., level of experience in a custody setting).

No transgender or intersex individual shall be searched or examined for the sole purpose of determining the individual's genital status. If the individual's genital status is unknown, it may be determined during conversations with the person, by reviewing medical records, or as a result of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner (28 CFR 115.115).

#### 900.5.1 STRIP SEARCH PROCEDURES

Strip searches at Storey County Sheriff's Office facilities shall be conducted as follows (28 CFR 115.115):

- (a) Written authorization from the Shift Supervisor shall be obtained prior to the strip search.
- (b) All members involved with the strip search shall be of the same sex as the person being searched, unless the search is conducted by a medical practitioner.
- (c) All strip searches shall be conducted in a professional manner under sanitary conditions and in a secure area of privacy so that it cannot be observed by those not participating in the search. The search shall not be reproduced through a visual or sound recording.
- (d) Whenever possible, a second member of the same sex should also be present during the search, for security and as a witness to the finding of evidence.
- (e) Members conducting a strip search shall not touch the breasts, buttocks or genitalia of the individual being searched.
- (f) The primary member conducting the search shall prepare a written report to include:
  - 1. The facts that led to the decision to perform a strip search.
  - 2. The reasons less intrusive methods of searching were not used or were insufficient.
  - 3. The written authorization for the search, obtained from the Shift Supervisor.
  - 4. The name of the individual who was searched.
  - 5. The name and sex of the members who conducted the search.
  - 6. The name, sex and role of any person present during the search.
  - 7. The time and date of the search.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Custodial Searches

---

8. The place at which the search was conducted.
  9. A list of the items, if any, that were recovered.
  10. The facts upon which the employee based his/her belief that the person searched was concealing a weapon or controlled substance, if the person was not arrested for a felony.
- (g) No member should view an individual's private underclothing, buttocks, genitalia or female breasts while that individual is showering, performing bodily functions or changing clothes, unless he/she otherwise qualifies for a strip search. However, if serious hygiene or health issues make it reasonably necessary to assist the individual with a shower or a change of clothes, a supervisor should be contacted to ensure reasonable steps are taken to obtain the individual's consent and/or otherwise protect his/her privacy and dignity.

#### **900.5.2 SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCE FIELD STRIP SEARCHES**

A strip search may be conducted in the field only with Shift Supervisor authorization and only in exceptional circumstances, such as when:

- (a) There is probable cause to believe that the individual is concealing a weapon or other dangerous item that cannot be recovered by a more limited search.
- (b) There is probable cause to believe that the individual is concealing controlled substances or evidence that cannot be recovered by a more limited search, and there is no reasonable alternative to ensure the individual cannot destroy or ingest the substance during transportation.

These special-circumstance field strip searches shall only be authorized and conducted under the same restrictions as the strip search procedures in this policy, except that the Shift Supervisor authorization does not need to be in writing.

#### **900.6 PHYSICAL BODY CAVITY SEARCH**

Physical body cavity searches shall be subject to the following:

- (a) No individual shall be subjected to a physical body cavity search without written approval of the Shift Supervisor and only upon a search warrant or approval of legal counsel. A copy of any search warrant and the results of the physical body cavity search shall be included with the related reports and made available, upon request, to the individual or authorized representative (except for those portions of the warrant ordered sealed by a court).
- (b) Only a physician may conduct a physical body cavity search.
- (c) Except for the physician conducting the search, persons present must be of the same sex as the individual being searched. Only the necessary office members needed to maintain the safety and security of the medical personnel shall be present.
- (d) Privacy requirements, including restricted touching of body parts and sanitary condition requirements, are the same as required for a strip search.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Custodial Searches

---

- (e) All such searches shall be documented, including:
1. The facts that led to the decision to perform a physical body cavity search of the individual.
  2. The reasons less intrusive methods of searching were not used or were insufficient.
  3. The Shift Supervisor's approval.
  4. A copy of the search warrant.
  5. The time, date and location of the search.
  6. The medical personnel present.
  7. The names, sex and roles of any office members present.
  8. Any contraband or weapons discovered by the search.
- (f) A copy of the written authorization shall be retained and made available to the individual who was searched or other authorized representative upon request.

#### **900.7 TRAINING**

The Training Sergeant shall ensure members have training that includes (28 CFR 115.115):

- Conducting searches of cross-gender individuals.
- Conducting searches of transgender and intersex individuals.
- Conducting searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs.

## Prison Rape Elimination

### 902.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidance for complying with the Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003 (PREA) and the implementing regulation that establishes standards (PREA Rule) to prevent, detect and respond to sexual abuse, harassment and retaliation against prisoners in the Storey County Sheriff's Office Temporary Holding Facilities (28 CFR 115.111).

#### 902.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Intersex** - A person whose sexual or reproductive anatomy or chromosomal pattern does not seem to fit typical definitions of male or female. Intersex medical conditions are sometimes referred to as disorders of sex development (28 CFR 115.5).

**Sexual abuse** - Any of the following acts, if the prisoner does not consent, is coerced into such act by overt or implied threats of violence or is unable to consent or refuse:

- Contact between the penis and the vulva or the penis and the anus, including penetration, however slight
- Contact between the mouth and the penis, vulva or anus
- Penetration of the anal or genital opening of another person, however slight, by a hand, finger, object or other instrument
- Any other intentional touching, either directly or through the clothing, of the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh or the buttocks of another person, excluding contact incidental to a physical altercation (28 CFR 115.6)

Sexual abuse also includes abuse by a staff member, contractor or volunteer as follows, with or without consent of the prisoner or resident:

- Contact between the penis and the vulva or the penis and the anus, including penetration, however slight
- Contact between the mouth and the penis, vulva or anus
- Contact between the mouth and any body part where the staff member, contractor or volunteer has the intent to abuse, arouse or gratify sexual desire
- Penetration of the anal or genital opening, however slight, by a hand, finger, object or other instrument, that is unrelated to official duties, or where the staff member, contractor or volunteer has the intent to abuse, arouse or gratify sexual desire
- Any other intentional contact, either directly or through the clothing, of or with the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh or the buttocks, that is unrelated to official duties, or where the staff member, contractor or volunteer has the intent to abuse, arouse or gratify sexual desire

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Prison Rape Elimination

---

- Any attempt, threat or request by a staff member, contractor or volunteer to engage in the activities described above
- Any display by a staff member, contractor or volunteer of his/her uncovered genitalia, buttocks or breast in the presence of a prisoner or resident
- Voyeurism by a staff member, contractor or volunteer (28 CFR 115.6)

**Sexual harassment** - Repeated and unwelcome sexual advances; requests for sexual favors; verbal comments, gestures or actions of a derogatory or offensive sexual nature by one prisoner or resident that are directed toward another; repeated verbal comments or gestures of a sexual nature to a prisoner or resident by a staff member, contractor or volunteer, including demeaning references to gender, sexually suggestive or derogatory comments about body or clothing, or obscene language or gestures (28 CFR 115.6).

**Transgender** - A person whose gender identity (i.e., internal sense of feeling male or female) is different from the person's assigned sex at birth (28 CFR 115.5).

#### **902.2 POLICY**

The Storey County Sheriff's Office has zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment (28 CFR 115.111). The Office will not tolerate retaliation against any person who reports sexual abuse or sexual harassment or who cooperates with a sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigation.

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will take immediate action to protect prisoners who are reasonably believed to be subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse (28 CFR 115.162).

#### **902.3 PREA COORDINATOR**

The Sheriff shall appoint an upper-level manager with sufficient time and authority to develop, implement and oversee office efforts to comply with PREA standards in the Storey County Sheriff's Office Temporary Holding Facilities (28 CFR 115.111). The PREA Coordinator's responsibilities shall include:

- (a) Developing and maintaining procedures to comply with the PREA Rule.
- (b) Ensuring that any contract for the confinement of Storey County Sheriff's Office prisoners includes the requirement to adopt and comply with applicable PREA and the PREA Rule, including the obligation to provide incident-based and aggregated data, as required in 28 CFR 115.187 (28 CFR 115.112).
- (c) Developing a staffing plan to provide adequate levels of staffing and video monitoring, where applicable, in order to protect prisoners from sexual abuse (28 CFR 115.113). This includes documenting deviations and the reasons for deviations from the staffing plan, as well as reviewing the staffing plan a minimum of once per year.
- (d) Developing methods for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of prisoners (28 CFR 115.151).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Prison Rape Elimination

---

- (e) Developing a written plan to coordinate response among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators and office leadership to an incident of sexual abuse (28 CFR 115.165).
- (f) Ensuring a protocol is developed for investigating allegations of sexual abuse in the Temporary Holding Facility. The protocol shall include (28 CFR 115.121; 28 CFR 115.122):
  - 1. Evidence collection practices that maximize the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's (DOJ) Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents" or a similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocol.
  - 2. A process to ensure a criminal or administrative investigation is completed on all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment.
  - 3. A process to document all referrals to other law enforcement agencies.
  - 4. Access to forensic medical examinations, without financial cost, for all victims of sexual abuse where appropriate. Such examinations shall be performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible. If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, the examination can be performed by other qualified medical practitioners. The efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs shall be documented.
  - 5. In accordance with security needs, provisions to permit, to the extent available, prisoner access to victim advocacy services if the prisoner is transported for a forensic examination to an outside hospital that offers such services.
- (g) Ensuring that prisoners with limited English proficiency and disabilities have an equal opportunity to understand and benefit from efforts to prevent, detect and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. This includes, as appropriate, access to interpreters and written materials in formats or through methods that provide effective communication to those with disabilities (e.g., limited reading skills, intellectual, hearing or vision disabilities) (28 CFR 115.116).
  - 1. The agency shall not rely on other prisoners for assistance except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an interpreter could compromise the prisoner's safety, the performance of first-response duties under this policy, or the investigation of a prisoner's allegations of sexual abuse, harassment or retaliation.
- (h) Publishing on the office's website:
  - 1. Information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of a prisoner (28 CFR 115.154).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Prison Rape Elimination

---

2. A protocol describing the responsibilities of the Office and any other investigating agency that will be responsible for conducting sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations (28 CFR 115.122).
- (i) Establishing a process that includes the use of a standardized form and set of definitions to ensure accurate, uniform data is collected for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under this agency's direct control (28 CFR 115.187).
    1. The data collected shall include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence, conducted by DOJ, or any subsequent form developed by DOJ and designated for lockups.
    2. The data shall be aggregated at least annually.
  - (j) Ensuring audits are conducted pursuant to 28 CFR 115.401 through 28 CFR 115.405 for all Temporary Holding Facilities used to house prisoners overnight (28 CFR 115.193).
  - (k) Ensuring contractors or others who work in the Temporary Holding Facility are informed of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment (28 CFR 115.132).

#### **902.4 REPORTING SEXUAL ABUSE AND HARASSMENT**

Prisoners may make reports verbally, in writing, privately or anonymously of any of the following (28 CFR 115.151):

- Sexual abuse
- Sexual harassment
- Retaliation by other prisoners or staff for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment
- Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to sexual abuse or sexual harassment

During intake the Office shall notify all prisoners of the zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and of at least one way to report abuse or harassment to a public or private entity that is not part of the Office and that is able to receive and immediately forward prisoner reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials. This allows the prisoner to remain anonymous (28 CFR 115.132; 28 CFR 115.151).

##### **902.4.1 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Office members shall accept reports from prisoners and third parties and shall promptly document all reports (28 CFR 115.151).

All members shall report immediately to the Shift Supervisor any knowledge, suspicion or information regarding:

- (a) An incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurs in the Temporary Holding Facility.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Prison Rape Elimination*

---

- (b) Retaliation against prisoners or the member who reports any such incident.
- (c) Any neglect or violation of responsibilities on the part of any office member that may have contributed to an incident or retaliation (28 CFR 115.161).

No member shall reveal any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary to make treatment and investigation decisions.

#### **902.4.2 SHIFT SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Shift Supervisor shall report to the office's designated investigators all allegations of sexual abuse, harassment, retaliation, neglect or violations leading to sexual abuse, harassment or retaliation. This includes third-party and anonymous reports (28 CFR 115.161).

If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult, the Shift Supervisor shall also report the allegation as required under mandatory reporting laws and office policy.

Upon receiving an allegation that a prisoner was sexually abused while confined at another facility, the Shift Supervisor shall notify the head of the facility or the appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred. The notification shall be made as soon as possible but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation. The Shift Supervisor shall document such notification (28 CFR 115.163).

If an alleged prisoner victim is transferred from the Temporary Holding Facility to a jail, prison or medical facility, the Office shall, as permitted by law, inform the receiving facility of the incident and the prisoner's potential need for medical or social services, unless the prisoner requests otherwise (28 CFR 115.165).

#### **902.5 INVESTIGATIONS**

The Office shall promptly, thoroughly and objectively investigate all allegations, including third-party and anonymous reports, of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Only investigators who have received office-approved special training shall conduct sexual abuse investigations (28 CFR 115.171).

##### **902.5.1 FIRST RESPONDERS**

The first deputy to respond to a report of sexual abuse or sexual assault shall (28 CFR 115.164):

- (a) Separate the parties.
- (b) Establish a crime scene to preserve and protect any evidence. Identify and secure witnesses until steps can be taken to collect any evidence.
- (c) If the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking or eating.
- (d) If the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Prison Rape Elimination*

---

physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking or eating.

If the first responder is not a deputy the responder shall request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence and should then notify a law enforcement staff member (28 CFR 115.164).

#### 902.5.2 INVESTIGATOR RESPONSIBILITIES

Investigators shall (28 CFR 115.171):

- (a) Gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and biological evidence and any available electronic monitoring data.
- (b) Interview alleged victims, suspects and witnesses.
- (c) Review any prior complaints and reports of sexual abuse involving the suspect.
- (d) Conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution.
- (e) Assess the credibility of the alleged victim, suspect or witness on an individual basis and not by the person's status as a prisoner or a member of the Storey County Sheriff's Office.
- (f) Document in written reports a description of physical, testimonial, documentary and other evidence, the reasoning behind any credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings.
- (g) Refer allegations of conduct that may be criminal to the District Attorney for possible prosecution, including any time there is probable cause to believe a prisoner sexually abused another prisoner in the Temporary Holding Facility (28 CFR 115.178).
- (h) Cooperate with outside investigators and remain informed about the progress of any outside investigation.

#### 902.5.3 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATIONS

Administrative investigations shall include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse. The departure of the alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of this office shall not be used as a basis for terminating an investigation (28 CFR 115.171).

#### 902.5.4 SEXUAL ASSAULT AND SEXUAL ABUSE VICTIMS

No prisoner who alleges sexual abuse shall be required to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding with the investigation of such an allegation (28 CFR 115.171(e)).

Prisoner victims of sexual abuse shall receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment. Treatment services shall be provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident (28 CFR 115.182).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Prison Rape Elimination*

---

#### **902.5.5 CONCLUSIONS AND FINDINGS**

All completed investigations shall be forwarded to the Sheriff, or if the allegations may reasonably involve the Sheriff, to the County Manager. The Sheriff or County Manager shall review the investigation and determine whether any allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment have been substantiated by a preponderance of the evidence (28 CFR 115.172).

All personnel shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating this policy. Termination shall be the presumptive disciplinary sanction for office members who have engaged in sexual abuse. All discipline shall be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the member's disciplinary history and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other members with similar histories (28 CFR 115.176).

All terminations for violations of this policy, or resignations by members who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, shall be criminally investigated unless the activity was clearly not criminal and reported to any relevant licensing body (28 CFR 115.176).

Any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse shall be prohibited from contact with prisoners and reported to any relevant licensing bodies (28 CFR 115.177). The Sheriff shall take appropriate remedial measures and consider whether to prohibit further contact with prisoners by a contractor or volunteer.

#### **902.6 RETALIATION PROHIBITED**

All prisoners and members who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or who cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations shall be protected from retaliation (28 CFR 115.167). If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, appropriate measures shall be taken to protect that individual.

The Shift Supervisor or the authorized designee shall employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for prisoner victims or abusers, removal of alleged abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for prisoners or members who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations.

The Shift Supervisor or the authorized designee shall identify a staff member to monitor the conduct and treatment of prisoners or members who have reported sexual abuse and of prisoners who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse. The staff member shall act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. In the case of prisoners, such monitoring shall also include periodic status checks.

#### **902.7 REVIEWS AND AUDITS**

##### **902.7.1 INCIDENT REVIEWS**

An incident review shall be conducted at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded. The review should occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation. The review team shall include upper-level management officials and seek input from line supervisors and investigators (28 CFR 115.186).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Prison Rape Elimination*

---

The review shall (28 CFR 115.186):

- (a) Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect or respond to sexual abuse.
- (b) Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender or intersex identification, status or perceived status; gang affiliation; or was motivated or otherwise caused by other group dynamics at the facility.
- (c) Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse.
- (d) Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts.
- (e) Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff.

The review team shall prepare a report of its findings, including any determinations made pursuant to this section and any recommendations for improvement. The report shall be submitted to the Sheriff and the PREA Coordinator. The Sheriff or the authorized designee shall implement the recommendations for improvement or shall document the reasons for not doing so (28 CFR 115.186).

#### 902.7.2 DATA REVIEWS

The facility shall conduct an annual review of collected and aggregated incident-based sexual abuse data. The review should include, as needed, data from incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files and sexual abuse incident reviews (28 CFR 115.187).

The purpose of these reviews is to assess and improve the effectiveness of sexual abuse prevention, detection and response policies, practices and training. An annual report shall be prepared that includes (28 CFR 115.188):

- (a) Identification of any potential problem areas.
- (b) Identification of any corrective actions taken.
- (c) Recommendations for any additional corrective actions.
- (d) A comparison of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years.
- (e) An assessment of the office's progress in addressing sexual abuse.

The report shall be approved by the Sheriff and made readily available to the public through the office website or, if it does not have one, through other means. Material may be redacted from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of the Temporary Holding Facility. However, the nature of the redacted material shall be indicated.

All aggregated sexual abuse data from Storey County Sheriff's Office facilities and private facilities with which it contracts shall be made readily available to the public at least annually through the

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Prison Rape Elimination*

---

office website or, if it does not have one, through other means. Before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available, all personal identifiers shall be removed (28 CFR 115.189).

#### **902.8 RECORDS**

The Office shall retain all written reports from administrative and criminal investigations pursuant to this policy for as long as the alleged abuser is held or employed by the Office, plus five years (28 CFR 115.171).

All other data collected pursuant to this policy shall be securely retained for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection unless federal, state or local law requires otherwise (28 CFR 115.189).

#### **902.9 TRAINING**

All employees, volunteers and contractors who may have contact with prisoners shall receive office-approved training on the prevention and detection of sexual abuse and sexual harassment within this facility. The Training Sergeant shall be responsible for developing and administering this training as appropriate, covering at a minimum (28 CFR 115.131):

- The Office's zero-tolerance policy and prisoners' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or harassment.
- The dynamics of sexual abuse and harassment in confinement settings, including which prisoners are most vulnerable.
- The right of prisoners and staff members to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or harassment.
- Detecting and responding to signs of threatened and actual abuse.
- Communicating effectively and professionally with all prisoners.
- Compliance with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities.

Investigators assigned to sexual abuse investigations shall also receive training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings. Training should include (28 CFR 115.134):

- Techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims.
- Proper use of *Miranda* and *Garrity* warnings.
- Sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings.
- Criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral.

The Training Sergeant shall maintain documentation that employees, volunteers, contractors and investigators have completed required training and that they understand the training. This understanding shall be documented through individual signature or electronic verification.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Prison Rape Elimination*

---

All current employees and volunteers who may have contact with prisoners shall be trained within one year of the effective date of the PREA standards. The agency shall provide annual refresher information to all such employees and volunteers to ensure that they understand the current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures.

## Chapter 10 - Personnel

---

## Recruitment and Selection

### 1000.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides a framework for employee recruiting efforts and identifying job-related standards for the selection process. This policy supplements the rules that govern employment practices for the Storey County Sheriff's Office and that are promulgated and maintained by the Human Resources.

### 1000.2 POLICY

In accordance with applicable federal, state and local law, the Storey County Sheriff's Office provides equal opportunities for applicants and employees, regardless of race, gender expression, age, pregnancy, religion, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, physical or mental handicap, genetic information, veteran status, marital status, sex or any other protected class or status. The Office does not show partiality or grant any special status to any applicant, employee or group of employees unless otherwise required by law.

The Office will recruit and hire only those individuals who demonstrate a commitment to service and who possess the traits and characteristics that reflect personal integrity and high ethical standards.

### 1000.3 RECRUITMENT

The Administration Division Commander should employ a comprehensive recruitment and selection strategy to recruit and select employees from a qualified and diverse pool of candidates.

The strategy should include:

- (a) Identification of racially and culturally diverse target markets.
- (b) Use of marketing strategies to target diverse applicant pools.
- (c) Expanded use of technology and maintenance of a strong Internet presence. This may include an interactive office website and the use of office-managed social networking sites, if resources permit.
- (d) Expanded outreach through partnerships with media, community groups, citizen academies, local colleges, universities and the military.
- (e) Employee referral and recruitment incentive programs.
- (f) Consideration of shared or collaborative regional testing processes.

The Administration Division Commander shall avoid advertising, recruiting and screening practices that tend to stereotype, focus on homogeneous applicant pools or screen applicants in a discriminatory manner.

The Office should strive to facilitate and expedite the screening and testing process, and should periodically inform each candidate of his/her status in the recruiting process.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Recruitment and Selection*

---

#### **1000.4 SELECTION PROCESS**

The Office shall actively strive to identify a diverse group of candidates that have in some manner distinguished themselves as being outstanding prospects. Minimally, the Office should employ a comprehensive screening, background investigation and selection process that assesses cognitive and physical abilities and includes review and verification of the following (NAC 289.110):

- (a) A comprehensive application for employment (including previous employment, references, current and prior addresses, education, military record)
- (b) Driving record
- (c) Reference checks
- (d) Employment eligibility verification, including U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) Employment Eligibility Verification Form I-9 and acceptable identity and employment authorization documents
- (e) Information obtained from public Internet sites
- (f) Financial history consistent with the Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) (15 USC § 1681 et seq.)
- (g) Local, state and federal criminal history record checks
- (h) Lie detector or computer voice stress analyzer (CVSA) examination (when legally permissible)
- (i) Medical and psychological examination (may only be given after a conditional offer of employment)
- (j) Review board or selection committee assessment

#### **1000.5 BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION**

Every candidate shall undergo a thorough background investigation to verify his/her personal integrity and high ethical standards, and to identify any past behavior that may be indicative of the candidate's unsuitability to perform duties relevant to the operation of the Storey County Sheriff's Office. This information is used to verify that the candidate has a good moral character and meets the minimum standards established by the Nevada Peace Officers' Standards and Training (POST) Commission (NAC 289.110).

##### **1000.5.1 NOTICES**

Background investigators shall ensure that investigations are conducted and notices provided in accordance with the requirements of the FCRA (15 USC § 1681d).

##### **1000.5.2 REVIEW OF SOCIAL MEDIA SITES**

Due to the potential for accessing unsubstantiated, private or protected information, the Office shall not require candidates to provide passwords, account information or access to password-protected social media accounts (NRS 613.135).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Recruitment and Selection*

---

The Office may consider utilizing the services of an appropriately trained and experienced third party to conduct open source, Internet-based searches and/or review information from social media sites to ensure that:

- (a) The legal rights of candidates are protected.
- (b) Material and information to be considered are verified, accurate and validated.
- (c) The Office fully complies with applicable privacy protections and local, state and federal law.

Regardless of whether a third party is used, the Office should ensure that potentially impermissible information is not available to any person involved in the candidate selection process.

#### **1000.5.3 DOCUMENTING AND REPORTING**

The background investigator shall summarize the results of the background investigation in a report that includes sufficient information to allow the reviewing authority to decide whether to extend a conditional offer of employment. The report shall not include any information that is prohibited from use, including that from social media sites, in making employment decisions. The report and all supporting documentation shall be included in the candidate's background investigation file.

#### **1000.5.4 RECORDS RETENTION**

The background report and all supporting documentation shall be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule.

#### **1000.6 EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS**

All candidates shall meet the minimum standards required by state law (NRS 289.510; NAC 289.110). Candidates will be evaluated based on merit, ability, competence and experience, in accordance with the high standards of integrity and ethics valued by the Office and the community.

Validated, job-related and nondiscriminatory employment standards shall be established for each job classification and shall minimally identify the training, abilities, knowledge and skills required to perform the position's essential duties in a satisfactory manner. Each standard should include performance indicators for candidate evaluation. The Human Resources should maintain validated standards for all positions.

##### **1000.6.1 STANDARDS FOR OFFICERS/DEPUTIES**

Candidates shall meet the following minimum standards established by Nevada POST (NAC 289.110):

- (a) Citizen of the United States
- (b) At least 21 years of age
- (c) High school graduate or possess the equivalent of a high school diploma
- (d) Possess and maintain a valid driver's license
- (e) Submit to a medical examination to ensure that no physical condition exists that would adversely affect the candidate in the performance of his/her duties as a peace officer

Storey County Sheriff's Office  
Policy Manual

*Recruitment and Selection*

---

- (f) Free of any felony conviction
- (g) Free of any conviction involving an offense of moral turpitude or the use, sale or possession of a controlled substance
- (h) No history of physical violence
- (i) Not have previously resigned from a position in civil service employment due to misconduct involving dishonesty

## Evaluation of Employees

### 1002.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Office's employee performance evaluation system is designed to record work performance for both the Office and the employee, providing recognition for good work and developing a guide for improvement.

### 1002.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office utilizes a performance evaluation report to measure performance and to use as a factor in making personnel decisions that relate to merit increases, promotion, reassignment, discipline, demotion and termination. The evaluation report is intended to serve as a guide for work planning and review by the supervisor and employee. It gives supervisors a way to create an objective history of work performance based on job standards.

The Office evaluates employees in a non-discriminatory manner based upon job-related factors specific to the employee's position, without regard to sex, race, color, national origin, religion, age, disability or other protected classes.

### 1002.3 RESERVE DEPUTY EVALUATIONS

Reserve deputy evaluations are covered in the Reserve Deputy Policy.

### 1002.4 FULL TIME PROBATIONARY PERSONNEL

Non-sworn personnel are on probation for nine months before being eligible for certification as permanent employees. An evaluation will be completed monthly for all full-time non-sworn personnel during the probationary period.

Sworn personnel are on probation for 12 months before being eligible for certification as permanent employees. Probationary deputies are evaluated daily, weekly and monthly during the probationary period.

### 1002.5 FULL-TIME REGULAR STATUS PERSONNEL

Regular employees are subject to three types of performance evaluations:

**Regular** - An Employee Performance Evaluation shall be completed once each year by the employee's immediate supervisor on the anniversary of the employee's date of hire except for employees who have been promoted in which case an Employee Performance Evaluation shall be completed on the anniversary of the employee's date of last promotion.

**Transfer** - If an employee is transferred from one assignment to another in the middle of an evaluation period and less than six months have transpired since the transfer, then an evaluation shall be completed by the current supervisor with input from the previous supervisor.

**Special** - A special evaluation may be completed any time the rater or the rater's supervisor determine one is necessary due to employee performance that is deemed less than standard.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Evaluation of Employees

---

Generally, the special evaluation will be the tool used to demonstrate those areas of performance deemed less than standard when follow-up action is planned (e.g., action plan, remedial training, retraining). The evaluation form and the attached documentation shall be submitted as one package.

#### 1002.5.1 RATINGS

When completing the Employee Performance Evaluation, the rater will place a check mark or circle the corresponding numerical rating that best describes the employee's performance. The definition of each rating category is as follows:

**Outstanding** - Is actual performance well beyond that required for the position. It is exceptional performance, definitely superior or extraordinary.

**Exceeds Standards** - Represents performance that is better than expected of a fully competent employee. It is superior to what is expected, but is not of such rare nature to warrant outstanding.

**Meets Standards** - Is the performance of a fully competent employee. It means satisfactory performance that meets the standards required of the position.

**Needs Improvement** - Is a level of performance less than that expected of a fully competent employee and less than standards required of the position. A needs improvement rating must be thoroughly discussed with the employee.

**Unsatisfactory** - Performance is inferior to the standards required of the position. It is very inadequate or undesirable performance that cannot be tolerated.

Space for written comments is provided at the end of the evaluation in the rater comments section. This section allows the rater to document the employee's strengths, weaknesses and suggestions for improvement. Any rating under any job dimension marked unsatisfactory or outstanding shall be substantiated in the rater comments section.

#### 1002.6 EVALUATION INTERVIEW

When the supervisor has completed the preliminary evaluation, arrangements shall be made for a private discussion of the evaluation with the employee. The supervisor should discuss the results of the just completed rating period and clarify any questions the employee may have. If the employee has valid and reasonable protests of any of the ratings, the supervisor may make appropriate changes to the evaluation. Areas needing improvement and goals for reaching the expected level of performance should be identified and discussed. The supervisor should also provide relevant counseling regarding advancement, specialty positions and training opportunities. The supervisor and employee will sign and date the evaluation. Permanent employees may also write comments in the Employee Comments section of the performance evaluation report.

#### 1002.7 EVALUATION REVIEW

After the supervisor finishes the discussion with the employee, the signed performance evaluation is forwarded to the Chief Deputy. The Chief Deputy shall review the evaluation for fairness,

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Evaluation of Employees* ✓

---

impartiality, uniformity and consistency. The Chief Deputy shall evaluate the supervisor on the quality of ratings given. A copy of the final evaluation will be forwarded to the Sheriff for his/her review prior to its inclusion in the employee's personnel file.

### **1002.8 EVALUATION DISTRIBUTION**

The original performance evaluation shall be maintained in the employee's personnel file for the tenure of the employee's employment. A copy will be given to the employee.

---

## Promotional and Transfer Policy

### 1004.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish required and desirable qualifications for promotion within the ranks of the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

#### 1004.1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The following considerations will be used in evaluating employees for promotion or transfer to a specialty assignment:

- (a) Present a professional, neat appearance.
- (b) Maintains a physical condition which aids in their performance.
- (c) Demonstrate the following traits:
  - 1. Emotional stability and maturity.
  - 2. Stress tolerance
  - 3. Sound judgment and decision-making.
  - 4. Personal integrity
  - 5. Leadership
  - 6. Initiative
  - 7. Adaptability and flexibility
  - 8. Ability to conform to organizational goals and objectives in a positive manner.

### 1004.2 SWORN NON-SUPERVISORY SELECTION PROCESS

The following positions are considered assignments and are not considered promotions:

- (a) Detention.
- (b) Patrol.
- (c) Detective.
- (d) Field Training Officer.
- (e) Community Relations.
- (f) D.A.R.E. deputy/School Liaison.

#### 1004.2.1 DESIRABLE QUALIFICATIONS

The following qualifications apply to consideration for specific assignments:

- (a) Three years experience.
- (b) Off probation.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Promotional and Transfer Policy*

---

- (c) Has shown an expressed interest in the position applied for.
- (d) Education, training and demonstrated abilities in related areas; such as, enforcement activities, investigative techniques, report writing and public relations.
- (e) Complete any training required by POST or law.

#### **1004.3 SELECTION PROCESS**

The following criteria apply to specific assignments.

- (a) An administrative evaluation as determined by the Sheriff that shall include a review of supervisor recommendations. Each supervisor who has supervised or otherwise been involved with the candidate will submit recommendations.
- (b) The supervisor recommendations will be submitted to the Chief Deputy. The Chief Deputy will schedule interviews with each candidate.
- (c) Based on supervisor recommendations and those of the Chief Deputy after the interview, the Chief Deputy will submit his/her recommendation(s) to the Sheriff.
- (d) Appointment by the Sheriff.

The policy and procedures for all positions may be waived for temporary assignments, emergency situations or for training.

#### **1004.4 PROMOTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Specifications for promotional opportunities are on file with the Storey Human Resources.

##### **1004.4.1 SELECTION PROCESS - SUPERVISORY**

The selection process for supervisory positions may vary from time to time depending upon the supervisory position and/or organizational structure. Line supervisors (those within the scope of the CBA) will be selected through a competitive process. The specifics of the selection process will be announced at the time of the notice of promotional opportunity.

Promotional opportunity to command (exempt) positions are exclusively reserved for the Sheriff's appointment, with those positions serving at the will and discretion of the Sheriff.

##### **1004.5 SUPERVISOR CERTIFICATE**

Within one year of the effective date of assignment, all full-time first-line supervisors should complete an 80-hour supervisor training course approved by Nevada POST.

---

## Grievance Procedure

### 1006.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

It is the policy of this office that all grievances be handled quickly and fairly without discrimination against employees who file a grievance whether or not there is a basis for the grievance. The Office's philosophy is to promote free verbal communication between employees and supervisors.

#### 1006.1.1 GRIEVANCE DEFINED

A grievance is any difference of opinion concerning terms or conditions of employment or the interpretation or application of any of the following documents:

- The employee collective bargaining agreement.
- This Policy Manual.
- County rules and regulations covering personnel practices or working conditions.

Grievances may be brought by an individual affected employee or by an employee bargaining group representative.

Specifically **excluded** from the category of grievances are the following:

- (a) Complaints related to alleged acts of sexual, racial, ethnic or other forms of unlawful harassment.
- (b) Complaints related to allegations of discrimination on the basis of sex, race, religion, ethnic background and other lawfully protected status or activity that are subject to the complaint options set forth in Policy Manual § 328.
- (c) Personnel complaints consisting of any allegation of misconduct or improper job performance against any office employee that, if true, would constitute a violation of office policy, federal, state or local law set forth in Policy Manual §1020 (Discipline is not grievable).

### 1006.2 PROCEDURE

Except as otherwise provided for under a collective bargaining agreement, if an employee believes that he/she has a grievance as defined above, then that employee shall observe the following procedure:

- (a) Attempt to resolve the issue through informal discussion with his/her immediate supervisor.
- (b) If after a reasonable amount of time, generally five days, the grievance cannot be settled by the immediate supervisor, the employee may request an interview with the Chief Deputy.
- (c) If a successful resolution is not found with the Chief Deputy, the employee may request a meeting with the Sheriff.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Grievance Procedure

---

- (d) If the employee is to meet with the Sheriff, the employee shall submit a written statement of the grievance to the Sheriff that includes the following information:
1. The basis for the grievance (e.g., the facts of the case).
  2. Allegation of the specific wrongful act and the harm done.
  3. The specific policies, rules or regulations that were violated.
  4. The remedy or goal being sought by the grievance.
  5. The employee shall receive a copy of the acknowledgment signed by the supervisor including the date and time of receipt.
  6. The Sheriff will receive the grievance in writing. The Sheriff will review and analyze the facts or allegations and respond to the employee within 10 calendar days. The response will be in writing and will affirm or deny the allegations. The response shall include any remedies if appropriate. The decision of the Sheriff will be final.

#### **1006.3 EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATION**

Employees are entitled to have representation during the grievance process. The representative may be selected by the employee from the appropriate employee bargaining group.

#### **1006.4 PUNITIVE ACTION**

At no time will punitive action be taken against a peace officer for exercising any rights during the grievance procedure (NRS 289.020(1)).

#### **1006.5 GRIEVANCE RECORDS**

At the conclusion of the grievance process, all documents pertaining to the process shall be forwarded to the Records Section for inclusion into a secure file for all written grievances.

#### **1006.6 JUDICIAL RELIEF**

Any peace officer may, after exhausting the internal grievance procedure, apply to the district court for judicial relief (NRS 289.120).

## Reporting of Employee Convictions

### 1010.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Convictions of certain offenses may restrict or prohibit an employee's ability to properly perform official duties; therefore, all employees shall be required to promptly notify the Office of any past and current criminal convictions.

### 1010.2 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CONVICTIONS AND RESTRAINING ORDERS

Nevada and federal law prohibit individuals convicted of certain offenses and individuals subject to certain court orders from lawfully possessing a firearm. Such convictions and court orders often involve allegations of the use or attempted use of force or threatened use of a weapon on any individual in a domestic relationship (e.g., spouse, cohabitant, parent, child) (18 USC § 922).

All members are responsible for ensuring that they have not been disqualified from possessing a firearm by any such conviction or court order and shall promptly report any such conviction or court order to a supervisor, as provided in this policy.

### 1010.3 CRIMINAL CONVICTIONS

Any person convicted of a felony is prohibited from being a peace officer in the State of Nevada. This prohibition applies regardless of whether the convicted person's civil rights were restored (NRS 289.555).

Even when legal restrictions are not imposed by statute or by the courts upon conviction of any criminal offense, criminal conduct by a member of this office may prohibit him/her from carrying out law enforcement duties.

- (a) State law prohibits any person convicted of a felony, an unlawful user or addict of any controlled substance, a person who is mentally ill or illegally in the United States from possessing a firearm (NRS 202.360).
- (b) If a person is convicted of a crime involving family violence or stalking or is currently subject to a restraining order, injunction or other order for protection against domestic violence, it will be unlawful for the person to carry a concealed weapon (NRS 202.3657).

#### 1010.3.1 COURT ORDERS

All employees shall promptly notify the office if they are part of any court order. Court orders for failure to pay child support or comply with certain subpoenas or warrants may require suspension of their peace officer certificate (NRS 289.580).

### 1010.4 REPORTING PROCEDURE

All members of this office and all retired deputies with an identification card issued by the Office shall promptly notify their immediate supervisor (or the Sheriff in the case of retired deputies) in writing of any past or current criminal arrest or conviction regardless of whether the matter is currently on appeal and regardless of the penalty or sentence, if any.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Reporting of Employee Convictions*

---

All members and all retired deputies with an identification card issued by the Office shall further promptly notify their immediate supervisor (or the Sheriff in the case of retired deputies) in writing if the member or retiree becomes the subject of a domestic violence restraining order or similar court order.

Any member whose criminal conviction unduly restricts or prohibits that member from fully and properly performing his/her duties may be disciplined including, but not limited to, being placed on administrative leave, reassignment and/or termination.

Any member failing to provide prompt written notice pursuant to this policy shall be subject to discipline.

## Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace

### 1012.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to establish clear and uniform guidelines regarding drugs and alcohol in the workplace.

### 1012.2 POLICY

It is the policy of this office to provide a drug- and alcohol-free workplace for all members.

### 1012.3 GENERAL GUIDELINES

Alcohol and drug use in the workplace or on office time can endanger the health and safety of office members and the public. Such use shall not be tolerated (41 USC § 8103).

Members who have consumed an amount of an alcoholic beverage or taken any medication, or combination thereof, that would tend to adversely affect their mental or physical abilities shall not report for duty. Affected members shall notify the Shift Supervisor or appropriate supervisor as soon as the member is aware that he/she will not be able to report to work. If the member is unable to make the notification, every effort should be made to have a representative contact the supervisor in a timely manner. If the member is adversely affected while on-duty, he/she shall be immediately removed and released from work (see Work Restrictions in this policy).

#### 1012.3.1 USE OF MEDICATIONS

Members should avoid taking any medications that will impair their ability to safely and completely perform their duties. Any member who is medically required or has a need to take any such medication shall report that need to his/her immediate supervisor prior to commencing any on-duty status.

No member shall be permitted to work or drive a vehicle owned or leased by the Office while taking any medication that has the potential to impair his/her abilities, without a written release from his/her physician.

Possession or use of medical or recreational marijuana or being under the influence of marijuana on- or off-duty is prohibited and will lead to disciplinary action (NRS 453A.800). Any detectable amount of marijuana markers in a members blood shall be deemed sufficient evidence of use.

### 1012.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Members shall report for work in an appropriate mental and physical condition. Members are prohibited from purchasing, manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, possessing or using controlled substances or alcohol on office premises or on office time (41 USC § 8103). The lawful possession or use of prescribed medications or over-the-counter remedies is excluded from this prohibition.

Members who are authorized to consume alcohol as part of a special assignment shall not do so to the extent of impairing on-duty performance.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace

---

Members shall notify a supervisor immediately if they observe behavior or other evidence that they believe demonstrates that a fellow member is impaired due to drug or alcohol use.

Members are required to notify their immediate supervisors of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than five days after such conviction (41 USC § 8103).

#### **1012.5 EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM**

There may be available a voluntary employee assistance program to assist those who wish to seek help for alcohol and drug problems (41 USC § 8103). Insurance coverage that provides treatment for drug and alcohol abuse also may be available. Employees should contact the Human Resources, their insurance providers or the employee assistance program for additional information. It is the responsibility of each employee to seek assistance before alcohol or drug problems lead to performance problems.

#### **1012.6 WORK RESTRICTIONS**

If a member informs a supervisor that he/she has consumed any alcohol, drug or medication that could interfere with a safe and efficient job performance, the member may be required to obtain clearance from his/her physician before continuing to work.

If the supervisor reasonably believes, based on objective facts, that a member is impaired by the consumption of alcohol or other drugs, the supervisor shall prevent the member from continuing work and shall ensure that he/she is safely transported away from the Office.

#### **1012.7 SCREENING TESTS**

A supervisor may request an employee to submit to a screening test under any of the following circumstances:

- (a) The supervisor reasonably believes, based upon objective facts, that the employee is under the influence of alcohol or drugs that are impairing his/her ability to perform duties safely and efficiently.
- (b) The employee discharges a firearm in the performance of his/her duties (excluding training or authorized euthanizing of an animal).
- (c) The employee discharges a firearm issued by the Office while off-duty, resulting in injury, death or substantial property damage.
- (d) The employee drives a motor vehicle in the performance of his/her duties and becomes involved in an incident that results in bodily injury, death or substantial damage to property.

##### **1012.7.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

The supervisor shall prepare a written record documenting the specific facts that led to the decision to request the test, and shall inform the employee in writing of the following:

- (a) The test will be given to detect either alcohol or drugs, or both.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace

---

- (b) The result of the test is not admissible in any criminal proceeding against the employee.
- (c) The employee may refuse the test, but refusal may result in dismissal or other disciplinary action.

#### **1012.7.2 SCREENING TEST REFUSAL**

An employee may be subject to disciplinary action if he/she:

- (a) Fails or refuses to submit to a screening test as requested.
- (b) After taking a screening test that indicates the presence of a controlled substance, fails to provide proof, within 72 hours after being requested, that he/she took the controlled substance as directed, pursuant to a current and lawful prescription issued in his/her name.

#### **1012.8 COMPLIANCE WITH THE DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE ACT**

No later than 30 days following notice of any drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace involving a member, the Office will take appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal, and/or requiring the member to satisfactorily participate in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program (41 USC § 8104).

#### **1012.9 CONFIDENTIALITY**

The Office recognizes the confidentiality and privacy due to its members. Disclosure of any information relating to substance abuse treatment, except on a need-to-know basis, shall only be with the express written consent of the member involved or pursuant to lawful process.

The written results of any screening tests and all documents generated by the employee assistance program are considered confidential medical records and shall be maintained separately from the employee's other personnel files.

## Sick Leave Policy

### 1014.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Employees of this office are provided with a sick leave benefit that gives them continued compensation during times of absence due to personal or family illness. The number of hours available is detailed in the employee's respective personnel manual or applicable collective bargaining agreement. Employees may also be entitled to additional paid or unpaid leave for certain family and medical reasons as provided for in the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) (29 CFR 825.100).

### 1014.2 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES

Sick leave may be used for absences caused by illness, injury, temporary disability, including pregnancy and maternity, or for medical, dental or vision exams or medical treatment of the employee or the employee's immediate family when it is not possible to schedule such appointments during nonworking hours.

Sick leave is not considered vacation and abuse of sick leave may result in discipline and/or denial of sick leave benefits. Employees on sick leave shall not engage in other employment or self-employment or participate in any sport, hobby, recreational or other activity which may impede recovery from the injury or illness. Employees will not feign illness to participate in any recreational activity.

Upon return to work, employees shall complete and submit a leave request describing the type of leave used and the specific amount of time taken.

#### 1014.2.1 NOTIFICATION

Employees are encouraged to notify an immediate supervisor, or other appropriate supervisor as soon as they are aware that they will not be able to report to work. At a minimum, employees shall make such notification no less than two hours before the start of their scheduled shift. If an employee is unable to contact the supervisor in the case of an emergency, every effort should be made to have a representative contact the supervisor.

When the necessity for leave is foreseeable, such as an expected birth or planned medical treatment, the employee shall, whenever possible, provide notice to the Office as soon as possible and with no less than 30-days notice of the intent to take leave.

### 1014.3 EXTENDED ILLNESS

Employees on extended absences shall, if possible, contact their supervisor at three-day intervals to provide an update on their absence and expected date of return. Employees absent from duty due to personal illness in excess of three consecutive days may be required to furnish a statement from their health care provider supporting the use of sick leave and/or the ability to return to work.

Nothing in this section precludes a supervisor, with cause, from requiring a physician's statement if three or fewer sick leave days are taken.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Sick Leave Policy*

---

### **1014.4 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITY**

Supervisors should monitor sick leave usage and regularly review the attendance of employees under their command to ensure that the use of sick leave is consistent with this policy. Supervisors should address sick leave use in the employee's performance evaluation when it has negatively affected the employee's performance or ability to complete assigned duties and when unusual amounts of sick leave by the employee has had a negative impact on office operations. When appropriate, supervisors should counsel employees regarding the excessive use of sick leave and should consider referring the employee to the Employee Assistance Program.

## Communicable Diseases

### 1016.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides general guidelines to assist in minimizing the risk of office members contracting and/or spreading communicable diseases.

#### 1016.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Communicable disease** - A human disease caused by microorganisms that are present in and transmissible through human blood, bodily fluid, tissue, or by breathing or coughing. These diseases commonly include, but are not limited to, hepatitis B virus (HBV), HIV and tuberculosis.

**Exposure** - When an eye, mouth, mucous membrane or non-intact skin comes into contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials, or when these substances are injected or infused under the skin; when an individual is exposed to a person who has a disease that can be passed through the air by talking, sneezing or coughing (e.g., tuberculosis), or the individual is in an area that was occupied by such a person. Exposure only includes those instances that occur due to a member's position at the Storey County Sheriff's Office. (See the exposure control plan for further details to assist in identifying whether an exposure has occurred.)

### 1016.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office is committed to providing a safe work environment for its members. Members should be aware that they are ultimately responsible for their own health and safety.

### 1016.3 EXPOSURE CONTROL OFFICER

The Sheriff will assign a person as the Exposure Control Officer (ECO). The ECO shall develop an exposure control plan that includes:

- (a) Exposure-prevention and decontamination procedures.
- (b) Procedures for when and how to obtain medical attention in the event of an exposure or suspected exposure.
- (c) The provision that office members will have no-cost access to the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g., gloves, face masks, eye protection, pocket masks) for each member's position and risk of exposure.
- (d) Evaluation of persons in custody for any exposure risk and measures to separate them.
- (e) Compliance with all relevant laws or regulations related to communicable diseases, including:
  1. Compliance with the mandates of the Nevada Occupational Safety and Health Act (NRS 618.005 et seq.).
  2. Responding to requests and notifications regarding exposures covered under the Ryan White law (42 USC § 300ff-133; 42 USC § -36).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Communicable Diseases

---

3. Reporting known and suspected cases of communicable diseases to the appropriate health authority (NAC 441A.255; NAC 441A.245).
4. Responding to requests from health authorities for information that is in the possession of the office related to communicable diseases (NRS 441A.167).
5. Acting as the designated officer to receive notification and responses and to make requests on behalf of members who may be exposed to communicable diseases pursuant to NRS 450B.340 et seq.
6. Bloodborne pathogen precautions (NAC 441A.285).
7. Exposure control mandates in 29 CFR 1910.1030 (NRS 618.295).

The ECO should also act as the liaison with the Nevada Occupational Safety and Health Administration (NVOSHA) and may request voluntary compliance inspections. The ECO should annually review and update the exposure control plan and review implementation of the plan.

#### **1016.4 EXPOSURE PREVENTION AND MITIGATION**

##### **1016.4.1 GENERAL PRECAUTIONS**

All members are expected to use good judgment and follow training and procedures related to mitigating the risks associated with communicable disease. This includes, but is not limited to (29 CFR 1910.1030; NRS 618.295):

- (a) Stocking disposable gloves, antiseptic hand cleanser, CPR masks or other specialized equipment in the work area or office vehicles, as applicable.
- (b) Wearing office-approved disposable gloves when contact with blood, other potentially infectious materials, mucous membranes and non-intact skin can be reasonably anticipated.
- (c) Washing hands immediately or as soon as feasible after removal of gloves or other PPE.
- (d) Treating all human blood and bodily fluids/tissue as if it is known to be infectious for a communicable disease.
- (e) Using an appropriate barrier device when providing CPR.
- (f) Using a face mask or shield if it is reasonable to anticipate an exposure to an airborne transmissible disease.
- (g) Decontaminating non-disposable equipment (e.g., flashlight, control devices, clothing and portable radio) as soon as possible if the equipment is a potential source of exposure.
  1. Clothing that has been contaminated by blood or other potentially infectious materials shall be removed immediately or as soon as feasible and stored/decontaminated appropriately.
- (h) Handling all sharps and items that cut or puncture (e.g., needles, broken glass, razors, knives) cautiously and using puncture-resistant containers for their storage and/or transportation.
- (i) Avoiding eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or lip balm, or handling contact lenses where there is a reasonable likelihood of exposure.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Communicable Diseases

---

- (j) Disposing of biohazardous waste appropriately or labeling biohazardous material properly when it is stored.

#### 1016.4.2 IMMUNIZATIONS

Members who could be exposed to HBV due to their positions may receive the HBV vaccine and any routine booster at no cost (29 CFR 1910.1030; NRS 618.295).

#### 1016.5 POST EXPOSURE

##### 1016.5.1 INITIAL POST-EXPOSURE STEPS

Members who experience an exposure or suspected exposure shall:

- (a) Begin decontamination procedures immediately (e.g., wash hands and any other skin with soap and water, flush mucous membranes with water).
- (b) Obtain medical attention as appropriate.
- (c) Notify a supervisor as soon as practicable.

##### 1016.5.2 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The supervisor on-duty shall investigate every exposure or suspected exposure that occurs as soon as possible following the incident. The supervisor shall ensure the following information is documented (29 CFR 1910.1030; NRS 618.295):

- (a) Name and Social Security number of the member exposed
- (b) Date and time of the incident
- (c) Location of the incident
- (d) Potentially infectious materials involved and the source of exposure (e.g., identification of the person who may have been the source)
- (e) Work being done during exposure
- (f) How the incident occurred or was caused
- (g) PPE in use at the time of the incident
- (h) Actions taken post-event (e.g., clean-up, notifications)

The supervisor shall advise the member that disclosing the identity and/or infectious status of a source to the public or to anyone who is not involved in the follow-up process is prohibited. The supervisor should complete the incident documentation in conjunction with other reporting requirements that may apply (see the Work-Related Injury and Illness Reporting Policy).

##### 1016.5.3 MEDICAL CONSULTATION, EVALUATION AND TREATMENT

Office members shall have the opportunity to have a confidential medical evaluation immediately after an exposure and follow-up evaluations as necessary (29 CFR 1910.1030; NRS 618.295).

The ECO should request a written opinion/evaluation from the treating medical professional that contains only the following information:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Communicable Diseases*

---

- (a) Whether the member has been informed of the results of the evaluation.
- (b) Whether the member has been notified of any medical conditions resulting from exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials which require further evaluation or treatment.

No other information should be requested or accepted by the ECO.

#### **1016.5.4 COUNSELING**

The Office shall provide the member, and his/her family if necessary, the opportunity for counseling and consultation regarding the exposure (29 CFR 1910.1030; NRS 618.295).

#### **1016.5.5 SOURCE TESTING**

Testing a person for communicable diseases when that person was the source of an exposure should be done when it is desired by the exposed member or when it is otherwise appropriate. Source testing is the responsibility of the ECO. If the ECO is unavailable to seek timely testing of the source, it is the responsibility of the exposed member's supervisor to ensure testing is sought.

Source testing may be achieved by:

- (a) Obtaining consent from the individual.
- (b) Cooperating with the appropriate health authority to seek an order for testing (NRS 441A.160).
- (c) Filing a petition for a court order pursuant to NRS 441A.195.

Since there is the potential for overlap between the different manners in which source testing may occur, the ECO is responsible for coordinating the testing to prevent unnecessary or duplicate testing.

The ECO should seek the consent of the individual for testing and consult the District Attorney to discuss other options when no statute exists for compelling the source of an exposure to undergo testing if he/she refuses.

#### **1016.6 CONFIDENTIALITY OF REPORTS**

Medical information shall remain in confidential files and shall not be disclosed to anyone without the member's written consent (except as required by law) (NRS 441A.220). Test results from persons who may have been the source of an exposure are to be kept confidential as well.

#### **1016.7 TRAINING**

All members shall participate in training regarding communicable diseases commensurate with the requirements of their position. The training (29 CFR 1910.1030; NRS 618.295):

- (a) Shall be provided at the time of initial assignment to tasks where an occupational exposure may take place and at least annually after the initial training.
- (b) Shall be provided whenever the member is assigned new tasks or procedures affecting his/her potential exposure to communicable disease.
- (c) Should provide guidance on what constitutes an exposure, what steps can be taken to avoid an exposure and what steps should be taken if a suspected exposure occurs.

Storey County Sheriff's Office  
Policy Manual

*Communicable Diseases* "

---

## Smoking and Tobacco Use

### 1018.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes limitations on smoking and the use of tobacco products by members and others while on-duty or while in Storey County Sheriff's Office facilities or vehicles.

For the purposes of this policy, smoking and tobacco use includes, but is not limited to, any tobacco product, such as cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco, snuff, tobacco pouches and chewing tobacco.

### 1018.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office recognizes that tobacco use is a health risk and can be offensive to others. Smoking and tobacco use also presents an unprofessional image for the Office and its members. Therefore smoking and tobacco use is prohibited by members and visitors in all office facilities, building and vehicles, and as is further outlined in this policy (NRS 202.2483; NRS 202.2491).

### 1018.3 ADDITIONAL PROHIBITIONS

Visitors and the public shall not be allowed to smoke in any office facility (NRS 202.2491).

## Personnel Complaints

### 1020.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the reporting, investigation and disposition of complaints regarding the conduct of members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office. This policy shall not apply to any questioning, counseling, instruction, informal verbal admonishment or other routine or unplanned contact of a member in the normal course of duty, by a supervisor or any other member, nor shall this policy apply to a criminal investigation.

### 1020.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office takes seriously all complaints regarding the service provided by the Office and the conduct of its members.

The Office will accept and address all complaints of misconduct in accordance with this policy and applicable federal, state and local law, municipal and county rules and the requirements of any collective bargaining agreements.

It is also the policy of this office to ensure that the community can report misconduct without concern for reprisal or retaliation.

### 1020.3 PERSONNEL COMPLAINTS

Personnel complaints include any allegation of misconduct or improper job performance that, if true, would constitute a violation of office policy or of federal, state or local law, policy or rule. Personnel complaints may be generated internally or by the public.

Inquiries about conduct or performance that, if true, would not violate office policy or federal, state or local law, policy or rule may be handled informally by a supervisor and shall not be considered a personnel complaint. Such inquiries generally include clarification regarding policy, procedures or the response to specific incidents by the Office.

#### 1020.3.1 COMPLAINT CLASSIFICATIONS

Personnel complaints shall be classified in one of the following categories:

**Informal** - A matter in which the Shift Supervisor is satisfied that appropriate action has been taken by a supervisor of rank greater than the accused member.

**Formal** - A matter in which a supervisor determines that further action is warranted. Such complaints may be investigated by a supervisor of rank greater than the accused member or referred to the Chief Deputy, depending on the seriousness and complexity of the investigation.

**Incomplete** - A matter in which the complaining party either refuses to cooperate or becomes unavailable after diligent follow-up investigation. At the discretion of the assigned supervisor or the Chief Deputy, such matters may be further investigated depending on the seriousness of the complaint and the availability of sufficient information.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personnel Complaints

---

#### 1020.3.2 SOURCES OF COMPLAINTS

The following applies to the source of complaints:

- (a) Individuals from the public may make complaints in any form, including in writing, by email, in person or by telephone.
- (b) Any office member becoming aware of alleged misconduct shall immediately notify a supervisor.
- (c) Supervisors shall initiate a complaint based upon observed misconduct or receipt from any source alleging misconduct that, if true, could result in disciplinary action.
- (d) Anonymous and third-party complaints should be accepted and investigated to the extent that sufficient information is provided.
- (e) Tort claims and lawsuits may generate a personnel complaint.

#### 1020.4 AVAILABILITY AND ACCEPTANCE OF COMPLAINTS

##### 1020.4.1 COMPLAINT FORMS

Personnel complaint forms will be maintained in a clearly visible location in the public area of the sheriff's facility and be accessible through the office website. .

Personnel complaint forms in languages other than English may also be provided, as determined necessary or practicable.

##### 1020.4.2 ACCEPTANCE

All complaints will be courteously accepted by any office member and promptly given to the appropriate supervisor. Although written complaints are preferred, a complaint may also be filed orally, either in person or by telephone. Such complaints will be directed to a supervisor. If a supervisor is not immediately available to take an oral complaint, the receiving member shall obtain contact information sufficient for the supervisor to contact the complainant. The supervisor, upon contact with the complainant, shall complete and submit a complaint form as appropriate.

Although not required, complainants should be encouraged to file complaints in person so that proper identification, signatures, photographs or physical evidence may be obtained as necessary.

##### 1020.4.3 AVAILABILITY OF WRITTEN PROCEDURES FOR INVESTIGATING COMPLAINTS

The Office shall make the written procedures for investigating any complaint or allegation of misconduct against a peace officer available to the public (NRS 289.055).

#### 1020.5 DOCUMENTATION

Supervisors shall ensure that all formal and informal complaints are documented on a complaint form. The supervisor shall ensure that the nature of the complaint is defined as clearly as possible.

All complaints and inquiries should also be documented in a log that records and tracks complaints. The log shall include the nature of the complaint and the actions taken to address the complaint. On an annual basis, the Office should audit the log and send an audit report to the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Personnel Complaints*

---

#### **1020.6 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATIONS**

Allegations of misconduct will be administratively investigated as follows.

##### **1020.6.1 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

In general, the primary responsibility for the investigation of a personnel complaint shall rest with the member's immediate supervisor, unless the supervisor is the complainant, or the supervisor is the ultimate decision-maker regarding disciplinary action or has any personal involvement regarding the alleged misconduct. The Sheriff or the authorized designee may direct that another supervisor investigate any complaint.

A supervisor who becomes aware of alleged misconduct shall take reasonable steps to prevent aggravation of the situation.

The responsibilities of supervisors include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Ensuring that upon receiving or initiating any formal complaint, a complaint form is completed.
  - 1. The original complaint form will be directed to the Shift Supervisor of the accused member, via the chain of command, who will take appropriate action and/or determine who will have responsibility for the investigation.
  - 2. In circumstances where the integrity of the investigation could be jeopardized by reducing the complaint to writing or where the confidentiality of a complainant is at issue, a supervisor shall orally report the matter to the Chief Deputy or the Sheriff, who will initiate appropriate action.
- (b) Responding to all complaints in a courteous and professional manner.
- (c) Resolving those personnel complaints that can be resolved immediately.
  - 1. Follow-up contact with the complainant should be made within 24 hours of the Office receiving the complaint.
  - 2. If the matter is resolved and no further action is required, the supervisor will note the resolution on a complaint form and forward the form to the Shift Supervisor.
- (d) Ensuring that upon receipt of a complaint involving allegations of a potentially serious nature, the Shift Supervisor and Sheriff are notified via the chain of command as soon as practicable.
- (e) Promptly contacting the Human Resources and the Shift Supervisor for direction regarding their roles in addressing a complaint that relates to sexual, racial, ethnic or other forms of prohibited harassment or discrimination.
- (f) Forwarding unresolved personnel complaints to the Shift Supervisor, who will determine whether to contact the complainant or assign the complaint for investigation.
- (g) Informing the complainant of the investigator's name and the complaint number within three days after assignment.
- (h) Investigating a complaint as follows:
  - 1. Making reasonable efforts to obtain names, addresses and telephone numbers of witnesses.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personnel Complaints

---

2. When appropriate, ensuring immediate medical attention is provided and photographs of alleged injuries and accessible uninjured areas are taken.
- (i) Ensuring that the procedural rights of the accused member are followed (NRS 289.080).
- (j) Ensuring interviews of the complainant are generally conducted during reasonable hours.

#### 1020.6.2 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

Whether conducted by a supervisor or a member of the Professional Standards Unit, the following applies to members covered by the peace officer bill of rights (NRS 289.060).

- (a) Interviews of an accused member shall be conducted during reasonable hours and preferably when the member is on-duty. If the member is off-duty, he/she shall be compensated.
- (b) Immediately before any interview begins, the member who is subject to the investigation shall be informed orally and on the record that he/she is required to provide a statement and answer questions related to the alleged misconduct and that failure to do so may result in a charge of insubordination.
- (c) Unless waived by the member, interviews of an accused member shall be at the Storey County Sheriff's Office or other reasonable and appropriate place.
- (d) No more than two interviewers should ask questions of an accused member.
- (e) Within 48 hours prior to any initial interview or hearing, the Office shall provide a written notice to the deputy who is the subject of the investigation of the following:
  1. The name and rank of the officer in charge of the investigation and the officers who will conduct any interview.
  2. The date, time and place of the interview and the names of all who will be present.
  3. The nature of the investigation.
  4. A statement of the right to have two representatives present and assist during any phase of an interview or hearing relating to the investigation as provided in NRS 289.080.
- (f) All interviews should be for a reasonable period and the member's personal needs should be accommodated.
- (g) A member should be given an order to answer questions in an administrative investigation that might incriminate the member in a criminal matter only after the member has been given a *Garrity* advisement and after the investigator has consulted with the prosecuting agency.
- (h) No member should be subjected to offensive or threatening language, nor shall any promises, rewards or other inducements be used to obtain answers. Any member refusing to answer questions directly related to the investigation may be ordered to answer questions administratively and may be subject to discipline for failing to do so.
- (i) The interviewer should record all interviews of members and witnesses. The member may also record the interview. If the member has been previously interviewed, a copy of that recorded interview shall be provided to the member prior to any subsequent interview.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Personnel Complaints*

---

- (j) All members subjected to interviews that could result in discipline have the right to have two uninvolved representatives present during the interview. However, in order to maintain the integrity of each individual's statement, involved members shall not consult or meet with a representative or attorney collectively or in groups prior to being interviewed.
- (k) All members shall provide complete and truthful responses to questions posed during interviews.
- (l) No member may be compelled to submit to a polygraph examination, nor shall any refusal to submit to such examination be mentioned in any investigation (NRS 289.050; NRS 289.070).

#### 1020.6.3 DISPOSITIONS

Each personnel complaint shall be classified with one of the following dispositions:

**Unfounded** - When the investigation discloses that the alleged acts did not occur or did not involve office members. Complaints that are determined to be frivolous will fall within the classification of unfounded.

**Exonerated** - When the investigation discloses that the alleged act occurred but that the act was justified, lawful and/or proper.

**Not sustained** - When the investigation discloses that there is insufficient evidence to sustain the complaint or fully exonerate the member.

**Sustained** - When the investigation discloses sufficient evidence to establish that the act occurred and that it constituted misconduct.

If an investigation discloses misconduct or improper job performance that was not alleged in the original complaint, the investigator shall take appropriate action with regard to any additional allegations.

#### 1020.6.4 ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION FORMAT

Formal investigations of personnel complaints shall be thorough, complete and essentially follow this format:

**Introduction** - Include the identity of the members, the identity of the assigned investigators, the initial date and source of the complaint.

**Synopsis** - Provide a brief summary of the facts giving rise to the investigation.

**Summary** - List the allegations separately, including applicable policy sections, with a brief summary of the evidence relevant to each allegation. A separate recommended finding should be provided for each allegation.

**Evidence** - Each allegation should be set forth with the details of the evidence applicable to each allegation provided, including comprehensive summaries of member and witness statements. Other evidence related to each allegation should also be detailed in this section.

**Conclusion** - A recommendation regarding further action or disposition should be provided.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Personnel Complaints*

---

**Exhibits** - A separate list of exhibits (e.g., recordings, photos, documents) should be attached to the report.

#### **1020.6.5 COMPLETION OF INVESTIGATIONS**

Every investigator or supervisor assigned to investigate a personnel complaint or other alleged misconduct shall proceed with due diligence in an effort to complete the investigation within three months of the date the office becomes aware of the allegation. The Sheriff may extend the period to six months if the investigation reasonably requires such an extension.

#### **1020.7 ADMINISTRATIVE SEARCHES**

Assigned lockers, storage spaces and other areas, including desks, offices and vehicles, may be searched as part of an administrative investigation upon a reasonable suspicion of misconduct.

Such areas may also be searched any time by a supervisor for non-investigative purposes, such as obtaining a needed report, radio or other document or equipment.

##### **1020.7.1 DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

A peace officer shall not be required to disclose personal financial information unless the information is necessary to determine the following (NRS 289.030):

- (a) Employee's credentials for transfer to a specialized unit
- (b) A conflict of interest with official duties
- (c) Whether the employee is engaged in unlawful activity

#### **1020.8 ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE**

When a complaint of misconduct is of a serious nature, or when circumstances indicate that allowing the accused to continue to work would adversely affect the mission of the Office, the Sheriff or the authorized designee may temporarily assign an accused employee to administrative leave. Any employee placed on administrative leave:

- (a) May be required to relinquish any office badge, identification, assigned weapons and any other office equipment.
- (b) Shall be required to continue to comply with all policies and lawful orders of a supervisor.
- (c) May be temporarily reassigned to a different shift, generally a normal business-hours shift, during the investigation. The employee may be required to remain available for contact at all times during such shift, and will report as ordered.

Except as provided in a collective bargaining agreement, a peace officer placed on administrative leave shall continue to receive regular pay and benefits until all investigations relating to the matter have concluded (NRS 289.657).

#### **1020.9 CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION**

Where a member is accused of potential criminal conduct, a separate supervisor or investigator shall be assigned to investigate the criminal allegations apart from any administrative investigation. Any separate administrative investigation may parallel a criminal investigation.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personnel Complaints

---

The Sheriff shall be notified as soon as practicable when a member is accused of criminal conduct. The Sheriff may request a criminal investigation by an outside law enforcement agency.

A member accused of criminal conduct shall be provided with all rights afforded to a civilian. The member should not be administratively ordered to provide any information in the criminal investigation.

No information or evidence administratively coerced from a member may be provided to anyone involved in conducting the criminal investigation or to any prosecutor.

The Storey County Sheriff's Office may release information concerning the arrest or detention of any member, including a deputy, that has not led to a conviction. No disciplinary action should be taken until an independent administrative investigation is conducted.

#### **1020.10 POST-ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES**

Upon completion of a formal investigation, an investigation report should be forwarded to the Sheriff through the chain of command. Each level of command should review and include their comments in writing before forwarding the report. The Sheriff may accept or modify any classification or recommendation for disciplinary action.

##### **1020.10.1 DIVISION COMMANDER RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon receipt of any completed personnel investigation, the Division Commander of the involved member shall review the entire investigative file, the member's personnel file and any other relevant materials.

The Division Commander may make recommendations regarding the disposition of any allegations and the amount of discipline, if any, to be imposed.

Prior to forwarding recommendations to the Sheriff, the Division Commander may return the entire investigation to the assigned investigator or supervisor for further investigation or action.

When forwarding any written recommendation to the Sheriff, the Division Commander shall include all relevant materials supporting the recommendation. Actual copies of a member's existing personnel file need not be provided and may be incorporated by reference.

##### **1020.10.2 SHERIFF RESPONSIBILITIES**

Upon receipt of any written recommendation for disciplinary action, the Sheriff shall review the recommendation and all accompanying materials. The Sheriff may modify any recommendation and/or may return the file to the Division Commander for further investigation or action.

Once the Sheriff is satisfied that no further investigation or action is required by staff, the Sheriff shall determine the amount of discipline, if any, that should be imposed. In the event disciplinary action is proposed, the Sheriff shall provide the member with a written notice and the following:

- (a) Access to all of the materials in recommending the proposed discipline (NRS 289.057(3)).
- (b) An opportunity to respond orally or in writing to the Sheriff within five days of receiving the notice.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Personnel Complaints*

---

1. Upon a showing of good cause by the member, the Sheriff may grant a reasonable extension of time for the member to respond.
2. If the member elects to respond orally, the presentation shall be recorded by the Office. Upon request, the member shall be provided with a copy of the recording.

Once the member has completed his/her response or if the member has elected to waive any such response, the Sheriff shall consider all information received in regard to the recommended discipline. The Sheriff shall render a timely written decision to the member and specify the grounds and reasons for discipline and the effective date of the discipline. Once the Sheriff has issued a written decision, the discipline shall become effective.

#### 1020.10.3 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SHERIFF'S REVIEW BOARD

The Sheriff may convene a review panel in accordance with the Sheriff's Review Board Policy to review an internal investigation of a member. Upon completion of the review, the review panel chairman shall report the findings and recommendation of the panel regarding the proposed disciplinary action to the Sheriff. The findings and recommendation of a panel of the review board are public records unless otherwise declared confidential by state or federal law (NRS 289.380; NRS 289.383; NRS 396.3291).

#### 1020.11 PRE-DISCIPLINE EMPLOYEE RESPONSE

The pre-discipline process is intended to provide the accused employee with an opportunity to present a written or oral response to the Sheriff after having had an opportunity to review the supporting materials and prior to imposition of any recommended discipline. The employee shall consider the following:

- (a) The response is not intended to be an adversarial or formal hearing.
- (b) Although the employee may be represented by an uninvolved representative or legal counsel, the response is not designed to accommodate the presentation of testimony or witnesses.
- (c) The employee may suggest that further investigation could be conducted or the employee may offer any additional information or mitigating factors for the Sheriff to consider.
- (d) In the event that the Sheriff elects to cause further investigation to be conducted, the employee shall be provided with the results prior to the imposition of any discipline.
- (e) The employee may thereafter have the opportunity to further respond orally or in writing to the Sheriff on the limited issues of information raised in any subsequent materials.

#### 1020.12 RESIGNATIONS/RETIREMENTS PRIOR TO DISCIPLINE

In the event that a member tenders a written resignation or notice of retirement prior to the imposition of discipline, it shall be noted in the file. The tender of a resignation or retirement by itself shall not serve as grounds for the termination of any pending investigation or discipline.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Personnel Complaints*

---

#### **1020.13 POST-DISCIPLINE APPEAL RIGHTS**

Non-probationary employees have the right to appeal a suspension without pay, punitive transfer, demotion, reduction in pay or step, or termination from employment. The employee has the right to appeal using the procedures established by any collective bargaining agreement and/or personnel rules.

In the event of punitive action against a member covered by the peace officer bill of rights, the member may apply to the district court for judicial relief after exhausting Office grievance procedures and other administrative remedies (NRS 289.120).

#### **1020.14 PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEES AND OTHER MEMBERS**

At-will employees, probationary employees not covered by the peace officer bill of rights and members other than non-probationary employees may be disciplined and/or released from employment without adherence to any of the procedures set out in this policy, and without notice or cause at any time. These individuals are not entitled to any rights under this policy. However, any of these individuals released for misconduct should be afforded an opportunity solely to clear their names through a liberty interest hearing, which shall be limited to a single appearance before the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

Any probationary period may be extended at the discretion of the Sheriff in cases where the individual has been absent for more than a week or when additional time to review the individual is considered to be appropriate.

#### **1020.15 RETENTION OF PERSONNEL INVESTIGATION FILES**

All personnel complaints shall be maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule and as described in the Peace Officer Personnel Files Policy.

## Seat Belts

### 1022.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes guidelines for the use of seatbelts and child restraints. This policy will apply to all members operating or riding in office vehicles.

#### 1022.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Child restraint system** - An infant or child passenger restraint system that meets Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS) and Regulations set forth in 49 CFR 571.213 and NRS 484B.157.

### 1022.2 WEARING OF SAFETY RESTRAINTS

All members shall wear properly adjusted safety restraints when operating or riding in a seat equipped with restraints, in any vehicle owned, leased or rented by this office while on- or off-duty, or in any privately owned vehicle while on-duty. The member driving such a vehicle shall ensure that all other occupants, including those who are not members of the Office, are properly restrained (NRS 484D.495).

Exceptions to the requirement to wear safety restraints may be made only in exceptional situations where, due to unusual circumstances, wearing a seat belt would endanger the office member or the public. Members must be prepared to justify any deviation from this requirement.

### 1022.3 TRANSPORTING SUSPECTS, PRISONERS OR ARRESTEES

Suspects, prisoners and arrestees should be in a seated position and secured in the rear seat of any office vehicle with a prisoner restraint system or, when a prisoner restraint system is not available, by seat belts provided by the vehicle manufacturer. The prisoner restraint system is not intended to be a substitute for handcuffs or other appendage restraints (NRS 484D.495).

Prisoners in leg restraints shall be transported in accordance with the Handcuffing and Restraints Policy.

### 1022.4 INOPERABLE SEAT BELTS

Office vehicles shall not be operated when the seat belt in the driver's position is inoperable. Persons shall not be transported in a seat in which the seat belt is inoperable.

Office vehicle seat belts shall not be modified, removed, deactivated or altered in any way, except by the vehicle maintenance and repair staff, who shall do so only with the express authorization of the Sheriff.

Members who discover an inoperable restraint system shall report the defect to the appropriate supervisor. Prompt action will be taken to replace or repair the system.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Seat Belts*

---

#### **1022.5 POLICY**

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office that members use safety and child restraint systems to reduce the possibility of death or injury in a motor vehicle collision.

#### **1022.6 TRANSPORTING CHILDREN**

Child passengers younger than 6 years of age and weighing 60 pounds or less shall be transported in a child restraint system in compliance with Nevada state law (NRS 484B.157).

Rear seat passengers in a cage-equipped vehicle may have reduced clearance, which requires careful seating and positioning of seat belts. Due to this reduced clearance, and if permitted by law, children and any child restraint system may be secured in the front seat of such vehicles provided this positioning meets federal safety standards and the vehicle and child restraint system manufacturer's design and use recommendations. In the event that a child is transported in the front seat of a vehicle, the seat should be pushed back as far as possible and the passenger-side airbag should be deactivated. If this is not possible, members should arrange alternate transportation when feasible.

##### **1022.6.1 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

A properly adjusted seat belt shall be worn by any child age 6 or older and by any child who is under age 6 and weighs more than 60 pounds (NRS 484D.495).

#### **1022.7 VEHICLE AIRBAGS**

In all vehicles equipped with airbag restraint systems, the system will not be tampered with or deactivated, except when transporting children as written elsewhere in this policy. All equipment installed in vehicles equipped with airbags will be installed as per the vehicle manufacturer specifications to avoid the danger of interfering with the effective deployment of the airbag device.

---

## Body Armor

### 1024.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide law enforcement officers with guidelines for the proper use of body armor.

### 1024.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to maximize officer safety through the use of body armor in combination with prescribed safety procedures. While body armor provides a significant level of protection, it is not a substitute for the observance of officer safety procedures.

### 1024.3 ISSUANCE OF BODY ARMOR

The Chief Deputy shall ensure that body armor is issued to all deputies when the deputy begins service at the Storey County Sheriff's Office and that, when issued, the body armor meets or exceeds the standards of the National Institute of Justice.

The Chief Deputy shall establish a body armor replacement schedule and ensure that replacement body armor is issued pursuant to the schedule or whenever the body armor becomes worn or damaged to the point that its effectiveness or functionality has been compromised.

#### 1024.3.1 USE OF SOFT BODY ARMOR

Generally, the use of body armor is required subject to the following:

- (a) Deputies shall only wear agency-approved body armor.
- (b) Deputies shall wear body armor anytime they are in a situation where they could reasonably be expected to take enforcement action.
- (c) Deputies may be excused from wearing body armor when they are functioning primarily in an administrative, detention, or support capacity and could not reasonably be expected to take enforcement action.
- (d) Body armor shall be worn when a deputy is working in uniform or taking part in Office range training.
- (e) A deputy may be excused from wearing body armor when he/she is involved in undercover or plainclothes work that his/her supervisor determines could be compromised by wearing body armor, or when a supervisor determines that other circumstances make it inappropriate to mandate wearing body armor.

#### 1024.3.2 INSPECTIONS OF BODY ARMOR

Supervisors should ensure that body armor is worn and maintained in accordance with this policy through routine observation and periodic documented inspections. Annual inspections of body armor should be conducted by an authorized designee for fit, cleanliness and signs of damage, abuse and wear.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Body Armor*

---

#### 1024.3.3 CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF SOFT BODY ARMOR

Soft body armor should never be stored for any period of time in an area where environmental conditions (e.g., temperature, light, humidity) are not reasonably controlled (e.g., normal ambient room temperature/humidity conditions), such as in automobiles or automobile trunks.

Soft body armor should be cared for and cleaned pursuant to the manufacturer's care instructions provided with the soft body armor. The instructions can be found on labels located on the external surface of each ballistic panel. The carrier should also have a label that contains care instructions. Failure to follow these instructions may damage the ballistic performance capabilities of the armor. If care instructions for the soft body armor cannot be located, contact the manufacturer to request care instructions.

Soft body armor should not be exposed to any cleaning agents or methods not specifically recommended by the manufacturer, as noted on the armor panel label.

#### 1024.4 RANGEMASTER RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chief Deputy should:

- (a) Monitor technological advances in the body armor industry for any appropriate changes to Office-approved body armor.
- (b) Assess weapons and ammunition currently in use and the suitability of approved body armor to protect against those threats.
- (c) Provide training that educates deputies about the safety benefits of wearing body armor

## Peace Officer Personnel Files

### 1026.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This section governs the maintenance, retention and access to peace officer personnel files in accordance with established law. It is the policy of this office to maintain the confidentiality of peace officer personnel records pursuant to state law.

### 1026.2 ADMINISTRATIVE FILE DEFINED

**Administrative File** - Any file of a deputy containing information, comments or documents about the deputy (NRS 289.010(1)). The term does not include any file relating to an investigation conducted pursuant to NRS 289.057 or a criminal investigation of a deputy. An Administrative File is a personnel file.

#### 1026.2.1 REQUIRED PERSONNEL FILE CONTENTS

Unfavorable comments or documents entered into a deputy's personnel file require that the deputy have the opportunity to read, initial or comment, or if the deputy refuses to initial or comment, a notation is to be made upon the document and within 30 days the deputy may also submit a written response to the document (NRS 289.040(1) and NRS 289.040(2)).

- (a) The personnel file should contain any letter, memorandum or document relating to:
1. A commendation, congratulation or honor bestowed on the deputy by a member of the public or by the Office for an action, duty or activity that relates to official duties.
  2. Any misconduct by the deputy if the letter, memorandum or document is from the Office and if the misconduct resulted in disciplinary action (NRS 289.040(3)).
  3. The periodic evaluation of the deputy by a supervisor.

#### 1026.2.2 PERMITTED PERSONNEL FILE CONTENTS

The personnel file may also contain:

- (a) Personal data, including marital status, family members, educational and employment history or similar information.
- (b) Medical history including medical leave of absence forms, fitness for duty examinations, workers compensation records, medical releases and all other records which reveal an employee's past, current or anticipated future medical conditions.
- (c) Election of employee benefits.
- (d) Employee advancement or promotion.
- (e) Any other information the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

#### 1026.2.3 PROHIBITED PERSONNEL FILE CONTENTS

The personnel file may not contain:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer Personnel Files

---

- (a) A letter, memorandum or document relating to alleged misconduct when there is insufficient evidence to sustain the charge of misconduct.
- (b) Documents regarding non-sustained complaints or violations. These may, however, may be retained in the confidential Office files.

#### **1026.3 EMPLOYEE RECORD LOCATIONS**

Employee records will generally be maintained in any of the following:

**Administrative Investigation Files** - Those files that contain records relating to internal or criminal investigations of the employee (NRS 289.057).

**County Personnel Files** - Administrative files and other employee files maintained by the County and not under the control of the Sheriff.

**Office File** - That file which is maintained in the office of the Sheriff as a permanent record of a sworn deputy's employment with this office.

**Internal Affairs Files** - Those files that contain complaints of employee misconduct and all materials relating to the investigation into such allegations, regardless of disposition.

**Medical File** - A file which is maintained separately that exclusively contains material relating to an employee's medical history.

**Supervisors Files** - A file maintained on employees by supervisors for the purpose of creating performance appraisals.

**Training File** - Any file which documents the training records of an employee.

#### **1026.4 CONFIDENTIALITY OF ALL PERSONNEL FILES**

All of the above-defined personnel records shall be deemed confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure except pursuant to state and federal discovery procedures, state law or with the employee's consent. Nothing in this section is intended to preclude review of personnel files by the County Manager, District Attorney or other attorneys or representatives of the County in connection with official business.

#### **1026.5 REQUESTS FOR DISCLOSURE**

Only written requests for the disclosure of any information contained in any peace officer personnel record will be considered. Since the format of such requests may be strictly governed by law with specific responses required, all such requests shall be promptly brought to the attention of the Shift Supervisor, the Custodian of Records or other person charged with the maintenance of such records.

Upon receipt of any such request, the responsible person shall notify the affected employee(s) as soon as practicable that such a request has been made.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer Personnel Files

---

The responsible person shall further ensure that an appropriate response to the request is made in a timely manner, consistent with applicable law. In many cases, this will require assistance of approved and available legal counsel.

All requests for disclosure, which result in access to an employee's personnel file(s), shall be logged in the corresponding file and the affected employee shall be notified.

#### **1026.5.1 RELEASE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION**

Except as provided by this policy or pursuant to lawful process, no information contained in any confidential peace officer personnel file shall be disclosed to any unauthorized person(s) without the expressed prior consent of the involved deputy or written authorization of the Sheriff or his/her designee.

Except as otherwise provided by law, the home address and any photograph of a deputy in the possession of the Office are not public information and are confidential (NRS 289.025).

Any person who maliciously, and with the intent to obstruct justice or the due administration of the laws, publishes, disseminates or otherwise discloses the residence address or telephone number of any member of this Office may be guilty of a misdemeanor.

The Office may also release any factual information concerning a disciplinary investigation if the deputy who is the subject of the investigation (or the deputy's representative) publicly makes a statement which is published in the media and which the deputy, or representative, knew to be false. The disclosure of such information, if any, shall be limited to facts that refute any such false statement.

The Office shall make available to a panel of an authorized review board any personnel file or other material necessary for the panel to conduct a review (NRS 289.387(5)).

#### **1026.6 EMPLOYEE ACCESS TO OWN FILE**

Upon request, a deputy may review any administrative file of that deputy maintained by the Office that does not relate to a current investigation (NRS 289.040(5)).

The deputy or his/her authorized representative may, except as otherwise prohibited by federal or state law, review any administrative or investigative file maintained by the Office relating to the investigation, including any recordings, notes, transcripts of interviews and documents if the investigation causes the Office to impose punitive action and the peace officer has received notice of the imposition of the punitive action (NRS 289.057(3)(a) and NRS 289.080(6)).

Any employee seeking the removal of any item from his/her personnel file shall file a written request to the Sheriff through the chain of command. The Office shall thereafter remove any such item if appropriate or within 30 days provide the employee with a written explanation why the contested item will not be removed. If the contested item is not removed from the file, the employee's request and the Office's written response shall be retained with the contested item in the employee's personnel file.

Employees may be restricted from accessing files containing any of the following information:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer Personnel Files

---

- (a) Ongoing Internal Affairs investigations to the extent that it could jeopardize or compromise the investigation pending final disposition or notice to the employee of the intent to discipline.
- (b) Confidential portions of Internal Affairs files that have not been sustained against the employee.
- (c) Criminal investigations involving the employee.

#### **1026.7 TYPES OF PERSONNEL FILES**

The Office may maintain a personnel file on a peace officer for the Office's use, but the Office may not release any information contained in the Office file to any agency or person requesting information relating to a peace officer. The Office shall refer to the Sheriff or his/her designee any person or agency that requests information that is maintained in a peace officer personnel file.

Peace officer personnel files can be located in any of the following places:

##### **1026.7.1 DEPARTMENT FILE**

The Office file should contain, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) Performance evaluation reports regularly completed by appropriate supervisor(s) and signed by the affected employee shall be permanently maintained and a copy provided to the employee.
  - 1. The employee will have 10 calendar days after receiving the report to make a statement in writing which shall be attached to the performance evaluation.
- (b) Records of all training (original or photocopies of available certificates, transcripts, diplomas and other documentation) and education.
  - 1. It shall be the responsibility of the involved employee to provide the Training Sergeant or immediate supervisor with evidence of completed training/education in a timely manner.
  - 2. The Training Sergeant or supervisor shall ensure that copies of such training records are placed in the employee's Office file.
- (c) Disciplinary action.
  - 1. Disciplinary action resulting from sustained internally initiated complaints or observation of misconduct shall be maintained in the individual employee's Office file at least two years.
  - 2. Disciplinary action resulting from a sustained citizen's complaint shall be maintained in the individual employee's Office file at least five years.
  - 3. Investigations of complaints that result in a finding of not-sustained, unfounded or exonerated shall not be placed in the employee's Office file, but will be separately maintained for the appropriate retention period in the Internal Affairs file.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer Personnel Files

---

4. Documents or records related to discipline which has been entirely overturned on appeal shall not be placed in the employee's Office file, but will be separately maintained for the appropriate retention period in the Internal Affairs file.
- (d) If a negative letter, memorandum, document or other notation of negative impact is included in a deputy's personnel file, the Office shall, within 30 days after the date of the inclusion, notify the affected deputy. The deputy may, on or before the 15th day after the date of receipt of the notification, file a written response to the negative letter, memorandum, document or other notation.
1. Any such employee response shall be attached to and retained with the original adverse comment.
  2. If an employee refuses to initial or sign an adverse comment, at least one supervisor should note the date and time of such refusal on the original comment. Such a refusal, however, shall not be deemed insubordination nor shall it prohibit the entry of the adverse comment into the employee's file.
- (e) Commendations shall be retained in the employee's Office file, with a copy provided to the involved employee(s).
- (f) Personnel Action Reports reflecting assignments, promotions and other changes in the employee's employment status.
- (g) A photograph of the employee.

#### 1026.7.2 INTERNAL AFFAIRS FILE

The internal affairs file shall be maintained under the exclusive control of the Sheriff. Access to these files may only be approved by the Sheriff or the Chief Deputy. These files shall contain:

- (a) The complete investigation of all formal complaints of employee misconduct regardless of disposition.
1. Each investigation file shall be sequentially numbered within a calendar year (e.g., yy-001, yy-002) with an alphabetically arranged index cross-referenced for each involved employee.
  2. Each investigation file arising out of a formal citizen's complaint, or involving discriminatory harassment or hostile work environment shall be maintained no less than five years. Investigation files arising out of other internally generated complaints shall be maintained no less than two years.
- (b) Internal investigations shall be securely maintained in accordance with the established records retention schedule. Investigations that result in other than a sustained finding shall be maintained for the minimum statutory period, but may not be used by the Office to adversely affect an employee's career.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer Personnel Files

---

#### **1026.7.3 TRAINING FILES**

An individual training file shall be maintained by the Training Section for each employee. Training files will contain records of all training and education mandated by law or the Office, including firearms qualifications and mandated annual proficiency requalification.

- (a) It shall be the responsibility of the involved employee to provide the Training Sergeant or immediate supervisor with evidence of completed training/education in a timely manner.
- (b) The Training Sergeant or supervisor shall ensure that copies of such training records are placed in the employee's training file.

#### **1026.7.4 MEDICAL FILE**

A confidential medical file shall be maintained separately from all other files and shall contain all documents relating to the employee's medical condition and history, including but not limited to the following:

- (a) Materials relating to medical leaves of absence.
- (b) Documents relating to workers compensation claims or receipt of short or long-term disability benefits.
- (c) Fitness for duty examinations, psychological and physical examinations, follow-up inquiries and related documents.
- (d) Medical release forms, doctor's slips and attendance records that reveal an employee's medical condition.
- (e) Any other documents or material which reveals the employee's medical history or medical condition, including past, present or future anticipated mental, psychological or physical limitations.

#### **1026.8 PURGING OF FILES**

Formal citizen complaints and all related files not pending litigation or other ongoing legal proceedings may be purged from respective Office files once the required records retention period has been met.

- (a) Each supervisor responsible for completing the employee's performance evaluation shall also determine whether any prior sustained disciplinary file should be retained beyond the statutory period for reasons other than pending litigation or other ongoing legal proceedings.
- (b) If a supervisor determines that records of prior discipline should be retained beyond the applicable statutory period, approval for such retention shall be obtained through the chain of command from the Sheriff.
- (c) During the preparation of each employee's performance evaluation, all complaints and discipline should be reviewed to determine the relevancy, if any, to progressive discipline, training and career development. If, in the opinion of the Sheriff, a complaint or disciplinary

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer Personnel Files

---

action beyond the statutory retention period is no longer relevant, all records of such matter may be destroyed pursuant to records destruction requirements.

#### **1026.9 BRADY MATERIAL IN PERSONNEL FILES**

The purpose of this section is to establish a procedure for releasing potentially exculpatory information, known as *Brady* material, contained within confidential peace officer personnel files.

##### **1026.9.1 DEFINITIONS**

**Brady material** - In the *Brady v. Maryland* decision (373 U.S. 83 (1963)), the United States Supreme Court held that the prosecution has an affirmative duty to disclose to the defendant evidence which is both favorable and material to the guilt and/or punishment of the defendant.

**The prosecution** - Refers to any prosecuting attorney and all investigative agencies involved in the criminal prosecution of a defendant, including this office.

##### **1026.9.2 RELEASE OF PERSONNEL FILES TO PROSECUTING ATTORNEY**

Generally, the only time the prosecuting attorney, Attorney General or grand jury is entitled to access confidential peace officer personnel files without filing a court motion is during an investigation of the conduct of a deputy or this office. Such access shall not be considered a waiver of the confidentiality of the information contained in these files.

Absent a specific investigation of an identified deputy or a specific investigation of this office (or the consent of an involved deputy), no confidential information from any deputy's personnel file shall be released to the prosecuting attorney or grand jury without full compliance with the court process. The prosecution of a criminal defendant is not considered an investigation of any involved deputy.

Should a deputy's credibility or other issues related to a deputy's personnel file arise in the context of a deputy acting as a witness for the prosecution, access to that deputy's personnel file by either the prosecuting attorney or the criminal defendant shall be limited to that which is authorized by the process set forth in court and evidentiary rules.

##### **1026.9.3 PROCEDURE**

If a deputy is a material witness in a criminal case, a person or persons designated by the Sheriff may examine the subject deputy's personnel file to determine whether there are *Brady* materials contained therein (e.g., evidence which is both favorable and material to the guilt and/or punishment of the defendant). If *Brady* material is located, the following procedure shall apply:

- (a) In the event that a court motion has not already been filed by the criminal defendant or other party, the prosecuting attorney shall be notified of the potential presence of *Brady* material in the deputy's personnel file.
- (b) The prosecuting attorney should be encouraged to file a court motion in order to initiate an in camera review by the court.
- (c) As with any court motion, and prior to any review of the files by the court, the subject deputy shall be notified in writing that a court motion has been filed.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Peace Officer Personnel Files

---

- (d) The responsible Custodian of Records shall accompany all relevant personnel files during any in camera inspection and address any issues or questions raised by the court in determining whether any material contained in the file is both material and favorable to the criminal defendant.
- (e) If the court determines that there is relevant *Brady* material contained in the file, only that material ordered released will be copied and released to the parties filing the court motion.
  - 1. Prior to the release of any materials pursuant to this process, the Custodian of Records should request a protective order from the court limiting the use of such materials to the involved case and requiring the return of all copies upon completion of the case.

## Request for Change of Assignment

### 1028.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

It is the intent of the Office that all requests for change of assignment are considered equally. To facilitate the selection process, the following procedure is established whereby all such requests will be reviewed on an equal basis as assignments are made.

### 1028.2 REQUEST FOR CHANGE OF ASSIGNMENT

Personnel wishing a change of assignment are to make a request for change of assignment in writing to their supervisor, which shall be forwarded through the chain of command to the Sheriff.

Unless unusual circumstances exist, authorized changes in assignment will generally coincide with normal schedule rotations (January & July).

### 1028.3 SUPERVISOR'S COMMENTARY

The deputy's immediate supervisor shall make appropriate comments regarding any requested change of assignment before forwarding it to the Chief Deputy. The Chief Deputy will add his/her comments regarding the requested change and forward it to the Sheriff for a final decision.

The Sheriff has the right to assign personnel in accordance with the needs of the Office. Non-disciplinary assignments are the exclusive right of management and are not subject to the grievance procedure.

## Employee Commendations

### 1030.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Special recognition may be in order whenever an employee performs his/her duties in an exemplary manner. This procedure provides general guidelines for the commending of exceptional employee performance.

### 1030.2 WHO MAY MAKE COMMENDATIONS

A written commendation may be made by a supervisor regarding any other employee of the Office, provided the reporting person is superior in rank or is the person in charge of the individual being commended. Additionally, investigating deputies may commend uniformed deputies for exceptional assistance in investigative functions. Any employee may recommend a commendation to the supervisor of the employee subject to commendation.

A written commendation may also be made by a member of the public regarding any Office employee.

### 1030.3 COMMENDABLE ACTIONS

A meritorious or commendable act by an employee of this office may include, but is not limited to, the following:

- Superior handling of a difficult situation.
- Conspicuous bravery or outstanding performance.
- Any action or performance that is above and beyond the typical duties of an employee.

#### 1030.3.1 COMMENDATION INCIDENT REPORT

The Commendation Incident Report shall be used to document the commendation of the employee and shall contain the following:

- (a) Employee name and assignment at the date and time of the commendation.
- (b) A brief account of the commendable action with report numbers, as appropriate.
- (c) Signature of the commending supervisor.

Completed reports shall be forwarded to the Chief Deputy for his/her review. The Chief Deputy shall sign and forward the report to the Sheriff for his/her review.

The Sheriff will return the commendation to the employee for his/her signature. The report will then be returned to the Records Section for entry into the employee's personnel file.

## Fitness for Duty

### 1032.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

All deputies are required to be free from any physical, emotional or mental condition which might adversely affect the exercise of peace officer powers. The purpose of this policy is to ensure that all deputies of this office remain fit for duty and able to perform their job functions.

### 1032.2 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES

- (a) It shall be the responsibility of each member of this office to maintain good physical condition sufficient to safely and properly perform essential duties of his/her position.
- (b) Each member of this office shall perform his/her respective duties without physical, emotional and/or mental constraints.
- (c) During working hours, all employees are required to be alert, attentive and capable of performing his/her assigned responsibilities.
- (d) Any employee who feels unable to perform his/her duties shall promptly notify a supervisor. In the event that an employee believes that another employee is unable to perform his/her duties, such observations and/or belief shall be promptly reported to a supervisor.

### 1032.3 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

- (a) A supervisor observing an employee, or receiving a report of an employee, who is perceived to be unable to safely perform his/her duties due to a physical, medical or mental condition shall take prompt and appropriate action in an effort to resolve the situation.
- (b) Whenever feasible, the supervisor should attempt to ascertain the reason or source of the problem and in all cases a preliminary evaluation should be made in an effort to determine the level of inability of the employee to perform his/her duties.
- (c) In the event the employee appears to be in need of immediate medical or psychiatric treatment, all reasonable efforts should be made to provide such care.
- (d) The supervisor, with the concurrence of the Chief Deputy, should make a determination whether the employee should be temporarily relieved from his/her duties.
- (e) The Sheriff shall be promptly notified in the event that any employee is relieved from duty.

### 1032.4 NON-WORK RELATED CONDITIONS

Any employee suffering from a non-work related condition which warrants a temporary relief from duty may be required to use sick leave or other paid time off (PTO) in order to obtain medical treatment or other reasonable rest period.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Fitness for Duty*

---

#### **1032.5 WORK RELATED CONDITIONS**

Any employee suffering from a work related condition which warrants a temporary relief from duty shall be required to comply with personnel rules and guidelines for processing such claims.

Upon the recommendation of the Supervisor and with the concurrence of the Chief Deputy, any employee whose actions or use of force in an official capacity result in death or serious injury to another may be temporarily removed from regularly assigned duties and/or placed on paid administrative leave for the well being of the employee and until such time as the following may be completed:

- (a) A preliminary determination that the employee's conduct appears to be in compliance with policy or law.
- (b) If appropriate, the employee has had the opportunity to receive necessary counseling and/or psychological clearance to return to full duty.

#### **1032.6 PHYSICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS**

- (a) Sworn employees shall submit to a physical examination of lung and heart functioning pursuant to NRS 617.455 and NRS 617.457.
- (b) Whenever circumstances reasonably indicate that an employee is unfit for duty, the Sheriff may serve that employee with a written order to undergo a physical and/or psychological examination in cooperation with the Human Resources to determine the level of the employee's fitness for duty. The order shall indicate the date, time and place for the examination.
- (c) The examining physician or therapist will provide the Office with a report indicating that the employee is either fit for duty or, if not, listing any functional limitations which limit the employee's ability to perform job duties. If the employee places his/her condition at issue in any subsequent or related administrative action or grievance, the examining physician or therapist may be required to disclose any and all information which is relevant to such proceeding.
- (d) In order to facilitate the examination of any employee, the Office will provide all appropriate documents and available information to assist in the evaluation and/or treatment.
- (e) All reports and evaluations submitted by the treating physician or therapist shall be part of the employee's confidential medical file.
- (f) Any employee ordered to receive a fitness for duty examination shall comply with the terms of the order and cooperate fully with the examining physician or therapist regarding any clinical interview, tests administered or other procedures as directed. Any failure to comply with such an order and any failure to cooperate with the examining physician or therapist may be deemed insubordination and may subject the employee to discipline up to and including termination.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Fitness for Duty*

---

- (g) Once an employee has been deemed fit for duty by the examining physician or therapist, the employee will be notified to resume his/her duties.
- (h) If an employee is deemed unfit for duty by the Office, the employee may submit a report from the employee's personal physician, psychiatrist, psychologist or other health care provider that will be taken into consideration.

#### **1032.7 LIMITATION ON HOURS WORKED**

Absent emergency operations members should not work more than:

- 16 hours in one day (24 hour) period or
- 30 hours in any two day (48 hour) period or
- 84 hours in any seven day (168 hour) period

Except in very limited circumstances members should have a minimum of eight hours off between shifts. Supervisors should give consideration to reasonable rest periods and are authorized to deny overtime or relieve to off-duty status any member who has exceeded the above guidelines.

Limitations on the number of hours worked apply to shift changes, shift trades, rotation, holdover, training, special events, contract work, general overtime and any other work assignments.

#### **1032.8 APPEALS**

An employee who is separated from paid employment or receives a reduction in salary resulting from a fitness for duty examination shall be entitled to an administrative appeal as outlined in the Personnel Complaints Policy.

---

## Meal Periods and Breaks

### 1034.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy regarding meals and breaks, insofar as possible shall conform to the policy governing all County employees pursuant to NRS 608.019.

#### 1034.1.1 MEAL PERIODS

Sworn uniformed employees assigned to patrol or detention shall remain on-duty subject to call during meal breaks. All other employees are not on call during meal breaks unless directed otherwise by a supervisor.

Uniformed deputies shall take their breaks within the County to the extent possible unless on assignment outside of the County. If circumstances dictate that a uniformed deputy break outside the county, said break will be as close to the county as possible to ensure availability and rapid response.

The time spent for the meal period shall not exceed the authorized time allowed.

#### 1034.1.2 10 MINUTE BREAKS

Each employee is entitled to a 15 minute break, near the midpoint, for each four-hour work period. Only one 15 minute break shall be taken during each four hours of duty. No breaks shall be taken during the first or last hour of an employee's shift unless approved by a supervisor. Field and detention deputies are subject to call during breaks.

Employees normally assigned to the detention facility shall remain in the detention facility for their breaks. This does not prohibit them from taking a break outside the facility if on official business.

Field deputies will take their breaks in their assigned areas, subject to call, and shall monitor their radios. When field deputies take their breaks away from their vehicles, they shall do so only with the knowledge and clearance of Dispatch.

## Payroll Record Procedures

### 1036.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Payroll records are submitted to Administration on a bi-weekly basis for the payment of wages.

#### 1036.1.1 RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETION OF PAYROLL RECORDS

Employees are responsible for the accurate and timely submission of payroll records for the payment of wages.

#### 1036.1.2 TIME REQUIREMENTS

All employees are paid on a bi-weekly basis usually on Friday with certain exceptions such as holidays. Payroll records shall be completed and submitted to Administration no later than 8:00 a.m. on the Monday morning immediately following the end of the pay period, unless specified otherwise.

---

## Overtime Compensation Requests

### 1038.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

It is the policy of the Office to compensate non-exempt salaried employees who work authorized overtime either by payment of wages as agreed and in effect through the Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA), or by the allowance of accrual of compensatory time off. In order to qualify for either, the employee must complete and submit a Request for Overtime Payment as soon as practicable after overtime is worked.

#### 1038.1.1 DEPARTMENT POLICY

Because of the nature of police work, and the specific needs of the Office, a degree of flexibility concerning overtime policies must be maintained.

All requests to work overtime shall be approved in advance by a supervisor. If circumstances do not permit prior approval, then approval shall be sought as soon as practical during the overtime shift and in no case later than the end of shift in which the overtime is worked.

The individual employee may request compensatory time in lieu of receiving overtime payment, however, the employee may not exceed the number of hours identified in the Collective Bargaining Agreement.

### 1038.2 REQUEST FOR OVERTIME COMPENSATION

Employees shall submit all overtime compensation requests to their immediate supervisors as soon as practicable for verification and forwarding to the Administration Division. Failure to submit a request for overtime compensation in a timely manner may result in discipline.

#### 1038.2.1 EMPLOYEES RESPONSIBILITY

Employees shall complete the requests immediately after working the overtime and turn them in to their Supervisor.

#### 1038.2.2 SUPERVISORS RESPONSIBILITY

The supervisor who verifies the overtime earned shall verify that the overtime was worked before approving the request.

After the entry has been made on the employee's time card, the overtime payment request form will be forwarded to the Chief Deputy for final approval.

### 1038.3 ACCOUNTING FOR OVERTIME WORKED

Employees are to record the actual time worked in an overtime status. In some cases, the Collective Bargaining Agreement provides that a minimum number of hours will be paid, (e.g., two hours for Court). The supervisor will enter the actual time worked.

#### 1038.3.1 ACCOUNTING FOR PORTIONS OF AN HOUR

When accounting for less than a full hour, time worked shall be rounded up to the nearest quarter of an hour as indicated by the following chart:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Overtime Compensation Requests

---

<u>TIME WORKED</u>	<u>INDICATE ON CARD</u>
Up to 15 minutes	.25 hour
16 to 30 minutes	.50 hour
31 to 45 minutes	.75 hour
46 to 60 minutes	1.0 hour

#### 1038.3.2 VARIATION IN TIME REPORTED

Where two or more employees are assigned to the same activity, case or court trial and the amount of time for which payment is requested varies from that reported by the other employee, the Supervisor or other approving authority may require each employee to include the reason for the variation on the overtime payment request.

## Outside Employment

### 1040.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

In order to avoid actual or perceived conflicts of interest for Office employees engaging in outside employment, all employees shall initially obtain written approval from the Sheriff prior to engaging in any outside employment. Approval of outside employment shall be at the discretion of the Sheriff in accordance with the provisions of this policy.

#### 1040.1.1 DEFINITIONS

**Outside Employment** - The employment of any member of this office who receives wages, compensation or other consideration of value from another employer, organization or individual not affiliated directly with this office for services, product(s) or benefits rendered. For purposes of this section, the definition of outside employment includes those employees who are self-employed and not affiliated directly with this office for services, product(s) or benefits rendered.

**Outside Overtime** - Overtime involving any member of this office who performs duties or services on behalf of an outside organization, company or individual within this jurisdiction on behalf of the Office. Such outside overtime shall be requested and scheduled directly through this office so that the Office may be reimbursed for the cost of wages and benefits.

### 1040.2 OBTAINING APPROVAL

No member of this office may engage in any outside employment without first obtaining prior written approval of the Sheriff. Failure to obtain prior written approval for outside employment or engaging in outside employment prohibited by this policy may lead to disciplinary action.

In order to obtain approval for outside employment, the employee must complete a memo requesting authorization of Outside Employment which shall be submitted to the employee's immediate supervisor. The memo will then be forwarded through the appropriate chain of command to the Sheriff for consideration.

If approved, the employee will be provided with a copy of the approved request. Unless otherwise indicated in writing on the approved memo, a request will be valid through the end of the calendar year in which the request is approved. Any employee seeking to continue outside employment shall submit a new request for Outside Employment in a timely manner.

Any employee seeking approval of outside employment whose request has been denied shall be provided with a written reason for the denial of the request at the time of the denial and within 30 days of the request being made.

#### 1040.2.1 APPEAL OF DENIAL OF OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

If an employee's Outside Employment request is denied or rescinded by the Office, the employee may file a written notice of appeal to the Sheriff within ten days of the date of denial.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Outside Employment*

---

#### **1040.2.2 REVOCATION/SUSPENSION OF OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT PERMITS**

Any outside employment permit may be revoked or suspended after the employee has received written notification of the reasons for revocation or suspension.

The outside employment may be revoked:

- (a) If an employee's performance declines to a point where it is evaluated by a supervisor as needing improvement to reach an overall level of minimum acceptable competency and the outside employment is directly related to the employee's performance. The Sheriff may, at his/her discretion, notify the employee of the intent to revoke any previously approved outside employment permit(s). The revocation will stand until the employee's performance directly related to the outside employment has been reestablished to the minimum level of acceptable competency.
- (b) If, at any time during the term of a valid outside employment approval, an employee's conduct or outside employment conflicts with the provisions of Office policy, or any law.
- (c) The outside employment creates an actual conflict of interest with the Sheriff's Office or County.

#### **1040.3 PROHIBITED OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT**

The Office expressly reserves the right to deny any Outside Employment Application submitted by an employee seeking to engage in any activity which:

- (a) Involves the employee's use of Office time, facilities, equipment or supplies, the use of the Office badge, uniform, prestige or influence for private gain or advantage.
- (b) Involves the employee's receipt or acceptance of any money or other consideration from anyone other than this office for the performance of an act which the employee, if not performing such act, would be required or expected to render in the regular course or hours of employment or as a part of the employee's duties as a member of this office.
- (c) Involves the performance of an act in other than the employee's capacity as a member of this office that may later be subject directly or indirectly to the control, inspection, review, audit or enforcement of any other employee of this office.
- (d) Involves time demands that would render performance of the employee's duties for this office below minimum standards or render the employee unavailable for reasonably anticipated overtime assignments and other job-related demands that occur outside regular working hours.

#### **1040.3.1 OUTSIDE SECURITY EMPLOYMENT**

Due to the potential conflict of interest no member of this office may engage in any outside or secondary employment as a private security guard, private investigator or other similar private security position.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Outside Employment

---

Any private organization, entity or individual seeking special services for security or traffic control from members of this office must submit a written request to the Sheriff in advance of the desired service. Such outside overtime will be monitored by the deputy's Supervisor.

- (a) The applicant will be required to enter into an indemnification agreement prior to approval.
- (b) The applicant will further be required to provide for the compensation and full benefits of all employees requested for such outside security services.
- (c) If such a request is approved, any employee working outside overtime shall be subject to the following conditions:
  1. The deputy(s) shall wear the Office uniform/identification.
  2. The deputy(s) shall be subject to the rules and regulations of this office.
  3. No deputy may engage in such outside employment during or at the site of a strike, lockout, picket or other physical demonstration of a labor dispute.
  4. Compensation for such approved outside security services shall be pursuant to normal overtime procedures.
  5. Outside security services shall not be subject to the collective bargaining process.
  6. No deputy may engage in outside employment as a peace officer for any other public agency without prior written authorization of the Sheriff.

#### **1040.3.2 OUTSIDE OVERTIME ARREST AND REPORTING PROCEDURE**

Any employee making an arrest or taking other official police action while working in an approved outside overtime assignment shall be required to complete all related reports in a timely manner pursuant to Office policy. Time spent on the completion of such reports shall be considered incidental to the outside overtime assignment.

#### **1040.4 DEPARTMENT RESOURCES**

Employees are prohibited from using any Office equipment or resources in the course of or for the benefit of any outside employment. This shall include the prohibition of access to official records or databases of this office or other agencies through the use of the employee's position with this office.

#### **1040.5 CHANGES IN OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT STATUS**

If an employee terminates his/her outside employment during the period of a valid permit, the employee shall promptly submit written notification of such termination to the Sheriff through the appropriate chain of command. Any subsequent request for renewal or continued outside employment must thereafter be processed and approved through normal procedures set forth in this policy.

Employees shall also promptly submit in writing to the Sheriff any material changes in outside employment including any change in the number of hours, type of duties or demands of any

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Outside Employment

---

approved outside employment. Employees who are uncertain whether a change in outside employment is material are advised to report the change.

#### **1040.6 OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT WHILE ON DISABILITY**

Office members engaged in outside employment who are placed on disability leave or modified/light-duty shall inform their immediate supervisor in writing within five days whether they intend to continue to engage in such outside employment while on such leave or light-duty status. The immediate supervisor shall review the duties of the outside employment along with any work-related doctor's orders and make a recommendation to the Sheriff whether such outside employment should continue.

In the event the Sheriff determines that the outside employment should be discontinued or if the employee fails to promptly notify his/her supervisor of his/her intentions regarding their work permit, a notice of intent to revoke the employee's permit will be forwarded to the involved employee and a copy attached to the original work permit. The revocation process outlined in Policy Manual § 1040.2.2 shall be followed.

Criteria for revoking the outside employment permit while on disability status include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) The outside employment is medically detrimental to the total recovery of the disabled employee, as indicated by the County's professional medical advisors.
- (b) The outside employment performed requires the same or similar physical ability, as would be required of an on-duty employee.
- (c) The employee's failure to make timely notice of their intentions to their supervisor.

## Work-Related Injury and Illness Reporting

### 1042.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance regarding the timely reporting of work-related injuries and occupational illnesses.

#### 1042.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Work-related illness or injury** - An injury or occupational disease that arises out of and in the course of employment as provided in NRS 616A.265. It does not include injuries sustained while engaging in an athletic or social event sponsored by the Office (NRS 616A.265).

### 1042.2 POLICY

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will address occupational illnesses and work-related injuries and occupational illnesses appropriately, and will comply with applicable state workers' compensation requirements (NRS 616C.005 et seq.; NRS 617.342 et seq.).

### 1042.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

#### 1042.3.1 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Any member sustaining any occupational illness or work-related injury shall report such event as soon as practicable, but within 24 hours, to a supervisor, and shall seek medical care when appropriate (NRS 616C.010(1); NRS 617.342).

The member shall complete all required documents regarding the occupational illness or work-related injury within seven days and submit these documents to a supervisor (NRS 616C.015; NRS 617.342).

#### 1042.3.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES

A supervisor learning of any occupational illness or work-related injury should ensure the member receives medical care as appropriate (NRS 616C.010(2); NRS 617.342).

Supervisors shall ensure that required documents regarding workers' compensation are completed and forwarded promptly to the supervisor's Division Commander (NRS 616C.015). Any related County-wide illness-or-injury-reporting protocol shall also be followed.

A supervisor shall promptly notify any member exposed to toxic materials or harmful physical agents in concentrations or at levels which exceed those prescribed by Nevada Occupational Safety and Health Standard (OSHA), and shall inform the member of any action taken to correct the condition (NRS 618.380).

Supervisors shall determine whether the Major Incident Notification Policy applies and take additional action as required.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Work-Related Injury and Illness Reporting*

---

#### **1042.3.3 CHIEF OF POLICE/SHERIFF RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Sheriff shall review and forward copies of the report to the Human Resources. Copies of the report and related documents retained by the Office shall be filed in the member's confidential medical file.

#### **1042.4 OTHER ILLNESS OR INJURY**

Illnesses and Injuries caused or occurring on-duty that do not qualify for workers' compensation reporting shall be documented on the designated report of injury form, which shall be signed by a supervisor. A copy of the completed form shall be forwarded through the chain of command to the Sheriff.

Unless the injury is extremely minor, this report shall be signed by the affected member, indicating that he/she desired no medical attention at the time of the report. By signing, the member does not preclude his/her ability to later seek medical attention.

#### **1042.5 SETTLEMENT OFFERS**

When a member sustains an occupational illness or work-related injury that is caused by another person and is subsequently contacted by that person, his/her agent, insurance company or attorney and offered a settlement, the member shall take no action other than to submit a written report of this contact to his/her supervisor as soon as possible.

##### **1042.5.1 NO SETTLEMENT WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL**

No less than 10 days prior to accepting and finalizing the settlement of any third-party claim arising out of or related to an occupational illness or work-related injury, the member shall provide the Sheriff with written notice of the proposed terms of such settlement. In no case shall the member accept a settlement without first providing written notice to the Sheriff. The purpose of such notice is to permit the County to determine whether the offered settlement will affect any claim the County may have regarding payment for damage to equipment or reimbursement for wages against the person who caused the illness or injury, and to protect the County's right of subrogation, while ensuring that the member's right to receive compensation is not affected.

---

## Personal Appearance Standards

### 1044.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

In order to project uniformity and neutrality toward the public and other members of the Office, employees shall maintain their personal hygiene and appearance to project a professional image appropriate for this office and for their assignment.

### 1044.2 GROOMING STANDARDS

Unless otherwise stated and because deviations from these standards could present officer safety issues, the following appearance standards shall apply to all employees, except those whose current assignment would deem them not appropriate, and where the Sheriff has granted exception.

#### 1044.2.1 HAIR

Hairstyles of all members shall be neat in appearance. For male sworn members, hair must not extend below the top edge of the uniform collar while assuming a normal stance.

For female sworn members, hair must be no longer than the horizontal level of the bottom of the uniform patch when the employee is standing erect, and worn up or in a tightly wrapped braid or ponytail.

#### 1044.2.2 MUSTACHES

A short and neatly trimmed mustache may be worn. Mustaches shall not extend below the corners of the mouth or beyond the natural hairline of the upper lip.

#### 1044.2.3 SIDEBURNS

Sideburns shall not extend below the bottom of the outer ear opening (the top of the earlobes) and shall be trimmed and neat.

#### 1044.2.4 FACIAL HAIR

Male deputies may wear Vandyke-style goatees that are maintained in a neat, clean manner, and presenting a groomed appearance. Facial hair shall not exceed one-quarter inch in length and must be sufficiently close enough to the jaw line to allow a positive seal when any type of gasmask or other similar PPE is donned.

Supervisors will monitor employees to ensure compliance with this policy and employees found in violation will be required to immediately remediate the violation. Full beards, mutton chops, handlebar mustaches, or other unusual facial hair is strictly prohibited.

This authorization is granted expressly for the satisfaction of employees. Abuses of this policy or failure by employees and supervisors to professionally maintain the stated and implied standard will result in its immediate revocation by the Sheriff.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Personal Appearance Standards

---

#### 1044.2.5 FINGERNAILS

Fingernails extending beyond the tip of the finger can pose a safety hazard to deputies or others. For this reason, fingernails shall be trimmed so that no point of the nail extends beyond the tip of the finger.

#### 1044.2.6 JEWELRY AND ACCESSORIES

No jewelry or personal ornaments shall be worn by deputies on any part of the uniform or equipment, except those authorized within this manual. Jewelry, if worn around the neck, shall not be visible above the shirt collar.

Earrings shall not be worn by uniformed sworn members, detectives or special assignment personnel without permission of the Sheriff or his/her designee. Only one ring may be worn on each hand of the employee while on-duty.

#### 1044.3 TATTOOS

While on-duty or representing the Office in any official capacity, every reasonable effort should be made to conceal tattoos or other body art. At no time while on-duty or representing the Office in any official capacity, shall any offensive tattoo or body art be visible (examples of offensive tattoos would include, but not be limited to those which depict racial, sexual, discriminatory, gang related or obscene language).

#### 1044.4 BODY PIERCING OR ALTERATION

Body piercing or alteration to any area of the body visible in any authorized uniform or attire that is a deviation from normal anatomical features and which is not medically required is prohibited. Such body alteration includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Tongue splitting or piercing.
- (b) The complete or transdermal implantation of any material other than hair replacement.
- (c) Abnormal shaping of the ears, eyes, nose or teeth.
- (d) Branding or scarification.

## Uniform Regulations

### 1046.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The uniform policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office is established to ensure that uniformed deputies, special assignment personnel and non-sworn employees will be readily identifiable to the public through the proper use and wearing of Office uniforms. Employees should also refer to the following associated policies:

- Firearms
- Office Owned and Personal Property
- Body Armor
- Grooming Standards

The Uniform and Equipment Specifications manual is maintained and periodically updated by the Sheriff or his/her designee. That manual, and associated procedures, should be consulted regarding authorized equipment and uniform specifications.

The Storey County Sheriff's Office will provide uniforms for all employees required to wear them in the manner, quantity and frequency agreed upon in the respective employee group's collective bargaining agreement.

### 1046.2 WEARING AND CONDITION OF UNIFORM AND EQUIPMENT

Sheriff's employees wear the uniform to be identified as the law enforcement authority in society. The uniform also serves an equally important purpose to identify the wearer as a source of assistance in an emergency, crisis or other time of need.

- (a) Uniform and equipment shall be maintained in a serviceable condition and shall be ready at all times for immediate use. Uniforms shall be neat, clean and appear professionally pressed.
- (b) All peace officers of this office shall possess and maintain at all times, a serviceable uniform and the necessary equipment to perform uniformed field duty.
- (c) Personnel shall wear only the uniform specified for their rank and assignment.
- (d) The uniform is to be worn in compliance with the specifications set forth in the Office's uniform specifications and procedures that are maintained separately from this policy.
- (e) All supervisors will perform periodic inspections of their personnel to ensure conformance to these regulations.
- (f) Civilian attire shall not be worn in combination with any distinguishable part of the uniform.
- (g) Uniforms are only to be worn while on-duty, while in transit to or from work, for court or at other official Office functions or events.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Uniform Regulations

---

- (h) If the uniform is worn while in transit, an outer garment shall be worn over the uniform shirt so as not to bring attention to the employee while he/she is off-duty.
- (i) Employees are not to purchase or drink alcoholic beverages while wearing any part of the Office uniform, including the uniform pants.
- (j) Mirrored sunglasses will not be worn with any Office uniform
- (k) Visible jewelry, other than those items listed below, shall not be worn with the uniform- unless specifically authorized by the Sheriff or his designee.
  - 1. Wrist watch.
  - 2. Wedding ring(s), class ring or other ring of tasteful design. A maximum of one ring/ set may be worn on each hand.
  - 3. Medical alert bracelet.

#### 1046.2.1 OFFICE ISSUED IDENTIFICATION

The Office issues each employee an official Office identification card bearing the employee's name, identifying information and photo likeness. All employees shall be in possession of their Office issued identification card at all times while on-duty or when carrying a concealed weapon.

- (a) Whenever on-duty or acting in an official capacity representing the Office, employees shall display their Office issued identification in a courteous manner to any person upon request and as soon as practicable.
- (b) Deputies working specialized assignments may be excused from the possession and display requirements when directed by their Division Commander.

#### 1046.3 UNIFORM CLASSES

##### 1046.3.1 CLASS A UNIFORM

The Class A uniform is to be worn on special occasions such as funerals, graduations, promotions, ceremonies or as directed. The Class A uniform is required for all sworn personnel. The Class A uniform includes the standard issue uniform with:

- (a) Long sleeve shirt with tie.
- (b) Ike Jacket.
- (c) Approved Class A pant.
- (d) Polished shoes.

The Sheriff's hat may be worn for events held outdoors.

Approved and authorized commendation/achievement pins will be worn on the right breast of the Class A Ike Jacket as directed in the Uniform and Equipment Specifications Manual.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Uniform Regulations

---

#### 1046.3.2 CLASS B UNIFORM

All deputies will possess and maintain a serviceable Class B uniform at all times.

The Class B uniform will consist of the same garments and equipment as the Class A uniform with the following exceptions:

- (a) The long or short sleeve shirt may be worn with the collar open. No tie is required. (Long or short sleeves will be authorized seasonally and deputies will be noticed of changes).
- (b) A black crew neck t-shirt must be worn with the uniform.
- (c) All shirt buttons must remain buttoned except for the last button at the neck.
- (d) Polished shoes.
- (e) Approved all black unpolished shoes may be worn.

#### 1046.3.3 FOUL WEATHER GEAR

The Uniform and Equipment Specifications lists the authorized uniform jacket and rain gear.

#### 1046.4 INSIGNIA AND PATCHES

- (a) **Shoulder Patches** - The authorized shoulder patch supplied by the Office shall be machine stitched to the sleeves of all uniform shirts and jackets, three-quarters of an inch below the shoulder seam of the shirt and be bisected by the crease in the sleeve.
- (b) **Service stripes and stars** - Service stripes and other indicators for length of service may be worn on long sleeved shirts and jackets. They are to be machine stitched onto the uniform. The bottom of the service stripe shall be sewn the width of one and one-half inches above the cuff seam with the rear of the service stripes sewn on the dress of the sleeve. The stripes are to be worn on the left sleeve only. Each stripe will signify four years of full time paid service: part time, volunteer, reserve, or military police time will not be computed for purposes of determining the number of service stripes that may be affixed.
- (c) **The regulation nameplate, or an authorized sewn on cloth nameplate, shall be worn at all times while in uniform. The nameplate shall display the employee's first and last name. If an employee's first and last names are too long to fit on the nameplate, then the initial of the first name will accompany the last name. If the employee desires other than the legal first name, the employee must receive approval from the Sheriff. The nameplate shall be worn and placed above the right pocket located in the middle, bisected by the pressed shirt seam, with equal distance from both sides of the nameplate to the outer edge of the pocket.**
- (d) **When a jacket is worn, the nameplate or an authorized sewn on cloth nameplate shall be affixed to the jacket in the same manner as the uniform.**
- (e) **Assignment Insignias** - Assignment insignias, (e.g., SWAT, FTO or similar) may be worn as designated by the Sheriff.
- (f) **Flag Pin** - A flag pin may be worn, centered above the nameplate.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Uniform Regulations

---

- (g) **Badge** - The Office issued badge, or an authorized sewn on cloth replica, must be worn and visible at all times while in uniform.
- (h) **Rank Insignia** - The designated insignia indicating the employee's rank must be worn at all times while in uniform. The Sheriff may authorize exceptions.

#### **1046.4.1 MOURNING BADGE**

Uniformed employees shall wear a black mourning band across the uniform badge whenever a law enforcement officer is killed in the line of duty. The following mourning periods will be observed:

- (a) A deputy of this office - From the time of death until midnight on the 14th day after the death.
- (b) A deputy from this state - From the time of death until midnight on the day of the funeral.
- (c) Funeral attendee - While attending the funeral of a fallen deputy.
- (d) National Peace Officers Memorial Day (May 15th) - From midnight through the following midnight.
- (e) As directed by the Sheriff or designee.

#### **1046.5 CIVILIAN ATTIRE**

There are assignments within the Office that do not require the wearing of a uniform because recognition and authority are not essential to their function. There are also assignments in which the wearing of civilian attire is necessary.

- (a) All employees shall wear clothing that fits properly, is clean and free of stains and not damaged or excessively worn.
- (b) All male administrative, investigative and support personnel who elect to wear civilian clothing to work shall wear button style shirts with a collar, slacks or suits that are moderate in style.
- (c) All female administrative, investigative and support personnel who elect to wear civilian clothes to work shall wear dresses, slacks, shirts, blouses or suits which are moderate in style.
- (d) The following items shall not be worn on-duty:
  - 1. T-shirt alone.
  - 2. Open toed sandals or thongs.
  - 3. Swimsuit, tube tops or halter-tops.
  - 4. Spandex type pants or see-through clothing.
  - 5. Distasteful printed slogans, buttons or pins.
- (e) Variations from this order are allowed at the discretion of the Sheriff or designee when the employee's assignment or current task is not conducive to the wearing of such clothing.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Uniform Regulations

---

- (f) No item of civilian attire may be worn on-duty that would adversely affect the reputation of the Storey County Sheriff's Office or the morale of the employees.

#### **1046.6 POLITICAL ACTIVITIES, ENDORSEMENTS AND ADVERTISEMENTS**

Unless specifically authorized by the Sheriff, Storey County Sheriff's Office employees may not wear any part of the uniform, be photographed wearing any part of the uniform, utilize a Office badge, patch or other official insignia, or cause to be posted, published or displayed, the image of another employee, or identify himself/herself as an employee of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to do any of the following:

- (a) Endorse, support, oppose or contradict any political campaign or initiative.
- (b) Endorse, support, oppose or contradict any social issue, cause or religion.
- (c) Endorse, support or oppose, any product, service, company or other commercial entity.
- (d) Appear in any commercial, social or non-profit publication, or any motion picture, film, video, public broadcast or any website.

#### **1046.7 OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT - MAINTENANCE AND REPLACEMENT**

- (a) Any of the items listed in the Uniform and Equipment Specifications as optional shall be purchased at the expense of the employee.
- (b) Maintenance of optional items shall be the financial responsibility of the purchasing employee (e.g., repairs due to normal wear and tear).
- (c) Replacement of items listed in this order as optional shall be done as follows:
  - 1. When the item is no longer functional because of normal wear and tear, the employee bears the full cost of replacement.
  - 2. When the item is no longer functional because of damage in the course of the employee's duties, it may be replaced following the procedures for the replacement of damaged personal property (see the Office-Owned and Personal Property Policy).

#### **1046.8 UNAUTHORIZED UNIFORMS, EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES**

Storey County Sheriff's Office employees may not wear any uniform item, accessory or attachment unless specifically authorized in the Uniform and Equipment Specifications or by the Sheriff or designee.

Storey County Sheriff's Office employees may not use or carry any tool or other piece of equipment unless specifically authorized in the Uniform and Equipment Specifications or by the Sheriff or designee.

## Uniform and Equipment Specifications

### 1047.1 UNIFORM AND EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS

A. The following uniform items are authorized and required uniform apparel. All uniforms shall conform to the following requirements.

**Uniform pant:** 5.11 PDU B-CL Twill Pants, 890 Sheriff Green or 5.11 PDU A-CL Twill Pants, 890 Sheriff Green

**Uniform shirt:** (Long or short sleeved) 5.11 PDU Twill Class A Shirt, Silver Tan 160

**Winter jacket:** Blauer 6120 3-Season Jacket w/ B.DRY® Fabric (Green) Alternatively the 5.11 Tactical 4-in-1 coat is authorized for duty wear.

(For purposes of this chapter the Sheriff's Office will provide the Blauer jacket for new hires unless they opt to pay the difference in cost for the 5.11 jacket.)

B. The following items are authorized optional wear for certain circumstances. The purchase of these items will be the responsibility of the individual member. Failure to possess dress uniform apparel may preclude deputies from official participation in some events or circumstances.

**Ike Jacket:** Flying Cross, model CHP WPL446 (Green)

#### **Standard black uniform tie**

**Polo shirt** (silver tan or LE green) with approved embroidery in gold. (approved for training situations and as otherwise authorized by the Sheriff - these not to be worn as a part of the regular duty attire).

**Ball cap** with "Storey County Sheriff" in gold.

**Snowsuit.** Mountain Outerwear olive & black one-piece jumpsuit with the "Sheriff" pullout on the back panel. (The wearing of jumpsuits is restricted to extreme weather conditions only).

#### C. Additional information:

Chevrons will not be of the same on variety. Only collar devices will be authorized for rank designation.

Service stripes are permissible on the long sleeved shirts in the standard green/gold.

Deputies may wear black mock turtlenecks during winter months, however no brand/insignia is to be visible on the collar except for the custom embroidery of "SCSO."

All duty belts and holders must be black basket weave leather or the Accu mold basket weave (or like material).

## Commendations

### 1049.1 APPROVED COMMENDATIONS & PLACEMENT

This policy specifies those awards granted by the Storey County Sheriff's Office and under what conditions. Deputies who have received awards from previous or outside agencies may be allowed to display said awards in accordance with SCSO policy and with the prior approval of the Sheriff or his/her designee.

#### A. Awards

**Medal of Honor (A200):** The Medal of Honor is the highest decoration awarded by the Storey County Sheriff's Office. It is bestowed on members who distinguish themselves "conspicuously by gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his/her life above and beyond the call of duty while engaged in an official action.

**Metal of Valor (K210):** This award is granted to a member whose act of courage placed his/her life in danger, above and beyond the call of duty, in service of his/her fellow human.

**Purple Heart (L211):** This award is granted to a member who has been who has been wounded or killed while serving.

**Life Saving Award (E104):** This award is granted to members whose actions save the life of a fellow citizen in an emergency. This award may also be given to a citizen who performs such an act of heroism.

**Military Service Award (V121):** This award is bestowed upon members who have well and faithfully served in the United States Armed Forces.

**Specialized Educational Award (O515):** This award recognizes members who have successfully completed specialized, advanced law enforcement training. Such recognition would include the National Academy, Northwestern University, Southern Police Institute, etc. as authorized by the Sheriff.

**Advanced Education Award (O414):** An extension of the Educational Achievement Award, the Advanced Education Award recognizes those individuals in pursuit of excellence through continued education. This award is granted to members who have obtained an advanced degree (Masters and above).

**Educational Achievement Award (N113):** This award is granted to a member who has achieved an Associates or Bachelors degree; recognizing the member's pursuit of personal betterment through continuing education.

**Community Service Award (EXD2):** This award is granted to members and/or citizens who exemplify community service through their dedicated and selfless service of others.

**Service Award (Q216-BLU):** The service award is granted in five-year increments starting at the 5-year mark. One star is added to the bar for each five years of full-time service a member has in law enforcement/public safety. This award contains from 1 to 4 stars. Shown in the above picture

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Commendations

---

in brown, the actual award is blue with gold stars. Once a member reaches 25 years of service, the award changes to a blue bar with the number of years engraved thereon (i.e.; 25, 30, 35).

(Designators beside award indicate item number on Davis & Stanton website. <http://www.davstan.com/police.html>)

#### **B. Placement**

Placement of commendations is by ranking from right to left, and top to bottom; i.e. most important on the top and continuing to the left for the width of the pocket and then continuing to the next row down.

Pins worn with either "Dress" or "Duty" uniforms and will be worn directly above the nametag.

## Nepotism and Conflicting Relationships

### 1050.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure equal opportunity and effective employment practices by avoiding actual or perceived favoritism, discrimination, or actual or potential conflicts of interest by or between members of this office. These employment practices include: recruiting, testing, hiring, compensation, assignment, use of facilities, access to training opportunities, supervision, performance appraisal, discipline and workplace safety and security.

#### 1050.1.1 DEFINITIONS

**Business relationship** - Serving as an employee, independent contractor, compensated consultant, owner, board member, shareholder or investor in an outside business, company, partnership, corporation, venture or other transaction, where the Office employee's annual interest, compensation, investment or obligation is greater than \$250.

**Conflict of interest** - Any actual, perceived or potential conflict of interest in which it reasonably appears that an employee's action, inaction or decisions are or may be influenced by the employee's personal or business relationship.

**Nepotism** - The practice of showing favoritism to relatives in appointment, employment, promotion or advancement by any public official in a position to influence these personnel decisions.

**Personal relationship** - Includes marriage, cohabitation, dating or any other intimate relationship beyond mere friendship.

**Public official** - A supervisor, officer or employee who is vested with authority by law, rule or regulation, or to whom authority has been delegated.

**Relative** - An employee's parent, stepparent, spouse, domestic partner, significant other, child (natural, adopted or step), sibling or grandparent.

**Subordinate** - An employee who is subject to the temporary or ongoing direct or indirect authority of a supervisor.

**Supervisor** - An employee who has temporary or ongoing direct or indirect authority over the actions, decisions, evaluation and/or performance of a subordinate employee.

### 1050.2 RESTRICTED DUTIES AND ASSIGNMENTS

The Office will not prohibit all personal or business relationships between employees. However, in order to avoid nepotism or other inappropriate conflicts, the following reasonable restrictions should apply:

- (a) Employees are prohibited from directly supervising, occupying a position in the line of supervision or being directly supervised by any other employee who is a relative or with whom they are involved in a personal or business relationship.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Neptism and Conflicting Relationships*

---

1. If circumstances require that such a supervisor/subordinate relationship exist temporarily, the supervisor shall make every reasonable effort to defer matters pertaining to the involved employee to an uninvolved supervisor.
  2. When personnel and circumstances permit, the Office will attempt to make every reasonable effort to avoid placing employees in such supervisor/subordinate situations. The Office, however, reserves the right to transfer or reassign any employee to another position within the same classification in order to avoid conflicts with any provision of this policy.
- (b) Employees are prohibited from participating in, contributing to or recommending promotions, assignments, performance evaluations, transfers or other personnel decisions affecting an employee who is a relative, or with whom they are involved in a personal or business relationship.
- (c) Whenever possible, Field Training Officers (FTOs) and other trainers will not be assigned to train relatives. FTOs and other trainers are prohibited from entering into or maintaining personal or business relationships with any employee they are assigned to train until such time as the training has been successfully completed and the employee is off probation.
- (d) To avoid actual or perceived conflicts of interest, members of this office shall refrain from developing or maintaining personal or financial relationships with victims, witnesses or other individuals during the course of, or as a direct result of, any official contact.
- (e) Except as required in the performance of official duties or, in the case of immediate relatives, employees shall not develop or maintain personal or financial relationships with any individuals they know or reasonably should know are under criminal investigation, are convicted felons, parolees, fugitives or registered sex offenders or who engage in serious violations of state or federal laws.

#### 1050.2.1 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITY

Prior to entering into any personal or business relationship or other circumstance which the employee knows or reasonably should know could create a conflict of interest or other violation of this policy, the employee shall promptly notify his/her uninvolved, next highest supervisor.

Whenever any employee is placed in circumstances that would require the employee to take enforcement action or provide official information or services to any relative or individual with whom the employee is involved in a personal or business relationship, the employee shall promptly notify his/her uninvolved, immediate supervisor.

In the event that no uninvolved supervisor is immediately available, the employee shall promptly notify dispatch to have another uninvolved employee either relieve the involved employee or minimally remain present to witness the action.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Nepotism and Conflicting Relationships*

---

### 1050.2.2 SUPERVISOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Upon being notified of, or otherwise becoming aware of any circumstance that could result in or constitute an actual or potential violation of this policy, a supervisor shall take all reasonable steps to promptly mitigate or avoid such violations, whenever possible. Supervisors shall also promptly notify the Sheriff of such actual or potential violations through the chain of command.

---

## Office Badges

### 1052.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Storey County Sheriff's Office badge and uniform patch as well as the likeness of these items and the name of the Storey County Sheriff's Office are property of the Office and their use shall be restricted as set forth in this policy.

### 1052.2 POLICY

The uniform badge shall be issued to Office members as a symbol of authority and the use and display of Office badges shall be in strict compliance with this policy. Only authorized badges issued by this office shall be displayed, carried or worn by members while on-duty or otherwise acting in an official or authorized capacity.

#### 1052.2.1 FLAT BADGE

Sworn deputies, with the written approval of the Sheriff may purchase, at his/her own expense, a flat badge capable of being carried in a wallet. The use of the flat badge is subject to all the same provisions of Office policy as the uniform badge.

- (a) A deputy may sell, exchange or transfer the flat badge he/she purchased to another deputy within the Storey County Sheriff's Office with the written approval of the Sheriff.
- (b) Should the flat badge become lost, damaged or otherwise removed from the deputy's control, he/she shall make the proper notifications as outlined in Policy Manual § 700.
- (c) An honorably retired deputy may keep his/her flat badge upon retirement.
- (d) The purchase, carrying or display of a flat badge is not authorized for non-sworn personnel.

#### 1052.2.2 NON-SWORN PERSONNEL

Badges and Office identification cards issued to non-sworn personnel shall be clearly marked to reflect the position of the assigned employee (e.g. Parking Control, Dispatcher).

- (a) Non-sworn personnel shall not display any Office badge except as a part of his/her uniform and while on-duty, or otherwise acting in an official and authorized capacity.
- (b) Non-sworn personnel shall not display any Office badge or represent himself/herself, on- or off-duty, in such a manner which would cause a reasonable person to believe that he/she is a sworn peace officer.

#### 1052.2.3 RETIREE UNIFORM BADGE

Upon honorable retirement, employees may purchase his/her assigned duty badge for display purposes. It is intended that the duty badge be used only as private memorabilia as other uses of the badge may be unlawful or in violation of this policy.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### *Office Badges*

---

#### **1052.3 UNAUTHORIZED USE**

Except as required for on-duty use by current employees, no badge designed for carry or display in a wallet, badge case or similar holder shall be issued to anyone other than a current or honorably retired peace officer.

Office badges are issued to all sworn employees and non-sworn uniformed employees for official use only. The Office badge, shoulder patch or the likeness thereof, or the Office name shall not be used for personal or private reasons including, but not limited to, letters, memoranda and electronic communications such as electronic mail or web sites and web pages.

The use of the badge, uniform patch and Office name for all material (e.g., printed matter, products or other items) developed for Office use shall be subject to approval by the Sheriff.

Employees shall not loan the badge or identification card to others and shall not permit the badge or identification card to be reproduced or duplicated (NRS 205.175).

#### **1052.4 PERMITTED USE BY EMPLOYEE GROUPS**

The likeness of the Office badge shall not be used without the expressed authorization of the Sheriff and shall be subject to the following:

- (a) The employee associations may use the likeness of the Office badge for merchandise and official association business provided they are used in a clear representation of the association and not the Storey County Sheriff's Office. The following modifications shall be included:
  - 1. The text on the upper and lower ribbons is replaced with the name of the employee association.
  - 2. The badge number portion displays the acronym of the employee association.
- (b) The likeness of the Office badge for endorsement of political candidates shall not be used without the expressed approval of the Sheriff.

---

## Temporary Modified-Duty Assignments

### 1054.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy establishes procedures for providing temporary modified-duty assignments. This policy is not intended to affect the rights or benefits of employees under federal or state law, County rules, current collective bargaining agreements. For example, nothing in this policy affects the obligation of the Office to engage in a good faith, interactive process to consider reasonable accommodations for any employee with a temporary or permanent disability that is protected under federal or state law.

### 1054.2 POLICY

Subject to operational considerations, the Storey County Sheriff's Office may identify temporary modified-duty assignments for employees who have an injury or medical condition resulting in temporary work limitations or restrictions. A temporary assignment allows the employee to work, while providing the Office with a productive employee during the temporary period.

### 1054.3 GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Priority consideration for temporary modified-duty assignments will be given to employees with work-related injuries or illnesses that are temporary in nature. Employees having disabilities covered under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) or NRS 613.330 shall be treated equally, without regard to any preference for a work-related injury.

No position in the Storey County Sheriff's Office shall be created or maintained as a temporary modified-duty assignment.

Temporary modified-duty assignments are a management prerogative and not an employee right. The availability of temporary modified-duty assignments will be determined on a case-by-case basis, consistent with the operational needs of the Office. Temporary modified-duty assignments are subject to continuous reassessment, with consideration given to operational needs and the employee's ability to perform in a modified-duty assignment.

The Sheriff or the authorized designee may restrict employees working in temporary modified-duty assignments from wearing a uniform, displaying a badge, carrying a firearm, operating an emergency vehicle, engaging in outside employment, or being otherwise limited in employing their peace officer powers.

Temporary modified-duty assignments shall generally not exceed a cumulative total of 1,040 hours in any one-year period.

### 1054.4 PROCEDURE

Employees may request a temporary modified-duty assignment for short-term injuries or illnesses.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Temporary Modified-Duty Assignments

---

Employees seeking a temporary modified-duty assignment should submit a written request to their supervisor. The request should, as applicable, include a certification from the treating medical professional containing:

- (a) An assessment of the nature and probable duration of the illness or injury.
- (b) The prognosis for recovery.
- (c) The nature and scope of limitations and/or work restrictions.
- (d) A statement regarding any required workplace accommodations, mobility aids or medical devices
- (e) A statement that the employee can safely perform the duties of the temporary modified-duty assignment.

The Sheriff or the authorized designee shall confer with the Human Resources or the District Attorney as appropriate in determining the availability of a temporary modified-duty assignment.

#### 1054.4.1 MODIFIED-DUTY SCHEDULES

The schedules of employees assigned to modified-duty may be adjusted to suit medical appointments or Office needs at the discretion of the Sheriff.

The employee and his/her supervisors should be informed in writing of the schedule, assignment and limitations and restrictions as determined by the employee's health care provider.

#### 1054.4.2 ACCOUNTABILITY

The employee's supervisor shall coordinate efforts to ensure proper time accountability and shall complete and process a change of shift/assignment form.

- (a) Employees on modified-duty are responsible for coordinating required doctor visits and physical therapy appointments in advance with their supervisor to appropriately account for any duty time taken. Doctor visits and appointments for treatment of injuries or illnesses that are not work related shall be arranged during off-duty time or otherwise charged to the employee's sick leave.
- (b) Employees shall promptly submit a status report for each visit to their treating health care provider and shall immediately notify their supervisor of any change in restrictions or limitations as determined by their health care provider. An employee assigned to a modified-duty assignment shall provide a duty status report to his/her supervisor no less than once every 30 days while the employee is on modified-duty.
- (c) Supervisors shall keep the Sheriff apprised of the employee's status and ability to perform the modified-duty assignment. Modified-duty assignments that extend beyond 60 days will require a written status report and a request for an extension to the Sheriff with an update of the employee's current status and anticipated date of return to regular duty.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Temporary Modified-Duty Assignments

---

- (d) When it is determined that an employee on modified-duty will return to regular duty, the supervisor shall notify the Sheriff and complete and process a change of shift/assignment form. All training and certification necessary for return to duty shall be reviewed and updated as necessary.

#### **1054.4.3 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

The Office reserves the right to require, prior to returning to full-duty status, a fitness-for-duty examination of any employee assigned to a modified-duty assignment or of any employee having been on such assignment. Such examinations shall be at the expense of the Office.

Prior to returning to full-duty status, employees shall be required to provide a statement signed by their health care provider indicating that they are medically cleared to perform the basic and essential job functions of their assignment without restriction or limitation.

#### **1054.5 ACCOUNTABILITY**

Written notification of assignments, work schedules and any restrictions should be provided to employees assigned to temporary modified-duty assignments and their supervisors. Those assignments and schedules may be adjusted to accommodate office operations and the employee's medical appointments, as mutually agreed upon with the Chief Deputy.

##### **1054.5.1 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES**

The responsibilities of employees assigned to temporary modified duty shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Communicating and coordinating any required medical and physical therapy appointments in advance with their supervisors.
- (b) Promptly notifying their supervisors of any change in restrictions or limitations after each appointment with their treating medical professionals.
- (c) Communicating a status update to their supervisors no less than once every 30 days while assigned to temporary modified duty.
- (d) Submitting a written status report to the Chief Deputy that contains a status update and anticipated date of return to full-duty when a temporary modified-duty assignment extends beyond 60 days.

##### **1054.5.2 SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES**

The employee's immediate supervisor shall monitor and manage the work schedule of those assigned to temporary modified duty.

The responsibilities of supervisors shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Periodically apprising the Chief Deputy of the status and performance of employees assigned to temporary modified duty.
- (b) Notifying the Chief Deputy and ensuring that the required documentation facilitating a return to full duty is received from the employee.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Temporary Modified-Duty Assignments

---

- (c) Ensuring that employees returning to full duty have completed any required training and certification.

#### **1054.6 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

Prior to returning to full-duty status, employees shall be required to provide certification from their treating medical professionals stating that they are medically cleared to perform the essential functions of their jobs without restrictions or limitations.

The Office may require a fitness-for-duty examination prior to returning an employee to full-duty status, in accordance with the Fitness for Duty Policy.

#### **1054.7 PREGNANCY**

If an employee is temporarily unable to perform regular duties due to a pregnancy, childbirth or a related medical condition, the employee will be treated the same as any other temporarily disabled employee (42 USC § 2000e(k)). A pregnant employee shall not be involuntarily transferred to a temporary modified-duty assignment.

##### **1054.7.1 NOTIFICATION**

Pregnant employees should notify their immediate supervisors as soon as practicable and provide a statement from their medical providers identifying any pregnancy-related job restrictions or limitations. If at any point during the pregnancy it becomes necessary for the employee to take a leave of absence, such leave shall be granted in accordance with the County's personnel rules and regulations regarding family and medical care leave.

#### **1054.8 PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEES**

Probationary employees who are assigned to a temporary modified-duty assignment shall have their probation extended by a period of time equal to their assignment to temporary modified duty.

#### **1054.9 MAINTENANCE OF CERTIFICATION AND TRAINING**

Employees assigned to temporary modified duty shall maintain all certification, training and qualifications appropriate to both their regular and temporary duties, provided that the certification, training or qualifications are not in conflict with any medical limitations or restrictions. Employees who are assigned to temporary modified duty shall inform their supervisors of any inability to maintain any certification, training or qualifications.

The Sheriff, at his/her discretion, may petition the Nevada Commission on Peace Officers' Standards and Training (POST) to waive certification, training or qualifications requirements on behalf of an employee assigned to modified duty (NAC 289.370).

---

## Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking

### 1060.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy is intended to address issues associated with employee use of social networking sites and to provide guidelines for the regulation and balancing of employee speech and expression with the needs of the Office.”

Nothing in this policy is intended to prohibit or infringe upon any communication, speech or expression that is protected or privileged under law. This includes speech and expression protected under state or federal constitutions as well as labor or other applicable laws. For example, this policy does not limit an employee from speaking as a private citizen, including acting as an authorized member of a recognized bargaining unit or deputy associations, about matters of public concern, such as misconduct or corruption.

Employees are encouraged to consult with their supervisor regarding any questions arising from the application or potential application of this policy.

#### 1060.1.1 APPLICABILITY

This policy applies to all forms of communication including, but not limited to, film, video, print media, public or private speech, use of all Internet services, including the World Wide Web, e-mail, file transfer, remote computer access, news services, social networking, social media, instant messaging, blogs, forums, video and other file- sharing sites.

### 1060.2 POLICY

Public employees occupy a trusted position in the community, and thus, their statements have the potential to contravene the policies and performance of this office. Due to the nature of the work and influence associated with the law enforcement profession, it is necessary that employees of this office be subject to certain reasonable limitations on their speech and expression. To achieve its mission and efficiently provide service to the public, the Storey County Sheriff's Office will carefully balance the individual employee's rights against the Office's needs and interests when exercising a reasonable degree of control over its employees' speech and expression.

### 1060.3 SAFETY

Employees should consider carefully the implications of their speech or any other form of expression when using the Internet. Speech and expression that may negatively affect the safety of the Storey County Sheriff's Office employees, such as posting personal information in a public forum, can result in compromising an employee's home address or family ties. Employees should therefore not disseminate or post any information on any forum or medium that could reasonably be anticipated to compromise the safety of any employee, an employee's family or associates. Examples of the type of information that could reasonably be expected to compromise safety include:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking

---

- Disclosing a photograph and name or address of a deputy who is working undercover.
- Disclosing the address of a fellow deputy.
- Otherwise disclosing where another deputy can be located off-duty.

#### **1060.4 PROHIBITED SPEECH, EXPRESSION AND CONDUCT**

To meet the office's safety, performance and public-trust needs, the following are prohibited unless the speech is otherwise protected (for example, an employee speaking as a private citizen, including acting as an authorized member of a recognized bargaining unit or deputy associations, on a matter of public concern):

- (a) Speech or expression made pursuant to an official duty that tends to compromise or damage the mission, function, reputation or professionalism of the Storey County Sheriff's Office or its employees.
- (b) Speech or expression that, while not made pursuant to an official duty, is significantly linked to, or related to, the Storey County Sheriff's Office and tends to compromise or damage the mission, function, reputation or professionalism of the Storey County Sheriff's Office or its employees. Examples may include:
  1. Statements that indicate disregard for the law or the state or U.S. Constitution.
  2. Expression that demonstrates support for criminal activity.
  3. Participating in sexually explicit photographs or videos for compensation or distribution.
- (c) Speech or expression that could reasonably be foreseen as having a negative impact on the credibility of the employee as a witness. For example, posting statements or expressions to a website that glorify or endorse dishonesty, unlawful discrimination or illegal behavior.
- (d) Speech or expression of any form that could reasonably be foreseen as having a negative impact on the safety of the employees of the Office. For example, a statement on a blog that provides specific details as to how and when prisoner transportations are made could reasonably be foreseen as potentially jeopardizing employees by informing criminals of details that could facilitate an escape or attempted escape.
- (e) Speech or expression that is contrary to the canons of the Law Enforcement Code of Ethics as adopted by the Storey County Sheriff's Office.
- (f) Use or disclosure, through whatever means, of any information, photograph, video or other recording obtained or accessible as a result of employment with the Office for financial or personal gain, or any disclosure of such materials without the express authorization of the Sheriff or the authorized designee (NRS 281A.400(5)).
- (g) Posting, transmitting or disseminating any photographs, video or audio recordings, likenesses or images of office logos, emblems, uniforms, badges, patches, marked vehicles, equipment or other material that specifically identifies the Storey County Sheriff's Office

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking

---

on any personal or social networking or other website or web page, without the express authorization of the Sheriff.

- (h) Accessing websites for non-authorized purposes, or use of any personal communication device, game device or media device, whether personally or office-owned, for personal purposes while on-duty, except in the following circumstances:
1. When brief personal communication may be warranted by the circumstances (e.g., inform family of extended hours).
  2. During authorized breaks; such usage should be limited as much as practicable to areas out of sight and sound of the public and shall not be disruptive to the work environment.

Employees must take reasonable and prompt action to remove any content, including content posted by others, that is in violation of this policy from any web page or website maintained by the employee (e.g., social or personal website).

#### 1060.4.1 UNAUTHORIZED ENDORSEMENTS, ADVERTISEMENTS, AND ACTIVITIES

While employees are not restricted from engaging in the following activities as private citizens or as authorized members of a recognized bargaining unit or deputy associations, employees may not represent the Storey County Sheriff's Office or identify themselves in any way that could be reasonably perceived as representing the Storey County Sheriff's Office in order to do any of the following, unless specifically authorized by the Sheriff:

- (a) Endorse, support, oppose or contradict any political campaign or initiative.
- (b) Endorse, support, oppose or contradict any social issue, cause or religion.
- (c) Endorse, support or oppose any product, service, company or other commercial entity.
- (d) Appear in any commercial, social or nonprofit publication or any motion picture, film, video, public broadcast or on any website.

Additionally, when it can reasonably be construed that an employee, acting in his/her individual capacity or through an outside group or organization (e.g., bargaining group), is affiliated with this office, the employee shall give a specific disclaiming statement that any such speech or expression is not representative of the Storey County Sheriff's Office.

Employees retain their right to vote as they choose, to support candidates of their choice and to express their opinions as private citizens, including as authorized members of a recognized bargaining unit or deputy associations, on political subjects and candidates at all times while off-duty. Employees may not use their official authority or influence to interfere with or affect the result of an election or a nomination for office. Employees are also prohibited from directly or indirectly using their official authority to coerce, command or advise another employee to pay, lend or contribute anything of value to a party, committee, organization, agency or person for political purposes (5 USC § 1502).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Employee Speech, Expression and Social Networking

---

Due to the need to secure discipline, mutual respect, trust, and efficiency among the ranks in the pursuit of the stated mission, any employee filing for candidacy of any local Storey County political office will be immediately placed on an unpaid leave of absence until the election.

If service by a member in any political office is or appears clearly inconsistent, incompatible, or in conflict with that person's duties as a member of the Sheriff's Office, as judged by the Sheriff, that employment must be terminated before the person assumes political office.

#### **1060.5 PRIVACY EXPECTATION**

Employees forfeit any expectation of privacy with regard to e-mails, texts or anything published or maintained through file-sharing software or any Internet site (e.g., Facebook, MySpace) that is accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed on any office technology system.

The Office reserves the right to access, audit and disclose for whatever reason any message, including attachments, and any information accessed, transmitted, received or reviewed over any technology that is issued or maintained by the Office, including the office e-mail system, computer network or any information placed into storage on any office system or device.

This includes records of all key strokes or web-browsing history made at any office computer or over any office network. The fact that access to a database, service or website requires a user name or password will not create an expectation of privacy if it is accessed through office computers or networks.

#### **1060.6 CONSIDERATIONS**

In determining whether to grant authorization of any speech or conduct that is prohibited under this policy, the factors that the Sheriff or authorized designee should consider include:

- (a) Whether the speech or conduct would negatively affect the efficiency of delivering public services.
- (b) Whether the speech or conduct would be contrary to the good order of the Office or the efficiency or morale of its members.
- (c) Whether the speech or conduct would reflect unfavorably upon the Office.
- (d) Whether the speech or conduct would negatively affect the member's appearance of impartiality in the performance of his/her duties.
- (e) Whether similar speech or conduct has been previously authorized.
- (f) Whether the speech or conduct may be protected and outweighs any interest of the Office.

#### **1060.7 TRAINING**

Subject to available resources, the Office should provide training regarding employee speech and the use of social networking to all members of the Office.

---

## Line-of-Duty Deaths

### 1061.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to members of the Storey County Sheriff's Office in the event of the death of a member occurring in the line of duty and to direct the Office in providing proper support for the member's survivors.

The Sheriff may also apply some or all of this policy in situations where members are injured in the line of duty and the injuries are life-threatening.

#### 1061.1.1 DEFINITIONS

Definitions related to this policy include:

**Line-of-duty death** - The death of a sworn member during the course of performing law enforcement-related functions while on- or off-duty, or a non-sworn member during the course of performing their assigned duties.

**Survivors** - Immediate family members of the deceased member, which can include spouse, children, parents, other next of kin or significant others. The determination of who should be considered a survivor for purposes of this policy should be made on a case-by-case basis given the individual's relationship with the member and whether the individual was previously designated by the deceased member.

### 1061.2 POLICY

It is the policy of the Storey County Sheriff's Office to make appropriate notifications and to provide assistance and support to survivors and coworkers of a member who dies in the line of duty.

It is also the policy of this office to respect the requests of the survivors when they conflict with these guidelines, as appropriate.

### 1061.3 INITIAL ACTIONS BY COMMAND STAFF

- (a) Upon learning of a line-of-duty death, the deceased member's supervisor should provide all reasonably available information to the Shift Supervisor and Dispatch.
  1. Communication of information concerning the member and the incident should be restricted to secure networks to avoid interception by the media or others (see the Sheriff section of this policy).
- (b) The Shift Supervisor should ensure that notifications are made in accordance with the Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths and Major Incident Notification policies as applicable.
- (c) If the member has been transported to the hospital, the Shift Supervisor or the designee should respond to the hospital to assume temporary responsibilities as the Hospital Liaison.
- (d) The Sheriff or the authorized designee should assign members to handle survivor notifications and assign members to the roles of Hospital Liaison (to relieve the temporary Hospital Liaison) and the Office Liaison as soon as practicable (see the Notifying Survivors section and the Office Liaison and Hospital Liaison subsections in this policy).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Line-of-Duty Deaths

---

#### **1061.4 NOTIFYING SURVIVORS**

Survivors should be notified as soon as possible in order to avoid the survivors hearing about the incident in other ways.

The Sheriff or the authorized designee should review the deceased member's emergency contact information and make accommodations to respect the member's wishes and instructions specific to notifying survivors. However, notification should not be excessively delayed because of attempts to assemble a notification team in accordance with the member's wishes.

The Sheriff, Shift Supervisor or the authorized designee should select at least two members to conduct notification of survivors, one of which may be the Office Chaplain.

Notifying members should:

- (a) Make notifications in a direct and compassionate manner, communicating as many facts of the incident as possible, including the current location of the member. Information that is not verified should not be provided until an investigation has been completed.
- (b) Determine the method of notifying surviving children by consulting with other survivors and taking into account factors such as the child's age, maturity and current location (e.g., small children at home, children in school).
- (c) Plan for concerns such as known health concerns of survivors or language barriers.
- (d) Offer to transport survivors to the hospital, if appropriate. Survivors should be transported in office vehicles. Notifying members shall inform the Hospital Liaison over a secure network that the survivors are on their way to the hospital and should remain at the hospital while the survivors are present.
- (e) When survivors are not at their residences or known places of employment, actively seek information and follow leads from neighbors, other law enforcement, postal authorities and other sources of information in order to accomplish notification in as timely a fashion as possible. Notifying members shall not disclose the reason for their contact other than a family emergency.
- (f) If making notification at a survivor's workplace, ask a workplace supervisor for the use of a quiet, private room to meet with the survivor. Members shall not inform the workplace supervisor of the purpose of their visit other than to indicate that it is a family emergency.
- (g) Offer to call other survivors, friends or clergy to support the survivors and to avoid leaving survivors alone after notification.
- (h) Assist the survivors with meeting childcare or other immediate needs.
- (i) Provide other assistance to survivors and take reasonable measures to accommodate their needs, wishes and desires. Care should be taken not to make promises or commitments to survivors that cannot be met.
- (j) Inform the survivors of the name and phone number of the Survivor Support Liaison (see the Survivor Support Liaison section of this policy), if known, and the Office Liaison.
- (k) Provide their contact information to the survivors before departing.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Line-of-Duty Deaths

---

- (l) Document the survivor's names and contact information, as well as the time and location of notification. This information should be forwarded to the Office Liaison.
- (m) Inform the Sheriff or the authorized designee once survivor notifications have been made so that other Storey County Sheriff's Office members may be apprised that survivor notifications are complete.

#### **1061.4.1 OUT-OF-AREA NOTIFICATIONS**

The Office Liaison should request assistance from law enforcement agencies in appropriate jurisdictions for in-person notification to survivors who are out of the area.

- (a) The Office Liaison should contact the appropriate jurisdiction using a secure network and provide the assisting agency with the name and telephone number of the office member that the survivors can call for more information following the notification by the assisting agency.
- (b) The Office Liaison may assist in making transportation arrangements for the member's survivors, but will not obligate the Office to pay travel expenses without the authorization of the Sheriff.

#### **1061.5 NOTIFYING OFFICE MEMBERS**

Supervisors or members designated by the Sheriff are responsible for notifying office members of the line-of-duty death as soon as possible after the survivor notification is made. Notifications and related information should be communicated in person or using secure networks and should not be transmitted over the radio.

Notifications should be made in person and as promptly as possible to all members on-duty at the time of the incident. Members reporting for subsequent shifts within a short amount of time should be notified in person at the beginning of their shift. Members reporting for duty from their residence should be instructed to contact their supervisor as soon as practicable. Those members who are working later shifts or are on days off should be notified by phone as soon as practicable.

Members having a close bond with the deceased member should be notified of the incident in person. Supervisors should consider assistance (e.g., peer support group, modifying work schedules, approving sick leave) for members who are especially affected by the incident.

Supervisors should direct members not to disclose any information outside the Office regarding the deceased member or the incident.

#### **1061.6 LIAISONS AND COORDINATORS**

The Sheriff or the authorized designee should select members to serve as liaisons and coordinators to handle responsibilities related to a line-of-duty death, including, but not limited to:

- (a) Office Liaison.
- (b) Hospital Liaison.
- (c) Survivor Support Liaison.
- (d) Critical Incident Stress Management (CISM) coordinator.
- (e) Funeral Liaison.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Line-of-Duty Deaths

---

- (f) Mutual aid coordinator.
- (g) Benefits Liaison.
- (h) Finance coordinator.

Liaisons and coordinators will be directed by the Office Liaison and should be given sufficient duty time to complete their assignments.

Members may be assigned responsibilities of more than one liaison or coordinator position depending on available office resources. The Office Liaison may assign separate liaisons and coordinators to accommodate multiple family units, if needed.

#### 1061.6.1 OFFICE LIAISON

The Office Liaison should be a Division Commander or of sufficient rank to effectively coordinate office resources, and should serve as a facilitator between the deceased member's survivors and the Office. The Office Liaison reports directly to the Sheriff. The Office Liaison's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Directing the other liaisons and coordinators in fulfilling survivors' needs and requests. Consideration should be given to organizing the effort using the National Incident Management System (NIMS).
- (b) Establishing contact with survivors within 24 hours of the incident and providing them contact information.
- (c) Advising survivors of the other liaison and coordinator positions and their roles and responsibilities.
- (d) Identifying locations that will accommodate a law enforcement funeral and presenting the options to the appropriate survivors, who will select the location.
- (e) Coordinating all official law enforcement notifications and arrangements.
- (f) Making necessary contacts for authorization to display flags at half-mast.
- (g) Ensuring that office members are reminded of appropriate information-sharing restrictions regarding the release of information that could undermine future legal proceedings.
- (h) Coordinating security checks of the member's residence as necessary and reasonable.
- (i) Serving as a liaison with visiting law enforcement agencies during memorial and funeral services.

#### 1061.6.2 HOSPITAL LIAISON

The Hospital Liaison should work with hospital personnel to:

- (a) Arrange for appropriate and separate waiting areas for:
  1. The survivors and others whose presence is requested by the survivors.
  2. Office members and friends of the deceased member.
  3. Media personnel.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Line-of-Duty Deaths

---

- (b) Ensure, as much as practicable, that any suspects who are in the hospital and their families or friends are not in close proximity to the member's survivors or Storey County Sheriff's Office members (except for members who may be guarding the suspect).
- (c) Ensure that survivors receive timely updates regarding the member before information is released to others.
- (d) Arrange for survivors to have private time with the member, if requested.
  - 1. The Hospital Liaison or hospital personnel may need to explain the condition of the member to the survivors to prepare them accordingly.
  - 2. The Hospital Liaison should accompany the survivors into the room, if requested.
- (e) Stay with survivors and ensure that they are provided with other assistance as needed at the hospital.
- (f) If applicable, explain to the survivors why an autopsy may be needed.
- (g) Ensure hospital bills are directed to the Office, that the survivors are not asked to sign as guarantor of payment for any hospital treatment and that the member's residence address, insurance information and next of kin are not included on hospital paperwork.

Other responsibilities of the Hospital Liaison include, but are not limited to:

- Arranging transportation for the survivors back to their residence.
- Working with investigators to gather and preserve the deceased member's equipment and other items that may be of evidentiary value.
- Documenting his/her actions at the conclusion of his/her duties.

#### 1061.6.3 SURVIVOR SUPPORT LIAISON

The Survivor Support Liaison should work with the Office Liaison to fulfill the immediate needs and requests of the survivors of any member who has died in the line of duty, and serve as the long-term office contact for survivors.

The Survivor Support Liaison should be selected by the deceased member's Division Commander. The following should be considered when selecting the Survivor Support Liaison:

- The liaison should be an individual the survivors know and with whom they are comfortable working.
- If the survivors have no preference, the selection may be made from names recommended by the deceased member's supervisor and/or coworkers. The deceased member's partner or close friends may not be the best selections for this assignment because the emotional connection to the member or survivors may impair their ability to conduct adequate liaison duties.
- The liaison must be willing to assume the assignment with an understanding of the emotional and time demands involved.

The responsibilities of the Survivor Support Liaison include, but are not limited to:

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Line-of-Duty Deaths

---

- (a) Arranging for transportation of survivors to hospitals, places of worship, funeral homes and other locations, as appropriate.
- (b) Communicating with the Office Liaison regarding appropriate security measures for the family residence, as needed.
- (c) If requested by the survivors, providing assistance with instituting methods of screening telephone calls made to their residence after the incident.
- (d) Providing assistance with travel and lodging arrangements for out-of-town survivors.
- (e) Returning the deceased member's personal effects from the Office and the hospital to the survivors. The following should be considered when returning the personal effects:
  - 1. Items should not be delivered to the survivors until they are ready to receive the items.
  - 2. Items not retained as evidence should be delivered in a clean, unmarked box.
  - 3. All clothing not retained as evidence should be cleaned and made presentable (e.g., items should be free of blood or other signs of the incident).
  - 4. The return of some personal effects may be delayed due to ongoing investigations.
- (f) Assisting with the return of office-issued equipment that may be at the deceased member's residence.
  - 1. Unless there are safety concerns, the return of the equipment should take place after the funeral at a time and in a manner considerate of the survivors' wishes.
- (g) Working with the CISM coordinator to ensure that survivors have access to available counseling services.
- (h) Coordinating with the office's Sheriff ([PIO]) to brief the survivors on pending press releases related to the incident and to assist the survivors with media relations in accordance with their wishes (see the Sheriff section of this policy).
- (i) Briefing survivors on investigative processes related to the line-of-duty death, such as criminal, internal and administrative investigations.
- (j) Informing survivors of any related criminal proceedings and accompanying them to such proceedings.
- (k) Introducing survivors to prosecutors, victim's assistance personnel and other involved personnel as appropriate.
- (l) Maintaining long-term contact with survivors and taking measures to sustain a supportive relationship (e.g., follow-up visits, phone calls, cards on special occasions, special support during holidays).
- (m) Inviting survivors to office activities, memorial services or other functions as appropriate.

Survivor Support Liaisons providing services after an incident resulting in multiple members being killed should coordinate with and support each other through conference calls or meetings as necessary.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Line-of-Duty Deaths

---

The Office recognizes that the duties of a Survivor Support Liaison will often affect regular assignments over many years, and is committed to supporting members in the assignment.

If needed, the Survivor Support Liaison should be issued a personal communication device (PCD) owned by the Office to facilitate communications necessary to the assignment. The office-issued PCD shall be used in accordance with the Personal Communication Devices Policy.

#### 1061.6.4 CRITICAL INCIDENT STRESS MANAGEMENT COORDINATOR

The CISM coordinator should work with the Sheriff or the authorized designee, liaisons, coordinators and other resources to make CISM and counseling services available to members and survivors who are impacted by a line-of-duty death. The responsibilities of the CISM coordinator include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Identifying members who are likely to be significantly affected by the incident and may have an increased need for CISM and counseling services, including:
  1. Members involved in the incident.
  2. Members who witnessed the incident.
  3. Members who worked closely with the deceased member but were not involved in the incident.
- (b) Ensuring that members who were involved in or witnessed the incident are relieved of office responsibilities until they can receive CISM support as appropriate and possible.
- (c) Ensuring that CISM and counseling resources (e.g., peer support, debriefing, grief counselors) are available to members as soon as reasonably practicable following the line-of-duty death.
- (d) Coordinating with the Survivor Support Liaison to ensure survivors are aware of available CISM and counseling services and assisting with arrangements as needed.
- (e) Following up with members and the Survivor Support Liaison in the months following the incident to determine if additional CISM or counseling services are needed.

#### 1061.6.5 FUNERAL LIAISON

The Funeral Liaison should work with the Office Liaison, Survivor Support Liaison and survivors to coordinate funeral arrangements to the extent the survivors wish. The Funeral Liaison's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Assisting survivors in working with the funeral director regarding funeral arrangements and briefing them on law enforcement funeral procedures.
- (b) Completing funeral notification to other law enforcement agencies.
- (c) Coordinating the funeral activities of the Office, including, but not limited to the following:
  1. Honor Guard
    - (a) Casket watch
    - (b) Color guard
    - (c) Pallbearers

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Line-of-Duty Deaths

---

- (d) Bell/rifle salute
  - 2. Bagpipers/bugler
  - 3. Uniform for burial
  - 4. Flag presentation
  - 5. Last radio call
- (d) Briefing the Sheriff and command staff concerning funeral arrangements.
- (e) Assigning a deputy to remain at the family home during the viewing and funeral.
- (f) Arranging for transportation of the survivors to and from the funeral home and interment site using office vehicles and drivers.

#### 1061.6.6 MUTUAL AID COORDINATOR

The mutual aid coordinator should work with the Office Liaison and the Funeral Liaison to request and coordinate any assistance from outside law enforcement agencies needed for, but not limited to:

- (a) Traffic control during the deceased member's funeral.
- (b) Area coverage so that as many Storey County Sheriff's Office members can attend funeral services as possible.

The mutual aid coordinator should perform his/her duties in accordance with the Outside Agency Assistance Policy.

#### 1061.6.7 BENEFITS LIAISON

The Benefits Liaison should provide survivors with information concerning available benefits and assist them in applying for benefits. Responsibilities of the Benefits Liaison include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Confirming the filing of workers' compensation claims and related paperwork (see the Work-Related Injury and Illness Reporting Policy).
- (b) Researching and assisting survivors with application for federal government survivor benefits, such as those offered through the:
  - 1. Public Safety Officers' Benefits (PSOB) Programs.
  - 2. Public Safety Officers' Educational Assistance (PSOEA) Program.
  - 3. Social Security Administration.
  - 4. Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (c) Researching and assisting survivors with application for state and local government survivor benefits.
  - 1. Survivor benefit (NRS 286.67665; NRS 286.67695)
  - 2. Education benefit (NRS 396.545)
  - 3. Medical coverage (NRS 287.021)

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Line-of-Duty Deaths

---

- (d) Researching and assisting survivors with application for other survivor benefits such as:
  - 1. Private foundation survivor benefits programs.
  - 2. Survivor scholarship programs.
- (e) Researching and informing survivors of support programs sponsored by sheriff's associations and other organizations.
- (f) Documenting and informing survivors of inquiries and interest regarding public donations to the survivors.
  - 1. If requested, working with the finance coordinator to assist survivors with establishing a process for the receipt of public donations.
- (g) Providing survivors with a summary of the nature and amount of benefits applied for, including the name of a contact person at each benefit office. Printed copies of the summary and benefit application documentation should be provided to affected survivors.
- (h) Maintaining contact with the survivors and assisting with subsequent benefit questions and processes as needed.

#### 1061.6.8 FINANCE COORDINATOR

The finance coordinator should work with the Sheriff and the Office Liaison to manage financial matters related to the line-of-duty death. The finance coordinator's responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Establishing methods for purchasing and monitoring costs related to the incident.
- (b) Providing information on finance-related issues, such as:
  - 1. Paying survivors' travel costs if authorized.
  - 2. Transportation costs for the deceased.
  - 3. Funeral and memorial costs.
  - 4. Related funding or accounting questions and issues.
- (c) Working with the Benefits Liaison to establish a process for the receipt of public donations to the deceased member's survivors.
- (d) Providing accounting and cost information as needed.

#### 1061.7 SHERIFF

In the event of a line-of-duty death, the office's [PIO] should be the office's contact point for the media. As such, the [PIO] should coordinate with the Office Liaison to:

- (a) Collect and maintain the most current incident information and determine what information should be released.
- (b) Ensure that office members are instructed to direct any media inquiries to the [PIO].
- (c) Prepare necessary press releases.
  - 1. Ensure coordination with other entities having media roles (e.g., outside agencies involved in the investigation or incident).

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### Line-of-Duty Deaths

---

2. Ensure that important public information is disseminated, such as information on how the public can show support for the Office and deceased member's survivors.
- (d) Arrange for community and media briefings by the Sheriff or the authorized designee as appropriate.
  - (e) Respond, or coordinate the response, to media inquiries.
  - (f) If requested, assist the member's survivors with media inquiries.
    1. Brief the survivors on handling sensitive issues such as the types of questions that reasonably could jeopardize future legal proceedings.
  - (g) Release information regarding memorial services and funeral arrangements to office members, other agencies and the media as appropriate.
  - (h) If desired by the survivors, arrange for the recording of memorial and funeral services via photos and/or video.

The identity of deceased members should be withheld until the member's survivors have been notified. If the media has obtained identifying information for the deceased member prior to survivor notification, the [PIO] should request that the media withhold the information from release until proper notification can be made to survivors. The [PIO] should ensure that media are notified when survivor notifications have been made.

#### **1061.8 OFFICE CHAPLAIN**

The Office chaplain may serve a significant role in line-of-duty deaths. His/her duties may include, but are not limited to:

- Assisting with survivor notifications and assisting the survivors with counseling, emotional support or other matters, as appropriate.
- Assisting liaisons and coordinators with their assignments, as appropriate.
- Assisting office members with counseling or emotional support, as requested and appropriate.

Further information on the potential roles and responsibilities of the chaplain is in the Chaplains Policy.

#### **1061.9 INVESTIGATION OF THE INCIDENT**

The Sheriff shall ensure that line-of-duty deaths are investigated thoroughly and may choose to use the investigation process outlined in the Peace Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths Policy.

Investigators from other agencies may be assigned to work on any criminal investigation related to line-of-duty deaths. Partners, close friends or personnel who worked closely with the deceased member should not have any investigative responsibilities because such relationships may impair the objectivity required for an impartial investigation of the incident.

Involved office members should be kept informed of the progress of the investigations and provide investigators with any information that may be pertinent to the investigations.

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

Policy Manual

## *Line-of-Duty Deaths*

---

### **1061.10 LINE-OF-DUTY DEATH OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT ANIMAL**

The Sheriff may authorize appropriate memorial and funeral services for law enforcement animals killed in the line of duty.

### **1061.11 NON-LINE-OF-DUTY DEATH**

The Sheriff may authorize certain support services for the death of a member not occurring in the line of duty.

# Storey County SO Policy Manual

## Policy Manual

### INDEX

#### A

ABBREVIATIONS . . . . .	13	Seat belts. . . . .	478
ACCOUNTABILITY TO SUPERVISOR . . . . .	17	Towed vehicles. . . . .	324
ADMINISTRATIVE FILE		Use of force. . . . .	38
Defined. . . . .	482	Warrant service. . . . .	362
ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS . . . . .	331	ASSET FORFEITURE . . . . .	345
ADMINISTRATIVE INVESTIGATIONS		AUDIO/VIDEO RECORDING	
Criminal parallel. . . . .	474	Body cameras. . . . .	278
OIS. . . . .	67	Custodial interrogation. . . . .	338
Use of force. . . . .	41	AUDITS	
Vehicle damage. . . . .	387	Asset forfeiture. . . . .	348
ADMINISTRATIVE LEAVE		Case dispositions. . . . .	343
OIS. . . . .	64	Informant files. . . . .	353
ADULT ABUSE . . . . .	109	Informant funds. . . . .	355
Investigations. . . . .	338	Personnel complaints. . . . .	470
Sexual assault. . . . .	341	Petty cash. . . . .	388
AIRCRAFT		AUTHORITY . . . . .	10
Ambulance. . . . .	301	Civil/involuntary commitments. . . . .	242
Flying while armed. . . . .	76	Ethics. . . . .	144
AIRCRAFT ACCIDENTS . . . . .	261	Use of force. . . . .	37
ALCOHOL		AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS	
Intoxicants. . . . .	147	(AED) . . . . .	302
Vehicle use. . . . .	385	AUXILIARY RESTRAINTS . . . . .	49
AMMUNITION . . . . .	72	<b>B</b>	
Property packaging. . . . .	399	BACKGROUNDS . . . . .	446
ANIMAL CONTROL PROCEDURES . . . . .	425	BADGE	
ANIMALS		Mourning Badge. . . . .	510
Dangerous. . . . .	75	BADGES, PATCHES AND IDENTIFICATION	
Euthanize. . . . .	75	Administrative leave. . . . .	474
Injured. . . . .	75	Conduct. . . . .	145
Line-of-duty deaths. . . . .	538	BARRICADE INCIDENTS . . . . .	232
Service. . . . .	191	BATON . . . . .	51
APPOINTMENTS		BICYCLES	
ADA Coordinator. . . . .	187	Property storage. . . . .	398
Audio/video coordinator. . . . .	281	BIOLOGICAL EVIDENCE	
Crime victim liaison. . . . .	137	Sexual assault. . . . .	343
Custodian of records. . . . .	410	BIOLOGICAL SAMPLES	
Exposure control officer. . . . .	463	Evidence. . . . .	404
Forfeiture reviewer. . . . .	348	Missing persons . . . . .	128, 131
Line-of-duty death liaisons and coordinators	530	Property packaging. . . . .	398
Operations director . . . . .	362, 366	BODY ARMOR	
Petty cash fund manager. . . . .	388	Suspects. . . . .	71
ARRESTS		BODY ARMOR . . . . .	480
Child and dependent adult safety. . . . .	202	BODY-WORN CAMERAS . . . . .	278
Disabled persons. . . . .	193	BOMBS	
First amendment assemblies. . . . .	312	Chaplains. . . . .	199
Handcuffing and restraints. . . . .	48	<b>C</b>	
Immigrants. . . . .	257	CANINES	
Mental health. . . . .	243	Foot pursuits. . . . .	282

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

Property packaging. . . . .	398	CONTACTS AND TEMPORARY DETENTIONS	
Searches. . . . .	430	Warrant service. . . . .	364
Unclaimed. . . . .	404	CONTROL DEVICES	
CENTRAL REPOSITORY . . . . .	418	Decontamination. . . . .	464
CHANGE OF ASSIGNMENT . . . . .	490	First amendment assemblies. . . . .	311
CHAPLAINS . . . . .	196	Pain compliance. . . . .	39
Line-of-duty deaths. . . . .	537	CONTROL DEVICES . . . . .	51
CHILD		CORRESPONDENCE . . . . .	23
Sexual assault. . . . .	341	COURT APPEARANCES . . . . .	160
CHILD AND DEPENDENT ADULT SAFETY	202	COURT ORDERS	
CHILDREN		Adult abuse. . . . .	111
Child safety. . . . .	202	Asset seizure. . . . .	346
Firearms. . . . .	74	Child custody . . . . .	128, 203
Language assistance . . . . .	191, 191	Civil disputes. . . . .	314
Missing persons. . . . .	127	Juvenile informants. . . . .	351
Transporting. . . . .	479	Source testing. . . . .	466
CHRI . . . . .	419	Subpoenas. . . . .	160
CITATIONS . . . . .	318	Surreptitious recording. . . . .	279
CITE AND RELEASE . . . . .	246	CRIME ANALYSIS . . . . .	396
CIVIL		CRIME SCENE AND DISASTER INTEGRITY	
Immigration hold. . . . .	258	. . . . .	225
Liability response. . . . .	68	CRIMINAL ACTIVITY REPORTING . . . . .	153
Subpoenas. . . . .	161	CRIMINAL HISTORY . . . . .	418
Warrant. . . . .	256	CRIMINAL ORGANIZATIONS . . . . .	273
CIVIL DISPUTES . . . . .	314	CRISIS INTERVENTION INCIDENTS . . . . .	303
COMMAND PROTOCOL . . . . .	17	CUSTODIAL INTERROGATIONS	
COMMAND STAFF		Communications with persons with	
Line-of-duty deaths. . . . .	528	disabilities. . . . .	191
Petty cash audit. . . . .	388	Communications with persons with	
COMMUNICABLE DISEASE		disabilities. . . . .	192
Health orders. . . . .	226	CUSTODIAL SEARCHES . . . . .	429
COMMUNICABLE DISEASES		CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS . . . . .	410
First responders. . . . .	299	CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION (CBP)	
COMMUNICATIONS		. . . . .	257
Emergency response considerations. . . . .	91		
COMMUNICATIONS WITH PERSONS WITH		<b>D</b>	
DISABILITIES . . . . .	187	DAILY TRAINING BULLETINS (DTBS) . . . . .	34
COMPUTERS		DAMAGE BY PERSONNEL . . . . .	155
Digital evidence. . . . .	339	DEADLY FORCE APPLICATIONS . . . . .	40
CONDUCT		DEATH	
Discriminatory harassment. . . . .	115	Chaplains. . . . .	199
OIS. . . . .	62	Native American graves (NAGPRA). . . . .	213
Personnel complaints. . . . .	469	DEATH INVESTIGATION . . . . .	174
Standards of conduct . . . . .	142, 146	DEATH NOTIFICATION . . . . .	174
CONFIDENTIALITY		DEBRIEFING	
Communicable disease information. . . . .	466	OIS. . . . .	68
Conduct. . . . .	145	Operations plans. . . . .	370
Custodian of records. . . . .	410	Warrant service. . . . .	362
Discriminatory harassment. . . . .	117	DECONFLICTION . . . . .	368
Drug- and alcohol-free workplace. . . . .	460	DEFINITIONS . . . . .	13
Informants. . . . .	351	DEPARTMENT PROPERTY	
Personnel complaints. . . . .	471		

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

Loss Or Damage. . . . .	374	Seizing recordings. . . . .	295
DEPARTMENTAL DIRECTIVE . . . . .	18	Use of force. . . . .	39
DEPENDENT ADULT		EXAMINATIONS	
Safety. . . . .	202	Mental, Physical. . . . .	493
DEPLOYMENT . . . . .	253	EXPLOSIONS . . . . .	240
DISABLED		EXPOSURE CONTROL . . . . .	463
Communicating with the. . . . .	187	Officer. . . . .	463
Motorist. . . . .	334	EXPOSURE(S) . . . . .	230
DISABLED VEHICLES . . . . .	334	EXTENDED ILLNESS . . . . .	461
DISCIPLINE . . . . .	143	EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION . . . . .	356
DISCRIMINATION			
Americans with Disabilities (ADA). . . . .	187	<b>F</b>	
Conduct. . . . .	144	FIELD CITATIONS . . . . .	246
Defined. . . . .	115	FIELD DETAINEES . . . . .	267
Personnel complaints. . . . .	471	FIELD INTERVIEW . . . . .	267
DISCRIMINATORY HARASSMENT . . . . .	115	FIELD PHOTOGRAPHS . . . . .	267
DISCRIMINATORY HARASSMENT		FIELD TRAINING OFFICER . . . . .	263
Definitions. . . . .	115	FIREARM SERIAL NUMBERS . . . . .	408
DISPUTED CLAIMS . . . . .	403	FIREARMS	
DISTRIBUTION . . . . .	14	Concealed firearm permit. . . . .	25
DIVISION . . . . .	16	Conduct. . . . .	147
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE . . . . .	94	Emergency admissions. . . . .	244
DRIVING		Property packaging. . . . .	399
Impaired. . . . .	326	Property release. . . . .	403
Personal communication devices. . . . .	379	Retiree carry. . . . .	29
Safety. . . . .	147	Vehicle use. . . . .	386
DRIVING TACTICS . . . . .	82	FIRST AMENDMENT ASSEMBLIES . . . . .	308
DRUG- AND ALCOHOL-FREE WORKPLACE		FITNESS FOR DUTY	
. . . . .	458	OIS. . . . .	64
DUTY TO INTERCEDE . . . . .	37	FITNESS FOR DUTY . . . . .	492
DUTY WEAPONS . . . . .	70	FLYING WHILE ARMED . . . . .	76
		FOREIGN	
<b>E</b>		Currency. . . . .	430
ELECTRICAL LINES . . . . .	260	FORMS	
ELECTRONIC CIGARETTES . . . . .	468	Asset forfeiture guidance. . . . .	348
ELECTRONIC MAIL . . . . .	21	Cash transfer. . . . .	388
Personal communication devices. . . . .	376	Discriminatory harassment. . . . .	118
Personnel complaints. . . . .	470	Eyewitness identification. . . . .	356
EMERGENCY ADMISSIONS . . . . .	242	Lab. . . . .	401
EMERGENCY UTILITY . . . . .	260	Missing person medical release. . . . .	128
EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM . . . . .	459	Missing person school notification. . . . .	128
EMPLOYEE COMMENDATIONS . . . . .	491	Missing persons. . . . .	128
EMPLOYEE CONVICTIONS . . . . .	456	Missing persons investigation checklist. . . . .	128
ENFORCEMENT . . . . .	317	Notice of asset seizure. . . . .	348
EVALUATION . . . . .	449	Personnel complaint. . . . .	470
EVIDENCE		Property control card. . . . .	400
Bombs. . . . .	241	Property receipt. . . . .	398
Custodial searches. . . . .	429	Property release. . . . .	397
Digital. . . . .	339	Risk assessment. . . . .	366
NAGPRA. . . . .	213	Traffic crash. . . . .	322
Personnel complaints. . . . .	473	Use of force. . . . .	40

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

FORMS	
Asset forfeiture receipt. . . . .	348

FRISKS	
Pat-down searches. . . . .	429

## G

GANGS	
Employee affiliation. . . . .	144
GANGS . . . . .	275
GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE . . . . .	454
GROOMING STANDARDS . . . . .	505

## H

HANDCUFFING AND RESTRAINTS . . . . .	47
Persons with disabilities. . . . .	188
HATE CRIMES . . . . .	139
HAZARDOUS MATERIAL . . . . .	230
HAZARDOUS MATERIAL (HAZMAT) RESPONSE	
Precautions. . . . .	464
HELICOPTER ASSISTANCE . . . . .	266
HIGH-VISIBILITY VESTS . . . . .	318
HOSTAGE AND BARRICADE INCIDENTS	232
HOSTAGE SITUATIONS . . . . .	234

## I

IDENTITY THEFT . . . . .	176
IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT (ICE) . . . . .	257
IMMIGRATION VIOLATIONS . . . . .	256
IMMUNIZATIONS . . . . .	465
IMPAIRED DRIVING . . . . .	326
INFORMANTS . . . . .	351
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY USE . . . . .	149
INITIATE A PURSUIT . . . . .	79
INSPECTIONS	
Exposure control. . . . .	463
Property bureau. . . . .	404
Vehicles. . . . .	383
INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION . . . . .	337

## J

JAIL RELEASE . . . . .	246
JURISDICTION	
Missing persons. . . . .	128
OIS. . . . .	62
Warrant service. . . . .	364

## K

KEYS	
Vehicle. . . . .	384
KINETIC PROJECTILES . . . . .	53

## L

LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY . . . . .	10
LEG IRONS . . . . .	49
LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY	
Immigration Violations. . . . .	256
Interpreters. . . . .	356
LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY . . . . .	180
LINE-OF-DUTY DEATHS . . . . .	528

## M

MEAL PERIODS AND BREAKS . . . . .	495
MEDIA	
First amendment assemblies. . . . .	312
Line-of-duty deaths. . . . .	536
OIS. . . . .	69
Operations plans. . . . .	370
Warrant service. . . . .	365
MEDIA REQUEST . . . . .	157
MEDICAL	
Adult involuntary detention. . . . .	112
Examinations – Adult abuse. . . . .	112
Marijuana. . . . .	289
Personnel - body cavity searches. . . . .	432
Releases . . . . .	41, 301
Use of medications on-duty. . . . .	458
MEDICAL . . . . .	299
MEMORANDUMSS . . . . .	23
MENTAL ILLNESS	
Restraints. . . . .	242
MINIMUM STAFFING . . . . .	24
MISSING PERSONS . . . . .	127
MUTUAL AID	
First amendment assemblies. . . . .	311
Warrant service. . . . .	364

## N

NATIVE AMERICAN GRAVES (NAGPRA)	213
NEXT OF KIN REGISTRY . . . . .	322
NIMAS . . . . .	19
NONSWORN	
Crisis intervention incidents. . . . .	306
Vehicles. . . . .	385

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

### NOTIFICATIONS

Adult abuse. . . . .	109
Cash. . . . .	389
Complainant - discriminatory harassment. . . . .	118
Exposure control. . . . .	463
Jail. . . . .	48
Line-of-duty deaths. . . . .	529
Missing persons. . . . .	131
NAGPRA. . . . .	213
OIS. . . . .	64
Restraints. . . . .	48
Sexual assault. . . . .	341
Use of force. . . . .	40

### NOTIFICATIONS

Pregnancy. . . . .	523
--------------------	-----

## O

OC SPRAY . . . . .	52
OFFICE OWNED PROPERTY . . . . .	373
OFFICER SAFETY	
Asset forfeiture. . . . .	346
Crime scene and disaster integrity. . . . .	225
Custodial searches. . . . .	429
Emergency admissions. . . . .	243
Firearms confiscation. . . . .	63
Foot pursuits. . . . .	282
Handcuffing and restraints. . . . .	47
Immigration violations. . . . .	257
Informants. . . . .	352
LEOSA. . . . .	29
Seat belts. . . . .	478
Warrant service. . . . .	362
OFFICER/DEPUTY RESPONSE TO CALLS . . . . .	90
OPERATIONS PLANNING AND DECONFLICTION . . . . .	366
ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE . . . . .	16
OUTSIDE AGENCY ASSISTANCE . . . . .	168
OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT . . . . .	499
Change in Status. . . . .	501
Obtaining Approval. . . . .	499
Prohibited Outside Employment. . . . .	500
Security Employment. . . . .	500
OVERTIME	
Court. . . . .	161
OVERTIME PAYMENT . . . . .	497

## P

PAT-DOWN SEARCH . . . . .	267
PATROL FUNCTION . . . . .	220

### PEACE OFFICER-INVOLVED SHOOTINGS AND DEATHS (OIS) . . . . .

PEACE OFFICER-INVOLVED SHOOTINGS AND DEATHS (OIS) . . . . .	62
PERSONAL APPEARANCE . . . . .	505
PERSONAL COMMUNICATION DEVICES . . . . .	376
PERSONAL PROPERTY . . . . .	373
Loss Or Damage. . . . .	374
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT . . . . .	390
PERSONNEL COMPLAINTS	
Disabled persons. . . . .	193
PERSONNEL FILES . . . . .	482
Purging Of Files. . . . .	487
Requests For Disclosure. . . . .	483
Types Of Personnel Files. . . . .	485
PHOTOGRAPHS	
First amendment assemblies. . . . .	309
Photo line-up. . . . .	357
POLICY MANUAL . . . . .	12
Disclaimer. . . . .	12
PREGNANCY . . . . .	523
PRIVACY EXPECTATION	
Technology use. . . . .	149
PRIVACY EXPECTATIONS	
Administrative searches. . . . .	471
Audio/video recordings. . . . .	278
Email. . . . .	21
Personal communication devices. . . . .	376
Vehicles. . . . .	383
PRIVATE PERSONS ARRESTS . . . . .	178
PROBATIONARY EMPLOYEES	
Personnel complaints. . . . .	477
PROMOTIONAL PROCESS . . . . .	452
PROPERTY AND EVIDENCE . . . . .	397
PROPERTY PROCEDURES	
Disputed Claims. . . . .	403
PROTECTED INFORMATION	
Unauthorized release. . . . .	145
PROTECTED INFORMATION . . . . .	414
PROTECTIVE CUSTODY	
Dependent adults. . . . .	111
PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER . . . . .	262
PUBLIC RECORD REQUEST . . . . .	410
PUBLIC RECORDING OF LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITY . . . . .	294
PURSUIT INTERVENTION . . . . .	86
PURSUIT POLICY . . . . .	78
PURSUIT UNITS . . . . .	81
PURSUIITS	
Foot. . . . .	282

## R

RACIAL PROFILING . . . . .	222
----------------------------	-----

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

<p><b>RANGEMASTER</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Firearms. . . . . 70</li> <li>Inspections. . . . . 72</li> <li>Qualifications. . . . . 74</li> </ul> <p><b>RANGEMASTER</b> . . . . . 76</p> <p><b>RAPE KIT</b> . . . . . 343</p> <p><b>RAPID DEPLOYMENT TEAM</b> . . . . . 253</p> <p><b>REASONABLE SUSPICION</b> . . . . . 267</p> <p><b>RECALL OF PERSONNEL</b> . . . . . 20</p> <p><b>RECORDS BUREAU</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Administrative hearings. . . . . 331</li> <li>Impaired driving. . . . . 331</li> <li>Missing persons. . . . . 130</li> <li>Suspicious activity reports. . . . . 298</li> <li>Towed vehicles. . . . . 323</li> </ul> <p><b>RECORDS RELEASE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adult abuse. . . . . 113</li> <li>Audio/video recordings. . . . . 281</li> <li>Subpoenas and discovery requests. . . . . 412</li> </ul> <p><b>RECORDS RETENTION</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Audio/video recordings. . . . . 281</li> <li>Email. . . . . 22</li> <li>Operations plan. . . . . 369</li> <li>Personal protective equipment training. . . . . 393</li> </ul> <p><b>RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION</b> . . . . . 445</p> <p><b>REPORT CORRECTIONS</b> . . . . . 156</p> <p><b>REPORT PREPARATION</b> . . . . . 153</p> <p><b>REPORTING CONVICTIONS</b> . . . . . 456</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Family Violence . . . . . 456, 456</li> </ul> <p><b>REPORTING POLICE ACTIVITY</b> . . . . . 255</p> <p><b>RESERVE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Duties. . . . . 163</li> </ul> <p><b>RESERVE DEPUTIES</b> . . . . . 163</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Coordinator. . . . . 164</li> <li>Firearms Requirements. . . . . 166</li> <li>Training. . . . . 165</li> </ul> <p><b>RESTRAINTS</b> . . . . . 242</p> <p><b>RETALIATION</b> . . . . . 116</p> <p><b>REVIEWS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Asset forfeiture seizures. . . . . 348</li> <li>Crisis intervention incidents. . . . . 306</li> <li>Emergency management plan. . . . . 20</li> <li>Exposure control plan. . . . . 463</li> <li>Use of force . . . . . 41, 42</li> </ul> <p><b>RIDE-ALONG</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Eligibility. . . . . 227</li> </ul> <p><b>RISK ASSESSMENT</b> . . . . . 366</p> <p><b>ROLL CALL TRAINING</b> . . . . . 224</p> <p><b>S</b></p> <p><b>S</b> . . . . . 277</p>	<p><b>SAFETY</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Canine. . . . . 384</li> <li>Conduct. . . . . 147</li> <li>Drug- and alcohol-free workplace. . . . . 458</li> <li>Emergency assistance. . . . . 90</li> <li>Emergency responses. . . . . 91</li> <li>Firearms. . . . . 73</li> <li>First responder. . . . . 225</li> <li>Personal communication devices. . . . . 376</li> <li>Personal protective equipment. . . . . 390</li> <li>Shotguns. . . . . 71</li> <li>Unlawful or conflicting orders. . . . . 142</li> </ul> <p><b>SAFETY EQUIPMENT</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Seat belts. . . . . 478</li> </ul> <p><b>SART</b> . . . . . 341</p> <p><b>SEALED RECORD ORDERS</b> . . . . . 412</p> <p><b>SEARCH AND SEIZURE</b> . . . . . 100</p> <p><b>SEARCH WARRANTS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Warrant service. . . . . 362</li> </ul> <p><b>SEARCHES</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Body cavity. . . . . 432</li> <li>Crime scene. . . . . 226</li> <li>Custodial. . . . . 429</li> <li>Police vehicle inspections. . . . . 383</li> <li>Strip. . . . . 430</li> </ul> <p><b>SEAT BELTS</b> . . . . . 478</p> <p><b>SECURITY</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Property bureau. . . . . 397</li> </ul> <p><b>SECURITY EMPLOYMENT</b> . . . . . 500</p> <p><b>SERVICE ANIMALS</b> . . . . . 206</p> <p><b>SEXUAL ASSAULTS</b> . . . . . 341</p> <p><b>SEXUAL HARASSMENT</b> . . . . . 115</p> <p><b>SICK LEAVE</b> . . . . . 461</p> <p><b>SMOKING AND TOBACCO USE</b> . . . . . 468</p> <p><b>SOCIAL MEDIA</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Backgrounds. . . . . 446</li> </ul> <p><b>SPIT HOOD</b> . . . . . 48</p> <p><b>SPIT MASK</b> . . . . . 48</p> <p><b>STANDARDS OF CONDUCT</b> . . . . . 142</p> <p><b>SUBPOENAS</b> . . . . . 160</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Records release and discovery requests. . . . . 412</li> </ul> <p><b>SUCCESSION OF COMMAND</b> . . . . . 17</p> <p><b>SUPERVISION STAFFING LEVELS</b> . . . . . 24</p> <p><b>SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY REPORTING</b> . . . . . 297</p> <p><b>T</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TASER&lt;SUP&gt;®&lt;/SUP&gt; DEVICE . . . . . 55</li> <li>TATTOOS . . . . . 506</li> <li>TEAR GAS . . . . . 52</li> <li>TECHNOLOGY USE . . . . . 149</li> <li>TEMPORARY MODIFIED DUTY . . . . . 520</li> </ul>
---	---

# Storey County Sheriff's Office

## Policy Manual

TERMINATE A PURSUIT . . . . .	80	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE . . . . .	380
TIME CARD . . . . .	496	VEHICLES	
TIME CARDS . . . . .	496	Towing . . . . .	323
TRAFFIC		VICTIMS	
Vests . . . . .	318	Compensation and rights. . . . .	137
TRAFFIC CRASHES . . . . .	320	VIDEO RECORDINGS	
TRAFFIC DEPUTY . . . . .	317	First amendment assemblies. . . . .	309
TRAFFIC FUNCTION . . . . .	317		
TRAINING			
Adult abuse. . . . .	113		
AED. . . . .	302		
Child and dependent adult safety. . . . .	205		
Communicable disease. . . . .	466		
Crisis intervention incidents. . . . .	307		
Custodial searches. . . . .	433		
Discriminatory harassment. . . . .	119		
Emergency admissions. . . . .	244		
Emergency management plan. . . . .	20		
Firearms. . . . .	74		
First amendment assemblies. . . . .	313		
Immigration. . . . .	259		
Missing persons. . . . .	133		
Operation planning and deconfliction. . . . .	371		
Personal protective equipment. . . . .	394		
Persons with disabilities . . . . .	194, 194		
Sexual assault. . . . .	343		
Training plan. . . . .	31		
Use of force. . . . .	42		
Warrant service. . . . .	365		
TRAINING			
Maintaining POST certification. . . . .	523		
Protected Information. . . . .	419		
TRAINING, CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE . . . . .	276		
TRANSFER PROCESS . . . . .	452		
TRANSPORT BELTS . . . . .	49		

## W

WARNINGS	
Shots. . . . .	76
WARRANT SERVICE . . . . .	362
WASHING OF VEHICLES . . . . .	381
WATER LINES . . . . .	260
WORK-RELATED INJURY AND ILLNESS REPORTING . . . . .	503

## U

U VISA AND T VISA . . . . .	258
UNIFORM REGULATIONS . . . . .	507
UNIFORMS	
Courtroom attire. . . . .	161
UNITY OF COMMAND . . . . .	17
UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY . . . . .	311
USE OF FORCE . . . . .	37
Blood samples. . . . .	329
First amendment assemblies. . . . .	311
UTILITY SERVICE . . . . .	260

## V



**STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE**

**CAD INCIDENT REPORT  
1712010040**

08/13/2018

**Location**  
STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S ADMIN OFFICE, 205 S C ST

**Cross Streets**  
FLOWERY ST/B STREET

**City**  
VIRGINIA CITY

**Incident Type**  
CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM

**Call Taker**  
S134

**Dispatcher**  
S134

**Date** 12/01/2017 **Priority** **Primary Unit** C2 **Beat** 1

**Fire Zone** 71 **Area** 1 **Map** 110

**Source**  
TELEPHONE CALL

**Caller Name**  
[REDACTED]

**Caller Address**

**Caller Phone**

**Dispositions**  
Action Taken (Case #)

**Weapon**

**Alm Level**

**Case Number**

**Vehicles**

**Associated Incidents**

**Incident Times**  
**Received** 18:39:28  
**Created** 18:44:07  
**Dispatched** 18:45:12  
**En Route**  
**On Scene**  
**Closed** 19:08:48  
**Revd-Closed** 29:20

**Special Circumstances**

**Persons**

**Sex** **DOB**

**Race**

**DL**

**Unit Times** **Deputies**  
C2 S122

**Dispatched**  
18:45:12

**Enroute**

**On Scene**

**Clear**  
19:08:48

**Disp-On Scene**  
N/A

**Enrt-On Scene**  
N/A

**On Scene-Clear**  
N/A

**Disp-Clear**  
23:36

**Incident Comments**

CIVIL STAND BY/ CUSTODY AGREEMENT

# Exhibit 3

# STOREY COUNTY COMMUNICATIONS

P.O. BOX 483  
911 Highway 341  
VIRGINIA CITY, NV 89440  
775.847.0950

---

## Dispatcher Training Manual

### *CALL-TAKING*

#### **VOICE QUALITY**

You should speak slowly and clearly on the telephone and with adequate volume. If callers cannot hear or understand you, you will have to repeat your questions, which wastes time.

Your voice should project authority and knowledge, backed up by a certainty of what you are telling the caller. If you are hesitant or seem unsure, the caller will probably question your answers or your ability to help.

Use plain, everyday language with the public--never use the Ten Code, legal terms or law enforcement jargon.

#### **TELEPHONE GREETING**

Because all calls to the communications center are potential emergencies, you must promptly answer all incoming calls. If you are not able to immediately handle the call because of other incoming calls, radio traffic, etc., ask the caller "Do you have an emergency?" If the caller says "No", tell them "Hold on, please." If the caller indicates they have an emergency, ask them "What is the emergency?", and then proceed to handle it if necessary.

We have 2 types of phone lines, Non-Emergency phone lines, and 911 phone lines. We have 4 non-emergency lines, and three 911 lines available. Different telephone lines are answered somewhat differently. For review, this is the way you should answer incoming lines:

0950-0953:     *"Storey County Communications, this is \_\_\_\_\_."*

911 All:        *"911 what is the address of your emergency?"*

*Storey County is an Equal Opportunity Provider.*

## ANSWERING PRIORITY

Dispatchers must answer all emergency line calls immediately and determine if an emergency exist. If so, handle the call. If not, ask the caller to hold or transfer them to the appropriate department, agency or person. If other calls are “ringing in” while you are handling a non-emergency call, you should ask the person “May I place you on hold please?” place the person on hold and answer the other incoming call. Ask the caller “Do you have an emergency?” If they say “No,” you should then return to the holding call as soon as possible. You should not answer calls by simply saying “Please hold” and placing the caller on hold. You must determine the priority of each call by asking each caller, “Do you have an emergency?”

If you place a caller on hold after obtaining some information about their problem, write down the information so they won't have to start over when you return to them.

## TRANSFERRING PHONE CALLS

We sometimes receive 911 calls from surrounding agencies through our non-emergency lines. Most of our outside agency calls come from the I-80 corridor. SCFD has a Mutual Aid agreement with REMSA and WCSO to assist with all medical, or fire related incidents.

When receiving a phone call from the I-80 corridor, make sure you ask what type of problem the caller is having. If it is simply a traffic related complaint, other than a traffic accident, it is safe to transfer the caller to the Nevada Highway Patrol dispatch center (775-687-0400). For review, this is how you should transfer calls to any outside agency:

Comm. Spec: “Storey County communications this is \_\_\_\_\_”

Caller: “I am on I-80 heading W/B and there is a truck driving way too fast.”

Comm. Spec: “Ok sir; let me get you to the highway patrol, one moment please”

*TRANSFER BY CLICKING FLASH BUTTON ONCE & DIAL THE AGENCIES  
NUMBER THEN CLICK ON FLASH AGAIN TO FINALIZE TRANSFER*

NHP dispatch: “Nevada Highway Patrol Emergency”

Comm. Spec: “Hi this is \_\_\_\_\_ with Storey County transferring a caller, go ahead sir.”

*STAY ON THE LINE TO MAKE SURE TRANSFER WAS SUCCESSFUL, THEN  
DISCONNECT*

## ETIQUETTE

When dealing with all callers, you are required to maintain a polite and friendly tone. You are not expected to tolerate profanity or other verbal abuse from callers, but neither are you permitted to be profane or verbally abusive to them. If the caller has a legitimate request of the Sheriff's Department, dispatch a deputy and do not become involved in an argument.

If you have determined that you cannot provide a service to a caller, explain to them why you can't. Tell them the department's policy on the subject. Let them know that the nature of the incident is handled by another agency, etc. Never simply tell a caller "We can't do that." Give them a reason why.

You should use the person's name when addressing them, especially if you must place them on hold. This will let the caller know that you have not forgotten them, and that you remember their call.

You should always maintain a business-like attitude when taking calls, even if the situation seems humorous. You should sound sympathetic and never make light of a caller's situation. Don't make jokes or relate funny stories to illustrate a point. The caller may not get your punch line. If the caller comments that the situation is funny or odd, you may agree with them, but never make them feel foolish.

You shall not make remarks critical of any race, class, or group of people. The Sheriff's Department and Fire Department provide service to anyone who has a proper need, without regard to other factors.

Remember, we also represent the Sheriff's and Fire Department. We make the first impression.

You should not attempt to educate a caller in terminology or the law. You may just make the caller feel insecure, start an argument, or waste valuable time. For example, if a caller says they've been "Robbed"; don't feel compelled to explain the difference between burglary and robbery. Instead....

Caller: "Help! I've been robbed! Someone broke into my house while I was gone!"

Comm. Spec: "We can send a deputy out to take a burglary report. What is your address?"

You are required to give your last name or operator number to any citizen who requests it. Many abusive callers try to put the dispatcher on the defensive by asking for their name. If the dispatcher refuses, the caller then takes advantage of the dispatcher's defensive position to make further complaints. The easiest way to handle these callers is to immediately give your name and offer to connect the caller to a supervisor to resolve any complaint.

If the caller is upset, hysterical, hostile, or angry, tell them "I understand that you are angry (upset, etc.) about this, but I need to ask you some questions so I can better assist your. What is

your address?” This will demonstrate that you understand the situation, and you intend to send assistance and need to obtain certain information to do it.

If the caller is abusive and it’s obvious you cannot interact with them, ask them to hold and refer the call to a supervisor, or another dispatcher. In most cases, “double teaming” with another dispatcher will resolve the initial conflict.

Many times, a sincerely-made apology for a dispatch delay, previous misunderstanding, or other dispatcher’s actions, will satisfy the caller and put the call “back on track”. You should never feel defensive about admitting a previous mistake. Apologize, give the caller the correct information and then move on to helping them with their problem.

You may receive complaints from citizens concerning your courtesy or handling of their phone call. You are subject to discipline for verified complaints, including oral or written reprimands or days without pay.

### **CONTROL OF CONVERSATION**

It's important that you maintain control of all telephone conversations, so that you obtain all the necessary information in the least amount of time. Talkative or insistent callers are difficult to question and may take a longer time to handle.

The caller usually knows what occurred, but not how to report it to the police. It's up to you to direct the caller's knowledge into meaningful answers. You may say to the caller, "Slow down for a moment. Let me ask you some questions," or "Take a deep breath, sir, and let me ask you some questions." Anything that will momentarily divert the caller yet let them know that you are going to help them. This will assist you in maintaining control.

The most effective tactic is asking short specific questions such as their name, address, telephone number, where they are, etc. The questions should obtain relevant information and should maintain a "flow" free of interruptions. If you pause too long or become sidetracked with other duties, control of the conversation will end and you'll have to re-establish it.

### **FOREIGN LANGUAGE CALLERS**

If a caller on an emergency line does not speak English, you must have the conversation translated. If the call is on 911 and the caller speaks anything other than English; press the LANGUAGE BANK button, wait for the instructions to dial our account number. You must stay on the line while the translator obtains the necessary information and relays it to you.

If the call comes in through a non-emergency line, here are the steps to follow:

How to Use Interactive Voice Response (IVR)

Step 1: Call 1 (877) 650-8021

Step 2: Enter Account Number 9859, followed by # sign

Step 3: Select 1 to be connected directly to your French interpreter,

Select 2 for German

Select 3 for Spanish

Select 4 for Italian

Select 5 for Mandarin

Select 6 for Portuguese

Select 7 for Russian, or

Select 9 for all other languages

\*If you require a 3rd party call, press 9 to reach a Customer Service Representative

### **COLLECT CALLS**

The fire and sheriff's departments do not accept collect calls from citizens except in extraordinary circumstances. If an operator calls and asks if you will accept a collect call from a citizen, tell them, "This is Storey County Sheriff's and Fire Department. We can't accept collect calls. If the caller is in Storey County and has an emergency, please ask them to hang up and dial nine-one-one."

You may accept collect calls from a sheriff's deputy or firefighter, whether on-duty or not. However, it's expected that such calls would only be made for urgent matters. If you accept a collect call and believe that it was for a routine purpose, notify your supervisor.

In certain situations, the sheriff's or fire department administration will pre-arrange acceptance of collect calls from department members who are out of the city. In these cases, you will be given the names of those persons from whom you may accept collect calls.

### **CHRONIC CALLERS**

Each call to the sheriff's department should be carefully screened, even those from persons who call very frequently with non-dispatch incidents. Chronic callers can and do have legitimate requests of the sheriff's office. You must question them each time to determine the situation before you dispose of the call.

You should ask specific questions of the chronic caller to learn what the problem is and if it's one the police handle. If the caller does not describe a problem, tell them "That's not handled by the

police" and that you have other calls to answer. If the caller describes a problem handled by another government agency, give them the telephone number and ask them to call.

### **CALLS FROM CHILDREN/ELDERLY**

You should be particularly sensitive to calls from children and the elderly. They may initially seem confused as to why they're calling and may not express themselves completely. Never assume that they are merely pranksters or senile. You must ask specific questions to find out why they are calling the police department.

Always obtain a child's name, address and telephone number first. Use their name when talking to them. You may ask them "Is your mother or father there?" Also be aware they may be calling about a problem involving their parents.

You may have to talk to an elderly person for several minutes to obtain sufficient information. Details such as, where they live? (A retirement home, hotel, hospital?), if they are alone, and the location of persons they might mention will give clues to why they are calling.

If you have any doubt as to the welfare of a child or elderly person, complete an appropriate call for service explaining the circumstances of the call.

### **INCOMPLETE TELEPHONE CALLS**

On occasion a caller will hang up, be disconnected or simply drop the telephone before giving you all the information you need. This may be due to a medical problem, panic or an accident. Never assume that incomplete calls are pranks or persons reaching a wrong number. From the information you were able to obtain, you must then decide whether an emergency actually exists. If so and the caller was able to give you a location, dispatch normally. If you have no location but do have a telephone number, try calling them back first. If that fails, start the tracing procedures. If the caller hung up, try to call them back to obtain more information.

You are required to diligently follow-up on incomplete calls, as follows:

- if no one on the line when you answer, and
- +the phone number is displayed on 911, then call back
- +the phone number is not displayed, then take no action
- if caller hangs up while talking, call back
- +if no answer, decide based on the information you were able to obtain initially
- if interrupted while talking and you have...
- +address, then dispatch normally

+no address, start tracing operation

***Remember that a caller may have been interrupted by the very fire or medical problem that caused them to call for assistance. Never assume that the call was malicious or false.***

## **911 CALLS**

Upon taking a call on 911, you should immediately check the ANI-ALI display screen for the caller's address and telephone number. If no information is displayed, ask the caller to verify their address and phone number. If you receive the message "RECORD NOT FOUND", the computer does not have address information on file for the listed telephone number.

You should check the bottom of the ANI-ALI screen, and verify the city of the incoming call. If Virginia City, Mark Twain, Lockwood, or McCarran are not listed, check the address carefully for the proper city. If the caller is reporting an emergency in another jurisdiction, transfer them to the proper agency.

Whenever the primary 911 answering point is busy or not functioning, the 911 system will route the call to a designated, adjacent agency. If you receive a call and the telephone number on the transfer box is flashing, the call has been automatically routed to Storey County. You should attempt to transfer the caller to the proper agency

***Lastly, do not rely on the address information displayed on ANI-ALI. Always ask the caller their address. The telephone number is electronically derived and is always correct, unless there is a major equipment problem. However, the address information is based on entries made by AT&T and may have been changed or entered in error.***

## **RECAP**

- Answer telephone calls within 3 rings if possible
- Answer with the appropriate phrase and your name
- Listen attentively and ask questions politely
- Use Mr., Mrs. or Ms. with the caller's name
- Use "Thank you" and "You are welcome"
- Don't put the caller on hold for more than 60 seconds at a time
- When you come back on the line after holding, say, "Thanks for holding"
- Determine if the call requires a police/fire dispatch, is for another unit or another city agency
- If a transfer is required, give the caller the extension or number, and say "I'll transfer you"
- Determine and give the proper advice if no dispatch is required
- If a dispatch is required, ask all appropriate questions and enter into CAD
- Obtain full descriptions and locations so that field units will have no unanswered questions
- Near the end of the call ask the caller "Is there anything else I can help you with?"
- If a dispatch will be made, tell caller, "We'll have a deputy come out and speak to you," and give them an approximate ETA, but don't make promises

- Offer your dispatcher ID number without question when asked
- Refer callers to your supervisor when asked
- If an incident is un-dispatched for more than 30 minutes, call the citizen back with an explanation, ask if service is still required/desired; restate that police/fire will respond

## **ACCURACY**

It is vital to the safety of each deputy on the street that you be accurate in your work. This is especially true when taking information from callers reporting crimes and suspects. The suspect description you broadcast or the details of an incident which you type into your CAD could be used by an officer in the field to detain a suspect, search a vehicle or to use deadly force. The consequences of being careless could be disastrous.

When receiving calls, it is essential that you listen and hear everything that the person is saying. It takes a bit of practice to listen and type at the same time--and to do both tasks well. Don't make assumptions from the caller's statements. Let the statements speak for themselves and then ask questions that clarify the caller's statements. For instance, if a caller says that he just heard several gunshots; don't assume that the noises were gunshots. Question the caller on exactly what he heard and why he thinks they were from a firearm.

Don't let the caller use general words like "harassment," "bothering," "hanging out." Ask them, "I don't know what you mean by harassment. Exactly what is he/she doing?" Narrow down the activity by asking specific questions.

When you type the information into your CAD, try to express the caller words exactly. You can't and shouldn't try to write the caller's words verbatim. But you should also not make conclusions. For example, if an alarm company telephones with an alarm and tells you "The business should be closed," don't type "Closed" into CAD. Type "Per alarm Co. the business should be closed."

## **HANDLING AGENCY**

If the caller is reporting an incident which needs to be handled by a police department, you must decide if Storey County is the proper agency and, if not, which agency does handle it.

First, Storey County does not usually investigate incidents which occur outside of the county limits. One exception to this rule would be credit card fraud occurring elsewhere involving a Storey County victim and when a victim is transported to Storey County after crimes in another jurisdiction.

Next missing person reports are handled by the agency in which the missing person lives.

Lastly, if the caller is unsure of the location of the offense, such as lost property, the crime should be reported to the agency where the victim lives.

If you are not sure if the address given by the caller is within Storey County, check the address through RIMS or RA. If the victim knows the crime location, but it's near the county line,

dispatch a deputy to pinpoint the exact location to determine jurisdiction. Do not argue fine points of jurisdiction over the telephone with the victim.

## **SCREENING**

The task of the dispatcher handling police calls is to obtain the necessary information, route the caller to the proper person or agency, or to dispatch the proper emergency response. At the same time, the dispatcher screens out those calls not appropriately handled by the police department or which are not considered emergencies. To do this, the dispatcher asks a series of questions that elicit the most information in the least amount of time.

Citizens call the Sheriff's department for many reasons--to report crimes, to ask legal advice, to ask directions, to ask for services provided by other county, city or private agencies. The dispatcher must know what services the sheriff's department provides and which they do not. Further, you must know what group within the department handles each reported situation.

It is often difficult to determine why a person is calling. The first questions you ask should seek to determine if they have a QUESTION or want to TELL you something.

## **Questions**

Questions from citizens should be answered by the person most knowledgeable to answer them. If the question is general, simple AND you know the answer, you may give the citizen the answer. If the question involves specialized knowledge and a bureau and unit is on-duty, direct the caller to that unit. If the question is about a previously reported incident, try to answer the question, or direct the caller to the original handling officer.

A dispatcher is not permitted to give legal advice, or give a caller an opinion on the best course of action involving a legal matter. You must refer callers to an attorney for specific interpretations of the law, advice or opinions. However, you may tell a caller what provisions of the law may apply to an incident and explain sheriff's department procedures for a situation.

## **Information**

Callers may report information about previous incidents or new incidents. If the incident has already been reported and a report taken, further information should be directed to the original handling officer, or dispatch a deputy to take further information. If the incident is new and the incident is one handled by the police, then you will complete an incident entry and dispatch a patrol deputy to investigate and report it. Incidents not handled by the police are referred to the proper agency or private agency.

The general form of questioning is as follows:

- + Question? Police incident
- by dispatcher
- by handling officer

- other agency incident
- refer

+ Information

- previous incident
- handling officer
- new incident
- complete incident entry
- dispatch patrol deputy

Once you've determined the person has a situation requiring a police response, you should be able to decide what that response will be. You can now start asking specific questions to obtain the information necessary to dispatch a deputy. Do not let the caller simply give you information. Ask specific questions to obtain only that information that you need.

### **Non-Emergency**

If the caller is reporting a non-emergency situation, you must determine if it is handled by the sheriff's department. If it is, you will complete a dispatch CAD entry. If it is not handled by the police, you will determine what public agency or private company handles the situation and refer the caller to them. When making referrals, you should give the caller the exact telephone number or sufficient information in case the transfer fails.

### **Emergencies**

When a person telephones the sheriff's department to report an emergency, it is the first link in a chain of events which may ultimately lead to an arrest for the person responsible. The first call may also be the last call. The person's statements and demeanor may be very significant to the deputy who responds, and to a prosecutor standing before a jury trying for a conviction. The dispatcher should be attentive to every word, the caller's demeanor and background noises which may give important clues as to what is happening.

If the caller has an emergency situation, you will complete a dispatch CAD incident as detailed below and forward the call to the Sheriff or fire radio dispatcher. In cases where another public safety agency has jurisdiction, such as the highway patrol, you will transfer the caller or give them the proper telephone number.

In many cases the caller doesn't know what is happening or what to do. They simply know certain facts. In these cases, it's up to you to determine if they are reporting a crime or need some assistance. Never let the caller decide if the police or fire department is needed; judge for yourself based on the facts as described to you by the caller. If the caller doesn't ask for a deputy or sounds like they're only asking for advice, and yet the circumstances indicate that a deputy should respond, complete a cad entry.

Take charge of the conversation at the beginning--don't simply listen to what the person is saying. Ask them questions which will quickly obtain the most useful information. While you

should not echo everything they say, do repeat the address or location information so there is no misunderstanding. Ask them the following questions:

- 1) Where did it happen?
- 2) What happened or is happening?
- 3) When did it occur?
- 4) Weapons?
- 5) Suspect description
- 6) Vehicle descriptions
- 7) Direction of travel
- 8) Reporting person (RP) information, including where they are now.

Write down everything significant that they are saying--don't rely on your memory. If necessary, tell them to slow down, to take a deep breath and to continue telling their story.

While it is never a requirement that a caller identify themselves in order to request police service, crimes require identifiable witnesses to point out the victim, location and/or suspect. It is important to know who is calling and where they are. Ask the caller for their name. Tell them that the police need a named person to report the crime so that the sheriff's department may take direct action--make an arrest, prosecute, etc. Attempt to assure the person that they will not be identified in the field, but never tell them "You won't have to go to court." If they are reporting a crime in progress, ask them to stay where they are so that a deputy may contact them.

Telephone numbers are an important tool for the deputies. They permit citizens to be located if the deputy cannot locate the address, to be re-contacted for more information before dispatch, and may provide valuable to investigators following up on the case. Always get the caller's telephone number. Ask for their home number in all cases. If they are not at home, ask for the number where they are.

Locations are important to the deputies as well. A crime's location determines if it occurred in Storey County and which deputy will respond. A precise location also means that a deputy will know where to go immediately or where the criminal might have fled. When you talk to a caller, find out where the crime occurred, where the caller is now, where the responsible is and where the witnesses are now. And remember to ask if there's an apartment or suite number. Many callers don't volunteer that information.

If the person is calling on 911, you will normally have a display of their telephone number and address on the ANI/ALI. However, never rely on that display for the correct address of the person calling, as telephone company records may not be completely up to date. Confirm the person's address by asking them to repeat their address. In cases where a person moves and keeps the same telephone number, the telephone company records may not have been updated and the ALI will show their previous address. Reassignment of numbers also may cause confusion over the actual vs. displayed address.

In all cases, repeat the locations for the caller to verify. "You're at 1234 Adobe Rd?" and "The people fighting are in the yellow house on the corner?"

Never assume that the incident has been previously reported—make or update an incident with complete information. Even if the incident has been reported, you may be talking to the only witness who can identify those involved. So always try to obtain the caller's name, address and telephone number for every call that you handle.

## **LOCATIONS**

The first piece information you should try to obtain for any incident is the location. You *cannot* enter an incident into CAD until you have entered a valid location, that is, one that CAD recognizes.

Never depend upon the 9-1-1 display for the caller's location. Ask every caller for their address. The 9-1-1 database of addresses is sometimes in error or ambiguous. You should verify the 9-1-1 caller's location to eliminate the possibility of using an incorrect location.

For purposes of responding to an emergency, it's vital to obtain the precise location where the incident occurred or is occurring--

- What's the exact street address or intersection
- Occurring at a specific location or in the area?
- What area? Westside, North side, close, far away?
- Inside or outside?
- Near what business or building?
- On the sidewalk, in a driveway, standing in a doorway, etc.?

The ability of the deputies or fire units to go *directly* to the location of an incident is a critical part of saving lives and protecting property. You should ask sufficient questions to narrow down the location as precisely as possible.

## **TYPE OF INCIDENT**

The next required piece of information for CAD entry is the type of activity. After hearing the caller's description of what is happening, you should select the closest appropriate CAD activity type code and enter it into CAD.

There are two basic types of activity type codes--the incident is occurring now (highest priority) and the incident occurred previously and the situation requires a report (lower priority).

There are currently over 75 different activity types. You should become familiar with them so you can quickly enter activity type codes into CAD.

## **DESCRIPTIONS**

An important element of police work is complete, accurate descriptions of people, vehicles and places. These descriptions are vital for locating, identifying, assisting and prosecuting the people with which the officers come into contact. The dispatchers are the important first link in obtaining these descriptions from callers who have first-hand experience

Because descriptions are used so frequently, the form and content has been standardized to make using them easier. It's essential that you use this standard order when obtaining or giving descriptions of people or vehicles

When obtaining descriptions, take into account the circumstances of the incident and ask questions which will obtain the most useful description. For instance, if the suspect is escaping in a vehicle, don't ask for an eye color, color of pants, etc. Instead, concentrate on the vehicle description, race of the suspect and upper clothing/body description---things which could readily be seen when the person is sitting in the vehicle.

### **People**

Consistent descriptions of persons are important, as it simplifies the officers' visualizing suspects. You should always follow these instructions when describing a suspect:

Race, Sex, Height, Weight, Hair, Eyes, Shaven (facial hair), and Clothing (top to bottom)

A person's race is stated either as a code when written or a word when spoken. The acceptable codes and words are as follows:

A...Asian  
B...Black  
H...Hispanic/Latino  
W...White

When asking about a suspect's clothing, start with the colors first and then the type or style of clothing. Generally, descriptions of clothing work from top to bottom--red hat, green shirt, blue pants and black shoes--again, to aid the officers to visualize the suspect.

Once you've finished the physical and clothing descriptions, ask witness about a hat, glasses, tattoos, or was the suspect carrying anything. Sometimes they will remember small things while talking to you just after the crime, and will then forget them by the time deputies arrive.

## **Vehicles**

Descriptions of vehicles should follow the following format:

- Color
- Year
- Make
- Body Type (model)
- License plate
- State

If the license isn't a state plate, you should make note of that on the dispatch card.

When dealing with autos you should ask exactly where it is--on the street, in a lot, etc., if it's occupied and which way it's facing. These facts will help the responding officers decide on their approach strategy.

## **Weapons**

Never assume that weapons aren't involved because a caller doesn't mention them. Ask "Do you see any weapons, knives, bats, scissors etc?" Rely only upon what the caller sees. If they say a gun is involved, ask them "Do you see a gun?" Determine who has the weapons, where they are placed (in belt, pocket, or drawer) and what they are doing with them (waving it, holding it, shooting it). Obtain all of the caller's information for possible contact by a deputy.

Don't rely solely upon the word of an anonymous caller to make a report of "man with a gun." However, don't let this prevent you from broadcasting the call. If the caller won't say who they are, ask more specific questions about the gun --what does it look like, is it a handgun or rifle, what color is it, is the person holding it in their hand or is it in a pocket? These answers, besides being helpful if there is a gun, will usually reveal whether the caller actually has seen a weapon.

## **CRIMES IN PROGRESS**

When you receive a report of a crime in progress, it is the start of a very dangerous chain of events. Deputies are sent to an unknown situation to deal with persons who may be violent or armed. The dispatcher's primary goal is safety --both for the involved citizens and the responding deputies. To do this, the dispatcher must ask specific questions which obtain the necessary information and then accurately relay that information to the responding deputies.

Any breakdown in communications during a crime in progress could have disastrous results. For instance, if you do not determine that weapons are involved or fail to relay the getaway car's description or direction, arriving deputies may be put into jeopardy. Likewise, if you misunderstand a caller's remarks and tell deputies that a weapon is involved, and it is not, innocent citizens could be put in danger.

The incidents which are considered "hot calls" and which should be entered into CAD immediately are:

- civil disturbance, weapons involved
- collisions w/fatalities or major injuries
- high speed pursuit
- kidnap/hostage situation
- murder or assault with a deadly weapon, in progress
- officer needs help
- other life-threatening situations
- rape, in progress
- residential/commercial burglary, in progress
- robbery, in progress - shots fired just prior

A caller reporting a crime in progress shall be kept on the line until deputies arrive. During this time, additional information should be obtained on the location, description of the responsible, and their direction of flight. The information should be entered into CAD as you obtain it from the caller. If the suspect has left the scene, you may calm the caller and direct them to lock the door, stay inside, etc. When a deputy makes contact with the caller, tell them to hang up and talk to the deputy.

Callers are often in fear of their lives and very excited. Your initial task is to quickly obtain the location and basic information about the incident, broadcast the information on the radio and keep the caller on the line until the deputies arrive.

Ask the caller their address, even if they call on 911 and an address is displayed. Ask them what is happening. Ask them how many persons are involved and where they are now. Tell them "Stay on the line, don't hang up." Do not put the caller on hold, but simply enter the information into CAD.

Return to the caller and tell them "Deputies are on the way, but I want you to stay on the phone with me while they are responding. Don't hang up."

After the initial questions, you can then ask the caller for a more complete description, any weapons, direction of flight, vehicles seen, etc. as detailed in earlier sections of this manual.

Continue to ask the caller for more information, including where the responsible(s) are now, what they are doing, if there are any weapons involved, how many persons and their descriptions. Again, enter the information into CAD while keeping the caller on the line. Repeat this process until you have broadcast everything the caller knows.

Each time you question the caller, you obtain more specific information that narrows down the nature of the incident and the involved persons. Continue to talk to the person until the deputies arrive or take control of the incident.

## **CALL DISPOSITIONS**

After hearing the caller's situation, you must determine how to handle it. Perhaps you will refer them to another police or city department. Perhaps it is a civil problem and you'll suggest they consult an attorney. Or you may decide that the police can help and you'll create an incident.

In every case, the caller should be certain of what response, if any, the deputies are going to make. If the situation is not handled by the sheriff's office, inform the caller and tell them who does handle it and give them the telephone number if you know it. If the situation is handled by another city department, give them the extension number and attempt to transfer them, such as:

"That's something handled by the Justice Court, hold on and I connect you to them."

If the situation is handled by the sheriff's office, tell them "We'll send a deputy out to talk with you (and take a report)."

If the situation is handled by another police agency, give the caller the number and ask them to call. If the caller is reporting an emergency, you may either transfer them (on 911 only) or take the information and relay it to the appropriate agency. Do not give emergency callers another agency's telephone number and to call themselves--transfer them on 911 or relay the information yourself.

If a caller asks when the officer will respond, you should tell them only "As soon as a deputy is available" and give them your most reasonable estimate of the response time. Then tell them, "However, this may change depending on what else is happening in the county." Never tell the caller "A deputy will be there in 5 minutes." Too many events can occur which will change that estimate. A citizen's satisfaction with response times is related less to the actual time, than it is to the time estimated by the dispatcher. Short estimates will disappoint the caller and cause them to telephone every 15 minutes for a reason why a deputy hasn't arrived.

If the caller wants to know why the response time is so indefinite, explain that several calls are pending, that priorities are constantly changing and emergency calls are dispatched first. In most cases, citizens will understand the delay if it's explained to them and they won't mind waiting

If they decide that they want to postpone police service because they cannot wait, or that they want to think about it, do not create an incident. Ask the caller to re-call the sheriff's department when they return or decide to file a police report. Do not take a "reservation" for a deputy to respond later. Make sure the caller realizes that they must initiate another call to obtain service. If the caller postpones service because they cannot wait for a deputy now, explain that a delay is common and they should call back when they are going to be at one location for an hour or more.

## **MONITORING THE RADIO**

While taking telephone calls, the dispatcher should also be monitoring the opposite radio (your partner's radio). You should be alert to deputies or firemen making request that you can handle to assist your partner.

## HANDLING SPECIFIC CALLS

It's important to obtain complete and proper information and put it on the incident so that the radio dispatcher may properly prioritize the call and give the responding units complete information. If information is left out, it may mean a critical delay in locating the victim, losing the suspects or providing timely service to a citizen. The following sections summarize the more important pieces of information to obtain for different types of incidents and the necessary actions of the complaint dispatcher.

In most cases the dispatcher will note the information on the incident and forward it to the radio dispatcher. Incidents which are considered "hot calls" are broadcast immediately as detailed above.

### Alarms

Alarms may be reported by private companies or citizens. These alarms may report a break-in, a hold-up, water flow, or smoke alarm. All reports of alarms are priority 1 and must be dispatch right away.

If an alarm is reported by a PRIVATE COMPANY, the dispatcher should obtain:

- name of the alarm company
- address of the alarm
- name of the business or occupants
- type of alarm or specific area covered
- type of alarm
- whether audible or silent
- alarm company call-back telephone number if not a local company

Receiving an alarm and dispatching it quickly is a team effort. If two or more dispatchers are free to handle the incoming alarm, it can be received, relayed to the patrol officers while the call is being placed to the premises.

When calling the premises, ask the person who answers "Hello. Is there a problem there?" If they sound puzzled, tell them "This is the Sheriff's department." Ask them not to put you on HOLD while they determine if there is a problem. If they report a crime in progress or just prior, immediately broadcast the information to the responding units. Then return to the caller and obtain specific details.

If the person reports that there is no problem, obtain the person's name and ask them to step outside to talk to the officer who will respond to verify that the alarm was accidental.

If an audible alarm is reported by a citizen, the dispatcher should obtain:

- the name, address and telephone of the caller
- the specific location of the alarm sound

- the name of the business or occupants
- if the caller sees any activity at the premises

If the citizen sees any suspicious activity, it's considered a hot call.

### **Officer Needs Help**

Occasionally a citizen will call and say that a deputy needs help or assistance. You should immediately determine the location and if the deputy is asking a citizen to call for help or the citizen is only observing an incident. All such incidents are considered hot calls.

If the officer requested that the citizen call the police, you should immediately tone out (pre-alert tone 2) "All units, deputy unit, 10-78, location" The radio dispatcher will then take over co-ordination of responding officers. If the citizen is on-viewing an officer-involved fight or other disturbance, you should broadcast "All units, 10-78, location." The radio dispatcher will then attempt to identify the officer, obtain a status check from him/her and will co-ordinate further response.

### **Assault**

Reports of assaults may be received from many sources--such as passersby on the street or by family partners from a house. The caller's relationship to the assault and the location may give you clues to the possible nature of the assault and its priority.

Callers reporting fights in domestic situations should be questioned as to who is fighting, how they are fighting and where the people are now. Many times callers will say "They're fighting" when they really mean that the people are arguing.

The presence of weapons, number of persons involved and possible injuries are very important elements when questioning callers. Descriptions of the persons involved and their direction of flight should be obtained to assist the deputies in locating the combatants or the suspect fleeing the scene.

All assaults in progress, with or without weapons, are considered hot calls.

### **Notifications**

Citizens may call asking that we go to a Storey County location to provide notification of an urgent or emergency situation. Generally, the sheriff's department will provide this service, although on a non-priority basis.

Obtain the caller's complete name, address and telephone number, also obtain the name, address, including telephone number. Advise the caller we will ask the person to call them back. We will also provide death notifications. Death notifications are usually made by another law enforcement agency. Do not give the caller a set time of when the notification will be made. If

the caller wants to know the results of the notification, let them know we will call them back as soon as we have information. Do not give the caller a set time of when we will call them back.

### **Prowler**

Callers reporting noises or persons in their yard may only hear not see something. Often they cannot directly attribute the noise/figure with a person. Question the caller to determine the exact nature of the noise (scratching, pounding, rattling, etc.) and the exact location, ea. the window, door, area or side of the house. If a person or prowler is entering or has entered the building, handle as residential burglary in progress.

- name, address, telephone
- nature and location of noise, sight
- location of RP
- weapons

All prowlers in progress or just prior are considered hot calls.

### **Suspicious Circumstances**

Citizens report all types of events to the police when they think that something illegal is going on. Usually the event is innocent, but only personal evaluation by a deputy can determine this is so. Callers who say "I see a suspicious person/car/etc." should be questioned as to WHY they feel it is suspicious. A good description and location is necessary for the responding unit to evaluate the danger of the situation and to locate the suspicious persons/cars, etc.

- name, address, telephone, location
- location of suspicious event
- why it is suspicious
- Description of person, car, house, etc.

Try to avoid simply putting "susp circ" on the description field without an explanation of why it's suspicious. Explain the suspicious activity on the incident as described by the caller. Write down what the caller saw and let the field units draw their own conclusions.

### **Loud Reports**

Citizens hearing loud reports often say they hear "gunshots." Question the caller as to the location - inside/outside, in a building or on the street--and why they think it was a gunshot. Ask them if they see anything on the street -vehicles or persons - and their description. Finally, ask them how many reports they heard, if in groups and if they were in quick succession.

Loud report(s) accompanied by persons down or other suspicious circumstances are to be considered a hot call and medical. Try to obtain additional suspect information and the witness' identity. Dispatch the fire department and have them stand by in the area until the sheriff's office clears the scene.

## **Bomb Threat**

If you receive a call from someone who warns of a planted bomb, you should attempt to obtain details on the bomb from the caller, as follows:

- Where is the bomb?
- What does the bomb look like?
- When will the bomb go off?
- Why did you place the bomb?

In some cases the caller will immediately hang up after calling. Other times the caller may answer your questions. If the caller stays on the line, ask them questions about their motivation and specifically about the bomb's appearance and structure. Make short notes about the caller's race, sex, any accents or speech peculiarities. Note any background noises or identifiable sounds.

You should immediately notify your supervisor after handling a bomb threat call so that the incident will receive priority treatment and that the necessary persons are notified.

## **Burglary**

Callers reporting a burglary often use the term "robbery" instead. You should question callers carefully to determine what exactly happened--was property taken from them or was their home or auto entered?

Next, you should determine when the crime occurred. Callers often consider that they were "just burglarized" when, in fact, they just discovered the crime. If the crime is occurring or just occurred it's considered a hot call. If the crime occurred much earlier, take complete information for a normal dispatch.

While it's not required, you may ask the caller the means of entry and what was taken in the burglary, then include that on the dispatch information. This will make a later disposition easier for the radio dispatcher.

## **Suspected Child Abuse**

Occurrences of suspected child abuse may be reported many ways--by next door neighbors who want to remain anonymous, by county agencies, by schools or by CPS (Child Protective Services).

In all cases, obtain sufficient location information so that responding units may identify the residence in question. Ask if the caller knows the names and ages of those involved. Ask exactly what the caller hears or sees and how long they have observed the activity. Even with anonymous callers, this information can be important to justifying police involvement.

## **HAZMAT Incident**

The Fire Department is in charge of all incidents involving hazardous materials (HAZMAT) within the county. The sheriff's department responds to assist with traffic and crowd control, and possible evacuation.

Callers reporting a HAZMAT or suspect material should be questioned and an incident should be entered for the Fire department. If the suspect material is on a roadway or a confirmed HAZMAT situation is reported, a police incident should also be completed.

## **Domestic Disturbance**

According to FBI statistics on officer deaths, the most dangerous incident is the "domestic disturbance." Disputes involving couples or families can range from simple disagreements, to loud arguments, to out-and-out fights involving weapons.

Reports of domestic disturbances may come from neighbors who hear the disturbance or from the involved parties. In the former case, the caller usually wants to remain anonymous, while in the latter the caller almost always identifies themselves.

If the caller is a neighbor, you should ask them what they see and hear, if they know the persons' names and if they know if weapons are involved. Assure the caller that you don't need their identity, but that you still want to obtain complete information.

If the caller is involved, obtain the names of those involved, in case the officers are familiar with them. Don't ask about the source of the disturbance, because the caller may then begin a lengthy explanation of their problems. Just ask for names, the address, the telephone number, if weapons are involved and what exactly the involved persons are doing now--sitting down, throwing things, waving a knife, etc.?

## **Noise Complaint**

Perhaps the most common complaint next to parking problems is noise complaints. It is the result of living in a tourist environment. Callers often do not want to identify themselves and are vague about the nature or location of the noise.

**The peace of the patrol deputies cannot be disturbed. Only a private citizen can call in the noise complaint. A police report does not need to be filed in order for a complaint to be made.**

Noise from barking dogs is handled by the sheriff's office. A deputy will respond to the location and try to talk to the reporting party and the owner of the dog. If the problem is chronic, the reporting party is asked to file a formal complaint. The deputy will type a report, and both parties will have to go to court.

- name, address, telephone
- location of noise, inside/outside, street or yard, apartment or room
- nature of noise, music, loud talking (argument?), repair work, construction, vehicle
- How long?

### **Vehicle Accidents**

Accidents are a common occurrence in Storey County, especially when it snows, or rainy weather. When a caller reports an accident involving a vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian, you should determine the following:

- location
- Is anyone injured?
- --are all persons still at the scene?
- If not, what are the descriptions of the vehicles that left, direction?

Hit-and-run accidents which just occurred are considered hot calls.

Note that a deputy does not take a report if both parties have completely left the scene and are now at home in another city, etc. The reporting parties will have to come in to the sheriff's office, or the Lockwood substation. The reporting party may also try contacting their local agency, and request a courtesy report be taken. A deputy will take a report if both parties are still at the scene but have simply moved their cars out of traffic, to the next intersection, etc.

If a caller asks if he should have an officer take a report, tell them the legal requirements for reporting and "If you'd like us to take a report, we'll send a deputy out." Do not suggest that the persons exchange information and report it to their insurance companies--let the caller decide what they want to do based on information you give him/her.

### **Dead Body**

If a caller reports a dead body, you should never assume that the person is dead. If there is any doubt, immediately dispatch the fire department. Only when the caller reports a fatal injury or a decomposed body washed up on the shoreline may you presume that the person is dead.

In most cases, the caller is a relative, neighbor or passerby and the death is from natural causes. In a few cases of homicide, what the caller says on the telephone may have significance in later investigations. You should identify the caller completely and determine the circumstances of their finding the body. Ask them their relationship to the person and when they found the body. Ask them to leave the scene and preserve it until the sheriff's department arrives.

### **Civil Advice**

In general, the sheriff's department does not handle civil law investigations--it handles only violations of criminal law. However, you will receive many questions about civil matters and sometimes it's not easy to determine where civil law ends and criminal law begins.

You may not give legal advice on the telephone, civil or criminal. However, you may give callers information on the resources available to them to handle civil matters, such as an attorney, small claims court, civil court and the various government agencies handling civil matters.

Most civil matters which the police do handle also involve a potential disturbance of the peace, such as:

- landlord-tenant disputes; especially tenant lockout, seizure of tenant property, removal of doors, turning off utilities, landlord trespass
- repossessions
- evictions; handled only by county sheriff

You should advise the caller that the sheriff's department do not take reports of civil matters, to be used later by the caller in a court proceeding. Advise them that the police can only investigate any associated criminal matters, such as:

- vandalism
- violation of court order
- trespassing
- theft
- assault or battery

When taking information from persons requesting a civil standby, there may be three different addresses:

- home address of the caller
- location where they will meet officer
- address where the standby is needed

### **Lost/Found Property**

There is no requirement that a person losing property make a police report, but it may be done to facilitate returning it or as an insurance requirement. Callers reporting lost property should be asked if they want a deputy to contact them to take a report. Explain that you cannot simply take the information on the property. Obtain the person's complete information so they may be contacted in person or by telephone.

If a caller reports finding property, obtain their full information and a description of the property. Determine where and when the property was recovered and under what circumstances, for example, simply found, a person threw it from an auto, someone left it in their front yard, etc. This information should be updated in the call for service for the radio dispatcher, for the incident may connect to something currently occurring.

## **Fire Investigation**

All fires are investigated jointly by the fire and sheriff's departments. If a caller reports a fire, then the appropriate fire apparatus should be sent. If the arriving fire units request a fire investigation, then a Sheriff's incident should be generated and dispatched.

If a caller reports an extinguished fire of suspicious origin, a sheriff and fire incident should be generated. You should indicate in the call "Per the RP the fire is extinguished" and continue fire department response. Indicate on the sheriff incident that the fire department is responding.

## **Disturbing Telephone Calls**

Citizens reporting annoying, obscene or threatening telephone calls should be asked if they know the caller or why they are receiving the calls. Advise them that tracing a call or tapping a telephone line, is done by the telephone company only at the request of the police, and it is done only in special cases where the personal threat to the citizen is very great.

## **Parking Problems**

Perhaps the most common complaints received at the sheriff's department pertain to parking problems. The most congested street in the area is C St. Street parking spaces are difficult to find due to loading only areas and off-street parking fill up quickly. Dispatchers should be sensitive to callers with parking problems because, to the caller, the problem represents lost time and money, and inconvenience.

Complaints of cars illegally parked on private property or blocking a driveway must be handled by the property owner. We do not tow from private properties. The owner of the vehicle will be responsible for the tow. Other problems (double-parked, fire hydrant, crosswalk, handicapped space) do not require a named complainant.

Because stolen vehicles are often dumped in illegal parking spaces or simply abandoned, every such vehicle should be checked for stolen by running the license plate on the terminal in the comm center. If you are unable to contact the state, the computers are down, etc., take the information and type it in the call. You can always run the information at a later time when the system is back online.

When taking information for a parking problem, the call taker should ask the following:

- the caller's name, address and telephone
- the exact location of the vehicle; address, space number, driveway, etc.
- the description of the vehicle, including make, color, license
- the reason the caller wants the vehicle cited and/or towed

## **Trespassing Vehicle**

It is illegal for persons to park their vehicles on private property without permission if the property is posted to that effect. However, the sheriff's office does not handle citing or towing cars from private property, including apartment house garages, in driveways, etc. The property owner *can* have the vehicle towed, simply by telephoning a tow company.

### **Blocking Driveway**

It is illegal to park on the street blocking a driveway. The car may be cited or towed from the street. A named complainant is required to personally point out the vehicle IF a tow is requested.

### **Abandoned on Street**

It is illegal to leave a vehicle parked on any street which has not moved within 72 hours. A named complainant is required to mark the vehicle make a report. After 72 hours have elapsed, an officer will re-check the vehicle to see if it has been moved. If not, the vehicle is cited and towed.

- name, address, telephone
- location of vehicle
- how long there
- vehicle description; year, make, model, color, license

### **Double-Parked in Street**

It is illegal to park a car on a street so as to block the traffic lane. The vehicle may be cited and towed. No name complainant is required for any action

### **Tows**

#### **Missing Persons**

There are several policies that you must consider when taking calls reporting missing persons. First, there is no policy which requires a citizen to wait 24 hours before reporting a missing person. Some departments have such a policy which applies to all age groups and circumstances. Storey County's policy is to consider each case individually.

Second, jurisdiction of missing persons belongs to the agency where the missing person resides. Callers reporting missing persons who work in Storey County or have some other Storey County connection, but who live in another city, shall be referred to the resident agency. Assure the caller that, upon request of the other agency, Storey County will assist with the investigation, but that primary responsibility rests with the outside agency.

Some callers simply want to know if a person has been arrested or involved in an accident. You may give them the telephone numbers of local Hospitals so they may check the emergency rooms. You may also transfer them to the Jail Division so they may inquire if the person has been arrested.

If a caller wants to report a person missing, it's not up to the dispatcher to decide if the person is actually missing. Simply determine the facts regarding age and residence of the missing person, where they were last seen and any other pertinent circumstances. Tell the caller that you will dispatch a unit to their location for a report.

Callers reporting missing juveniles should be questioned about the circumstances of the disappearance to determine if the child has run away or should be considered missing. A four year-old child who disappears from a fenced backyard might be considered missing, while a 16 year-old who left the house after an argument might be considered a runaway.

### **Welfare Check**

Citizens may call to request that a deputy check on the welfare of someone residing in Storey County. They may fear a medical or criminal problem, or the person's telephone may just be busy. You should question such callers carefully and fully to determine why they believe something is wrong.

Obtain full name, address and telephone information for both parties. Ask the victims' age and any prior medical history. Question the caller on what facts lead them to believe that something is wrong. Your questioning should narrow down the priority of the incident, not just whether the police should respond or not.

Enter the incident so the circumstances are clear enough that the radio dispatcher may properly determine the incident's priority.

### **Extra Surveillance**

While it's impossible to maintain surveillance on every unoccupied house or business in Storey County, the comm center does take requests for extra surveillance from citizens. Callers making such requests should be asked the location, the reason for the surveillance, the times involved and who might have access to the premises during their absence. Advise the caller that you will pass the information along to the deputy assigned to that beat.

Create a CAD incident with the information. Some requests for extra patrol may come from the business office. Simply create an incident, fax the incident back to the business office attn: PATROL, then log the incident into our *Property Checks* binder.

### **Messages for Officers**

If a citizen calls for a deputy, first determine if the deputy is currently working. If so, and the deputy is in the report room, transfer the caller to the deputy. Officers' home telephone numbers or addresses are never given out to citizens.

If the deputy is on duty, explain to the caller that the deputy is on duty however out patrolling the streets. Ask them if you can take a name and phone number, and let them know that you will deliver their message to the deputy. If the deputy is on a call, take the callers information and explain to them that the deputy is busy on a call, but as soon as the deputy is available, you will deliver their message.

Once the caller's information is obtained, and the deputy is not busy, ask the deputy to call into dispatch for a message.

If the officer is not on-duty, offer to take a message and route it to the officer's RMS mail box. If the caller indicates an emergency, ask questions to determine who else in the department might help. In some cases, callers have questions about previously reported crimes which could be answered by another deputy.

It is policy that the home telephone numbers of deputies, judges, district attorneys and others involved in law enforcement or county employees *not* be given out over the radio. If you recognize the person calling a deputy or the person indicates they are in law enforcement and that they are home, conspicuously state that in the message so that the radio dispatcher will not broadcast the information on the radio.

### **ETA's**

It is common for persons who have already placed a call for service to call again, asking when the deputy will arrive. If time permits, you may put the caller on hold and inquire of the radio dispatcher when the call will be dispatched. During busy periods, simply tell the caller that the incident is awaiting dispatch and you cannot determine how long it will

In either case, do not guess at an ETA and then give the caller a definite ETA. If you are not sure how long it will take, tell the caller that. If you're able to determine from the radio dispatcher that the call will be definitely dispatched next, you may give the caller a more definite ETA.

If the caller further questions the delay, explain that the deputies have to prioritize incidents and that many other things are going on in the county. Tell them that it's difficult to give ETA's because of the rapidly changing nature of events in the county.

In no case should you tell a citizen that "we don't have enough deputies to handle calls like this" or make any reference to budget cutbacks or personnel shortages. You may, however, explain that there are very many calls for service and that you will dispatch a deputy as soon as one is available.

### **Cancellations**

Many times citizens will call back to say that they no longer need police service. When this occurs, it's important to determine the nature of the original call and that the person calling is the same as the person who called.

During domestic disputes, it's common for one person to want the police and for the other person to not want them. Therefore, you may not accept a cancellation of a call for a domestic (10-16) from a person other than the one who originally called. Even then, you should be alert to the caller's demeanor, in case they are in distress.

Cancellation of response to alarms may come only from the alarm company who transmitted the alarm. You may not accept cancellations from employees or others at the scene of the alarm. This prevents criminals from breaking in and then simply telephoning the sheriff's department to cancel the alarm. If a homeowner or employee, call to cancel an alarm, ask them to contact the alarm company and provide them with the proper cancellation code.

For all cancellations, display the original incident; confirm it's the same location and incident mentioned by the caller. Then enter comments to indicate who cancelled the call and why. Update the incident so the dispatcher will be alerted that the incident has been updated.

If convenient, verbally tell the dispatcher that the incident has been cancelled.

### **Alarm ETA's**

After alarm companies make their initial report of a burglary or holdup alarm, they will call back to give us an ETA for a responsible person. When they call, display the original CAD incident and add the ETA information to the comments.

### **Officer Complaints**

If a citizen calls wishing to file a complaint against any Sheriff's Department employee, you should take the caller's name and phone number, and advise them that you will relay the information to a supervisor. If the caller insists on speaking to a supervisor immediately, you should notify a sergeant on the same shift as the involved officer. The sergeant may have you transfer the call or take a message.

If a citizen wants to complain about a comm center dispatcher, immediately notify your supervisor, who will handle the complaint.

### **Person Down**

Callers often report that "a man/woman is lying on the sidewalk" but don't know if the person requires medical aid. Sometimes the circumstances of the incident will provide a clue and you will dispatch the fire department immediately. You will also create an incident for the sheriff's department, depending on the circumstances you may need to stage the fire department until the sheriff's office has secured the scene.

Callers reporting persons down should be asked the exact location, if on the sidewalk, in the street, in a yard, etc., the description of the person, if they talked to the person and any observable symptoms. This information will help the radio dispatcher properly prioritize the call.

### **Information Broadcasts**

At times other police departments or officers may request that a "Be on the Lookout" (BOLO) or "Attempt to Locate" (ATL) to all units. When they contact you, create a CAD incident, classify it as ATL/BOLO and enter all the details. On the location part of the incident, you should type what type of ATL/BOLO this is i.e. "ATL STOLEN VEH".

For all broadcasts, you must determine why the person or vehicle is wanted and what action to take if the person/vehicle is found, including arrest, stop and ID, info only, etc. As always, complete descriptions should be obtained for all vehicles and persons mentioned. The time and location of all offenses mentioned should be obtained, too.

### **Trespassing**

When a caller reports that someone is trespassing on their property, you must quickly determine if the trespasser is a burglar or simply someone walking through. Sometimes the caller will be able to give you a sense of the situation. If the caller tells you that they see the person(s) in the yard and it is a common occurrence that he/she recognizes the persons, you may decide that they are trespassers. If the caller is very excited, says that the person(s) are inside or attempting to break in, you should treat the incident as a prowler call or burglary as described above.

Callers reporting trespassing should be asked the number of persons involved, their exact location and their description.

### **Stolen Vehicles**

Callers reporting stolen vehicles usually know only one thing--they can't find their vehicle. Most times, however, the vehicle isn't stolen; it's just been towed, repossessed or misplaced. It's up to the dispatcher to question the caller to determine if the vehicle is actually stolen.

You should ask callers several basic questions to narrow down the location of the vehicle:

- Where did you park it? Are you sure?
- Does anyone else have the keys? Could they have taken it?
- Do you own it? Could it have been repossessed?
- Do you want to make a police report of this?

- Are you in Storey County? Because a deputy must make personal contact.

Obtain complete information on the owner and the vehicle, including year make, model, color, and license number. If the caller doesn't know the license number, ask them to gather as much information on the vehicle while the deputy is responding.

After recording all the information, you should check the following records to determine that the car was not towed or legally taken:

- comm center tow log
- history on address for possible repossession

Note that if a known person takes a vehicle without permission, or with permission and is overdue, the vehicle may not be considered stolen. Instead the violation is "joyriding" or "overdue". If there is an indication that joyriding/overdue is involved, note that in the comments of the incident.

### **Stolen Vehicle Recovery**

In most cases stolen vehicles are recovered without the involvement of the complaint dispatcher. However, sometimes callers will report that they have found their own or someone else's stolen vehicle. When this occurs, obtain complete information on the caller so that he/she may be interviewed by the handling deputy. If the caller refuses to identify themselves, try to determine how long the vehicle has been parked there and if anyone was seen driving it. Obtain complete information on the vehicle.

### **ABANDONED AUTO FOLLOW-UPS**

Deputies who are assigned to mark abandoned vehicles usually post a 72-hour notice. The deputy will usually follow-up on them 72 hours later. If a deputy finds that a marked vehicle has not moved, he/she will radio the dispatcher and request a tow.

There are two ways to find out if the vehicle has not moved. You can check the location history, or the deputy will give you the original CAD sequence number. Display that incident, and confirm that it's the same vehicle and location being reported by the deputy. The deputy may give you the mileage--enter it into the comments section of the incident.

After you have all the information, call one of the tow companies to remove the vehicle. See TOWS.

### **Other County Agencies**

Citizens may call the Sheriff's Department for service when they are unable to reach other county agencies. The problems they report may include street lights or traffic signals not operating, backed up sewers, loose dogs, fallen trees, flooded streets or hazards on the streets or sidewalks.

If a citizen calls to report any of the above problems, take the information and contact the proper county agency. You should create an information only incident, and contact the proper agency. Once the proper county agency has been notified, make notes on the CAD incident and close it out.

### **Request for Deputies' Telephone Numbers**

By policy, Sheriff's department employee telephone numbers are given out only to other employees of the Storey County Sheriff's Department. When someone calls requesting a deputies' telephone number, they should identify themselves. If they do not, ask them who they are. If you do not recognize the voice, do not hesitate to challenge them--in a polite way.

You may ask another dispatcher if they know the caller and have them identify the voice. You may ask the caller his/her telephone number and then compare it with the current list. You may ask the caller their badge number. Members of the department understand this procedure and will not mind being questioned politely.

If you cannot verify the caller's identity, tell them that you will take a message and have the deputy call them back. Then obtain a telephone number where the caller can be reached.

### **The Bulletin**

The sheriff's and fire's department daily bulletin is an up-to-date record of the department's patrol activity and is used daily by virtually every supervisor. It is created by the graveyard dispatcher in the comm center and its accuracy, legibility and completeness are very important.

### **NON-EMERGENCIES**

If the caller asks for a particular person or division in the fire department, give them the telephone number and then transfer them. If the caller requests information provided by another city agency, give the caller the telephone number, then transfer them to that number. In some cases, you will need to refer the caller to an outside agency. Determine the number and give it to the caller. If you can find no telephone number, give them as much information as you can so they may find the number themselves. Note that some numbers are unlisted and may not be given out to the public.

Note that some telephone numbers are unlisted and should not be given out to the public. If you have any questions about giving out a number, consult your supervisor.

To determine what fire department person or department handles a particular subject, consult the RESPONSIBILITIES chart in the Appendix.

## EMERGENCIES

The goal of the dispatcher handling an emergency call is to obtain the needed information quickly and completely. You must often calm the caller and take command of the situation by telling an excited person to calm down, and then by asking the person specific questions.

For emergencies of all types, an exact location is crucial for quick response. Precious minutes can be spent by firefighters finding the correct address and the proper apartment number.

### Locations

Callers reporting emergencies may not be able to stay at the telephone. For this reason, always determine the LOCATION first by asking the caller the exact address. If the caller is not sure of his/her location, coach them for a location---ask what business they are at, are they near a store, school or other identifiable landmark, what's next door? Once you have the location, it is policy that you have them REPEAT it back to you and ask if there is any room or apartment number. For example,...

Caller: There's a fire here.

Disp: What's the address?

Caller: I'm at 1511 Blake.

Disp: Will you repeat that address for me?

Caller: 1511 Blake.

Disp: Is there any apartment number?

Caller: It's number four. Disp: OK.....

If the call is received on the 9-1-1 system, the dispatcher shall enter the party's telephone number in the incident record for possible later reference. If the caller is telephoning from a business, get the name of the business, as that will usually be more identifiable to the responding units than an address number.

Sometimes the caller is at a distance from the actual incident and may not be able to give a specific location. In this case, question them on the direction they are looking---compass directions, toward the river or hills, toward Virginia City or Reno. Use landmarks or visible buildings to narrow down the location, such as "three houses east of the school" or "on the north side, three houses up from the intersection." For example...

Caller: I'd like to report a fire.

Disp.: What's address-----> get location first!

Caller: I'm at 1902 Blake St.

Disp.: Will you repeat the address for me? -----> Repeat address

Caller: 1902 Blake St.

Disp.: What's on fire? -----> will determine equipment to send

Caller: Well, I don't know exactly.

Disp.: What do you see? -----> personal knowledge

Caller: I see flames coming from a building.

Disp.: What's the address of the building? -----> location again!

Caller: I don't know exactly.

Disp.: Is it across the street, or where is it from you?

Caller: Yes, it's directly across the street from me.

Disp.: Okay, we' are dispatching at this time. -----> positive response

## Proper Addresses

While talking to the person reporting the emergency, you should try to determine if the street and/or street number is valid for Storey County. There are a few Storey county streets that are duplicated in surrounding cities but that have different block number ranges. If the street guide shows that the incident is in another jurisdiction, transfer them to that city or take the information and relay it to the other fire department.

Storey County responds to incidents only within Storey County. Except for those areas served under standing mutual aid agreements (Auto Aid & Mutual Aid). You may not dispatch firefighting equipment outside of the county, except under these limited mutual aid agreements, without the authorization of the on-duty BC. However, if a fire unit is in the field and sees an incident occurring in another jurisdiction, they may respond to it. However, you should immediately notify the affected jurisdiction for their response.

## FIRES

The primary information to be obtained by the dispatcher on fire calls in the *location* of the incident and the *NATURE*, so that the proper equipment may be sent directly to the scene. The dispatcher must then determine the proper *equipment* to send by selecting the correct run card.

The decisions of the dispatcher depend a great deal on the accuracy of the information obtained from the caller, and how the caller is viewing the situation. You must remember that you are dealing with persons in stressful situations, which may not be able to see or understand fully what is happening. They may exaggerate or underestimate the situation.

It is essential that an adequate number of firefighters and equipment be sent on the first dispatch to handle a fire emergency. Because of this, the basic rule of fire dispatching is--- do not to take anything for granted. If in doubt, send the out. If you are in doubt as to the severity of the situation, send too much equipment rather than too little.

## Nature

Determine the *nature* of a fire incident by asking the caller, "What do you see?" If they see smoke or flames, ask them, "Where is it coming from?" Narrow down the source of the smoke or flames as much as possible. If they are reporting smoke, ask them the color, how long they have seen it, and if they see flames with it. If the caller says the smoke is coming from a building, ask if from a window, door, chimney, etc. Ask them if they see anyone near the smoke or fire---a clue that it may be a barbecue or illegal burning, ex:

Caller: The dryer is on fire.

Disp.: What do you see? Do you see flames?

Caller: Well, I'm up here in my apartment, so it's hard to see.

Disp.: Did you go down to the laundry room?  
Caller: Yes, I was down there a minute ago.  
Disp.: What did you see then?  
Caller: I saw flames coming from the dryer. -----> Personal knowledge  
Disp.: 2309 Piedmont. Okay, we'll be right there. -----> Repeat address

If the caller is reporting a vehicle fire, ask them where vehicle is parked ---in the street, in a garage, etc., and what type of vehicle it is--- car, truck (what kind?), van, etc

Rely only on what a caller can see or smell personally and not upon their suspicions or conclusions. Ask them specific, physically-related questions, such as "Is the door hot?", "Do you see sparks?" or "What's the toaster doing now?"

It is very common for excited persons to relate two, separate events or observations and to conclude that they are connected. For example, a person smells an odor and their lights won't work. Ask them, "What makes you think the odor is related to the lights not working?" Their answer might reveal what they are actually observing and provide details upon which to base your dispatch decision.

### **Safety Advice**

Callers often have no experience in dangerous situations and do not realize how perilous the situation is for them. If the person is reporting a hazardous materials incident or a structure fire where they may be in danger, advise them to immediately leave the area or building. If their oven is on fire, tell them to leave the oven door closed. If a pan is on fire on the range, tell them to turn off the burner and to try to cover the pan.

Never let the caller's lack of concern dictate your response. Dispatch a company even though the caller feels that "the fire was real small and I think I put it out." Fires can smolder for hours or days and flare up later, especially in stuffed chairs, couches and beds.

In all cases, tell the caller to send someone outside to wait for the fire apparatus and assist them in finding the location promptly.

### **MEDICAL EMERGENCIES**

#### **The Objectives**

The fire department provides emergency ambulance service to Storey County using three ambulances designated Rescue 71 (Station 71 at 145 N C ST), Rescue 72 (Station 72 at 2610 Cartwright Rd), Rescue 73 (Station 73 at 500 Sam Clemens/Volunteer fire station), and Rescue 74 (Station 74 431 Canyon WY).

A medical emergency is one "requiring immediate medical attention by reason of injury or illness." If the call is an emergency, the dispatcher will send the nearest Rescue unit.

When Rescue 71 has been dispatched to an incident, Rescue 72 will automatically move up to station 71 for district coverage. Due to high traffic from citizens and tourist, district 71 will always be fully staffed and covered.

## Methods of Questioning

It is impossible to diagnose a person's medical problem from symptoms described over the telephone. However, using proper techniques of questioning, it is possible to determine the seriousness of a person's symptoms and if that person should immediately be transported to the hospital.

The key to this method of questioning is to concentrate on the victim's symptoms and not the underlying medical problem causing them. You should attempt to talk with the victim directly to obtain them, if possible. However, in cases where the victim is a distance or is incapacitated, you will have to rely on a third party for information on the symptoms. You are never required to speak to the victim before dispatching an ambulance.

Quite often, the circumstances of an incident will indicate the seriousness of the victim's condition and you will not have to ask questions about his/her symptoms. For instance, a person fell from a second-story window or was struck by a car. In other cases, you will have to ask a series of specific, symptom-related questions to determine the seriousness of the victim's medical problem.

Questioning should proceed from the general to the more specific. If the caller's first answers do not indicate an emergency, continue to ask questions until you are sure of the situation. Remember, usually something specific occurred that made the caller phone for an ambulance. Your questioning should try to determine what that "something" was.

It is not uncommon to receive calls from persons who are very excited and who use profanity or insults. It is important that you don't take these words personally or make a decision based on your reaction to them. The situation should always be judged on the facts presented by the caller. It is up to you to calmly question the caller to obtain the facts in these cases.

Here is a diagram showing a method of questioning which has proved successful in the past.

What's the problem? . . .  
What symptoms does-----> he/she have? Not breathing, bleeding, heart problems, poisoning  
What is he/she doing? Burn, unconscious, pain  
How long? Seizure, fever, just happened  
What happened----->? Auto accident, fall, assault, allergy  
Conscious-----? Medication, sports injury  
Personal information-----> age, condition, sex  
Medical history-----> conditions medication hospitalization treatment

Note that your first questions should be about the person's symptoms. If the caller is unsure or cannot describe the symptoms, you must then ask about what happened to the victim. If nothing specific occurred, then your next questions should be about the victim's past medical history, age, etc.

You ask other questions which may give a clue to the seriousness of the medical problem. Can the victim walk? Is he/she talking and what are they saying? Has something happened in the last 10-15 minutes that made you call? Have you talked to the victim's doctor and when? Have long have you been with the person?

Callers may report that someone is "having a heart attack" or other conclusive condition. They should be questioned about what specific symptoms they observe and asked, "What makes you think it's a heart attack?" When you talk to third-parties, try to determine their distance from the victim. Usually, the accuracy and completeness of the problem is related to the distance--- if close the information is accurate, if from afar the information is more general.

If at any time you determine that the caller does not know anything further about the circumstance and you cannot speak to the victim, don't question the caller further or delay a possible dispatch while information is relayed. Base your dispatch decision on what you already know.

*ALWAYS USE YOUR EMD CARDS FOR QUESTIONING FIRST*

### **EMD Cards**

The Storey County has devised a procedure for screening medical emergency calls. The protocol separates emergencies from non-emergencies and also determines what type of medical response will be sent. It provides for dispatchers to provide pre-arrival instructions to the caller which often relieve the victim's symptoms or distress. The full system is used in Storey County.

The EMD Protocol Card questioning results in four pieces of information that are passed on to the responding units--if the person is conscious, if breathing, the victim's age and the chief complaint.

The cards are organized into a flip-file with headings of the chief complaint. When you receive a medical call and learn the chief complaint, flip to that heading and note the "key questions" listed on the left side of the card. The possible causes are listed directly above the main card. Pre-arrival instructions are listed to the right and the dispatch priorities are listed at the bottom of the card.

Storey County gives pre-arrival instructions when needed.

### **Dispatches**

#### **Mandatory**

An EMS dispatch is MANDATORY if any ONE of the following symptoms is described by the caller:

- breathing problem
- bleeding, substantial, or minor if very old or young

- heart problems, including pain/history, arrest
- poisoning
- unconsciousness
- burn, serious or covers extensive area of the body
- fracture
- dislocation
- emergency childbirth
- any of the 33 protocols

An EMS dispatch is also mandatory if requested by an on-the-scene doctor, nurse or public safety agency (highway patrol, fire, police). The dispatcher shall only question the reporting agency to obtain an adequate location for the incident.

### **Chronic Medical Caller**

Most persons use fire department services only once--because of an accident or sudden medical problem. However, there are many persons who have chronic medical conditions which require periodic attention by a doctor or hospital and who call the fire department for assistance. In some cases, their problem may be an emergency. Other times they may simply need transportation. But, after receiving several calls from them, it may not be possible for the dispatcher to determine if the situation is an emergency or not.

For these reasons, the Fire Department's policy is that you may not refuse service to chronic callers based on their frequency of calling. If they express any degree of a medical problem, you shall dispatch apparatus. Of course, you should still screen the call for appropriateness--for instance, the fire department would not respond to raise a window shade or get a person a drink of water.

### **Special Situations**

If a caller says that the injury resulted from a fight or use of a weapon (gun, knife, club), a bicycle or auto accident, or any injury resulting from or occurring on county property (any sidewalk, county buildings, parks, etc.), obtain complete information on the caller (name, address and telephone) and create a police incident for their response. If a crime is involved, you should relay complete information to the responding fire units using the following standard phrases:

- "Sheriff's office is responding" deputies are on the way
- "Sheriff's office are on the scene" deputies are there, situation unknown
- "the scene is secure" deputies are there, safe to enter
- "Scene is not secure. Stage in the area" deputies are/are not there. Scene is not secured at this time.

If a caller requests that the fire department respond without red lights or sirens, explain that a quick response is necessary and that policy requires the red lights and siren. If the caller insists, tell them that you will relay the request to the ambulance--but don't argue with the caller. In the comments section of the CAD incident, enter "Caller requests Code 2" and the radio dispatcher will give that information to the responding units.

In some cases, the caller will indicate only that the victim is "upset" or is "acting strange," and there are no obvious physical injuries. The caller should then be questioned about the person's prior medical history. If it can be determined the person is mentally ill, create a police incident for dispatch.

You should always be aware of background noises, the caller's demeanor and voice, the caller's location relative to the victim, the time of day and other information that might indicate the true nature of the incident.

You should avoid using the term "drugs" when questioning callers, as they are often reluctant to admit that legal or illegal drugs are involved. Ask the caller/victim if they have been taking any "medicine" or "medication."

The lack of any medical insurance is never a factor in the fire department's transportation or the hospital's treatment of an emergency victim. Emergency patients without insurance of any kind will be treated immediately and/or transported as necessary.

Sometimes other public safety agencies will contact the county to request an ambulance. Usually this involves the highway patrol and Lyon County. When we receive such a call, dispatch the appropriate ambulance and let SCFD cancel if they wish.

### **Confidential Information**

All medical information concerning ambulance incidents is considered confidential and MAY NOT be divulged to anyone. Citizens looking for relatives may be told the location of where a patient was transported and given a phone number to call that hospital.

### **Fees**

The fire department charges fees for ambulance transports based on distance and medical supplies used. However, the ability to pay is NEVER a requirement for a response. Inquiries about fees or bills should be directed to the Fire Departments main office at 775-847-0955.

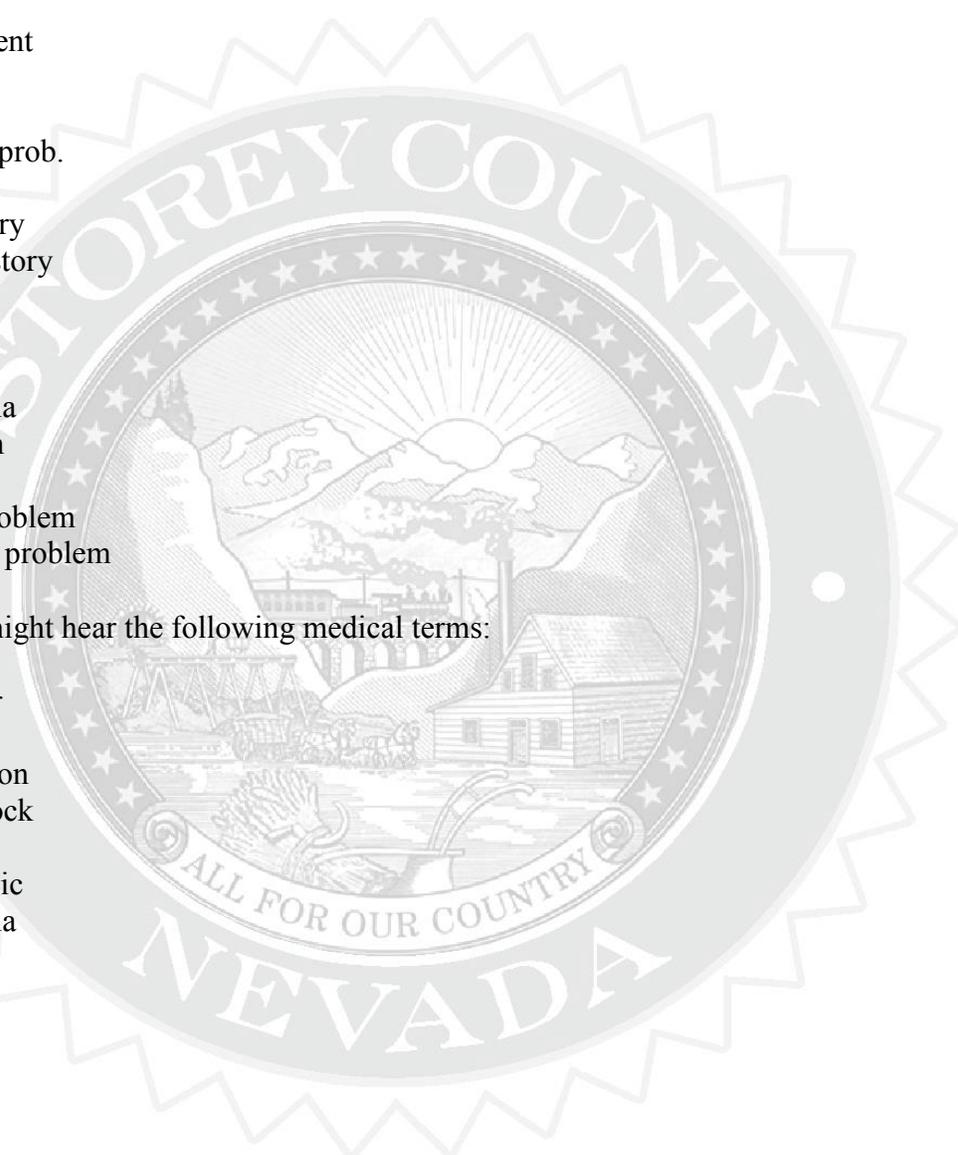
## Common Medical Incidents

An analysis of hundreds of ambulances requests reveals these common symptoms or circumstances with which you should be familiar:

- bleeding
- unconscious
- fall
- auto accident
- chest pain
- seizure
- Breathing prob.
- pain
- sports injury
- cardiac history
- overdose
- diabetic
- allergy
- emphysema
- dislocation
- burn
- dialysis problem
- paraplegic problem

In addition, you might hear the following medical terms:

- pacemaker
- asthma
- hypertension
- insulin shock
- quad
- quadriplegic
- emphysema
- Valium
- Dilantin
- Librium
- lithium
- Quaalude
- codeine
- insulin
- Talwin
- Darvon
- digitalis
- cocaine



## **COMPLETING THE CAD ENTRY**

While talking to the caller on the telephone, you should enter the information into CAD.

The comments that you enter should be specific enough to allow the radio dispatcher to determine what fire apparatus to dispatch. If a fire, indicate what is on fire or exactly what the caller saw. If a medical problem, indicate the age, sex and chief complaint or major symptom of the victim. For example....

"25M, breathing problem"

"baby, seizure"

"flames from 2nd floor"

"trash fire on corner"

"auto accident"

"wall socket electrical short"

"oven fire"

"water control, hydrant"

The call-back number shall be included if the call was received on 911 or the person is reporting a HAZMAT incident.

## **POSITIVE RESPONSE**

It's important that the caller not misunderstand about the department's response to a call. If you intend to dispatch equipment tell the caller, "We'll be right there" or something similar. If the situation is not a fire department situation (sewer problem, plumbing problem), tell them "That's not something the fire department handles" and refer them to any county department that does, or tell them that they must contact a private company.

If a caller requests an ambulance and then, during the call decides that everything is okay or otherwise changes their mind, ask the person "So you don't want us to come out?" When they answer "yes", tell them, "I will let the fire department know however they may continue their response." This type of questioning will eliminate misunderstandings and prevent any later complaints about our response.

In all cases where you intend to dispatch equipment, ask the caller to send someone outside to the street if possible to meet the apparatus and guide them to the proper location.

## **FIRE SERVICE CALLS**

The fire department also responds to certain non-emergency calls to provide specialized equipment or expertise. A response to a non-emergency shall not be made if several fire units are out of service or if there are several emergencies in progress. Consult the B/C if you have any question about sending equipment to a non-emergency.

- lock-in (eng. has ladders to reach 2nd floor)

- lock-out- if something on stove or infant inside
- water control
- aid to invalid engine,
- water in basement -to shut off utilities only; private co.'s for pumping out water
- falling trees - to check utilities
- landslides- to check utilities
- animal in tree
- elevator rescue

If there is a request that may fall outside of the fire department's area of responsibility, contact the B/C on duty and give them the call. The on duty B/C will determine if they can respond or not.

### **AUTOMATIC AID**

The fire department provides firefighting and ambulance assistance to several surrounding jurisdictions under Auto Aid agreements. Several of these are standing agreements and receive a response as if the location were in Storey County. All other responses to locations outside Storey County must be approved by the on-duty B/C or Fire Chief.

The standing Auto aid agreements are for fire or medical incidents:

- in Lyon County
- on I 80
- on SR 341
- A single ambulance for ALS coverage in Lyon County.

### **MUTUAL AID**

All other requests for mutual aid from other cities or the county should be directed to the on-duty Battalion Chief, who will give you dispatch instructions. Normally these are specific apparatus request. You should know the specific mutual aid procedures.

### **HAZMAT INCIDENTS**

Any incident involving the release of a toxic material shall be considered a HAZMAT incident. Specific procedures have been developed for handling these, as outlined in HAZMAT run card.

## *Storey County Communications List of Expectations*

In order to ensure the highest level of service possible, we have created a list of expectations to keep in mind when completing work or acting as a representative of the county. The list emphasizes the importance of maintaining a team oriented approach while **on duty. The hope is that by all Communications Specialists and trainee's keeping these** expectations in mind, Storey County will continue to grow and prosper with employees being a fundamental support of that growth. Listed below are expectations Storey County Communications will have for you as an employee:

1. **Initiative:** The Communications Director will expect you to complete your own job and if you haven't been told what to do, look around to see what needs to be done and do it.
2. **Willingness to Learn:** The Communications Director will expect you to learn the way things are done in the dispatch center.
3. **Willingness to Follow Directions:** Always follow directions exactly as you are told.
4. **Honesty.** The Communications Director will expect you to be honest and to tell the truth. Other forms of dishonesty on the job are: starting work late, leaving work early and stealing county property. Stealing time is the costliest form of dishonesty on the job. You "steal" time when you come in late or leave early.
5. **Dependability.** The Communications Director will expect you to be on the job every day and on time. If you will be absent or late, you must call your supervisor. If you have an appointment with your doctor, dentist, etc. let your supervisor know in advance. Try to make appointments before or after work so you won't loose time from your job.
6. **Enthusiasm.** The most successful employees are those who are enthusiastic about their work.
7. **Acceptance of Criticism.** Criticism is the way a supervisor tells you how they want a job done. You are expected to improve because of it. Listen and learn from the constructive criticisms your supervisor will share with you. Try to see how it can help you become a better worker. Even if you feel the criticism is unfair, try not to lose your temper.
8. **Loyalty.** Show loyalty to your county.
9. **Punctuality.** Arrive at work on time and don't leave early.
10. **Dress Appropriately.** Dress the way your co-workers do.

---

Trainee

---

CTO

---

Supervisor

11. **Ask for further instructions** if the task is unclear. Request clarification if you are unsure how to complete an assignment.
12. **Be flexible** and accept assignments that may not fall under your specified job duties, because of time and/or staff constraints.
13. **Observe and respect chain of command.** Learn what position each of your co-workers, deputies, and firemen hold in the office and how their position relates to yours.
14. **Read your policies.** Read all your policies for the dispatch center, and keep up with any changes. Also read and keep up with all other policies that apply to your job from other departments.
15. **Be considerate of your co-workers and their time.** Come into work with enough time to get a proper pass down, and set up your console i.e. Refill water bottles, getting manuals out, putting food away in the fridge, go to the bathroom. Let's be considerate of the shift going off duty by not holding them over while we get set up. If you are a covering shift, let's keep in mind that our solo partners also count on us being here on time for breaks, or assistance with phone calls coming in or heavy radio traffic.
16. **Keep cell phone use to a minimum.** We should take all personal phone calls before and after work. Allowing cell phones in the dispatch center is a privilege that should not be abused. We should explain to our families to only call in case of an emergency. If there is a phone call that needs to be taken, and it is not an immediate emergency, ask your partner if they can take over your radio and excuse yourself. Try to keep personal, non-emergency phone calls to a 5-minute maximum.
17. **Maintain you work area clean.** Clean your desk of all paperwork & wipe it down at the end of your shift. Clear your garbage can and replace the garbage bag at the end of your shift.
18. **Keep the microwave clean.** If you make a mess, wipe it down.
19. **Keep the refrigerator clean.**

---

Trainee

---

CTO

---

Supervisor

WEEK ONE TRAINING  
PHONES/INTRODUCTION

I. INTRODUCTION TO COUNTY

- a. Fill out all new employee paperwork.
- b. List of expectations
- c. Review Fire SOG's
- d. Review Dispatch SOP's
- e. Review use of whiteboard
- f. Information Hotline
- g. NAWAS Phone

I. VESTA

- a. Introduction to VESTA
- b. Logging on and off VESTA and CAD
- c. ALI info – how to translate it and why it is helpful, police when to use
- d. Explanation of the different phone lines – 911 and non-emergency lines and how they are answered
- e. Surrounding agencies
- f. Resource numbers
- g. Rolodex index
- h. IRR
- i. Placing calls on hold
- j. Phone techniques – How to take a call
- k. How to transfer/when to transfer calls
- l. Listen to trainer take calls

II. CRIME CLASSIFICATION

- a. Different types of crimes
- b. Type codes and definitions
- c. Priorities
- d. Dispositions

III. GEOGRAPHY

- a. Major buildings/business/streets and “frequent callers”
- b. Surrounding agencies and jurisdictions
- c. Map of County
- d. Use of RA

IV. RESOURCE MANUALS

- a. Phone numbers manual
- b. Emergency plan
- c. NCIC/NCJIS manuals
- d. III manual/Log Book
- e. Clipboards
- f. Logging of information
- g. TPO File in Dispatch

V. INTRODUCTION TO DEPARTMENTS

- a. Sit-along with Fire Chief
- b. Sit-along with Sheriff
- c. Ride-along with Fire department
- d. Ride-along with Sheriff's office
- e. Meet with Public works
- f. DVA (Domestic Violence Advocate)

*Trainee will be given worksheets/questionnaire for each sit-along and ride-along. It must be filled out with all questions being answered and turned in to trainer at the end of the shift.*

## WEEK TWO OF TRAINING

### I. CAD Introduction

- a. CAD call entry
- b. CAD officer initiated screen
- c. JCLIENT screen
- d. Phone number information screen
- e. People screen/warrant information screen
- f. Log notes/e-mail
- g. Spelling & Entering information

### II. CALL TAKING

- a. Type codes for police and fire
- b. Call formatting

#### 6 W's

- Where      Where is your emergency?
  - What      What is the problem?
  - When      When did this occur?
  - Who      who is involved? Suspect/victim description
- Vehicle:
- C      color
  - Y      year
  - M      make
  - B      body/make
  - L      license plate
  - S      state
- Suspect:
- Race – Sex – Age – Height – Weight – Hair color & Length
  - Eye color (if applicable)
  - Clothing: top to bottom – inside out
  - Why      Why did this happen?
  - Weapons      Weapons involved? What can be a weapon?
  - Any other information

- c. Phonetics
- d. Abbreviations & Acronyms
- e. Call Control

### III. KEYBOARD

- a. Keyboard hot keys F5 F6

### IV. LIABILITY

- a. What can and cannot be said to a caller

TEST: *Given at the end of every week.*

VESTA (80% or better)

## WEEK THREE OF TRAINING

- I. Take non-emergency calls with assistance
- II. INTRODUCTION TO EMERGENCY TRAFFIC
  - a. 10-78
  - b. Pursuits
  - c. In-progress calls (bullet statements and updates)
  - d. Closing Channels (pre-Alert 2)
- III. TEN CODES – ABBREVIATIONS – STATES, ETC.
- IV. 27 28 29's/NCIC/NAMS/DONS FILE/TPO/PPCN
  - a. How to run subjects on JCLIENT
  - b. How to read a hit
  - c. NAMS or TIBURON through Reno records
  - d. P&P Hit Confirmations
- V. INTRODUCTION TO RADIO
  - a. How to operate the radio (radio etiquette)
  - b. Repeater Selections
  - c. Noon Siren
  - d. School District Radio

TEST: *Given at the end of every week*

TYPE CODES	(80% or better)
CALL FORMATING	(80% or better)
PHONETICS	(80% or better)

WEEK FOUR TRAINING  
(Continuation of week three)

Continue call taking and begin orientation onto Law Enforcement Radio

I. TEN CODES

II. UNIT IDENTIFIERS

- a. Jeep Posse & Reserves

III. NCIC

- a. Entering and clearing 10-99's (vehicles, articles etc)
- b. Confirming Warrants
- c. Clearing NCJIS/NCIC warrants
- d. NCIC class
- e. Calling the computer room (Help Desk)

IV. OFFICER INITIATED TRAFFIC

- a. Traffic stops
- b. Citizen hails
- c. Business and vehicle checks
- d. Area checks
- e. In-progress calls
- f. Pursuits (vehicle/foot)
- g. Failure to yield & difference between failure to yield and vehicle pursuit
- h. 10-37, 10-46, J4 Service

V. SCENARIO TRAINING

*Each trainer will provide their own scenarios*

TEST: *Given at the end of every week*

TEN CODES:	(80 % or better)
UNIT IDENTIFIERS	(80 % or better)
RESOURCE MANUALS	(80 % or better)
STATES	(100 % or better)
ABBREVIATIONS	(100 % or better)

\*\*\*\* Should be able to enter basic non-emergency calls with little or no help\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\* Phase board I \*\*\*\*

WEEK FIVE OF TRAINING  
LAW ENFORCEMENT

- I. COMMAND CODES
- II. 27 28 29's/NCIC/PPCN/DONS FILE/TPO
  - a. Run and interpret all hits
- III. Begin multi-tasking – handle phone and radio traffic
  - a. Private call, transferring phone calls, answering both radios, etc.
- IV. Officer safety precautions
- V. Hazard flags on locations
- VI. Business office paperwork
- VII. Triple III's
- XII. Typing exercises

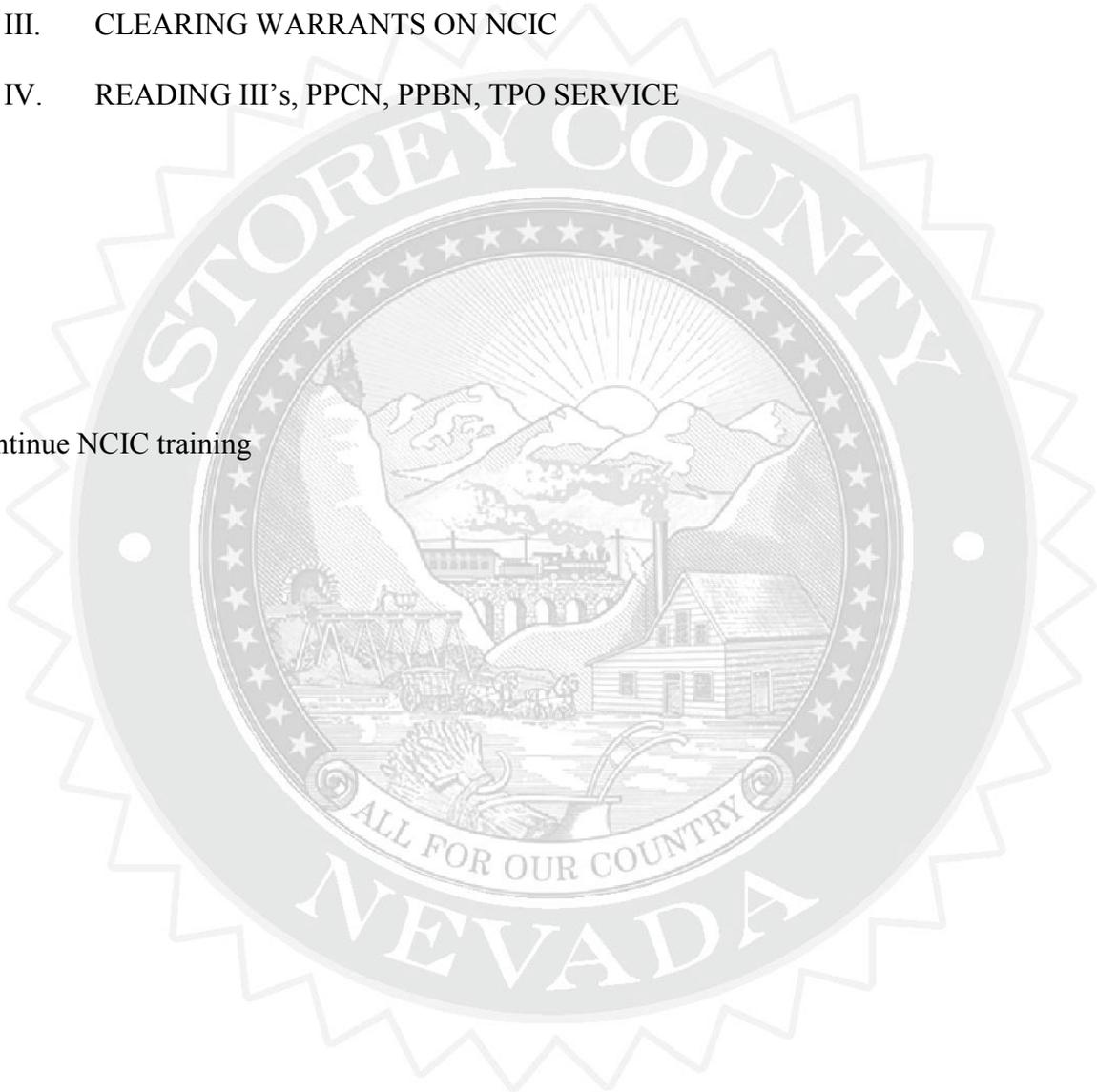
TESTS: *Given at the end of every week*

CRIME CLASSIFICATION	(100%)
CALL FORMATING	(100%)
TYPE CODES	(100%)
PHONETICS	(100%)
TEN CODES	(100%)

WEEK SIX OF TRAINING  
(Continuation of week five)

- I. COMMAND CODES proficient
- II. ENTERING WARRANTS ON NCIC
- III. CLEARING WARRANTS ON NCIC
- IV. READING III's, PPCN, PPBN, TPO SERVICE

Continue NCIC training



WEEK SEVEN OF TRAINING  
(Continuation of week six)

I. NCIC Proficiency

- a. Show proficiency on running subjects and plates/VIN
- b. Proficiency in reading a warrant
- c. Clearing a NCJIS/NCIC warrant
- d. Entering/locating/clearing stolen vehicles/articles

II. GEOGRAPHY

- a. Know major locations
- b. Phone Prefix to area

III. MULTI-TASKING

- a. Radio and phone traffic simultaneously

IV. SECOND SHERIFF RIDE ALONG

V. PROFICIENCY

- a. Command codes
- b. Type codes Sheriff and fire
- c. Ten codes

TEST: *Given at the end of every week*  
NCIC TEST

\*\*\*\*\* PHASE BOARD 2 \*\*\*\*\*

WEEK EIGHT OF TRAINING  
BEGIN ORIENTATION ON FIRE

- I. SHOULD BE ABLE TO HANDLE NORMAL RADIO TRAFFIC WITH LITTLE OR NO ASSISTANCE
- II. EMD CERTIFICATION
- III. BEGIN LISTENING TO FIRE CALLS
- IV. FIRE SOP'S
- V. REFRESH ON TTY
- VI. FIRE COMMAND CODES
- VII. GEOGRAPHY DISTRICTS (Six Mile & SR 341)
- VIII. 911 CALLS
  - a. How to handle a 911 call
  - b. 1-minute rule
  - c. Keep same IR for police and fire when both agencies are on same call
  - d. Abbreviations & Acronyms
- IX. LISTEN TO FIRE CALLS WITH TRAINER
- X. SCENERIO TRAINING

## WEEK NINE TRAINING

### I. WILDLAND FIRE MANUAL

- a. Requesting outside equipment (Placer Co., Minden, Sierra Front)
- b. Different agreements
- c. Maps of wild land area
- d. Mutual Aid forms
- e. FMAG

### II. 911 CALLS (EMD)

### III. TONES

- a. Medical tones/Fire tones
- b. Informational tones
- c. Pre-alert tones (med & Fire) Same tone for all districts
- d. Opening up pagers

### IV. FIRE EQUIPMENT

- a. Types of equipment and their uses

### V. FIRE PERSONNEL & CHAIN OF COMMAND

- a. CHIEF, BATTALION CHIEF, CAPTAINS, FIREMEN
- b. NDF FIREMEN
- c. VOLUNTEERS

### VI. FIRE CELL PHONES AND PAGERS

### VII. FIRE STATION LOCATIONS & DISTRICTS

- a. Faxing IR's to stations
- b. Logging fire IR's on Fire Incident Book
- c. Updating White Board
- d. Care flight & Landing Zones

## VIII. INTRODUCTION TO RUN CARDS

- a. Call types and Dispositions
- b. Difference of call Types (MVS vs. MEDICAL)
- c. Difference in Fires Vehicle, Structure, Wild land
- d. Working Fire Notifications
- e. Activated fire alarms.
- f. Review EMD Cards

## IX. FIRE SOG'S

- a. Knowing when to Stage & Clear Scene
- b. TAC Channels

TEST: *Given at the end of every week*

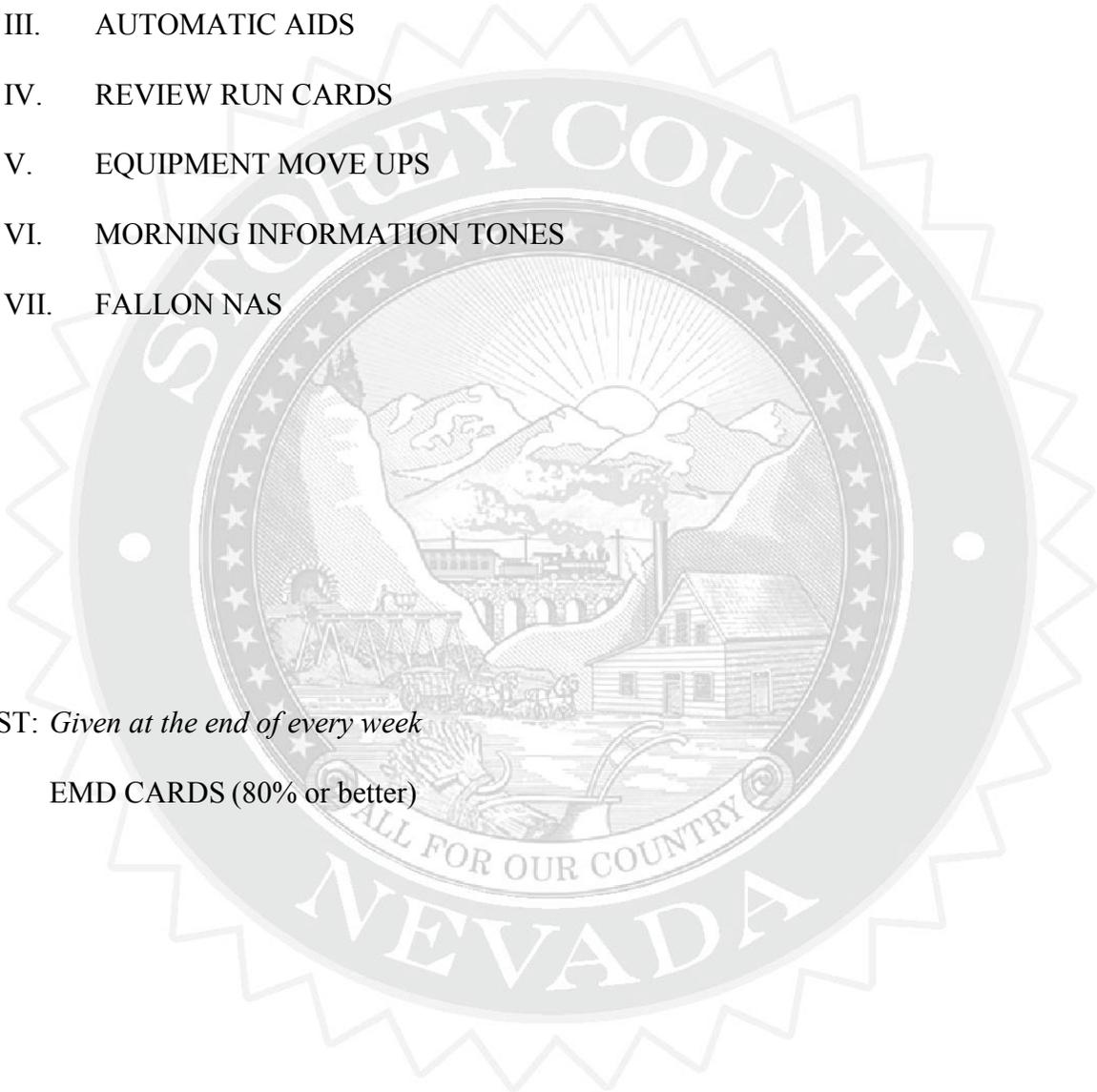
FIRE COMMANDS (100%)  
FIRE TYPE CODES (100%)  
ICS 100 & 200 (Must Pass)

## WEEK TEN FIRE TRAINING

- I. FIRE CHIEFS AGREEMENTS
- II. 911 EMD CALLS WITH LITTLE ASSISTANCE
- III. AUTOMATIC AIDS
- IV. REVIEW RUN CARDS
- V. EQUIPMENT MOVE UPS
- VI. MORNING INFORMATION TONES
- VII. FALLON NAS

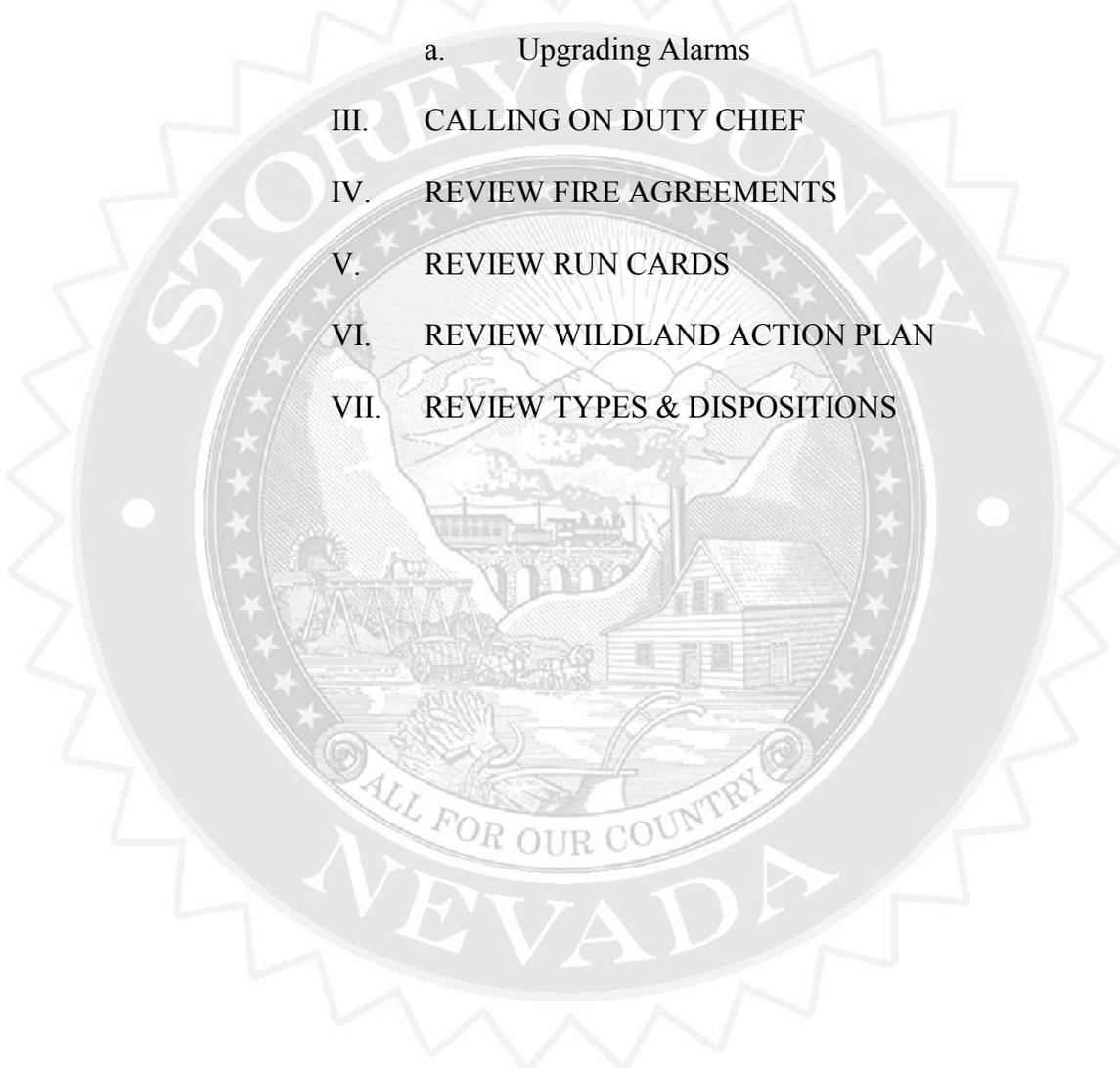
TEST: *Given at the end of every week*

EMD CARDS (80% or better)



## WEEK ELEVEN FIRE TRAINING

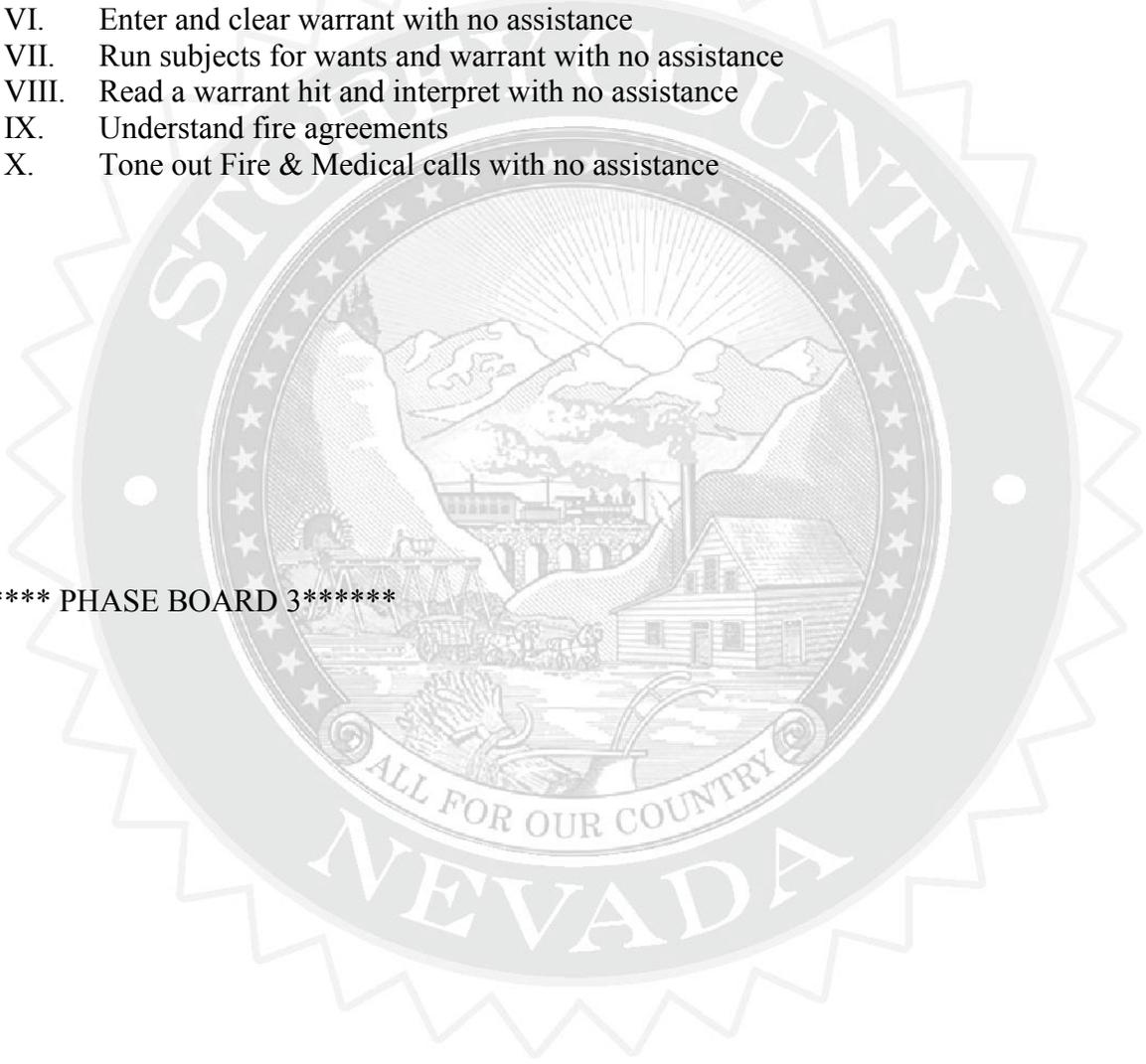
- I. 10 MINUTE TIME MARKERS
- II. RE-TONING EQUIPMENT
  - a. Upgrading Alarms
- III. CALLING ON DUTY CHIEF
- IV. REVIEW FIRE AGREEMENTS
- V. REVIEW RUN CARDS
- VI. REVIEW WILDLAND ACTION PLAN
- VII. REVIEW TYPES & DISPOSITIONS



WEEK TWELVE  
Review Training

- I. Take 911 and non-emergency calls with no assistance
- II. Answer Sheriff radio traffic with no assistance
- III. Answer fire radio with no assistance
- IV. Enter and dispatch calls for service with no assistance
- V. Make request to outside agencies for assistance with no assistance
- VI. Enter and clear warrant with no assistance
- VII. Run subjects for wants and warrant with no assistance
- VIII. Read a warrant hit and interpret with no assistance
- IX. Understand fire agreements
- X. Tone out Fire & Medical calls with no assistance

\*\*\*\*\* PHASE BOARD 3\*\*\*\*\*



# Exhibit 4



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1608120036

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> GOLDEN GATE GAS STATION, 500 USA PKWY				<b>Cross Streets</b> WALTHAM/I 80			<b>City</b> MCCARRAN																																
<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S125			<b>Dispatcher</b> S125																																
<b>Date</b> 08/12/2016	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D13	<b>Beat</b> 5	<b>Fire Zone</b>	<b>Area</b>	<b>Map</b>	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL																																
<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] BRIAN				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]																															
<b>Dispositions</b> Report Taken (Case #), Report Taken (Case #)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>		<b>Case Number</b> 16-614																														
<b>Vehicles</b> 652YND/NV					<b>Associated Incidents</b>																																		
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>																																					
<b>Received</b>	18:48:38	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Persons</th> <th>Sex</th> <th>DOB</th> <th>Race</th> <th>DL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>								Persons	Sex	DOB	Race	DL																									
Persons	Sex									DOB	Race	DL																											
<b>Created</b>	18:49:42																																						
<b>Dispatched</b>	18:52:45																																						
<b>En Route</b>																																							
<b>On Scene</b>	19:03:19																																						
<b>Closed</b>	19:24:24																																						
<b>Rev'd-Closed</b>	35:46																																						
<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>																														
D13	S124	18:52:45		19:03:19	19:24:24	10:34	N/A	21:05	31:39																														
S1	S014	18:52:45		19:03:19	19:24:24	10:34	N/A	21:05	31:39																														

**Incident Comments**  
visitation exchange/court order

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
18:49:42	1	Incident initiated at Golden Gate Gas Station, 500 USA Pkwy, McCarran 3	S125
18:50:32	2	rp is stating that the mother is recording what the rp is saying/subj is refusing rps	S125
	3	visitation	
18:52:45	4	D13 DISP. Golden Gate Gas Station, 500 USA Pkwy, McCarran	S125
18:52:45	5	S1 DISP. Golden Gate Gas Station, 500 USA Pkwy, McCarran	S125
18:53:01	6	advised s1	S125
18:58:31	7	step father called saying the daughter does not want to go with the father/advised	S125
	8	him that there was a deputy en route	
18:59:37	9	ADVISED D13	S127
19:03:19	10	D13 10-23.	S127
19:03:19	11	S1 10-23.	S127
19:03:40	12	D13 DSPT Veh: 652YND/NV	S127
19:04:02	13	D13 DSPT Veh: 652YND/NV	S127
19:15:44	14	D13 Case number 16-614 assigned to 1608120036	S127
19:24:09	15	D13 REPORT TAKEN/CHILD WILL REMAIN WITH MOTHER	S125
19:24:24	16	D13 10-8. CASE 16-614. Disposition RT	S125
19:24:24	17	S1 10-8. CASE 16-614	S125
19:24:24	18	S1 Closed - Disposition RT	S125



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1701130028

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b> [REDACTED]			<b>City</b> LOCKWOOD		
<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S066			<b>Dispatcher</b> S133		
<b>Date</b> 01/13/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D7	<b>Beat</b> 4	<b>Fire Zone</b> 41	<b>Area</b> 6	<b>Map</b> 201	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL		
<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] JENNIFER				<b>Caller Address</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]	
<b>Dispositions</b> Action Taken (Case #)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>	
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>				
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>							
Received 18:02:04		Persons Sex DOB Race DL							
Created 18:07:14									
Dispatched 18:23:14									
En Route 18:25:43									
On Scene 18:34:59									
Closed 18:40:10									
Rcvd-Closed 38:06									
<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>
D7	S097	18:23:14	18:25:43	18:34:59	18:40:10	11:45	09:16	05:11	16:56

**Incident Comments**  
 RP REQUESTING A CIVIL STANDBY TO PICK UP DAUGHTER FOR VISITATION. RP WILL BE STANDING BY IN A WHITE JEEP AT THE SUB STATION. PLEASE CONTACT MALE HALF IF UNABLE TO MEET AT 1830 HRS AND ADVISE HIM.

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
18:07:14	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED] Lockwood	S066
18:07:32	2	MALE HALF IS TIM [REDACTED]	S066
18:22:18	3	Incident comments changed	S066
18:23:14	4	D7 DISP. [REDACTED] Lockwood	S133
18:25:43	5	D7 10-76. LOCKWOOD SUB	S066
18:34:59	6	D7 10-23.	S133
18:37:16	7	D7 at residence for civil standby	S133
18:40:10	8	D7 10-8. civil standby complete, code 4	S133
18:40:10	9	D7 Closed - Disposition AT	S133



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1606050026

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b>			<b>City</b> VIRGINIA CITY																																					
<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S125			<b>Dispatcher</b> S125																																					
<b>Date</b> 06/05/2016	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D12	<b>Beat</b> 1	<b>Fire Zone</b>	<b>Area</b>	<b>Map</b>	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL																																					
<b>Caller Name</b>				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b>																																				
<b>Dispositions</b> Report Taken (Case #), Action Taken (Case #)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>		<b>Case Number</b> 16-409																																			
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>																																							
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>																																										
<b>Received</b>	16:47:16	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Persons</th> <th>Sex</th> <th>DOB</th> <th>Race</th> <th>DL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>								Persons	Sex	DOB	Race	DL																														
Persons	Sex									DOB	Race	DL																																
<b>Created</b>	16:48:01																																											
<b>Dispatched</b>	16:48:17																																											
<b>En Route</b>																																												
<b>On Scene</b>	16:48:22																																											
<b>Closed</b>	17:16:51																																											
<b>Rcvd-Closed</b>	29:35																																											
<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>																																			
D12	S121	16:48:17		16:48:22	17:16:51	00:05	N/A	28:29	28:34																																			
D12	S121	17:41:51		17:41:54	17:45:18	00:03	N/A	03:24	03:27																																			

**Incident Comments**  
CUSTODY MATTER

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
16:48:01	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S125
16:48:01	2	Address not valid for street: [REDACTED]	S125
16:48:17	3	D12 DISP. [REDACTED]	S125
16:48:22	4	D12 10-23.	S125
16:48:49	5	D12 RECEIVED A CALL AT 205 FOR A CUSTODY MATTER	S125
16:51:43	6	D12 Case number 16-409 assigned to 1606050026	S125
16:52:10	7	D12 INFORMATION ONLY FOR CUSTODY DISPUTE	S125
16:56:32	8	D12 [REDACTED]	S125
17:03:41	9	THE DOG IS PUSHING THE WINDOW OPEN AND PULLING IT SHUT	S125
17:16:51	10	D12 10-8. CASE 16-409/STATEMENT DROPPED OFF/WILL RETURN FOR J4	S125
17:16:51	12	D12 Closed - Disposition AT	S125
17:41:46	13	Reopened	S125
17:41:51	14	D12 DISP. [REDACTED]	S125
17:41:54	15	D12 10-23.	S125
17:42:09	16	D12 RETURNED TO COLLECT J4	S125
17:45:18	17	D12 10-8.	S125
17:45:18	18	D12 Closed - Disposition RT	S125



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1612260014

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b>			<b>City</b> VIRGINIA CITY	
<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S055			<b>Dispatcher</b> S055	
<b>Date</b> 12/26/2016	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D3	<b>Beat</b> 1	<b>Fire Zone</b>	<b>Area</b>	<b>Map</b>	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL	
<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] JENNIFER				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b>
<b>Dispositions</b> Assisted as needed (Case # ?)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>			

<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>																																									
<b>Received</b>	11:33:59	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Persons</th> <th>Sex</th> <th>DOB</th> <th>Race</th> <th>DL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>							Persons	Sex	DOB	Race	DL																														
Persons	Sex								DOB	Race	DL																																
<b>Created</b>	11:37:38																																										
<b>Dispatched</b>	11:37:54																																										
<b>En Route</b>	11:38:36																																										
<b>On Scene</b>	12:05:57																																										
<b>Closed</b>	12:11:53																																										
<b>Revd-Closed</b>	37:54																																										

Unit Times	Deputies	Dispatched	Enroute	On Scene	Clear	Disp-On Scene	Enrt-On Scene	On Scene-Clear	Disp-Clear
D6	S087	11:37:54	11:38:36		12:03:28	N/A	N/A	N/A	25:34
D3	S038	12:03:31	12:03:33	12:05:57	12:11:53	02:26	02:24	05:56	08:22

**Incident Comments**  
 IN THE [REDACTED] HOUSE BEHIND THE ABOVE ADDRESS /REQ FOR CIVIL STANDBY FOR CUSTODY EXCHANGE  
 RP IS IN 95 FORD EXPLORER GREEN WILL MEET AT THE END OF THE DRIVE WAY

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
11:37:38	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S055
11:37:38	2	Unverified location: [REDACTED]	S055
11:37:54	3	D6 DISP. [REDACTED]	S055
11:38:36	4	D6 10-76.	S055
12:00:18	5	D6 @ SIX MILE AND SUGAR LOAF	S055
12:03:28	6	D6 10-8. Freed	S055
12:03:28	7	D6 Incident returned to pending status	S055
12:03:31	8	D3 DISP. [REDACTED]	S055
12:03:33	9	D3 10-76.	S055
12:05:57	10	D3 10-23.	S055
12:08:31	11	D3 10-23.	S055
12:11:53	12	D3 10-8.	S055
12:11:53	13	D3 Closed - Disposition AS	S055



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1701080052

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]	<b>Cross Streets</b> COUR DE LA CELEDON/CA	<b>City</b> LOCKWOOD
-------------------------------	---	-------------------------

<b>Incident Type</b> CITZAST - CITIZEN ASSIST	<b>Call Taker</b> S055	<b>Dispatcher</b> S055
--	---------------------------	---------------------------

<b>Date</b> 01/08/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D3	<b>Beat</b> 4	<b>Fire Zone</b> 41	<b>Area</b> 6	<b>Map</b> 201	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL
---------------------------	----------------------	---------------------------	------------------	------------------------	------------------	-------------------	---------------------------------

<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] JENNIFER	<b>Caller Address</b> [REDACTED]	<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]
---	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

<b>Dispositions</b> Assisted as needed (Case # ?)	<b>Weapon</b>	<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>
--	---------------	------------------	--------------------

<b>Vehicles</b>	<b>Associated Incidents</b>
-----------------	-----------------------------

<b>Incident Times</b> Received 15:54:06 Created 16:00:17 Dispatched 16:00:56 En Route On Scene 16:00:58 Closed 16:03:48 Rcvd-Closed 09:42	<b>Special Circumstances</b>  <b>Persons</b> <b>Sex</b> <b>DOB</b> <b>Race</b> <b>DL</b>
--	--

<b>Unit Times</b> <b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>
D3              S038	16:00:56		16:00:58	16:03:48	00:02	N/A	02:50	02:52

**Incident Comments**  
RP NEEDING TO REQ 4 PM DROP OFF FOR CUSTODY EXCHANGE

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
16:00:18	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S055
16:00:50	2	PER TIM - [REDACTED] AGREED TO TAKE CHILDREN AT 4	S055
16:00:56	3	D3 DISP. [REDACTED]	S055
16:00:58	4	D3 10-23.	S055
16:01:04	5	RP ADVISED	S055
16:03:48	6	D3 10-8.	S134
16:03:48	7	D3 Closed - Disposition AS	S134



STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

CAD INCIDENT REPORT  
1701150015

08/21/2018

Location [REDACTED] Cross Streets COUR DE LA CELEDON/CA City LOCKWOOD

Incident Type CITZAST - CITIZEN ASSIST Call Taker S055 Dispatcher S125

Date 01/15/2017 Priority 3 Primary Unit D4 Beat 4 Fire Zone 41 Area 6 Map 201 Source TELEPHONE CALL

Caller Name [REDACTED] JENNIFER Caller Address [REDACTED] Caller Phone [REDACTED]

Dispositions Assisted as needed (Case # ?) Weapon Alm Level Case Number

Vehicles Associated Incidents

Incident Times Received 18:00:00 Created 18:02:05 Dispatched 18:32:01 En Route On Scene 18:32:04 Closed 18:34:39 Rcvd-Closed 34:39 Special Circumstances Persons Sex DOB Race DL

Unit Times Deputies D4 S041 Dispatched 18:32:01 Enroute On Scene 18:32:04 Clear 18:34:39 Disp-On Scene 00:03 Enrt-On Scene N/A On Scene-Clear 02:35 Disp-Clear 02:38

Incident Comments CIVIL STANDBY - CHILD CUSTODY EXCHANGE - WILL MEET AT THE LW SUB AT 1830

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
18:02:05	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S055
18:32:01	2	D4 DISP. [REDACTED]	S125
18:32:04	3	D4 10-23.	S125
18:34:39	4	D4 10-8. CIVIL STANDBY COMPLETE	S125
18:34:39	5	D4 Closed - Disposition AS	S125



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1703010016

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b> TERRITORY RD			<b>City</b> MARK TWAIN																																				
<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S134			<b>Dispatcher</b> S134																																				
<b>Date</b> 03/01/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D6	<b>Beat</b> 3	<b>Fire Zone</b> 31	<b>Area</b> 5	<b>Map</b> 307	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL																																				
<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] ELIZABETH				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]																																			
<b>Dispositions</b> Civil Problem (Case # ?)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>																																			
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>																																						
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>																																									
Received 17:10:19		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Persons</th> <th>Sex</th> <th>DOB</th> <th>Race</th> <th>DL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>							Persons	Sex	DOB	Race	DL																														
Persons	Sex								DOB	Race	DL																																
Created 17:13:48																																											
Dispatched 17:18:59																																											
En Route 17:22:36																																											
On Scene 18:12:37																																											
Closed 18:50:47																																											
Rcvd-Closed 1:40:28																																											
<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>																																		
D6	S087	17:18:59	17:22:36	18:12:37	18:50:47	53:38	50:01	38:10	1:31:48																																		

**Incident Comments**  
GO FUND ME PAGE VIOLATING CUSTODY AGREEMENT INFORMATION/ WANTS TO MAKE A REPORT

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
17:13:48	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S134
17:15:05	2	Incident type changed from FRAUD to CIVIL	S134
17:17:51	3	Incident comments changed	S134
17:18:59	4	D6 DISP. [REDACTED]	S134
17:22:36	5	D6 10-76.	S055
17:28:16	6	D6 10-76. ALTERNATIVE ROUTE	S134
18:12:37	7	D6 10-23.	S095
18:50:47	8	D6 10-8.	S095
18:50:47	9	D6 Closed - Disposition CV	S095



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1710120028

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b> AVE BLUE DE LA CLAIR			<b>City</b> LOCKWOOD																																					
<b>Incident Type</b> DOMESTIC - DOMESTIC PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S127			<b>Dispatcher</b> S136																																					
<b>Date</b> 10/12/2017	<b>Priority</b> 1	<b>Primary Unit</b> D1	<b>Beat</b> 4	<b>Fire Zone</b> 41	<b>Area</b> 6	<b>Map</b> 203	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL																																					
<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] ERICA				<b>Caller Address</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]																																				
<b>Dispositions</b> Action Taken (Case #), Action Taken (Case #)				<b>Weapon</b>			<b>Alm Level</b>		<b>Case Number</b>																																			
<b>Vehicles</b> 01F421/NV				<b>Associated Incidents</b>																																								
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>																																										
<b>Received</b>	14:50:00	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Persons</th> <th>Sex</th> <th>DOB</th> <th>Race</th> <th>DL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>								Persons	Sex	DOB	Race	DL																														
Persons	Sex									DOB	Race	DL																																
<b>Created</b>	14:51:48																																											
<b>Dispatched</b>	14:54:29																																											
<b>En Route</b>	14:54:32																																											
<b>On Scene</b>	15:07:08																																											
<b>Closed</b>	15:53:55																																											
<b>Rcvd-Closed</b>	1:03:55																																											
<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>																																			
D1	S029	14:54:29	14:54:32	15:07:08	15:53:55	12:39	12:36	46:47	59:26																																			
D19	S141	14:54:29	14:54:32	15:07:08	15:53:55	12:39	12:36	46:47	59:26																																			

**Incident Comments**  
 REF TO A CUSTODY ISSUE WITH HER EX HUSBAND JUSTIN SUBJECT IS NOT ON LOCATION YET/// HE IS DUE THERE IS ABOUT 10 MIN// SHE ADVISED IT IS PRECAUTIONARY

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
14:51:48	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S127
14:53:02	2	Incident comments changed	S127
14:53:43	3	Incident comments changed	S127
14:54:29	4	D1 DISP. [REDACTED]	S136
14:54:29	5	D19 DISP. [REDACTED]	S136
14:54:32	6	D1 10-76.	S136
14:54:32	7	D19 10-76.	S136
15:07:08	8	D1 10-23.	S136
15:07:08	9	D19 10-23.	S136
15:09:20	10	D1 10-23.	S136
15:09:20	11	D19 10-23.	S136
15:10:18	12	D1 DSPT Veh: 01F421/NV	S136
15:10:18	13	Vehicle (01F421 NV) added to incident	S136
15:11:13	14	D1 APPEARS CODE 4/ ATTEMPTING TO MAKE CONTACT	S136
15:20:48	15	D1 EN ROUTE TO SCHOOL/ CIVIL ISSUE/ ORIGINAL CASE UNFOUNDED	S136
15:21:39	17	D1 10-76. HILLSIDE/ NEG/ DOM	S136
15:21:39	18	D19 10-76. HILLSIDE/ NEG/ DOM	S136
15:53:55	19	D1 10-8. . Disposition AT	S136
15:53:55	20	D19 10-8.	S136
15:53:55	21	D19 Closed - Disposition AT	S136





# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT 1605020015

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b>			<b>City</b> VIRGINIA CITY			
<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S125			<b>Dispatcher</b>			
<b>Date</b> 05/02/2016	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b>	<b>Beat</b> 1	<b>Fire Zone</b>	<b>Area</b>	<b>Map</b>	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL			
<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] KALA				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]		
<b>Dispositions</b> Action Taken (Case #)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>		
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>					
<b>Incident Times</b> Received 10:29:41 Created 10:33:01 Dispatched En Route On Scene Closed Rcvd-Closed N/A		<b>Special Circumstances</b>								
		<b>Persons</b>		<b>Sex</b>	<b>DOB</b>	<b>Race</b>	<b>DL</b>			
<b>Unit Times</b>		<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>

**Incident Comments**  
FATHER IS REFUSING TO BRING CHILD BACK TO MOTHER

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
10:33:01	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S125
10:33:01	2	Address not valid for street: [REDACTED]	S125
11:11:52	3	D5 WILL BE ATC RP	S125
17:56:47	4	D5 CONTACTED SUBJ	S055
17:56:47	5	Closed - Disposition AT	S055



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1701150015

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]	<b>Cross Streets</b> COUR DE LA CELEDON/CA	<b>City</b> LOCKWOOD
-------------------------------	---	-------------------------

<b>Incident Type</b> CITZAST - CITIZEN ASSIST	<b>Call Taker</b> S055	<b>Dispatcher</b> S125
--	---------------------------	---------------------------

<b>Date</b> 01/15/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D4	<b>Beat</b> 4	<b>Fire Zone</b> 41	<b>Area</b> 6	<b>Map</b> 201	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL
---------------------------	----------------------	---------------------------	------------------	------------------------	------------------	-------------------	---------------------------------

<b>Caller Name</b> SEEGER, JENNIFER	<b>Caller Address</b> [REDACTED]	<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]
--	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

<b>Dispositions</b> Assisted as needed (Case # ? )	<b>Weapon</b>	<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>
---	---------------	------------------	--------------------

<b>Vehicles</b>	<b>Associated Incidents</b>
-----------------	-----------------------------

<b>Incident Times</b> Received 18:00:00 Created 18:02:05 Dispatched 18:32:01 En Route On Scene 18:32:04 Closed 18:34:39 Rcvd-Closed 34:39	<b>Special Circumstances</b>  <b>Persons</b> <b>Sex</b> <b>DOB</b> <b>Race</b> <b>DL</b>
--	--

<b>Unit Times</b> <b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>
D4      S041	18:32:01		18:32:04	18:34:39	00:03	N/A	02:35	02:38

**Incident Comments**  
CIVIL STANDBY - CHILD CUSTODY EXCHANGE - WILL MEET AT THE LW SUB AT 1830

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
18:02:05	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S055
18:32:01	2	D4 DISP. [REDACTED]	S125
18:32:04	3	D4 10-23.	S125
18:34:39	4	D4 10-8. CIVIL STANDBY COMPLETE	S125
18:34:39	5	D4 Closed - Disposition AS	S125

**STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE****CAD INCIDENT REPORT**

1704300033

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> GOLDEN GATE GAS STATION, 500 USA PKWY				<b>Cross Streets</b> WALTHAM/I 80			<b>City</b> MCCARRAN																																									
<b>Incident Type</b> JUVENILE - JUVENILE INCIDENT / RUNAWAY				<b>Call Taker</b> S055			<b>Dispatcher</b>																																									
<b>Date</b> 04/30/2017	<b>Priority</b> 2	<b>Primary Unit</b>	<b>Beat</b> 5	<b>Fire Zone</b>	<b>Area</b>	<b>Map</b>	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL																																									
<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] BRAIN				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]																																								
<b>Dispositions</b> Action Taken (Case #)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>																																								
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>																																											
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>																																														
Received	16:26:27	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Persons</th> <th>Sex</th> <th>DOB</th> <th>Race</th> <th>DL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>							Persons	Sex	DOB	Race	DL																																			
Persons	Sex								DOB	Race	DL																																					
Created	16:31:30																																															
Dispatched																																																
En Route																																																
On Scene																																																
Closed	17:47:40																																															
Rcvd-Closed	1:21:13																																															
<b>Unit Times Deputies</b> <b>Dispatched</b> <b>Enroute</b> <b>On Scene</b> <b>Clear</b> <b>Disp-On Scene</b> <b>Enrt-On Scene</b> <b>On Scene-Clear</b> <b>Disp-Clear</b>																																																
<b>Incident Comments</b> RP ADVISED HE HAS CUSTODY EXCHANGE AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS AT 1900 HRS/ RP CONCERNED FOR HIS CHILD'S SAFETY/ RP STATED HIS EX HAS RECENTLY SHOWN UP AT THE EXCHANGE WITH HER BOYFRIEND IN HIS 2 SEAT FED-EX TRUCK AND THE CHILD HAS BEEN UNRESTRAINED IN THE VEHICLE/RP HAS REPORTED THIS TO CHILD SERVICES/WOULD LIKE TO SPEAK TO A DEPUTY																																																
<b>TIME</b>	<b>#</b>	<b>EVENT</b>						<b>BY</b>																																								
16:31:30	1	Incident initiated at Golden Gate Gas Station, 500 USA Pkwy, Mccarran 2						S055																																								
16:31:39	2	D2 ADVISED / HE WILL CALL THE RP						S055																																								
17:47:40	3	THE PHONE NUMBER LISTED WENT STRAIGHT TO VOICEMAIL/ NO						S134																																								
	4	MESSAGE WAS LEFT DUE TO THE VOICEMAIL NAME NOT																																														
	5	MATCHING UP WITH THE RP/ WILL BE DOING A DRIVE BY OF 500																																														
	6	USA WHEN DROP OFF OCCURS AND WILL ATTEMPT TO MAKE																																														
	7	CONTACT																																														
17:47:40	8	Closed - Disposition AT						S134																																								

**STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE****CAD INCIDENT REPORT**

1704300037

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> GOLDEN GATE GAS STATION, 500 USA PKWY				<b>Cross Streets</b> WALTHAM/I 80			<b>City</b> MCCARRAN																																					
<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S125			<b>Dispatcher</b> S125																																					
<b>Date</b> 04/30/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b>	<b>Beat</b> 5	<b>Fire Zone</b>	<b>Area</b>	<b>Map</b>	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL																																					
<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] BRIAN				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]																																				
<b>Dispositions</b> Assisted as needed (Case # ?)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>		<b>Case Number</b>																																			
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>																																							
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>																																										
<b>Received</b>	18:18:33	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Persons</th> <th>Sex</th> <th>DOB</th> <th>Race</th> <th>DL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>								Persons	Sex	DOB	Race	DL																														
Persons	Sex									DOB	Race	DL																																
<b>Created</b>	18:19:32																																											
<b>Dispatched</b>	18:43:31																																											
<b>En Route</b>	18:43:36																																											
<b>On Scene</b>																																												
<b>Closed</b>	19:00:43																																											
<b>Rcvd-Closed</b>	42:10																																											
<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>																																			
D2	S035	18:43:31	18:43:36		19:00:37	N/A	N/A	N/A	17:06																																			
<b>Incident Comments</b> CHILD EXCHANGE AT 1845HRS																																												
<b>TIME</b>	<b>#</b>	<b>EVENT</b>							<b>BY</b>																																			
18:19:32	1	Incident initiated at Golden Gate Gas Station, 500 USA Pkwy, Mccarran 3							S125																																			
18:43:31	2	D2 DISP. Golden Gate Gas Station, 500 USA Pkwy, McCarran							S125																																			
18:43:36	3	D2 10-76.							S125																																			
18:44:08	4	RP CALLED BACK AND CANCELED							S125																																			
19:00:37	5	D2 10-8. Freed							S125																																			
19:00:37	6	D2 Incident returned to pending status							S125																																			
19:00:43	7	Closed - Disposition AS							S125																																			



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT 1707250036

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]	<b>Cross Streets</b> CERCLE DE LA CERESE/R	<b>City</b> LOCKWOOD
-------------------------------	---	-------------------------

<b>Incident Type</b> CITZAST - CITIZEN ASSIST	<b>Call Taker</b> S055	<b>Dispatcher</b> S055
--	---------------------------	---------------------------

<b>Date</b> 07/25/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D2	<b>Beat</b> 4	<b>Fire Zone</b> 41	<b>Area</b> 6	<b>Map</b> 203	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL
---------------------------	----------------------	---------------------------	------------------	------------------------	------------------	-------------------	---------------------------------

<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] TANYA	<b>Caller Address</b> [REDACTED]	<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]
--	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

<b>Dispositions</b> Assisted as needed (Case # ?)	<b>Weapon</b>	<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>
--	---------------	------------------	--------------------

<b>Vehicles</b>	<b>Associated Incidents</b>
-----------------	-----------------------------

<b>Incident Times</b> Received 16:12:04 Created 16:18:42 Dispatched 16:21:37 En Route On Scene 16:24:41 Closed 16:58:56 Revd-Closed 46:52	<b>Special Circumstances</b>  <b>Persons</b> <b>Sex</b> <b>DOB</b> <b>Race</b> <b>DL</b>
--	--

<b>Unit Times</b> <b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>
D2                      S035	16:21:37		16:24:41	16:58:56	03:04	N/A	34:15	37:19

**Incident Comments**  
REQ STANDBY AT RES AND EVALUATE THE WELFARE OF THE MOTHER PICKING UP HER CHILDREN FROM HER SISTERS RES

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
16:18:43	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S055
16:20:57	2	RP AND HER FATHER [REDACTED] PHILIP CALLED THEY ARE IN	S055
	3	CONTACT WITH CPS AND CPS ADVISED THEM TO HAVE A DEPUTY	
	4	COME TO THE RESIDENCE AND EVALUATE [REDACTED] AMANDA	
	5	FOR BEING UNDER THE INFLUENCE FOR THE SAFETY FOR THE	
	6	CHILDREN.	
	7	[REDACTED] AMANDA IS EN ROUTE /ETA APPROX 10 MIN	
16:21:37	8	D2 DISP. [REDACTED]	S055
16:24:41	9	D2 10-23.	S055
16:58:56	10	D2 10-8. SUBJECT NEVER SHOWED UP/ 10-8	S136
16:58:56	11	D2 Closed - Disposition AS	S136
19:14:11	12	THE SISTER CALLED SHE OBTAINED A 24HR HOLD ON THE	S125
	13	CHILDREN/RP HAS PROPER J4	



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1711030037

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b> SAM CLEMENS AV			<b>City</b> MARK TWAIN		
-------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	---------------------------	--	--

<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S136			<b>Dispatcher</b> S136		
---	--	--	--	---------------------------	--	--	---------------------------	--	--

<b>Date</b> 11/03/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D19	<b>Beat</b> 3	<b>Fire Zone</b> 31	<b>Area</b> 5	<b>Map</b> 301	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL		
---------------------------	----------------------	----------------------------	------------------	------------------------	------------------	-------------------	---------------------------------	--	--

<b>Caller Name</b> [REDACTED] YOLANDA				<b>Caller Address</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]	
--	--	--	--	-------------------------------------	--	--	--	-----------------------------------	--

<b>Dispositions</b> Action Taken (Case #), Action Taken (Case #), Action					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>		<b>Case Number</b>
---	--	--	--	--	---------------	--	------------------	--	--------------------

<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>				
-----------------	--	--	--	--	-----------------------------	--	--	--	--

<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>							
Received	17:17:55								
Created	17:22:41								
Dispatched	17:28:51								
En Route									
On Scene									
Closed	17:29:09								
Rcvd-Closed	11:14								

Unit Times	Deputies	Dispatched	Enroute	On Scene	Clear	Disp-On Scene	Enrt-On Scene	On Scene-Clear	Disp-Clear
D19	S141	17:28:51			17:29:09	N/A	N/A	N/A	00:18
D5	S049	17:28:51			17:29:09	N/A	N/A	N/A	00:18
D19	S141	17:31:20			17:38:01	N/A	N/A	N/A	06:41
D5	S049	17:31:21			17:38:02	N/A	N/A	N/A	06:41

**Incident Comments**  
UNSTABLE MOTHER/ CALLER REQ A DEPUTY CALL HER ABOUT CHILD CUSTODY ISSUE/ CALLER IS IN CALIFORNIA AND HER DAUGHTER LIVES AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
17:22:41	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED] Mark Twain3	S136
17:28:35	2	PER D19 MESSAGE LEFT	S136
17:28:51	3	D19 DISP. [REDACTED] Mark Twain	S136
17:28:51	4	D5 DISP. [REDACTED] Mark Twain	S136
17:29:09	5	D19 10-8. CALLED LEFT MESSAGE. Disposition AT	S136
17:29:09	6	D5 10-8. CALLED LEFT MESSAGE	S136
17:29:09	7	D5 Closed - Disposition AT	S136
17:30:29	8	Reopened	S136
17:30:59	9	CALLER CALLED DISPATCH/ TRANSFERED CALLER TO D19	S136
17:31:20	10	D19 DISP. [REDACTED] Mark Twain	S136
17:31:21	11	D5 DISP. [REDACTED] Mark Twain	S136
17:38:01	12	D19 10-8. CALL TAKEN. Disposition AT	S136
17:38:02	13	D5 10-8. CALL TAKEN	S136
17:38:02	14	D5 Closed - Disposition AT	S136
18:11:34	15	RP HAS GIVEN A NEW PHONE NUMBER FOR THE DAUGHTER [REDACTED]	S134
	16	[REDACTED] WANTS TO SEE IF D19 HAS RECEIVED THE FAX	



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT 1712210010

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b> TRW WAY			<b>City</b> LOCKWOOD																																					
<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S127			<b>Dispatcher</b> S127																																					
<b>Date</b> 12/21/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> S2	<b>Beat</b> 4	<b>Fire Zone</b> 41	<b>Area</b> 6	<b>Map</b> TRW	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL																																					
<b>Caller Name</b>				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b>																																				
<b>Dispositions</b> Action Taken (Case #)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>		<b>Case Number</b>																																			
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>																																							
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>																																										
Received	09:49:22	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Persons</th> <th>Sex</th> <th>DOB</th> <th>Race</th> <th>DL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table>								Persons	Sex	DOB	Race	DL																														
Persons	Sex									DOB	Race	DL																																
Created	09:50:35																																											
Dispatched	09:50:50																																											
En Route																																												
On Scene	09:50:54																																											
Closed	10:06:39																																											
Rcvd-Closed	17:17																																											
<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>																																			
S2	S033	09:50:50		09:50:54	10:06:39	00:04	N/A	15:45	15:49																																			

**Incident Comments**  
CHILD CUSTODY ISSUE

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
09:50:35	1	Incident initiated at Lockwood, (Unknown Address)	S127
09:50:45	2	Location changed from Lockwood, (Unknown Address)	S127
09:50:45	3	to [REDACTED]	S127
09:50:50	4	S2 DISP. [REDACTED]	S127
09:50:54	5	S2 10-23.	S127
09:51:32	6	S2 CHILD CUSTODY ISSUE	S127
10:05:42	7	S2 10-23. AT THE LOCKWOOD SUB	S127
10:06:39	8	S2 10-8.	S127
10:06:39	9	S2 Closed - Disposition AT	S127



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1712230011

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b> TRW WAY			<b>City</b> LOCKWOOD	
<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM				<b>Call Taker</b> S127			<b>Dispatcher</b> S127	
<b>Date</b> 12/23/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D1	<b>Beat</b> 4	<b>Fire Zone</b> 41	<b>Area</b> 6	<b>Map</b> TRW	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL	
<b>Caller Name</b> TAUS, JEANIE				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]
<b>Dispositions</b> Action Taken (Case #), Action Taken (Case #)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>			

<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>							
<b>Received</b>	11:18:37								
<b>Created</b>	11:21:08								
<b>Dispatched</b>	11:24:00								
<b>En Route</b>									
<b>On Scene</b>									
<b>Closed</b>	11:47:31								
<b>Rcvd-Closed</b>	28:54								
<b>Persons</b>		<b>Sex</b>	<b>DOB</b>	<b>Race</b>	<b>DL</b>				
<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>
D1	S029	11:24:00			11:24:06	N/A	N/A	N/A	00:06
D1	S029	13:34:24			13:50:17	N/A	N/A	N/A	15:53

**Incident Comments**  
 13 YOM CHILD WAS WITH HIS MOM THIS WEEK AS PER CUSTODY PAPERWORK , HE CALLED HIS DAD AND HIS DAD CAME AND GOT HIM // MOM WOULD LIKE A DEPUTY TO COME TO HER RES

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
11:21:08	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S127
11:23:09	2	ADVISED D1 HE WILL CALL HER	S127
11:24:00	3	D1 DISP [REDACTED]	S127
11:24:06	4	D1 10-8. Freed	S127
11:24:06	5	D1 Incident returned to pending status	S127
11:47:23	6	SHE CAME TO THE SUB AND TOLD D1 SHE KNOWS THAT POLICE	S127
	7	WONT DO ANYTHING FOR HER NOW .. NO PAPERWORK WAS	
	8	SHOWN TO D1 , NO FUTHER ACTION NEEDED AT THIS TIME	
11:47:31	9	Closed - Disposition AT	S127
13:23:27	10	Reopened	S127
13:26:54	11	SHE IS AT THE SUB WITH HER DIVORCE PAPER WORK	S127
13:34:24	12	D1 DISP [REDACTED]	S127
13:34:34	13	D1 10-6. SUB	S127
13:50:11	14	she just called 911 to get the police number for cali , advised her this is not a 911	S127
	15	emergency // gave her the number for fremont cali pd [REDACTED]	
13:50:17	16	D1 10-8.	S127
13:50:17	17	D1 Closed - Disposition AT	S127
14:20:19	18	Incident type changed from JUVENILE to CIVIL	S066



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT 1802090011

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b> DORTORT RD/GRIZZLEY R			<b>City</b> VC HIGHLANDS		
<b>Incident Type</b> AOA - ASSIST OTHER AGENCY				<b>Call Taker</b> S139			<b>Dispatcher</b>		
<b>Date</b> 02/09/2018	<b>Priority</b> 2	<b>Primary Unit</b>	<b>Beat</b> 2	<b>Fire Zone</b> 21	<b>Area</b> 4	<b>Map</b> 154	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL		
<b>Caller Name</b> DEPUTY GLEN				<b>Caller Address</b> Pershing County S.o.				<b>Caller Phone</b> [REDACTED]	
<b>Dispositions</b> Action Taken (Case #)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>	
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>				
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>							
<b>Received</b>	03:51:28								
<b>Created</b>	03:55:49								
<b>Dispatched</b>									
<b>En Route</b>									
<b>On Scene</b>									
<b>Closed</b>	10:17:29								
<b>Rcvd-Closed</b>	6:26:01	<b>Persons</b>	<b>Sex</b>	<b>DOB</b>	<b>Race</b>	<b>DL</b>			
<b>Unit Times Deputies</b>		<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>

**Incident Comments**  
 PERSHING COUNTY CALLED AND ADVISED THAT DCFS IN PERSHING COUNTY WILL BE PLACING 2 CHILDREN WITH THEIR GRANDPARENTS IN THE HIGHLANDS AFTER A DOMESTIC THAT OCCURED IN PERSHING COUNTY

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
03:55:49	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S139
03:57:03	2	DEPTUY GLEN ADVISED THAT JENNIFER [REDACTED] WITH PERSING	S139
	3	COUNTY DCFS WILL BE CALLING TO GET AN ESCORT AND	
	4	ASSISTANCE WITH PLACING THE CHILDREN WITH GRANDPARENTS	
	5	AT [REDACTED] IN THE VC HIGHLANDS	
04:16:41	6	Incident type changed from INFO to AOA	S139
10:17:29	7	PER PERSHING COUNTY DCFS LEFT AT APPROX. 0330 HOURS AND	S066
	8	SHOULD HAVE ALREADY DROPPED OFF THE KIDS.	
10:17:29	9	Closed - Disposition AT	S066



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT

1803140066

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]				<b>Cross Streets</b> AVE DE LA ARGENT/CERC			<b>City</b> LOCKWOOD											
<b>Incident Type</b> TRESPAS - TRESPASSING				<b>Call Taker</b> S125			<b>Dispatcher</b> S125											
<b>Date</b> 03/14/2018	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D5	<b>Beat</b> 4	<b>Fire Zone</b> 41	<b>Area</b> 6	<b>Map</b> 201	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL											
<b>Caller Name</b>				<b>Caller Address</b>				<b>Caller Phone</b>										
<b>Dispositions</b> Assisted as needed (Case # ?)					<b>Weapon</b>		<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>										
<b>Vehicles</b>					<b>Associated Incidents</b>													
<b>Incident Times</b>		<b>Special Circumstances</b>																
<b>Received</b>	22:21:06	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>Persons</b></td><td><b>Sex</b></td><td><b>DOB</b></td><td><b>Race</b></td><td><b>DL</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>[REDACTED] Joshua [REDACTED]</td><td>[REDACTED]</td><td>[REDACTED]</td><td>[REDACTED]</td><td>[REDACTED]</td> </tr> </table>							<b>Persons</b>	<b>Sex</b>	<b>DOB</b>	<b>Race</b>	<b>DL</b>	[REDACTED] Joshua [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
<b>Persons</b>	<b>Sex</b>								<b>DOB</b>	<b>Race</b>	<b>DL</b>							
[REDACTED] Joshua [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]								[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]							
<b>Created</b>	22:22:05																	
<b>Dispatched</b>	22:22:09																	
<b>En Route</b>	22:22:12																	
<b>On Scene</b>	22:28:31																	
<b>Closed</b>	23:02:26																	
<b>Rcvd-Closed</b>	41:20																	
<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>									
D5	S097	22:22:09	22:22:12	22:28:31	23:02:26	06:22	06:19	33:55	40:17									

**Incident Comments**  
 THE SUBJ JUST WALKED IN TO THE HOUSE AND WILL /NEG WEAPONS/THREATENING TO TAKE THE CHILD

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
22:22:05	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S125
22:22:09	2	D5 DISP. [REDACTED]	S125
22:22:12	3	D5 10-76.	S125
22:23:13	4	THERE IS ALOT OF YELLING GOIG ON/NEG DRUGS	S125
22:25:18	5	D5 [REDACTED] JOSHUA [REDACTED] added to incident	S125
22:25:18	6	D5 DSPT Name: [REDACTED] JOSHUA [REDACTED]	S125
22:28:31	7	D5 10-23.	S125
22:38:26	8	D5 I MADE CONTACT WITH SUBJ HE IS LEAVING PREMISES RIGHT NOW	S125
22:38:50	9	D5 CODE 4	S125
23:01:42	10	D5 WAS ABLE TO SPEAK TO RP/CODE 4/NO INCIDENTS TO REPORT	S125
23:02:22	11	D5 ADVERSE PARTY DID STATE HE WILL TRY TO GET A STANDBY POSSIBLY TOMORROW	S125
23:02:26	12	D5 10-8.	S125
23:02:26	13	D5 Closed - Disposition AS	S125



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## CAD INCIDENT REPORT 1701060014

08/21/2018

<b>Location</b> [REDACTED]	<b>Cross Streets</b> COUR DE LA CELEDON/CA	<b>City</b> LOCKWOOD
-------------------------------	---	-------------------------

<b>Incident Type</b> CIVIL - ANY CIVIL PROBLEM	<b>Call Taker</b> S086	<b>Dispatcher</b> S133
---	---------------------------	---------------------------

<b>Date</b> 01/06/2017	<b>Priority</b> 3	<b>Primary Unit</b> D15	<b>Beat</b> 4	<b>Fire Zone</b> 41	<b>Area</b> 6	<b>Map</b> 201	<b>Source</b> TELEPHONE CALL
---------------------------	----------------------	----------------------------	------------------	------------------------	------------------	-------------------	---------------------------------

<b>Caller Name</b>	<b>Caller Address</b>	<b>Caller Phone</b>
--------------------	-----------------------	---------------------

<b>Dispositions</b> Action Taken (Case #)	<b>Weapon</b>	<b>Alm Level</b>	<b>Case Number</b>
--	---------------	------------------	--------------------

<b>Vehicles</b>	<b>Associated Incidents</b>
-----------------	-----------------------------

<b>Incident Times</b> Received 14:42:44 Created 14:44:01 Dispatched 18:20:56 En Route 18:21:01 On Scene 18:24:50 Closed 18:38:38 Rcvd-Closed 3:55:54	<b>Special Circumstances</b>  <b>Persons</b> <b>Sex</b> <b>DOB</b> <b>Race</b> <b>DL</b>
---	--

<b>Unit Times</b>	<b>Deputies</b>	<b>Dispatched</b>	<b>Enroute</b>	<b>On Scene</b>	<b>Clear</b>	<b>Disp-On Scene</b>	<b>Enrt-On Scene</b>	<b>On Scene-Clear</b>	<b>Disp-Clear</b>
D15	S131	18:20:56	18:21:00	18:24:50	18:38:38	03:54	03:50	13:48	17:42

**Incident Comments**  
CIVIL STAND BY FOR CHILD EXCHANGE @ 1830

TIME	#	EVENT	BY
14:44:01	1	Incident initiated at [REDACTED]	S086
18:20:56	2	D15 DISP. [REDACTED]	S133
18:21:00	3	D15 10-76.	S133
18:24:50	4	D15 10-23.	S133
18:38:38	5	D15 10-8. 10-24//10-8	S066
18:38:38	6	D15 Closed - Disposition AT	S066
[ 01/25/2018 ]			
15:02:08	7	Location changed from [REDACTED]	S127
15:02:08	8	to [REDACTED]	S127

# Exhibit 5

Incident Search Results  
Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

ED635

Inc #	Type	Date	Time	Location	Place	Dispatcher	City	Primary Unit	Primary Office
1705200001	AOA	05/20/2017	01:32:47	180/MM 22 LOCKW		S134		D8	S109
1705200002	MEDICAL	05/20/2017	03:01:17	145 N C ST	STOREY COUNTY FIRE DS	S125	V CTY	R71	
1705200003	PROPCK	05/20/2017	03:03:40	26 S B ST	COURT HOUSE	S134	V CTY	D13	S124
1705200004	PROPCK	05/20/2017	03:25:59	500 SAM CLEMEN	MARK TWAIN COMMUS	S134	MTWAIN	D13	S124
1705200005	PROPCK	05/20/2017	03:38:51		FIVE MILE FLAT	S134	VC HIGH	D13	S124
1705200006	BURNPRMT	05/20/2017	04:58:40		CANYON WY		LCKWD		
1705200007	CITZAST	05/20/2017	06:12:01		TAYLOR/E ST	S066	V CTY	D14	S107
1705200008	ACC-IN	05/20/2017	06:17:12		USA PKWY/ELECT	S086	MCCARRAN	T75	
1705200009	ACC-IN	05/20/2017	06:18:51		USA PKWY/ELECT	S066	MCCARRAN	D1	S029
1705200010	SERVICE	05/20/2017	08:00:45		1000 WILD HORSE WILD HORSE RESORT	S066	MCCARRAN	D1	S029
1705200011	TSTOPS	05/20/2017	08:43:35		1580/SIERRA SUMM	S066	RENO	P305	
1705200012	ALT SENT	05/20/2017	09:03:33			S066	SPARKS	P305	
1705200013	PKGPROB	05/20/2017	09:07:35		E SUTTON/N C	S066	V CTY	D14	S107
1705200014	ALT SENT	05/20/2017	09:24:02			S066	RENO	P305	
1705200015	ALT SENT	05/20/2017	10:05:13			S066	RENO	P305	
1705200016	911HU	05/20/2017	11:17:55				WDSWTH		
1705200017	PROPCK	05/20/2017	11:19:48		BOARDWALK	S066	V CTY	D14	S107
1705200018	MEDICAL	05/20/2017	11:41:10		500 WALTHAM MARS PET CARE	S066	MCCARRAN	R75	
1705200019	DOG CALL	05/20/2017	12:27:35				V CTY		
1705200020	PROPCK	05/20/2017	13:00:52		BOARDWALK	S066	V CTY	D5	S049
1705200021	DOG CALL	05/20/2017	13:36:58	911 SR 341	STOREY COUNTY SHERIFFS	S066	V CTY	C6	S132
1705200022	MEDICAL	05/20/2017	14:55:32		199 SIX MILE CAN LYON STATION 38	S066	DYTN	R71	
1705200023	ACC-PD	05/20/2017	15:17:05		351 N C ST VC GAS STATION	S066	V CTY	D6	S087
1705200024	ACC-PD	05/20/2017	15:17:16		351 N C ST VC GAS STATION	S066	V CTY	E71	
1705200025	AOA	05/20/2017	17:47:24	911 SR 341	STOREY COUNTY SHERIFFS	S066	V CTY	C3	S126
1705200026	VEHFIRE	05/20/2017	18:56:27		150 TOLL RD	S134	V CTY	E71	
1705200027	VEHFIRE	05/20/2017	18:58:59		150 E. TOLL RD - N	S125	GOLDHILL	D6	S087
1705200028	CITZAST	05/20/2017	19:08:36			S125	V CTY	D6	S087
1705200029	TSTOPS	05/20/2017	20:48:55		SR 341/SEVEN MIL	S125	VC HIGH	D13	S124
1705200030	TRESPAS	05/20/2017	21:13:18		50 CEMETERY RD CEMETERY	S125	V CTY	D13	S124
1705200031	TSTOPS	05/20/2017	21:26:17		R ST/MILL	S125	V CTY	D13	S124
1705200032	INFO	05/20/2017	23:00:29		JEFFCOAT, HUGH		LCKWD		

32 Incidents

**Incident Search Results**  
**Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017**

Case #	Recd Time	Disp Time	Enrt Time	OS Time	Clear Time	Tow District
	01:31:00	01:33:38	01:33:44		01:57:36	
	03:00:33	03:01:54			03:28:55	
	03:03:20			03:03:40	03:03:46	
	03:25:35			03:25:59	03:26:03	
	03:38:00			03:38:51	03:38:56	
	04:56:10				12:58:15	
	06:11:23	06:22:27	06:25:08		06:27:41	
	06:16:19	06:19:06	06:22:19	06:26:40	06:50:10	
17-377	06:16:19	06:18:57	06:19:09	06:29:17	07:00:57	
	08:00:20			08:00:45	08:07:54	
	08:42:43			08:43:35	08:51:08	
	09:02:52			09:03:33	09:11:40	
	09:05:59			09:07:35	09:08:59	
	09:23:24			09:24:02	09:51:46	
	10:04:39			10:05:13	10:09:29	
	11:15:48				11:18:24	
	11:19:22			11:19:48	12:43:04	
	11:40:45			11:41:10	11:52:14	
	12:24:51				12:58:11	
	13:00:31			13:00:52	13:52:46	
17-378	13:36:03	13:37:02			13:37:15	
	14:55:07	14:56:09	14:57:10	16:10:26	16:10:31	
17-379	15:12:56	15:17:22	15:18:28	15:18:46	16:11:33	
	15:12:56	15:18:19		15:20:43	15:24:11	
17-380	17:46:54	17:47:28		17:47:33	23:25:10	
	18:53:56	18:58:16	18:58:59		19:36:28	
	18:53:56	18:59:02	18:59:06		19:17:39	
	19:06:05	19:18:57	19:19:00	19:22:16	19:22:31	
	20:48:02			20:48:55	20:51:41	
	21:11:33	21:14:49	21:14:52	21:17:54	21:20:46	
	21:25:17			21:26:17	21:32:02	
	22:57:33				13:45:40	

ED636

**STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE**  
**Incident Search Results**  
**Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017**

Hold For U



ED637



STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text	
05/20/2017	00:00:55	D13			OFF. CODE 4	
05/20/2017	00:09:19	D13			10-8 - on duty Beats: 1,2,3: [REDACTED] Brett [REDACTED]	
05/20/2017	00:09:24	D13			10-8. CODE 4	
05/20/2017	00:12:41	D13			CODE 7. 205	
05/20/2017	00:33:33				S124 signed on to position 12	
05/20/2017	00:35:39	D8			10-8. CODE 4	
05/20/2017	00:45:28				S124 signed off from position 12	
05/20/2017	00:45:58				S124 signed on to position 12 for Reports	
05/20/2017	00:51:00				S124 signed off RIMS Reports from position 12	
05/20/2017	00:51:17				S124 signed on to position 12	
05/20/2017	00:51:44	D13			10-8.	
05/20/2017	01:32:47		1705200001		Incident initiated at I80/MM 22 Lockwood	2
05/20/2017	01:33:27				S109 signed off from position 22	
05/20/2017	01:33:38	D8	1705200001	AOA	DISP. I80/MM 22 Lockwood	
05/20/2017	01:33:44	D8	1705200001	AOA	10-76.	
05/20/2017	01:34:11		17052000010003	1548	DSPT Veh: 69B606/NV	
05/20/2017	01:35:32		1705200001		SPARKS TERMINATING PURSUIT/ NHP IS STILL EN ROUTE	
05/20/2017	01:39:50	D8	1705200001		ATL IN THE AREA OF I 80/ PATRICK	
05/20/2017	01:39:50	D8	17052000010003	1549	DSPT Veh: 69B606/NV	
05/20/2017	01:39:53		1705200001	AOA	Incident comments changed	
05/20/2017	01:51:55	D13			10-8. CODE 4	
05/20/2017	01:52:45	D8	1705200001		CODE 4	
05/20/2017	01:57:36	D8	1705200001	AOA	10-8. FROM I 80 EB TO ORCHARD/ ORCHARD WB TO PATRICK	
05/20/2017	01:57:37	D8	1705200001		Closed - Disposition UT	
05/20/2017	02:11:26				S109 signed on to position 22	
05/20/2017	02:27:10				S124 signed off from position 12	
05/20/2017	02:29:09				S109 signed off from position 22	
05/20/2017	02:33:23	D13			10-6.	
05/20/2017	02:38:15				Same error msg 4 times in 1 minute: No more messages	
05/20/2017	02:47:14	D8			10-8. CODE 4	
05/20/2017	02:59:54	D13			10-8.	
05/20/2017	03:01:17		1705200002		Incident initiated at Storey County Fire Department, 145 N C St, Virgin1	
05/20/2017	03:01:54	R71	1705200002	MEDICAL	DISP. Storey County Fire Department, 145 N C St, Virginia City	
05/20/2017	03:01:56	R71	17052000020000	719	Fire Inc # 17-0000719 assigned to 01705200002	
05/20/2017	03:01:57	R71	1705200002		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	03:02:22	R71	1705200002		IN STATION COVERAGE	
05/20/2017	03:02:31	R71	1705200002	MEDICAL	QTRS.	
05/20/2017	03:03:40	D13	1705200003		Incident initiated at Court House, 26 S B St, Virginia City	3
05/20/2017	03:03:40	D13	1705200003	PROPCK	10-23. Court House, 26 S B St, Virginia City	
05/20/2017	03:03:46	D13	1705200003	PROPCK	10-8.	
05/20/2017	03:03:46	D13	1705200003		Closed - Disposition PC	
05/20/2017	03:05:15	D13			10-8. NV 389LVZ	
05/20/2017	03:10:19	D8			10-8. BEAT 5	
05/20/2017	03:15:18	D13			10-8. BEAT 3	



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	03:25:59	D13	1705200004		Incident initiated at Mark Twain Community Center, 500 Sam Clemens Av, 3
05/20/2017	03:25:59	D13	1705200004	PROPCK	10-23. Mark Twain Community Center, 500 Sam Clemens Av, Mark Twain
05/20/2017	03:26:03	D13	1705200004	PROPCK	10-8.
05/20/2017	03:26:04	D13	1705200004		Closed - Disposition PC
05/20/2017	03:27:58		1705190022		PER LYON CAN RELEASE
05/20/2017	03:28:25	R72	1705200002	MEDICAL	DISP. Storey County Fire Department, 145 N C St, Virginia City
05/20/2017	03:28:27	R72	1705200002		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	03:28:37	R72	1705200002	MEDICAL	QTRS.
05/20/2017	03:28:47	R72	1705200002	MEDICAL	10-8. Freed
05/20/2017	03:28:50	R72			QTRS.
05/20/2017	03:28:55	R71	1705200002	MEDICAL	10-8.
05/20/2017	03:28:55	R71	1705200002		Closed - Disposition AA
05/20/2017	03:28:56	R71	1705200002		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	03:29:00	R71			QTRS.
05/20/2017	03:38:51	D13	1705200005		Incident initiated at Five Mile Flat, [REDACTED] VC Highlands 3
05/20/2017	03:38:51	D13	1705200005	PROPCK	10-23. Five Mile Flat, [REDACTED] VC Highlands
05/20/2017	03:38:56	D13	1705200005	PROPCK	10-8.
05/20/2017	03:38:56	D13	1705200005		Closed - Disposition PC
05/20/2017	03:56:38	D13			10-8. BT 1
05/20/2017	04:00:23				Nightly Tasks Job Started
05/20/2017	04:00:24				Nightly Tasks Job Completed
05/20/2017	04:01:57				S124 signed on to position 12
05/20/2017	04:05:26	D8			10-8. CODE 4
05/20/2017	04:05:57				S124 signed off from position 12
05/20/2017	04:52:59	D13			10-8. BET 2
05/20/2017	04:53:08	D13			10-8. BEAT 2
05/20/2017	04:53:30	D8			10-8. CODE 4
05/20/2017	04:58:40		1705200006		Incident initiated at Canyon Wy, Lockwood 3
05/20/2017	05:31:54	C5			10-8 - on duty Beats: 1,2,3: [REDACTED] David.
05/20/2017	05:32:22	D14			10-8 - on duty Beats: 1,2,3: [REDACTED] Brooke.
05/20/2017	05:32:29	C5			911. DETENTION
05/20/2017	05:32:40	D14			10-6. RADAR
05/20/2017	05:40:16				S126 signed off InCustody from position 6
05/20/2017	05:40:20				S126 signed off from position 6
05/20/2017	05:40:42				S129 signed on to position 6
05/20/2017	05:40:54				S129 signed on to incustody from position 6
05/20/2017	05:41:09	D13			10-8. CODE 4
05/20/2017	05:41:18	D13			10-76. BEAT 4
05/20/2017	05:41:33	D8			10-8. CODE 4
05/20/2017	05:41:39	D7			OFF.
05/20/2017	05:42:50	C3			OFF.
05/20/2017	05:44:22	D8			10-6. LW SUB
05/20/2017	05:48:31	RADAR			10-6. SR 341/ B ST
05/20/2017	05:48:37	D14			10-8. BEAT 1



Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text	
05/20/2017	05:51:57				S134 signed off from position 1	
05/20/2017	05:53:19				S066 signed on to position 1	
05/20/2017	05:53:44	D1			10-8 - on duty Beats: 4,5,6 [REDACTED] John-Michael.	
05/20/2017	05:53:49				S125 signed off from position 2	
05/20/2017	05:54:59	D13			OFF.	
05/20/2017	05:55:27				S029 signed on to position 22	
05/20/2017	05:55:39	C6			10-8 - on duty [REDACTED] James.	
05/20/2017	05:55:49	C6			911. DETENTION	
05/20/2017	05:56:39				S029 signed off from position 22	
05/20/2017	05:58:20	D14		00031550	DSPT Veh: 122CCC/NV	
05/20/2017	06:02:52				S086 signed on to position 2	
05/20/2017	06:04:52	D14			10-8. BEAT 3	
05/20/2017	06:05:58				S029 signed on to position 22	
05/20/2017	06:07:33	D13			10-8 - on duty: [REDACTED] Brett [REDACTED]	
05/20/2017	06:07:42	D13			10-8. BEAT 4 FUEL	
05/20/2017	06:07:46	D8			OFF.	
05/20/2017	06:11:25				S029 signed off from position 22	
05/20/2017	06:12:01		1705200007		Incident initiated at Taylor/E St, Virginia City	3
05/20/2017	06:12:35	D13			OFF.	
05/20/2017	06:17:12		1705200008		Incident initiated at USA Pkwy/Electric Avenue, McCarran	1
05/20/2017	06:17:36		1705200008	ACC-IN	Incident comments changed	
05/20/2017	06:18:51		1705200009		Incident copied from incident 1705200008	
05/20/2017	06:18:51		1705200008		Duplicated incident as incident 1705200009	
05/20/2017	06:18:57	D1	1705200009	ACC-IN	DISP. USA Pkwy/Electric Avenue, McCarran	
05/20/2017	06:19:06	T75	1705200008	ACC-IN	DISP. USA Pkwy/Electric Avenue, McCarran	
05/20/2017	06:19:06	R75	1705200008	ACC-IN	DISP. USA Pkwy/Electric Avenue, McCarran	
05/20/2017	06:19:07	T75	1705200008	0000720	Fire Inc # 17-0000720 assigned to 01705200008	
05/20/2017	06:19:08	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	06:19:08	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	06:19:09	D1	1705200009	ACC-IN	10-76.	
05/20/2017	06:19:22		1705200008	ACC-IN	Incident comments changed	
05/20/2017	06:21:50		1705200007		FD WILL BE ENROUTE TO ASSIST/NO TONES	
05/20/2017	06:22:16	FOAM	75		10-76.	
05/20/2017	06:22:17	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	06:22:18	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	06:22:19	T75	1705200008	ACC-IN	10-76.	
05/20/2017	06:22:20	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	06:22:20	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	06:22:21	R75	1705200008	ACC-IN	10-76.	
05/20/2017	06:22:23	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	06:22:23	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	06:22:24	FOAM	75		QTRS.	
05/20/2017	06:22:25	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	06:22:25	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	



STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	06:22:27	D14	1705200007	CITZAST	DISP. Taylor/E St, Virginia City
05/20/2017	06:25:08	D14	1705200007	CITZAST	10-76.
05/20/2017	06:26:40	R75	1705200008	ACC-IN	10-23.
05/20/2017	06:26:42	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:26:42	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:26:43	T75	1705200008	ACC-IN	10-23.
05/20/2017	06:26:44	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:26:45	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:27:15	T75	1705200008		will be on electric/electric command/arroyo ic/vehs are in the north bound lane
05/20/2017	06:27:41	D14	1705200007	CITZAST	10-8.
05/20/2017	06:27:41	D14	1705200007		Closed - Disposition AT
05/20/2017	06:29:02	D1	1705200009		D1 ADVISED FD ON SCENE VEH ARE BLOCKING NB TRAFFIC
05/20/2017	06:29:17	D1	1705200009	ACC-IN	10-23.
05/20/2017	06:33:32	R75	1705200008		SCENE TURNED OVER TO SO/SCENE SECURED
05/20/2017	06:33:37	R75	1705200008	ACC-IN	RTNQTR.
05/20/2017	06:33:38	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:33:39	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:33:41	T75	1705200008		TERM COMMAND
05/20/2017	06:33:46	T75	1705200008	ACC-IN	RTNQTR.
05/20/2017	06:33:47	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:33:47	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:39:21	R75	1705200008	ACC-IN	QTRS.
05/20/2017	06:39:27	T75	1705200008	ACC-IN	QTRS.
05/20/2017	06:44:01	D1	1705200009		Case number 17-377 assigned to 1705200009
05/20/2017	06:44:49	D1	1705200009		██████████ MALICK ██████████ added to incident
05/20/2017	06:44:49	D1	170520000900031551		DSPT Name: ██████████ MALICK - ██████████
05/20/2017	06:45:32	D1	1705200009		██████████ TYLER ██████████ added to incident
05/20/2017	06:45:32	D1	170520000900031552		DSPT Name: ██████████ TYLER ██████████
05/20/2017	06:46:20	D1	170520000900031553		DSPT Veh: KING3T/NV
05/20/2017	06:46:21		1705200009		Vehicle (KING3T NV) added to incident
05/20/2017	06:46:44	D1	170520000900031554		DSPT Veh: 81E958/NV
05/20/2017	06:46:45		1705200009		Vehicle (81E958 NV) added to incident
05/20/2017	06:50:07	T75	1705200008	ACC-IN	10-8. . Disposition SS
05/20/2017	06:50:08	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:50:08	T75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:50:10	R75	1705200008	ACC-IN	10-8.
05/20/2017	06:50:10	R75	1705200008		Closed - Disposition SS
05/20/2017	06:50:12	R75	1705200008		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	06:50:29	R75			QTRS.
05/20/2017	06:50:37	T75			QTRS.
05/20/2017	07:00:57	D1	1705200009	ACC-IN	10-8.
05/20/2017	07:00:58	D1	1705200009		Closed - Disposition RT
05/20/2017	07:03:53		1705190005	BATTERY	Reopened
05/20/2017	07:03:58	D1	1705190005	BATTERY	DISP. Tesla, 1 Electric Ave, McCarran



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text	
05/20/2017	07:04:41	D1	1705190005	BATTERY	10-23. HOT AIR MECHANICAL FOLLOW UP	
05/20/2017	07:41:10				S107 signed on to position 12	
05/20/2017	07:50:28	D1	1705190005	BATTERY	10-8. 10-24	
05/20/2017	07:50:28	D1	1705190005		Closed - Disposition RT	
05/20/2017	07:55:52	D14			205.	
05/20/2017	08:00:45	D1	1705200010		Incident initiated at Wild Horse Resort & Spa, 1000 Wild Horse Canyon D3	
05/20/2017	08:00:45	D1	1705200010	SERVICE	10-23. Wild Horse Resort & Spa, 1000 Wild Horse Canyon Dr #A, Sparks	
05/20/2017	08:07:54	D1	1705200010	SERVICE	10-8. civil number 17216	
05/20/2017	08:07:54	D1	1705200010		Closed - Disposition JS	
05/20/2017	08:08:37		1705200010		correction civil # 10276	
05/20/2017	08:17:12				S107 signed off from position 12	
05/20/2017	08:21:57	D14			10-8.	
05/20/2017	08:31:24	P305			10-8 - on duty.	
05/20/2017	08:31:24	P305			Equip: P305 is a temporary unit	
05/20/2017	08:31:36	P320			10-8 - on duty.	
05/20/2017	08:31:36	P320			Equip: P320 is a temporary unit	
05/20/2017	08:31:55	D1			10-8. BEAT 4	
05/20/2017	08:43:35	P305	1705200011		at I580/SIERRA Summit, Reno	1
05/20/2017	08:43:35		1705200011	TSTOPS	Unverified location: I580/SIERRA Summit, Reno	
05/20/2017	08:43:35	P305	1705200011	TSTOPS	10-23. I580/SIERRA Summit, Reno	
05/20/2017	08:43:35	P320	1705200011	TSTOPS	10-76. I580/SIERRA Summit, Reno	
05/20/2017	08:43:36	P320	1705200011	TSTOPS	10-23.	
05/20/2017	08:43:36	P305	170520001100031555		Canadian DMV check (N): 55C778/N	
05/20/2017	08:45:11	P305	170520001100031556		DSPT Veh: 55C778/NV	
05/20/2017	08:51:07	P305	1705200011	TSTOPS	10-8. . Disposition WA	
05/20/2017	08:51:08	P320	1705200011	TSTOPS	10-8.	
05/20/2017	08:51:08	P320	1705200011		Closed - Disposition WA	
05/20/2017	09:03:33	P305	1705200012		Incident initiated at ██████████ Sparks	3
05/20/2017	09:03:33		1705200012	ALT SENT	Unverified location: ██████████ Sparks	
05/20/2017	09:03:33	P305	1705200012	ALT SENT	10-23. ██████████ Sparks	
05/20/2017	09:03:33	P320	1705200012	ALT SENT	10-76. ██████████ Sparks	
05/20/2017	09:03:34	P320	1705200012	ALT SENT	10-23.	
05/20/2017	09:07:35	D14	1705200013		Incident initiated at E Sutton/N C, Virginia City	2
05/20/2017	09:07:35	D14	1705200013	PKGPROB	10-23. E Sutton/N C, Virginia City	
05/20/2017	09:07:35	D14	170520001300031557		DSPT Veh: 122AWK/NV	
05/20/2017	09:07:50	D14	1705200013		OUT ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE THE DRIVER.	
05/20/2017	09:08:09		1705200013	PKGPROB	Incident comments changed	
05/20/2017	09:08:59	D14	1705200013	PKGPROB	10-8.	
05/20/2017	09:08:59	D14	1705200013		DRIVER HAS BEEN LOCATED AND ADVISED THAT IS A NO PARKING ZONE. HE	
05/20/2017	09:08:59	D14	1705200013		WILL BE MOVING THE VEHICLE	
05/20/2017	09:08:59	D14	1705200013		Closed - Disposition WA	
05/20/2017	09:11:40	P305	1705200012	ALT SENT	10-8. CHECKED OK . Disposition AT	
05/20/2017	09:11:40	P320	1705200012	ALT SENT	10-8. CHECKED OK	
05/20/2017	09:11:40	P320	1705200012		Closed - Disposition AT	



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text	
05/20/2017	09:24:02	P305	1705200014		Incident initiated at [REDACTED] Reno	1
05/20/2017	09:24:02		1705200014	ALT SENT	Unverified location [REDACTED] Reno	
05/20/2017	09:24:02	P305	1705200014	ALT SENT	10-23. [REDACTED] Reno	
05/20/2017	09:24:02	P320	1705200014	ALT SENT	10-76. [REDACTED] Reno	
05/20/2017	09:24:02	P320	1705200014	ALT SENT	10-23.	
05/20/2017	09:27:13	R72			10-76. 71	
05/20/2017	09:37:01				Searched INCIDENT: Type Beginning With DOG	
05/20/2017	09:37:41	R72			10-6. 71	
05/20/2017	09:41:56				Searched PET: Gender Beginning With MALE, City - Owner Beginning With VIRGINIA CITY	
05/20/2017	09:42:38				Searched PET: Zip - Owner Beginning With 89440, Gender Beginning With M	
05/20/2017	09:49:40				Searched INCIDENT: Type Beginning With DOG	
05/20/2017	09:51:46	P305	1705200014	ALT SENT	10-8. CHECKED OK . Disposition AT	
05/20/2017	09:51:46	P320	1705200014	ALT SENT	10-8. CHECKED OK	
05/20/2017	09:51:46	P320	1705200014		Closed - Disposition AT	
05/20/2017	10:05:13	P305	1705200015		Incident initiated at [REDACTED] Reno	1
05/20/2017	10:05:13		1705200015	ALT SENT	Unverified location [REDACTED] Reno	
05/20/2017	10:05:14	P305	1705200015	ALT SENT	10-23. [REDACTED] Reno	
05/20/2017	10:05:14	P320	1705200015	ALT SENT	10-76. [REDACTED] Reno	
05/20/2017	10:05:14	P320	1705200015	ALT SENT	10-23.	
05/20/2017	10:09:28	P305	1705200015	ALT SENT	10-8. NEG CONTACT . Disposition AT	
05/20/2017	10:09:29	P320	1705200015	ALT SENT	10-8. NEG CONTACT	
05/20/2017	10:09:29	P320	1705200015		Closed - Disposition AT	
05/20/2017	10:40:36				S029 signed on to position 22	
05/20/2017	10:53:31	P305			OFF.	
05/20/2017	10:53:31	P320			OFF.	
05/20/2017	11:09:42	D1			10-8. CODE 4	
05/20/2017	11:10:08	D14			10-8. CODE 4	
05/20/2017	11:17:00				S037 signed on to position 12	
05/20/2017	11:17:55		1705200016		Incident initiated at 102 Ranch Rd - Se Secto	1
05/20/2017	11:18:11				S037 signed off from position 12	
05/20/2017	11:18:24		1705200016		CAME IN WITH A 911 PRE FIX UNABLE TO RE CONTACT	
05/20/2017	11:18:24		1705200016911HU		Closed - Disposition AT	
05/20/2017	11:19:48	D14	1705200017		Incident initiated at Boardwalk, Virginia City	3
05/20/2017	11:19:48	D14	1705200017	PROPCK	10-23. Boardwalk, Virginia City	
05/20/2017	11:41:10	R75	1705200018		Incident initiated at Mars Pet Care, 500 Waltham, McCarran	1
05/20/2017	11:41:10	R75	1705200018	MEDICAL	10-23. Mars Pet Care, 500 Waltham, McCarran	
05/20/2017	11:41:11	R75	1705200018	0000721	Fire Inc # 17-0000721 assigned to 01705200018	
05/20/2017	11:41:12	R75	1705200018		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	11:41:14	T75	1705200018	MEDICAL	DISP, Mars Pet Care, 500 Waltham, McCarran	
05/20/2017	11:41:16	R75	1705200018		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	11:41:16	T75	1705200018		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	11:41:17	T75	1705200018	MEDICAL	10-23.	
05/20/2017	11:41:18	R75	1705200018		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	11:41:19	T75	1705200018		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text	
05/20/2017	11:52:11	R75	1705200018	MEDICAL	10-8. . Disposition AM	
05/20/2017	11:52:12	R75	1705200018		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	11:52:12	T75	1705200018		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	11:52:13	R75	1705200018		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	11:52:14	T75	1705200018	MEDICAL	10-8.	
05/20/2017	11:52:14	T75	1705200018		Closed - Disposition AM	
05/20/2017	11:52:16	T75	1705200018		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting	
05/20/2017	11:52:18	R75			10-6. MARS	
05/20/2017	11:52:21	T75			10-6. MARS	
05/20/2017	12:01:29	D5			10-8 - on duty Beats: 1,2,3: Gaunt, Dan.	
05/20/2017	12:14:37				S029 signed off from position 22	
05/20/2017	12:22:38				S029 signed on to position 22	
05/20/2017	12:27:35		1705200019		Incident initiated at [REDACTED] Virginia City	3
05/20/2017	12:27:41	R75			QTRS.	
05/20/2017	12:27:44	T75			QTRS.	
05/20/2017	12:28:04		1705200019		OK TO GIVE OUT PHONE NUMBER	
05/20/2017	12:29:42		1705200019		D5 ADVISED	
05/20/2017	12:30:41	D5			10-8. BEAT 1	
05/20/2017	12:43:04	D14	1705200017	PROPCK	10-8.	
05/20/2017	12:43:04	D14	1705200017		Closed - Disposition PC	
05/20/2017	12:43:08	D14			205.	
05/20/2017	12:55:45				S029 signed off from position 22	
05/20/2017	12:58:11		1705200019		k9 has been located	
05/20/2017	12:58:11		1705200019	DOG CALL	Closed - Disposition AT	
05/20/2017	12:58:15		1705200006	BURNPRMTC	Closed - Disposition CB	
05/20/2017	13:00:52	D5	1705200020		Incident initiated at Boardwalk, Virginia City	3
05/20/2017	13:00:52	D5	1705200020	PROPCK	10-23. Boardwalk, Virginia City	
05/20/2017	13:01:04	D14	1705200020	PROPCK	DISP. Boardwalk, Virginia City	
05/20/2017	13:01:08	D14	1705200020	PROPCK	10-23.	
05/20/2017	13:27:34	D1			10-6. FOLLOW IN SPARKS	
05/20/2017	1:28:35				S086 logged off by Windows Shutdown	
05/20/2017	13:36:58		1705200021		Incident initiated at Storey County Sheriff Office Det, 911 Sr 341, Vir3	
05/20/2017	13:37:02	C6	1705200021	DOG CALL	DISP, Storey County Sheriff Office Det, 911 Sr 341, Virginia City	
05/20/2017	13:37:05	C6	1705200021		Case number 17-378 assigned to 1705200021	
05/20/2017	13:37:15	C6	1705200021	DOG CALL	10-8.	
05/20/2017	13:37:15	C6	1705200021		Closed - Disposition RT	
05/20/2017	13:37:20	C6			911. DETENTION	
05/20/2017	13:42:48	D14	1705200020	PROPCK	10-8.	
05/20/2017	13:42:51	D14			205.	
05/20/2017	13:42:53				S049 signed on to position 12	
05/20/2017	13:52:46	D5	1705200020	PROPCK	10-8.	
05/20/2017	13:52:46	D5	1705200020		Closed - Disposition PC	
05/20/2017	13:52:48	D5			205.	
05/20/2017	13:56:58	D14			10-8.	



Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	14:25:13	D1			10-8.
05/20/2017	14:37:20	D6			10-8 - on duty Beats: 1,2,3: [REDACTED] Joseph.
05/20/2017	14:52:59				S049 signed off from position 12
05/20/2017	14:54:16	D14			10-8. NV 695LMU CONTACT OWNER ADVISE TO MOVE VEH
05/20/2017	14:54:59				/CONTACTED JAMES [REDACTED] HE WILL MOVE VEH
05/20/2017	14:55:02	D5			10-8.
05/20/2017	14:55:32		1705200022		Incident initiated at Lyon Station 38, 199 Six Mile Canyon Rd, Dayton 1
05/20/2017	14:55:47	D14			10-8. MADE CONTACT WITH RO HE IS MOVING VEH
05/20/2017	14:56:09	R71	1705200022	MEDICAL	DISP. Lyon Station 38, 199 Six Mile Canyon Rd, Dayton
05/20/2017	14:56:10	R71	1705200022	0000722	Fire Inc # 17-0000722 assigned to 01705200022
05/20/2017	14:56:10	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	14:57:00	R72	1705200022	MEDICAL	DISP. Lyon Station 38, 199 Six Mile Canyon Rd, Dayton
05/20/2017	14:57:00	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	14:57:01	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	14:57:10	R72	1705200022	MEDICAL	10-76. SWITCHING TO LYON COUNTY
05/20/2017	14:57:11	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	14:57:12	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	14:57:14	R71	1705200022	MEDICAL	10-8.
05/20/2017	14:57:14	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	14:57:15	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	14:57:15	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	14:57:19	R71			QTRS.
05/20/2017	14:57:20	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	14:57:20	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:17:05		1705200023		Incident initiated at VC Gas Station, 351 N C St, Virginia City 1
05/20/2017	15:17:05		1705200023	00031558	DSPT Veh: 31E823 /NV
05/20/2017	15:17:16		1705200024		Incident copied from incident 1705200023
05/20/2017	15:17:16		1705200023		Duplicated incident as incident 1705200024
05/20/2017	15:17:22	D6	1705200023	ACC-PD	DISP. VC Gas Station, 351 N C St, Virginia City
05/20/2017	15:17:22	D14	1705200023	ACC-PD	DISP. VC Gas Station, 351 N C St, Virginia City
05/20/2017	15:18:19	E71	1705200024	ACC-PD	DISP. VC Gas Station, 351 N C St, Virginia City
05/20/2017	15:18:20	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:18:21	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:18:21	E71	1705200024	0000723	Fire Inc # 17-0000723 assigned to 01705200024
05/20/2017	15:18:22	E71	1705200024		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:18:28	D6	1705200023	ACC-PD	10-76.
05/20/2017	15:18:44	D14	1705200023	ACC-PD	10-76.
05/20/2017	15:18:46	D14	1705200023	ACC-PD	10-23.
05/20/2017	15:18:48	D6	1705200023	ACC-PD	10-23.
05/20/2017	15:19:10				S029 signed on to position 22
05/20/2017	15:20:26	D6	1705200023		out with rp
05/20/2017	15:20:43	E71	1705200024	ACC-PD	10-23. C ST COMMAND STREETER IC R72 CAN STAGE
05/20/2017	15:20:45	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:20:45	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting

**STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE****Log Search Results****Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017**

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	15:20:46	E71	1705200024		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:21:27	E71	1705200024		rls by so
05/20/2017	15:22:22	E71	1705200024	ACC-PD	RTNQTR.
05/20/2017	15:22:23	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:22:24	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:22:25	E71	1705200024		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:23:33		1705200024		r72 copy
05/20/2017	15:23:44	R72	1705200022		rls by lyon county
05/20/2017	15:23:47	R72	1705200022	MEDICAL	RTNQTR.
05/20/2017	15:23:48	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:23:49	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:23:49	E71	1705200024		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:24:00	E71	1705200024	ACC-PD	QTRS.
05/20/2017	15:24:01	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:24:02	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:24:11	E71	1705200024	ACC-PD	10-8.
05/20/2017	15:24:11	E71	1705200024		Closed - Disposition SS
05/20/2017	15:24:12	E71	1705200024		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	15:24:14	E71			QTRS.
05/20/2017	15:24:57	D6	170520002300031559		DSPT Veh: 569ZCR/NV
05/20/2017	15:24:58		1705200023		Vehicle (569ZCR NV) added to incident
05/20/2017	15:27:18	D6	1705200023		it will be a 10-50
05/20/2017	15:27:38	D6	1705200023		Case number 17-379 assigned to 1705200023
05/20/2017	15:32:38	D5			10-8. BEAT 4
05/20/2017	15:49:50		1705200023		located possible ro for nv 569zcr possible number [REDACTED] he will attempt to call his mother and have her call me.
05/20/2017	15:50:34	D6	1705200023		[REDACTED] AIMEE [REDACTED] added to incident
05/20/2017	15:50:34	D6	170520002300031560		DSPT Name: [REDACTED] AIMEE [REDACTED]
05/20/2017	15:54:05		1705200023		PER RO, GRAND SON HAS THE VEH TOM [REDACTED]
05/20/2017	16:03:13				S029 signed off from position 22
05/20/2017	16:09:00	D5			10-6. SUB J4
05/20/2017	16:09:04	D5			10-8.
05/20/2017	16:09:09	D1			10-6. SUB J4
05/20/2017	16:09:51	D6	1705200023		[REDACTED] THOMAS [REDACTED] added to incident
05/20/2017	16:09:51	D6	170520002300031561		DSPT Name: [REDACTED] THOMAS [REDACTED]
05/20/2017	16:10:26	R72	1705200022	MEDICAL	10-23. DELAY ENTRY *** 10-8 DIST 71
05/20/2017	16:10:28	R71	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	16:10:28	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	16:10:31	R72	1705200022	MEDICAL	10-8.
05/20/2017	16:10:31	R72	1705200022		Closed - Disposition AA
05/20/2017	16:10:33	R72	1705200022		Exported Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	16:10:39	R72			10-8. DIST 71
05/20/2017	16:11:21	D14	1705200023	ACC-PD	10-8.
05/20/2017	16:11:33	D6	1705200023	ACC-PD	10-8.
05/20/2017	16:11:33	D6	1705200023		Closed - Disposition RT



# STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

## Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	16:17:03				S029 signed on to position 22
05/20/2017	16:18:36				S029 signed off from position 22
05/20/2017	16:18:57				S029 signed on to position 22
05/20/2017	16:26:31				S029 signed off from position 22
05/20/2017	16:27:54		1705200023	ACC-PD	Reopened
05/20/2017	16:27:57	D6	1705200023	ACC-PD	DISP. VC Gas Station, 351 N C St, Virginia City
05/20/2017	16:28:15	D6	1705200023	ACC-PD	10-8. CITE # 28200 UNSAFE BACKING
05/20/2017	16:28:15	D6	1705200023		Closed - Disposition CI
05/20/2017	16:31:59	D14			OFF.
05/20/2017	16:32:04	D1			OFF.
05/20/2017	16:32:13	D6			205. J4
05/20/2017	16:32:18	C6			OFF.
05/20/2017	16:37:04				S087 signed on to position 12
05/20/2017	16:57:40	D5			10-6. SUB
05/20/2017	17:43:32	C3			10-8 - on duty: [REDACTED] Vernon.
05/20/2017	17:43:38	C3			911. DETENTION
05/20/2017	17:47:24		1705200025		Incident initiated at Storey County Sheriff Office Det, 911 Sr 341, Vir2
05/20/2017	17:47:28	C3	1705200025	AOA	DISP. Storey County Sheriff Office Det, 911 Sr 341, Virginia City
05/20/2017	17:47:33	C3	1705200025	AOA	10-23.
05/20/2017	17:48:32				S129 signed on to incustody from position 7
05/20/2017	17:50:06				S125 signed on to position 2
05/20/2017	17:52:21	C3	1705200025		[REDACTED] KIETH [REDACTED] added to incident
05/20/2017	17:52:21	C3	170520002500031562		DSPT Name: [REDACTED] KIETH [REDACTED]
05/20/2017	17:52:31	C3	170520002500031563		DSPT Name: [REDACTED] KIETH [REDACTED]
05/20/2017	17:53:14	C3	1705200025		Case number 17-380 assigned to 1705200025
05/20/2017	17:53:33	C5	1705200025	AOA	DISP. Storey County Sheriff Office Det, 911 Sr 341, Virginia City
05/20/2017	17:53:36	C5	1705200025	AOA	10-23.
05/20/2017	17:54:37	C5	1705200025	AOA	Primary unit changed to C5
05/20/2017	5:55:56				S066 logged off by Windows Shutdown
05/20/2017	17:59:28				S134 signed on to position 1
05/20/2017	17:59:59	R72			QTRS.
05/20/2017	18:08:58				S049 signed on to position 22
05/20/2017	18:10:19	C5	1705200025	AOA	10-8. Freed
05/20/2017	18:10:25	C5			OFF.
05/20/2017	18:10:31				S129 signed off from position 6
05/20/2017	18:48:26				S049 signed off from position 22
05/20/2017	18:56:27		1705200026		Incident initiated at 150 E. Toll Rd - N Sect, Gold Hill 3
05/20/2017	18:58:16	E71	1705200026	VEHFIRE	DISP. [REDACTED] Gold Hill
05/20/2017	18:58:17	WT71	1705200026	VEHFIRE	DISP. [REDACTED] Gold Hill
05/20/2017	18:58:17	E72	1705200026	VEHFIRE	DISP. [REDACTED] Gold Hill
05/20/2017	18:58:17	WT72	1705200026	VEHFIRE	DISP. [REDACTED] Gold Hill
05/20/2017	18:58:17	E71	17052000260000724		Fire Inc # 17-0000724 assigned to 01705200026
05/20/2017	18:58:18	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:58:18	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting



Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	18:58:19	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:58:19	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:58:53		1705200026		D6 ADVISED
05/20/2017	18:58:55	BAT701	1705200026	VEHFIRE	DISP. [REDACTED] Gold Hill
05/20/2017	18:58:56	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:58:57	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:58:57	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:58:58	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:58:59	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:58:59		1705200027		Incident copied from incident 1705200026
05/20/2017	18:58:59		1705200026		Duplicated incident as incident 1705200027
05/20/2017	18:58:59	BAT701	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-76. ATL
05/20/2017	18:59:00	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:59:01	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:59:02	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:59:02	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:59:02	D6	1705200027	VEHFIRE	DISP. [REDACTED] Gold Hill
05/20/2017	18:59:03	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:59:06	D6	1705200027	VEHFIRE	10-76. ATL
05/20/2017	18:59:37	E71	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-76. ATL VEH
05/20/2017	18:59:39	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:59:39	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:59:40	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:59:41	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	18:59:42	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:10	PV702	1705200026	VEHFIRE	DISP. [REDACTED] Gold Hill
05/20/2017	19:00:11	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:12	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:13	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:13	PV702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:14	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:14	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:15	PV702	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-76. ATL VEH
05/20/2017	19:00:17	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:17	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:18	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:19	PV702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:27	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:28	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:46	E72	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-76. ATL VEH
05/20/2017	19:00:47	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:49	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:49	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:50	PV702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting



STOREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	19:00:50	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:00:51	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:01:16		1705200027	VEHFIRE	Incident comments changed
05/20/2017	19:01:52		1705200027		LOST CONNECTION WITH RP/BEEN UNABLE TO RECONTACT
05/20/2017	19:02:19	BAT701	1705200026		NOTHING FOUND PASSING GOLD HILL HOTEL
05/20/2017	19:03:56	E72	1705200026		STAGED IN DIRECTION PER BAT70
05/20/2017	19:05:55	PV702	1705200026		STAGED AT GOLD HILL HOTEL
05/20/2017	19:06:01	D6	1705200027		WILL CONTINUE TO GO UP THE TRUCK ROUTE
05/20/2017	19:06:39	BAT701	1705200026		CONTINUING TO HIGHWAY 50 TO ATL
05/20/2017	19:08:36		1705200028		Incident initiated a [REDACTED] 3
05/20/2017	19:08:45	PV701	1705200026	VEHFIRE	DISP. [REDACTED] Gold Hill
05/20/2017	19:08:46	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:08:47	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:08:47	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:08:47	PV701	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-76.
05/20/2017	19:08:48	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:08:48	PV702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:08:49	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:08:49	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:09:53	702	1705200026	VEHFIRE	DISP. [REDACTED] Gold Hill
05/20/2017	19:09:54	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:09:55	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:09:55	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:09:56	PV702	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-8. Freed
05/20/2017	19:09:56	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:09:56	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:09:57	PV702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:09:57	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:09:58	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:00		1705200027		ADVISED D6 ADVISED OF PV702 OF HITTING A DEER
05/20/2017	19:10:11	PV702			QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:10:12	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:12	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:13	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:13	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:14	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:14	PV702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:15	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:15	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:18	702	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-76.
05/20/2017	19:10:19	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:20	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:20	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:21	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting



Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	19:10:21	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:22	PV702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:22	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:10:23	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:11:16	BAT701	705200026	VEHFIRE	RTNQTR.
05/20/2017	19:11:17	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:11:18	BAT701	705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:11:19	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:11:19	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:11:20	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:11:20	PV702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:11:21	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:11:21	E72	1705200026	VEHFIRE	RTNQTR.
05/20/2017	19:11:21	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:11:53	D6	1705200027		UTL OF VEHFIRE ON THE TRUCK ROUTE
05/20/2017	19:13:26		1705200026		***CORRECTION UNIT 702 WAS IN SERVICE NOT PV 702****
05/20/2017	19:13:40	E72	1705200026	VEHFIRE	QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:13:41	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:13:41	BAT701	705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:13:42	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:02	WT71	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-8. Freed
05/20/2017	19:17:03	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:04	BAT701	705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:04	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:05	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:05	WT71			QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:17:06	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:07	BAT701	705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:07	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:08	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:34	PV701	1705200026	VEHFIRE	RTNQTR.
05/20/2017	19:17:35	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:36	BAT701	705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:37	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:37	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:38	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:39	E71	1705200026	VEHFIRE	RTNQTR.
05/20/2017	19:17:39	D6	1705200027	VEHFIRE	10-8. TO LOUSETOWN
05/20/2017	19:17:40	D6	1705200027		Closed - Disposition UT
05/20/2017	19:17:40	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:41	BAT701	705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:41	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:42	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:42	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting



Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	19:17:43	702	1705200026	VEHFIRE	RTNQTR.
05/20/2017	19:17:44	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:44	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:45	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:45	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:17:46	WT71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:18:57	D6	1705200028	CITZAST	DISP. [REDACTED]
05/20/2017	19:19:00	D6	1705200028	CITZAST	10-76.
05/20/2017	19:21:56	E71	1705200026	VEHFIRE	QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:21:57	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:21:58	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:22:15	BAT701	1705200026	VEHFIRE	QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:22:16	D6	1705200028	CITZAST	10-23. JUST MET WITH VEH/WAS UNABLE TO ASSIST
05/20/2017	19:22:16	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:22:31	D6	1705200028	CITZAST	10-8. RP HAS SOMEONE ON THE WAY
05/20/2017	19:22:31	D6	1705200028		Closed - Disposition AS
05/20/2017	19:28:03	PV701	1705200026	VEHFIRE	QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:28:04	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:28:08	WT72	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-8. Freed
05/20/2017	19:28:12	WT72			QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:31:24	D6			205.
05/20/2017	19:31:27	BAT701	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-8. . Disposition UT
05/20/2017	19:31:28	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:29	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:30	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:31	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:33	E71	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-8. . Disposition UT
05/20/2017	19:31:34	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:35	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:35	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:36	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:37	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:38	E72	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-8. . Disposition UT
05/20/2017	19:31:39	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:40	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:40	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:41	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:42	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:42	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:45	PV701	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-8. . Disposition UT
05/20/2017	19:31:46	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:47	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:47	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:48	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting



Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text
05/20/2017	19:31:48	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:49	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:31:50	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:02	E72			QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:32:04	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:04	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:05	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:05	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:05	PV701			QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:32:06	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:06	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:09	E71			QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:32:10	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:10	BAT701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:11	E71	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:11	BAT70			QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:32:11	E72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:12	PV701	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:32:13	WT72	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:34:26				S129 signed off InCustody from position 6
05/20/2017	19:34:31				InCustody Sign On Canceled from position 6
05/20/2017	19:34:45				S126 signed on to incustody from position 6
05/20/2017	19:35:39				S126 signed on to position 6
05/20/2017	19:35:39	D13			10-8 - on duty [REDACTED] Brett [REDACTED]
05/20/2017	19:35:58	D13			10-76. BT 1
05/20/2017	19:36:12	D13			New beats: 1 2 3
05/20/2017	19:36:24	702	1705200026	VEHFIRE	QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:36:28	702	1705200026	VEHFIRE	10-8.
05/20/2017	19:36:28	702	1705200026		Closed - Disposition UT
05/20/2017	19:36:31	702			QTRS.
05/20/2017	19:36:34	702	1705200026		ERROR: Did not Export Unit Record to Emergency Reporting
05/20/2017	19:40:01	D5			10-8.
05/20/2017	19:59:10	D8			10-8 - on duty Beats: 4,5,6; [REDACTED] Brandon.
05/20/2017	19:59:14	D8			10-6. SUB
05/20/2017	20:00:12				S109 signed on to position 22
05/20/2017	20:00:47				S109 signed off from position 22
05/20/2017	20:04:57	D13			10-8. BT 2
05/20/2017	20:11:07				S109 signed on to position 22
05/20/2017	20:17:24	D5			10-8. CD 4
05/20/2017	20:18:08	D13			10-8. BT 1
05/20/2017	20:20:56				S087 signed off from position 12
05/20/2017	20:24:20				S124 signed on to position 12
05/20/2017	20:26:42	D6			10-8. BT 3
05/20/2017	20:26:50				S124 signed off from position 12



Log Search Results

Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017

08/23/2018

Date	Time	Unit	Inc #	Inc Type	Text	
05/20/2017	20:28:06				S124 signed on to position 12	
05/20/2017	20:29:03				S124 signed off from position 12	
05/20/2017	20:47:04				S109 signed off from position 22	
05/20/2017	20:48:55	D13	1705200029		at Sr 341/SEVEN Mile, VC Highlands	3
05/20/2017	20:48:55	D13	1705200029	TSTOPS	10-23. Sr 341/SEVEN Mile, VC Highlands	
05/20/2017	20:48:55	D13	170520002900031564		DSPT Veh: 14G013/NV	
05/20/2017	20:49:22	D13	170520002900031565		DSPT Veh: 14G013/NV	
05/20/2017	20:49:24	D13	1705200029		Vehicle2017 Black Nissan (14G013 NV) added to incident	
05/20/2017	20:49:42				S125 signed off from position 2	
05/20/2017	20:50:19				S125 signed on to position 2	
05/20/2017	20:51:14	D8			10-8. BT 4	
05/20/2017	20:51:41	D13	1705200029	TSTOPS	10-8. VERBAL-SPEED	
05/20/2017	20:51:41	D13	1705200029		Closed - Disposition WA	
05/20/2017	20:58:22	D5			10-8. CD 4	
05/20/2017	21:13:18		1705200030		Incident initiated at Cemetery, 50 Cemetery Rd, Virginia City	3
05/20/2017	21:14:49	D13	1705200030	TRESPAS	DISP. Cemetery, 50 Cemetery Rd, Virginia City	
05/20/2017	21:14:52	D13	1705200030	TRESPAS	10-76.	
05/20/2017	21:17:54	D13	1705200030	TRESPAS	10-23.	
05/20/2017	21:19:31	D13	1705200030		Vehicle1997 Chevrolet Wagon (812A43 NV) added to incident	
05/20/2017	21:20:08	D13	1705200030		Vehicle2007 Suzuki Hatchback (55G911 NV) added to incident	
05/20/2017	21:20:42	D13	1705200030		<small>DO THE SUBS CODE IF THEY HAVE LEFT THE AREA ADVISED THEM THAT THERE ARE NOT ALLOWED TO BE IN THE AREA AFTER DARK</small>	
05/20/2017	21:20:46	D13	1705200030	TRESPAS	10-8.	
05/20/2017	21:20:46	D13	1705200030		Closed - Disposition AS	
05/20/2017	21:21:04	D6			10-8. CD 4	
05/20/2017	21:26:17	D13	1705200031		at R St/Mill, Virginia City	3
05/20/2017	21:26:17	D13	1705200031	TSTOPS	10-23. R St/Mill, Virginia City	
05/20/2017	21:30:21	D13	1705200031		Vehicle2002 Gray Bmw Sedan added to incident	
05/20/2017	21:31:02	D13	1705200031		██████████ BILLY ██████████ added to incident	
05/20/2017	21:32:02	D13	1705200031	TSTOPS	10-8. VALID MOVING PERMIT	
05/20/2017	21:32:02	D13	1705200031		Closed - Disposition WA	
05/20/2017	21:33:19	D8			10-8. CD 4/BT 5	
05/20/2017	21:33:34	D5			10-8. CD 4/10-76 BT 1	
05/20/2017	21:33:41	D5			10-76. BT 1	
05/20/2017	22:01:59	D5			10-8. BT 2	
05/20/2017	22:05:12	D8			10-8. BT 6	
05/20/2017	22:08:17	D6			OFF.	
05/20/2017	22:10:18	D5			10-8. BT 1	
05/20/2017	22:14:30	D5			OFF.	
05/20/2017	22:20:14	D13			10-8. CD 4	
05/20/2017	22:55:35				S124 signed on to position 12	
05/20/2017	23:00:29		1705200032		Incident initiated at ██████████ Hugh, ██████████ Lockwood	2
05/20/2017	23:02:05		1705200032		<small>if you find the car in the back yard you should report it to the police and if you see the car in the back yard you should report it to the police</small>	
05/20/2017	23:05:00		1705200032		<small>the person who has been arrested is not the person who was arrested the person who was arrested is not the person who was arrested</small>	
05/20/2017	23:05:00		1705200032		<small>the person who has been arrested is not the person who was arrested the person who was arrested is not the person who was arrested</small>	

**Log Search Results****Date Between 5/20/2017 and 5/20/2017**

08/23/2018

<b>Date</b>	<b>Time</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Inc #</b>	<b>Inc Type</b>	<b>Text</b>
05/20/2017	23:08:02	D8			10-8. BT 5
05/20/2017	23:08:14	D13			10-8. CD 4
05/20/2017	23:25:10	C3	1705200025	AOA	10-8. booking complete
05/20/2017	23:25:10	C3	1705200025		Closed - Disposition OS
05/20/2017	23:25:17	C3			911. DETENTION
05/20/2017	23:39:55				S124 signed off from position 12
05/20/2017	23:58:28				S109 signed on to position 22

# Exhibit 6



ED655



HOURS  
8-5 M-F

CONTACT  
DISPATCH  
AFTER HOURS  
847-0950

EMERGENCY  
CALL  
911